UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

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FOR NPS USE C	MIV	
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FOR 1	FEDERAL PROPERTIES			4 4
SEE	INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T	O COMPLETE NATIONA COMPLETE APPLICABL		}
1 NAME				
HISTORIC Fort !	Union, New Mexico			
AND/OR COMMON Fort	Union National Monumer	nt		
2 LOCATION	V			
STREET & NUMBER Fort	Union National Monumer	nt.	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	CITY, TOWN		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT	
Watro	us <u>X</u>	VICINITY OF	lst	
STATE New Me	orive	CODE 35	county Mora	033
3 CLASSIFIC			Pora	
CATEGORY	V OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	X_PARK
_structure Xsite	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJEC1	IN PROCESSBEING CONSIDERED	X_YES: RESTRICTED	△GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTEDNO	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
4 AGENCY	ADTERO (K W M)	The state of the s		
U.S. Govern	ARTERS: (If applicable) nment, Department of t	the Interior, Natio	nal Park Service	
	Regional Office, P.	0. Box 728		
CITY, TOWN	tegronar orrice, 1.	0. DOX 720	STATE	
Santa Fe, N	New Mexico	VICINITY OF		:
5 LOCATION	N OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		·
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS	SETC Mora County	Courthouse	7 - 1 - 1	
STREET & NUMBER			<u> </u>	
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Mora		Nei Nei	w Mexico
Nationa "Milita "Fort l	NTATION IN EXIST of Survey of Historic ary and Indian Affairs Union and the Santa Fe	Sites and Building p. 111 (1959)	s Theme XV	
DATE		X FEDERALS	TATE _COUNTY _LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	National Park Service	, Southwest Region		
CITY, TOWN	Santa Fe, New Mexico		STATE	

CONDITION

__EXCELLENT __DETERIORATED

__GOOD X_RUINS
__FAIR __UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

X_UNALTERED

CHECK ONE

X_ORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Located on an open grassy plain and bordered by low mountains to the north and west, the site of Fort Union was selected because of its proximity to the junction of the Mountain and Cimarron branches of the Santa Fe Trail, the availability of abundant wood, grass, and water, and for its distance from Santa Fe -- "that sink of vice and extravagance." Of the three forts, only the ruins of the second and third are extant.

The first fort, constructed of unseasoned logs, quickly decayed and was not maintained. No above ground remains of that initial fort survive. During the summer of 1861, work began on the second of the posts. "Earth parapets formed a square with angles shaped like arrowheads jutting out 200 feet from each corner. In these angles were storehouses, company barracks, and officers' quarters. Other quarters and a magazine occupied the quadrangle. The parapets supported firing platforms and artillery emplacements. Four more earthen angles projected from the sides of the square as curtains against enemy fire. In geometric design the fortification resembled an eight-pointed star, and thus became known as the star fort." Abandoned almost as soon as the Confederate advance into New Mexico was arrested, it too was quickly claimed by the elements. Although the interior chambers of the earthen parapets soon collapsed, the mounds remain and the outline of the star is clearly visible.

The third, and most permanent of the three, differed not only in its conception, but also in its construction. Consisting of three separate installations -- the Post itself, a Quartermaster Depot, and an Ordnance Depot -- the buildings of the sprawling new complex stood in sharp contrast to the previous log or earthen structures. "Designed in the boxlike 'territorial' style of architecture that came to be distinctive of New Mexico, they were constructed of native building materials. The walls were of adobe brick, moulded from soil dug from the valley north of the fort. They stood on stone foundations and as protection against moisture were coated with plaster fired in limekilns south of the fort, and surmounted by copings of bricks manufactured in Las Vegas. At first, dressed lumber for the woodwork came from Ceran St. Vrain's sawmill at the town of Mora and from two mills on the Sapello River. Later the Army acquired its own planing mill, and logs cut from the Fort Union timber reserve in the Turkey Mountains were dressed at the fort. Such items as tools, nails, window glass, fire bricks, and roofing tin had to be hauled over the Santa Fe Trail from Fort Leavenworth."²

Despite its substantial nature, Fort Union fell into ruins soon after its abandonment in 1891. A combination of weathering from the elements and removal of doors, windows, and assorted lumber by the local populace caused rapid deterioration. Today, only the rock foundations, partial adobe walls, and a few brick fireplaces remain. While the National Park Service is restrained by legislation from reconstructing any of the structures, all have been treated with chemical preservatives to retard further losses.

MANAGEMENT EXCLUSIONS:

Within Fort Union National Monument there are several structures which do not meet National Register criteria. These buildings are of more recent construction and bear no relationship to the reasons for which the fort was included in the National Park system. These exclusions include the residence and maintenance area

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	X MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X 1800-1899	X COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
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SPECIFIC DATES 1851-1891

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Established by Colonel Edwin V. Sumner in August, 1851, Fort Union soon became the largest U.S. Army installation in the Southwest. Initially created to provide protection for the western portion of the Santa Fe Trail, Fort Union actually consisted of three different forts. The first, constructed of "unseasoned, unhewn, and unbarked pine logs," soon fell into a total state of disrepair and was replaced during the early years of the Civil War by an earthen star-shaped fort. thwart the impending Confederate invasion of 1862, the new fort was never tested. Troops from Fort Union, did, however, clash with the Southerners in the Battle of Glorieta Pass and succeeded in forcing their eventual withdrawl from the territory. With New Mexico securely in Union hands, work began on the third and most significant of the three forts. Requiring six years to complete, the new establishment included: the Post of Fort Union, the Fort Union Quartermaster Depot, and the Fort Union Ordnance Depot. While the Post was designed primarily to respond to the exigencies of the Santa Fe trade, the two depots served as supply bases for large portions of the Southwest. The Quartermaster Depot, the largest and most elaborately staffed of the three units, provided the supply needs of other army posts in New Mexico, and the Arsenal represented the only installation of its kind between St. Louis and Benicia, California.

Throughout its existence, Fort Union provided constant protection for traffic along the Santa Fe Trail and launched continual offensive operations against hostile Indians. Perhaps the most famous of these involved Christopher "Kit" Carson who led an expedition into the Navajo stronghold of Canyon de Chelly. Victorious where others had failed, Carson forced the final subjugation of the tribe and engineered their removal to a reservation in eastern New Mexico.

With the arrival of the railroad in 1879, the usefulness of the post had come to an end. "The Indians had been conquered:" and "as an artery of commerce the Santa Fe Trail had been replaced." Although it remained in limited operation for another ten years, the fort ceased its active role, and in 1891 it was permanently abandoned.

Robert M. Utley, Fort Union National Monument, New Mexico, National Park Service Historical Handbook Series No. 35 (Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1962), p. 57-58.

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Soldier and Brave: Indian an Including a Guide to His	toric Sites and Landman	the irans-missippi rks. Harper & Row,	<u>West,</u> Publishers
New York: 1963.		-	
Utley, Robert M. Fort Union I Historical Handbook Serie	National Monument, New	Mexico. National P	ark Service
Office, 1962.	es no. oo, nashriigoon,	D. C.; GOVERNMENT I	rincing
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	<u> </u>		
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION			
SEE CONTINUATION SHEET PA	AGE 1	(
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LIST ALL STATES AND COUNT	IES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPP	ING STATE OR COUNTY BOU	NDARIES
STATE	CODE COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE COUNTY		CODE
11 FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Dwight Pitcaithle	ey Historian	August 1977	
organization National Park Ser	rvica	DATE	
	(V) C C		
STREET & NUMBER	, vice	TELEPHONE	
	TVICE	TELEPHONE 505-988-6445 STATE	
STREET & NUMBER P. 0. Box 728		505-988-6445	
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Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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JUN 2 0 1978

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CONTINUATION SHEET Fort Union ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE

located on the southern boundary of the monument, the visitor center, and a water tank located on the northern boundary. It is recognized that these structures serve a management purpose and occasionally require alterations necessitated by a change in their function. Modifications to these supportive buildings will reflect a compatible architectural style and will not intrude upon the historic resources of the monument.

Robert M. Utley, <u>Fort Union National Monument, New Mexico</u> (Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1962), 25.

²Ibid., 34-35.

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RECEIVED JUN 2 0 1978

DATE ENTERED approved 12/1/78

CONTINUATION SHEET Fort Union

ITEM NUMBER 10

PAGE 2

Parcel 1:

BEGINNING at corner No. 1 (a stake in stone mound), from which the corner common to the northwest corner of Section 6, Township 19 North, Range 19 East, NMPM, and the southwest corner of Section 31, Township 20 North, Range 19 East, NMPM, bears North 67°30' East, a distance of 8707.30 feet; thence South 60°24'30" West, a distance of 5281.04 feet to corner No. 2 (a stake in stone mound); thence North 29°35'30" West, a distance of 1674.66 feet to corner No. 3 (a stake in stone mound); thence North 17011'30" West, a distance of 844.6 feet to corner No. 4; thence North 47012'30" West, a distance of 598.70 feet to corner No. 5; thence North 29°35'30" West, a distance of 2209.0 feet to corner No. 6 (a stake in stone mound): thence North 60°24'30" East, a distance of 5279.53 feet to corner No. 7; thence South 29°35'30" East, a distance of 5278.9 feet to corner No. 1, the point of beginning; containing 637 acres more or less; and

Parcel 2: detached

BEGINNING at corner No. 1 (a stake in stone mound), from which corner No. 6, Parcel No. 1, described above, bears North 69°56' East, a distance of 2475.6 feet; thence South 24°51' East, 1926.4 feet to corner No. 2 (a stake in stone mound); thence South 65°9' West, a distance of 1890.3 feet to corner No. 3 (a stake in stone mound); thence North 24°51' West, a distance of 1926.4 feet to corner No. 4 (a stake in stone mound); thence North 65°09' East, a distance of 1890.3 feet to corner No. 1, the point of beginning; containing 83.6 acres more or less.