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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service			OHP	For NPS use on	For NPS use only	
Nation	nal Regis	ter of Histori	c Places	received UE	received BEC - 9 base	
		nination Form		date entered		
	ons in How to Col ies—complete app	nplete National Register F blicable sections	orms	Fung	1	
1. Na	me		······			
historic	Alexander - A	Acacia Bridge				
and/or commo	on Alexander -	- Acacia Bridge; Alex	ander Avenue Ove	chead; Bridge No	. 270-150	
2. Loc	cation					
street & numb	<b>Der</b> Alexander Av	ve <del>nue</del> , between Acacia	And & Monte Vista A	ves. <u>N/A</u> not for	publication	
city, town	Larkspur	N/A vicinity	of			
state	California	code 06 d	county Marin	c	ode 041	
3. Cla	ssificati	on				
Category district building(s X structure site object		yes: restric	gress educat enterta ted goverr	ture mus prcial par ional priv inment relig ment scie ial X tran	k vate residence gious entific isportation	
<b>4. Ow</b>	City of Lark					
	er 400 Magnoli					
city, town	Larkspur	N/A vicinity	of	state Californ	lia	
5. Loc	cation of	Legal Descri	iption			
courthouse, re	egistry of deeds, etc	• Marin County Reco	rder's Office			
street & numb	er	Marin Civic Center	c			
city, town		San Rafael		state Califor	nia	
6. Rep	presenta	tion in Existi	ng Survey	5		
	ur Historic ces Inventory	has t	this property been dete	rmined eligible?	yes _Xno	
date 1978			federa		inty <u>X</u> local	
depository for	survey records	Larkspur Public Libra	ary			
city, town		Larkspur		state Califor	nia	

# 7. Description

Describo the present and original (if known) physical appearance The Alexander - Acacia Bridge is comprised of seven reinforced concrete slab spans, supported on reinforced concrete 2-column and 3-column bents and reinforced concrete abutments with reinforced concrete wingwalls, all on spread footings. The main span-span 5--is a reinforced concrete through arch which supports the deck by means of a series of suspended pillars and transverse floor beams. The bridge is 163.5 feet long overall, 29 feet wide, and carries a two-lane, 20.3-foot roadway between reinforced concrete window-type railings, crossing the now-abandoned right of way of the Northwestern Pacific Railroad at right angles (no skew). The roadway has a wearing surface of one inch of asphalt concrete.

# 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications		ng landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific datos	1925-1927	RUNDEX/AXENMEET	Engineer: John C. Ogl	.esby

### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Alexander - Acacia Bridge possesses integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. It represents a type (reinforced concrete through arch), period (1920s), and method of construction (pouredin-place reinforced concrete). It is one of only five such bridges (reinforced concrete through arch) known to exist in California, all built in the mid to late 1920s (two in Humboldt County, two in Yolo County, and this one in Marin County). Replacing an earlier, lighter wooden bridge, it played an important--albeit controversial--role in the development of the Palm Hill Tract, which it linked and continues to link to the older section of Larkspur.

The City of Larkspur, by Resolution Number 173 dated June 3, 1925, instructed town engineer Frank Oglesby to prepare plans and specifications for various road improvements, including a concrete viaduct over the right of way of the Northwestern Pacific Railroad. The new viaduct would connect Alexander Avenue in the older section of Larkspur with Acacia Avenue in the Palm Hill Tract, replacing a wooden bridge which served to carry vehicles and pedestrians above the railroad. The wooden bridge is seen in 1910 photos of the city.) Providing a larger, more modern structure which would require less maintenance, the new bridge would lead into the newly developing Palm Hill Tract.

The Palm Hill Tract was originally a bare, grassy knoll where town blacksmith Charlie Rice grew and harvested hay for his livery stable stock. Development of the tract began in 1910, and included planned landscaping: along Acacia Avenue, the entrance roadway to the new development, were planted acacia trees, while pepper trees were planted on Pepper Avenue, and elm trees lined the upper sections of Elm Avenue. As a later element of the development, the Alexander-Acacia Bridge was part of a road improvement program designed to make Larkspur an "attractive, convenient and modern place to live." (Another factor in the decision to include a new bridge in the road improvements may well have been the Northwestern Pacific's double-tracking of its rail line during this period, as commuter traffic increased with more and more people moving into Marin County.)

The road improvements which included the bridge also were the cause of some community unrest. The Larkspur Board of Trustees decided that the cost of the proposed road improvements, including the bridge, would be chargeable to the district benefitted by the improvements, with the costs being assessed upon the property owners. Accordingly, the property owners of the "Palm Hill Improvement District" soon discovered these costs being levied against them. Protests against the assessment were filed by Mary A. Tippets, et al and by Robert L. Coleman, Jr., et al, as well as by the Union Trust Company. Interestingly, even the Northwestern Pacific joined the protest, filing a complaint that the town had no jurisdiction to build the bridge over the railroad's private right of way. In the end, all protests were overruled and denied.

(SEE CONTINUATION SHEET)

# **Major Bibliographical References**

Minutes of the Larkspur Board of Trustees, various dates, 1925 to 1927. J.P. Hunter, "Bridge Report, Bridge No. 27C-150," California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, January 11, 1983.

F.A. Stindt, The Northwestern Pacific Railroad, Redwood City, F.A. Stindt, 1978.

### **Geographical Data** 10.

Acreage of nominated property Less than one (1) acre Quadrangle name San Rafael, Calif., 1954, photorevised 1980 **UTM** References В A 1, 0 51, 12, 0 1, 19, 79, 70

Zone	Easting	4119/9/19/10 Northing
c		
E		
G		

B Zone	Easting	Northing
F		
HI I		1 . 1 . 1 1

Quadrangle scale \_

1:24000

## Verbal boundary description and justification

In the town of Larkspur, California, that portion of Alexander Avenue crossing the now-abandoned right of way of the Northwestern Pacific R.R., measuring 163.5' x 29'. Justification: physical dimensions of bridge.

# List ail states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

	<b>`</b>				
state		code	county		code
state	N/A	code	county	N/A,	code

#### 11. Form Prepared By

John W. Snyder, Consulting Architectural Historian name/title

organization N/A

June 14, 1983 date

telephone (916) 487-6472

street & number 3429 Wemberley Drive

Sacramento city or town

#### California state

### State Historic Preservation Officer Certification 12.

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

	national	state	<u> </u>		
665), I hereb	by nominate this prope	rty for inclusion	cer for the National Historic in the National Register and by the National Park Service	certify that it h	
State Histor	ic Preservation Officer	signature	1 Kmallen		
title	State His	toric Preser	vation Officer	date	11/10/83
- 一次に、会社に、当時には「新聞という開始」	use only by certify that this prod	arty is included	In the Pational Register		
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Koncero	of the National Registr	<b>F</b>			
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Chief of	Registration	Sec. Sec.			

FHR-8-300A (11/78)UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

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ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 1 CONTINUATION SHEET

Thus, on October 14, 1925, the town selected Pacific States Construction Company, 708 Call Building, San Francisco, as the "lowest, regular, responsible bidder," with a bid of \$49,927.32. (The only other bid was submitted by A.J. Raisch of San Rafael, at \$64,462.38.) Construction continued through 1926, and the bridge was completed in 1927, serving the entrance roadway to the Palm Hill Tract. Today the Palm Hill Tract has been fully developed and the Alexander -Acacia Bridge, its graceful arch rings flanking the roadway, continues in its original function, and provides the Palm Hill Tract with its primary vehicular access to downtown Larkspur.

