UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR	89	DA
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES	FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED FEB 6	1978
INVENTORY NOMINATION FORM	DATE ENTERED	AUG

#### SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

	leigs County Courth	ouse		
AND/OR CON				
LOCA	TION	<u></u>		
STREET & NU	MBER			
(	Court Square		NOT FOR PUBLICATI	ON
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL D	ISTRICT
]	Decatur	VICINITY OF	Third	
STATE	lennessee	CODE 47	COUNTY Meigs	CODE 121 J
	IFICATION	·····		
CATEG	ORY OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PF	ESENT USE
DISTRICT	X_PUBLIC		AGRICULTURI	
STRUCTU		WORK IN PRO		
SITE	PUBLIC ACQ			
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICT		
	BEING CONSIDERI			TRANSPORTA
		NO		OTHER:
STREET & NU				
	leigs County Courth	ouse, Court Square		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Decatur		Tennesse	e
LOCA	TION OF LEGAL	DESCRIPTION		
	Ε,	ounty Register's Off	fice	
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OI	Mergs C	ouncy Register S OII		
COURTHOUS	MBER	Courthouse, Court Sc		
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OI	MBER Meigs County		STATE	
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OI STREET & NU CITY, TOWN	MBER Meigs County Decatur	Courthouse, Court So	state Tennesse	e
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OI STREET & NU CITY, TOWN	MBER Meigs County Decatur		state Tennesse	е
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OF STREET & NU CITY, TOWN REPRE TÍTLE	Meigs County Decatur SENTATION IN	Courthouse, Court So EXISTING SURV	state Tennesse	e
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OI STREET & NU CITY, TOWN REPRE TÎTLE	MBER Meigs County Decatur	Courthouse, Court So EXISTING SURV	state Tennesse	e
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OI STREET & NU CITY, TOWN REPRE TÎTLE E DATE	Meigs County Decatur SENTATION IN	Courthouse, Court So EXISTING SURV itectural Survey	state Tennesse	
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OI STREET & NU CITY, TOWN REPRE TÍTLE DATE MEPOSITORY	MBER Meigs County Decatur SENTATION IN SENTATION IN SENTATION Arch Istorical and Arch May 1977 FOR	Courthouse, Court So EXISTING SURV itectural Survey	STATE Tennesse /EYS EDERAL X_STATECOUNTYLC	
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OI STREET & NU CITY, TOWN REPRE TÍTLE E DATE	MBER Meigs County Decatur SENTATION IN SENTATION IN SENTATION Arch Istorical and Arch May 1977 FOR	Courthouse, Court So EXISTING SURV itectural Survey	STATE Tennesse /EYS EDERAL X_STATECOUNTYLC	

CITY.TOWN Nashville

Tennessee

TA SHEFT



CONDITION		CHECK ONE	СНЕСК С	NE
EXCELLENT _XGOOD FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	UNALTERED	x_ORIGINAL MOVED	SITE DATE

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Decatur, the county seat of Meigs County, lies in the Goodfield Valley, at the intersection of state routes 58 and 30, in southeastern Tennessee. The Meigs County Courthouse stands on a tree-shaded court square in the center of the small town.

Built on a brick foundation, the two-story vernacular courthouse has a basically rectangular floor plan. The foundation and water table have been stuccoed and scribed to simulate cut and coursed stone. All of the red brick walls were laid in the common bond pattern. Black composition shingles cover the low hip roof; two gables and a plain boxed cornice, with an equally unadorned frieze, ornament the roof structure. The facade (east elevation) is divided into three sections; the left and right sections each have two bays and project slightly forward and to the side. The first floor windows surrounds have segmented arch heads with brick radiating voussoirs and plain wooden slip sills. These one-over-one windows are topped with rectangular transoms. Windows in the upper story have round arches, wooden slip sills, and half-round transoms over the one-over-one sashes. Brick belt courses girdle the buildings and connect all lintels at the base of their transoms. The center section of the facade is a three-and-one-half, story, square clock tower; after a fire in ca. 1960 the clock was permanently removed. The pyramidal roof of the clock tower has on each face gables with embossed metal and wheel motif ornamentation; a weathervane surmounts the composition shingle-clad roof. The partly glazed, double-leaf doors are recessed and a projecting, one-story, roundarched portico--a recent addition--further shelters the main entrance. Unlike the rest of the building, this addition has brick laid in stretcher bond and an iron fence bristles on its roof. At the third level of the tower are triple one-over-one, round-headed windows; above these paired louvered vents with basket arched openings; and over the vents a round clock face aperture. The last two elements appear on all four tower walls. Belt courses join the windows and vents.

The north and south elevations are similar. Each contains eight bays and has remained largely original in appearance. The third bay from the west end of the south wall has a round-arched, deep recess. This was an entrance, but in recent years the door was removed and a window installed; the stone steps still remain in place. An ornamental gable with a round, louvered vent is also located in this bay. A tall, square brick chimney stands in approximately the same position on the north wall. The west elevation also has three sections. A gabled, two-story, projecting frontispiece occupies the center section; the gable decoration duplicates the one in the south elevation. The upper window of this feature was recently sealed; on the lower level is a round arched, recessed entrance which protects the transomed, double-leaf, partly galzed doors. The flanking sections resemble the north and south walls. In the foundation of the left section is the door to the partial basement.

The first floor interior of the courthouse contains an east-west hall with offices arranged on either side; the hall walls are solid brick. The east end of the hall opens and contains two half-turn staircases with landings which merge to form a straight stair as it approaches the second floor. The courtroom and additional office space are found on this level. The staircase has turned balusters and ornate newels and drops, and the stairwell has wide board ceilings and vertical, beaded-board wainscotting.

## **8 SIGNIFICANCE**

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW					
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION		
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE		
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE		
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER		
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION		
<u>1900-</u>	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	X_POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)		
		INVENTION	а.			

#### SPECIFIC DATES ca. 1903

BUILDER/ARCHITECT W. R. Harper

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Meigs County was organized on May 2, 1837 and named for Return Jonathan Meigs, a Continental Army major who fought in the Battle of Lexington. The following year the site for the county seat was selected, named, settled, and incorporated. Decatur became the chief town because of its location near the geographical center of the county. With an economy based on agriculture and animal husbandry, the populations of Decatur and Meigs County have never been large. In 1970 the county, with a population of about 5,200, ranked 90th of the 95 counties in Tennessee; it is now 91st in the state. Decatur had a population of 957 and has not grown appreciably since the last census.

Three brick courthouses have stood on this site. The first, completed in 1837, was replaced in 1882. On April 2, 1902 fire gutted this building; only three walls were left standing. W. R. Harper, a contractor, pre pared plans for a building and received \$50 for his services. Broadway Manufacturing Company of Knoxville, Tennessee, submitted the low bid and completed the project in late 1903 or early the following year. The ruins of the earlier building were removed and the new courthouse, which almost duplicated its predecessor, was built on the same foundation. The cost of the courthouse, exclusive of furniture and fixtures, came to \$7,645; the quarterly court had appropriated \$8,000 for the project.

The Meigs County Courthouse is the county's landmark. It rises above all of the other buildings in Decatur, and the tower can be seen for miles. The building's lines are clean and the massing correct for the setting. Unlike many Tennessee courthouses, the facade and main entrance of the building are clearly defined. Belt courses delineate each window and emphasize the horizontality of the edifice, while the height of the massive tower helps to balance the appearance of the building.

The courthouse has served the judicial and administrative needs of Meigs County for nearly seventy-five years and still houses some county offices. A large city-county building was erected recently in the outskirts of Decatur, and many county offices are located there. The building appears to be structurally sound and almost completely original in appearance. There are no known plans to demolish or change the building.

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Crane, Sophie and Paul. <u>Tennessee Taproots.</u> Old Hickory, Tenn.: Earle-Shields Publishers, 1976.

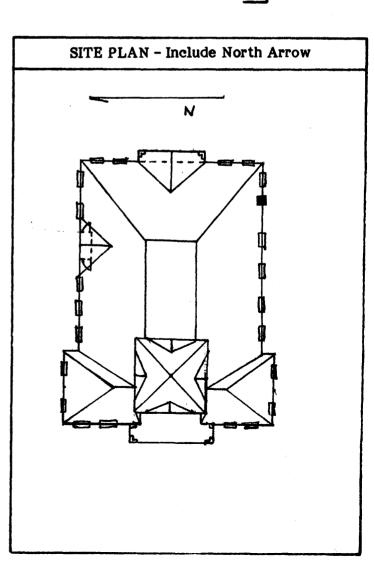
Information provided by Edward H. Green, Jr. of Knoxville, Tennessee.

<b>10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA</b>	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 1.5	_
QUADRANGLE NAME Decatur, Tenn.	QUADRANGLE SCALE 1: 24000
A 1 6 7 0 0 4 1 0 3 9 3 2 1 9 0 ZONE EASTING NORTHING	B EASTING NORTHING
ELIILII	FLIJ
GLII LIII LIII LIII	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
	entire block known as the Court Square.
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE CODE	COUNTY CODE
STATE CODE	COUNTY CODE
11 FORM PREPARED BY	
Robert E. Dalton, Director of Fiel	d Services
Tennessee Historical Commission	January 1978
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
170 Second Avenue North	(615) 741-2371
CITY OR TOWN Nashville	STATE Tennessee
<b>12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATIO</b>	
THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF	THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:
NATIONAL STAT	
-	National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the MML Haypen
TITLE Executive Director, Tennessee Histori	cal Commission DATE 1/30/78
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED	
What	A DATE 8328
ATTEST:	DATE P. / 17 A
CHIEF OF REGISTRATION	

Site Number 26 County Meigs

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	Historic name: Meigs County Courthouse		<b>Open</b> to public: Yes No Restricted $\chi$				
	Common name: Meigs County Courthouse	1	Visible from road: Yes X No				
	Address: Court Square	I	Occupied: Yes X No				
NOI	Decatur, Tennessee	]	Present use: Government				
	Owner's name:Meigs CountyOwner's address:Meigs County Courthouse,Court Square, Decatur, Tennessee37322		Current condition: Good				
AT			Alterations: Clock removed from clock tower				
IDENTIFICATION			ca. 1960; door removed and replaced by				
	Classification: Building-public	STATUS	window on south elevation projecting 1 story				
	Tax map reference: Dist. 3, Map 42-K,		Site features: N/A				
	Acreage: 1.5 acres Parcel D-9						
	UTM reference: Zone 16 N 3932190						
	E 700410		```				
	Date of construction: ca. 1903		Bibliographical data: Crane, Sophie and Paul.				
	Architect/builder: W. R. Harper, contractor		Tennessee Taproots, Old Hickory, TN: Earle-				
			Shields Publishers, 1976.				
HISTORY	Original or previous owners: <u>Meigs County</u>		Information provided by Edward H. Green, Jr.				
			Knoxville, TN.				
			National Register Nomination, 1978.				
ISI	Original use: Government	SOURCES	Form prepared by: Ann Toplovich				
H	Theme/s: Primary Politics/Government		Title:Cultural Resource Surveyor				
	Secondary Architecture		Organization: Tennessee Historical Commission				
	Other <u>N/A</u>		Date: 9/16/81				
DESCRIPTION	1/1 lights. Brick belt courses girdle the building and connect all lintels at the base of their						
SIGNIFICANCE	transoms. The center section of the facade is a three-and-one-half story, square clock tower. Meigs County was organized on May 2, 1837 and in 1838 Decatur was selected and settled as county seat. This is the third courthouse to stand on this site; the first was replaced in 1882, and the second was gutted by fire in 1902. W. R. Harper, a contractor, prepared plans for a new building and received \$50 payment. The Broadway Manufacturing Company of Knoxville, Tennessee completed the building in late 1903 or early 1904. The new courthouse was built on the foundations of the old and almost duplicated its predecessor. The cost of the new building was \$7645. The building has clean lines and massing correct for its setting. The facade and main entrance are clearly defined, and belt courses delineate each window and emphasize the						

PHOTOGRAPH	PHOTOGRAPHIC DATA				
Photographer: Step	nen T. Rogers				
Date: 1/23	/79				
Negatives on file: Tenno	essee Historical				
	ission				
Photographer facing: S & E elevation - facing NW N & E elevations facing SW Photograph number 33 & 34 of 55					
CONTINU	JATION				
Alterations: flat roof facade.	ed portico added to				
Description: The pyramidal roof of the with embossed metal and w face; a weathervane surme shingled roof. The part doors are recessed and a round-arched portico furt entrance. Unlike the res this addition has brick l and an iron fence on its level of the tower are the round-headed windows; about vents with basket arched vents a round clock face	wheel motif on each bunts the composition ly glazed, double leaf projecting, one-story, ther shelters the main st of the building, aid in stretcher bond roof. At the third riple 1/1 light, ove these paired louvere openings; and over the				



### United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

## National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Historic Resources of Continuation sheet Meigs County, Tennessee Item number Description Page 2

For HCRS use only

received

date entered

MEIGS COUNTY MULTIPLE RESOURCE NOMINATION - MEIGS COUNTY COURTHOUSE (#26)

#### Description:

two elements appear on all four tower walls. Belt courses join the windows and vents. The north and south elevations are similar. Each contains eight bays and has remained largely original in appearance.

## United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

	Historic Resources of					
Continuation sheet	Meigs County, Tennessee	Item number	Significance	Page 2		

For HCRS use only

received

date entered

MEIGS COUNTY MULTIPLE RESOURCE NOMINATION - MEIGS COUNTY COURTHOUSE (#26)

### Significance:

horizontality of the edifice, while the height of the massive tower helps to balance the appearance of the building. This courthouse has served the judicial and administrative needs of Meigs County for nearly eighty years. The Meigs County Courthouse was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1978.

### United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Historic Resources of							
Continuation sheet	Meigs County,	Tennessee	Item number	Identification	Page	2	

For HCRS use only

received

date entered

MEIGS COUNTY MULTIPLE RESOURCE NOMINATION - Meigs County Courthouse (#26)

Verbal Boundary Description and Justification:

26. The boundaries conform to the dimensions of the lot, occupied by the courthouse, which consists of approximately 1.5 acres.

