OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

AUG 1 3 1987

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property									
historic name	T	eton County	<u>Cour</u>	thouse					
other names/site numbe	r ()	00174							
2. Location									
street & number Main Street					ot for publication	n			
city, town	Driggs					N/Avi	cinity		
state Idaho	code	ID c	ounty	Teton_	code	081	zip code	83422	
3. Classification									
Ownership of Property		Category of P	roperty		Number of I	Resources	within Property	,	
private		X building(s)			Contributing	No	ncontributing		
public-local		district			1		buildings		
public-State		site					sites		
public-Federal		structure				·	structures	3	
		object					objects		
		,			1		Total		
Name of related multiple	e property listin	a:			Number of a	Number of contributing resources previously			
<u>County Courthouses in Idaho</u>				listed in the National Register0					
4. State/Federal Age									
As the designated au	quest for deterr Historic Places operty Inger Micral Idaho Sta	nination of eligit and meets the s 🗌 does not i	bility me procedu meet the	ets the do Iral and pr e National	cumentation standard ofessional requireme Register criteria.	Is for regis nts set for See contin	tering properties th in 36 CFR P	s in the	
In my opinion, the pro	operty 🗌 meet	s 🗌 does not i	meet the	e National	Register criteria.	See contin	uation sheet.		
Signature of commenting or other official					Date				
State or Federal agency	and bureau								

5. National Park Service Certification

 Hereby, certify that this property is. entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register. 	William B.	Bushoy	9/22/87
removed from the National Register.			

Signature of the Keeper

6. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) government/courthouse	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7. Description			
A schite stund Olessification	Matoriale (optor)	categories from instructions)	
	Materials (effer	categories from instructions)	
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)			
(enter categories from instructions)	foundation	•	
(enter categories from instructions)	foundation	concrete	
	foundation walls	concrete	

The Teton County Courthouse is a detached two-story public building. The original rectangular plan of the building has been modified with a compatible rear addition. The front elevation has five bays with a centered entrance. The building has an orange-red brick veneer laid in common bond with no header rows. The roof is flat. The cornice, capping course, window sills and lintels, and inset entrance surround are concrete. Concrete capitals and dropped corner ornament mark the outset brick pilasters at the building's corners. Decorative brickwork includes soldier and rowlock courses above the concrete watercourse and below the cornice. While the building is basically a monumental, formally symmetrical Classical Revival courthouse, the horizontal lines and contrasting bands of light and dark created by these features suggest the Prairie style locally popular during the period for domestic architecture.

Alterations to the building include a rear addition that is compatible in style and that leaves the original structure clearly discernible. All of the windows are recent and compatible replacement one-over-one metal sash with false muntins closely approximating the ten over one configuation of the original windows. Also, replacing the original entry doors are double metal-frame doors with single panes, also nearly identical to the original front doors. While the loss of original doors and windows has some effect on the building's integrity, the remaining original fabric conveys the important characteristics of Classical Revival and Prairie style, and the building conveys a sense of the period in which it was built.

8. Statement of Significance	
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property	in relation to other properties: atewide
Applicable National Register Criteria]D
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D E F G N/A
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) architecture politics/government	Period of Significance Significant Dates 1924–1937 1924
	Cultural Affiliation
Significant Person	Architect/Builder architect: attributed to C. A. Sundberg builder: Charles Zollinger

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Teton County Courthouse is significant under criterion "A" in the context of the development of county government in the state. The building is significant under criterion "C" in the context of the architecture of Idaho's county courthouses and as a local example of institutional architecture. The building retains its original monumental massing and most of its Neoclassical/Prairie style features, including its brick veneer, concrete detailing, and five-bay front. The remaining original fabric conveys the important characteristics of Classical Revival and Prairie style, and the building conveys a sense of the period in which it was built.

Teton County was created by the 1915 Idaho legislature. However, the county did not acquire a courthouse until 1924. Contractor for the building was Charles Zollinger of Rexburg, who also built the Madison County Courthouse. The Teton courthouse is nearly identical to the Power County Courthouse, designed by C.A. Sundberg of Rexburg. According to Salt Alderson of successor firm Sundberg and Associates, the building was a Sundberg and Sundberg design. The Power County commissioners looked at the Teton building before having their 1925 building erected, concluding that it was, "exemplary to a large degree of what is needed in Power county" (<u>American Falls Press</u>, 26 March 1925, p. 1). Like most courthouses in Idaho, the building represents the most elaborate and monumental architectural design in its community.

9. Major Bibliographical References

(Driggs) <u>Teton Valley News</u> . 10 July 1924, 27 March 1924, p. 1; 31 January 1924,	
Driggs, B. W. <u>History of Teton Valley, Idah</u> Caldwell: Caxton Printers, 1926.	<u>10</u> .
<u>Beautiful Teton Valley, Idaho.</u> ca. 1960s,	promotional brochure.
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering	 See continuation sheet Primary location of additional data: State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other Specify repository:
Record #	Idaho Architectural and Historic Sites Inventory
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property less than one	a Carlos a construction and a construction of the second sec
UTM References A 112 49111150 4841060 Zone Easting Northing C 1 1 1	B L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
E 105 feet, then S 22 feet, thence E 8 fee	beginning at the NW corner of lot 2, thence t, thence S 12 feet, thence E 25 feet, thence et, thence E 94 feet, thence S 37.25 feet,

See continuation sheet

Boundary Justification

The boundaries are based upon the legally recorded block and lot parcels on which the courthouse is located.

See continuation sheet

11. Form Prepared By Jennifer Eastman Attebery name/title ___ June 23, 1987 organization ____ Idaho State Historical Society date ____ _ telephone $(2\overline{08})$ 334-3861 street & number ____ 210 Main Idaho 83702 Boise city or town _____ state ___ zip code _