### **United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received MAY 3 | 1984 date entered JUN 2 8 1984

1. Nam	1e			
historic Cham	pion-McGarrah Planta	tion		
and or common	Merritt Farm			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	County Road 122, to Ceorgia, off Georg	wo miles northwest ia <del>Highway</del> 30	of Friendship,	N/A not for publication
city, town Frie	endship V . C .	_X_ vicinity of		
state Georgia	a code	013 county	Marion	<b>code</b> 197
3. Clas	sification			
Category  district _X building(s) _X structure site object	Ownership public both Public Acquisition N/A in process being considered	Status X occupied  unoccupied  work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted  yes: unrestricted  no	Present Use  X agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park _X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		
nome 17/11/	1 Para Manufat	·		
	am and Faye Merritt			
	Route 1, Box 180	NI/A		a
,,	ena Vista	N/A vicinity of	state	Georgia 31803
5. Loca	ation of Lega	ii bescripti		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Supe	rior Court		
street & number	Marion County Cour	thouse		
city, town Bue	ena Vista		state	Georgia
<del></del>	resentation i	n Existing	Survevs	
Histori	c Structures Field So County, Georgia	urvey:		eligible? yes _X_ no
date 1982			federal _X_ sta	ate county loca
denocitary for s	irvey records Udatomic	Drogoryation Costi	on Coordia Dont	of Natural Resources
repository for St	urvey records Historic	rieservation secti	on, Georgia Dept.	OI MALUIAI MESOUICES
city, town At1	anta		state	Georgia

#### 7. Description

Condition	المحقودة أنسطما	Check one	Check one
excellent _X_ good	deteriorated ruins	unaltered _X_ altered	X original site moved date moved
fair	unexposed		

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Champion-McGarrah Plantation consists of the original core of an antebellum plantation that, besides farmland, includes a historic, one-story frame main house, seven historic frame tenant houses, and associated historic farm structures including a barn, smokehouses, and several sheds and cribs.

The main house, built in the Greek Revival style around 1840, is square in plan with a central hall and a rear ell. It is wood-framed, weatherboarded, and rests on brick piers. It has a recessed front porch with a main door surrounded by sidelights and transom. The porch is supported by simple, wooden columns. Two small front bedrooms are accessible only from the porch and were known as "travellers rooms." There are two main rooms off the central hall, one of which was formerly a parlor. Behind these rooms are two bedrooms. The hall leads to a side porch off of which is the rear ell. The ell contains the dining room and kitchen. The rear ell was originally separate but was later connected.

The two rooms and the hall in the central portion of the house are the only ones with interior plastered walls. The two front rooms also have wainscoting. The remaining rooms contain unplastered boarded walls. Simple, straight-forward mantels exist. The frame of the main house is pegged together.

The house sits on a level tract of land at the top of a low rise of ground. The yard contains several pecan and oak trees and boxwood hedges. The seven historic frame tenant houses are lined up across the road from the main house. They were built from 1870 to 1920. The other outbuildings consist of smokehouses, barns, cribs, and sheds. They are frame and vary in dates from antebellum times to the early twentieth century.

Archaeological potential may exist in that the acreage covers the suggested locations of earlier outbuildings. The farm is located in a rural setting. The main house, tenant houses and outbuildings are separated from the farming areas by fences and natural tree growth.

No major changes have been made to the property. Within the main house, changes include the enclosure of the breezeway between the dining room/kitchen ell and the main house. Fireplaces also have been closed and a rear bedroom has been converted to a bathroom.

#### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historicX_ agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	military music philosophy	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation X other (specify) Local History
Specific dates	ca. 1840-1920	Builder/Architect Unknow	wn	•

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Architecturally, the Champion-McGarrah Plantation is significant for containing a good example of a simple antebellum plantation home in rural Georgia that reflects the transition from the two-room, open-breezeway, dogtrot house to a square, central-hall design. It reflects the Greek Revival style, which reached its height in America just as this house was built, in its symmetry and compact massing, the simple columns on the porch, its front door with sidelights and transom, and interior detailing. It also illustrates traditional antebellum craftsmanship and materials. The plantation is also significant for its relatively rare collection of outbuildings and tenant houses which documents types of buildings and their construction materials and techniques associated with nineteenthcentury Georgia plantations. The plantation is significant in agriculture and local history as a good example of a historic Georgia plantation and one of the oldest plantations in an area which opened for settlement in 1827. It was a cotton and corn plantation which at its peak contained 1,300 acres. The original builder/owner, George M. Champion (1790-1871), was also a public servant who was instrumental in having the Marion County county seat moved to Buena Vista. During the 1850s, he served there as one of the Justices of the Inferior Court, the highest local antebellum county office. He was also an elder in the Mount Tabor Pres-Church, which originally was adjacent to this plantation. byterian When Champion died in 1871, the farm passed to his grandson, Moses H. McGarrah, whose father's family had moved to the area from South Carolina around 1831. He ran the farm in the tenant era until his death in 1899, and his widow until 1913, when it was sold to the T.M. Merritt family, whose descendants still own it.

These areas of significance support property eligibility under National Register criteria A, C and D.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet.

GPO 894-788

10. Geographi	cal Data			
Acreage of nominated property		_	Quadrangle scal	1:24,000
A 116 7 319 61810 3 Zone Easting No.	15 6 11 5 15 10 orthing	B 1 6 Zone	7 4 10 6 10 10 3 15 Easting North	6 <sub>1</sub> 1   5 <sub>1</sub> 5 <sub>1</sub> 0
C 116 7 319 7110 3	15 69 6 2 9 J	D 1 6 F	7 4 0 6 3 0 3 5	6 10 6 13 10
		н		
Verbal boundary description The nominated property and acreage associated	consists of Landwith the planta	tion. It was	the historic core o	
List all states and counties for			ounty boundaries	
state N/A	code	county		code
state	code	county		code
name/title Kenneth H. Thoma Historic Prese organization Georgia Dept.	ervation Section		ate May 7, 1984	
street & number 270 Washing	gton Street, S.W	. te	lephone (404) 656-2	840
city or town Atlanta		st	ate Georgia 30334	
	oric Prese	rvation	Officer Cert	ification
The evaluated significance of this	_	ate is:		
As the designated State Historic 665), I hereby nominate this proper according to the criteria and process.	erty for inclusion in the	e National Register	and certify that it has been	
State Historic Preservation Office	r signature	galth a.	Lyon	
title State Historic Prese		eth A. Lyon	date 5 /22	1/84
For NPS use only	and the second second second second	- Made I De ulade		
I hereby certify that this pro		e National Register atored in the ational Registe	er date 6	128/84
Keeper of the National Regist		POTOTIST NESTRE	Juane 6	
) Attest:			date	
Chief of Registration				

### **United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

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Continuation sheet

Bibliography

Item number 9

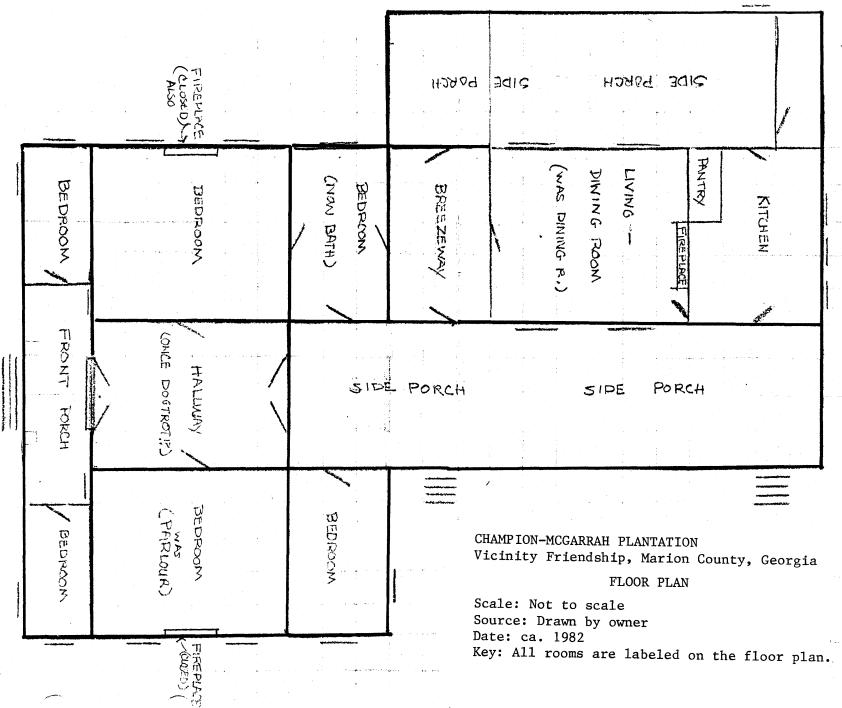
Page 2

#### 9. Major Bibliographical References

Campbell, Susan, and John Sledge. "Champion-McGarrah Farm," <u>Historic Property Information Form</u>, September 1, 1982. On file at the Historic Preservation Section, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta, Georgia. (Based on county histories, deed research, interviews and census records.)

Dixon, Mrs. Harry M. Papers, Georgia Department of Archives and History; folder on "Churches" and "Church Hill." (Located in Manuscripts Division)

Upton, T.M. "Mt. Tabor Presbyterian Church - Sumter County" and additional, signed "Brief History of Mount Tabor Church." Vertical file, Historical Foundation of the Presbyterian and Reformed Churches, Inc., Montreat, N.C.



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		SMOKEHOUSES (2)	
	ROUGH SKETZH MAP	Log SHBO >	
	OF THE HISTORICAL BUILDINGS ON THE		
	LHAMPION FARM	CHAMPION-MCGARRAH PLANTATION	
-	Maeiod Co., Ga	Vicinity Friendship, Marion County, Georgia SKETCH MAP	•
	NOT TO SCALE	Scale: Not to scale	
	- -	Source: Drawn by John Sledge Date: 1983	
		Key: All plantation buildings are marked on the map. This is just a portion of the property showing the structures.	