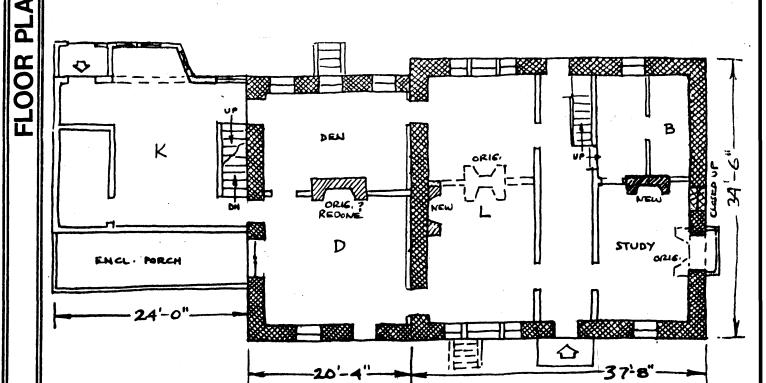


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CONSTRUCTION DATE/SOURCE: 1752-60/Bailey, supported by architectural evidence	NUMBER OF STORIES: 1-1/2 CELLAR: ■ Yes ■ No	
BUILDER:	CHIMNEY FOUNDATION:	
FORM/PLAN TYPE: Non-typical plan type	☐ Stone Arch☐ Brick Arch, Stone Foundation☐ Other	
	FLOOR JOISTS: 9-10" x 8", 34-36" between	
FRAMING SYSTEM: Intermediate Summer Beam Intermediate Bearing Wall Clear Span Other	FIRST FLOOR CEILING HEIGHT: 8'0" clearance FIRST FLOOR WALL THICKNESS: Approximately 20" GARRET FLOOR JOISTS: 7" x 8", 34-36" between	
EXTERIOR WALL FABRIC: Stucco front and east wall on main, broken stone on wing.	GARRET: Unfinished Space Finished Space	
FENESTRATION: 6/6, 34-1/2" x 58" main, 12/8 in wing and rear of main.	ROOF: Gable Gambrel Curb Other	
ENTRANCE LOCATION/TYPE: Off center, plain w/ transom, wood tracery, door 6'3", casing 7'5"	EAVE TREATMENT: Sweeping Overhang appx. 55" Supported Overhang No Overhang Boxed Gutter Other	
This house, while having been altered through the years, still retains a sufficient amount of its original fabric that it should be recognized and retained. We are therefore including it for its architectural significance, for its association with the exploration and settlement of the Bergen County area, and for its remaining historic fabric. As such, it is included in the Thematic Nomination to the National Register of Historic Places for the Early Stone Houses of Bergen County, New Jersey.		
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640 Campgaw Road, Mahwah



GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

Block 85, Lot 53 -Mahwah Tax Map

7.14 acres

U.T.M.

18 568 280 4543 **120** Ramsey, New Jersey-New York

Erskine did not survey this road during the Revolution, but the house was probably built shortly before the war; it is known as the Isaac Sopert homestead. On July 24, 1733 John Boyert hought some land in northwestern Bergen County which he divided equally between his brothers Stephen and Isaac Borert. Before 1736 the latter exchanged the property for Peter Val Alen's lands at Campgaw. The land in northwestern Hergen County was subject to many land disputes and conflicting claims. Franconier, one of the original proprietors, sold to Valleau and Stout in 1742, and 1752 they sold to Magdelene Vallesu, nee Franconier; she released her interest in the 42,000 acre tract for a deed from the New Jersey Proprietors for 900 acres at Campzaw, which she later sold to several settlers including Isaac Bogert. He came to this region in the Yaupough Valley about 1760, and built (probably on one of these tracts) the house later owned by Henry Vandenhoff in 1876. The last Bogert owner was an Isaac Bogert, probably a son or grandson of the builder. The present [then] owner, H. B. Hand, has remodelled the house into an attractive residence; the lines have not been altered but no clearly defined pre-revolutionary or post-revolutionary character remains. The house is in three sections: the older unit is in the center and is built of rough stone, has fairly low ceilings and old windows; the east wing is built of whitewashed stone; the west wing is modern; all section are covered by broad gable roofs. The house stands on the south end of Darlington Road on its east side, near the intersection with Pulis

Avenue, which leads to Campgaw village over a mile to the south.

(The above is quoted from Rosalie Fellows Bailey's Pre-Revolutionary Dutch Houses and Faulites in Northern New Jersey and Southern New York.
New York: Doer Publications, Inc., 1968.)

