orm No. 10-300	(Rev. 10-74)
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# H0500259

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

<b>NATIONAL REGISTER OF HIS</b>	TORIC PLACES
INVENTORY NOMINAT	TION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY JUL 5 1977 RECEIVED

INVENTORY NOMINATION		DATE ENTERED	DEC 6 1977
SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN H TYPE ALL ENTRI	OW TO COMPLETE NA		FORMS
1 NAME			
**HISTORIC Mansfield Plantation			
AND/OR COMMON			
2 LOCATION	5 miles north of	Georgetown off II	S Highway 701
STREET & NUMBER	5 miles north of	NOT FOR PUBLI	
CITY, TOWN	Χ	CONGRESSION	
Georgetown STATE South Carolina	^_ VICINITY OF  CODE  045	# 6	CODE
	045	Georgetown	n 043
3. CLASSIFICATION	•		
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRESENT USE
DISTRICT PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	∴AGRICUL	TUREMUSEUM
BUILDING(S)PRIVATE	_UNOCCUPIED	COMMER	V
STRUCTUREBOTH	WORK IN PROGRE		
SITE PUBLIC ACQUISI			
OBJECTIN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED		
BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICT	redindustr military	
NAME Wilbur S. Smith STREET & NUMBER 1630 Kathwood Drive			
CITY, TOWN		STA	
Columbia	VICINITY OF	501	uth Carolina
STREET & NUMBER	ounty Courthouse		
Screven Street		STA	TE
Georgetown		Soi	uth Carolina
REPRESENTATION IN EX	ISTING SURVE	YS	
Inventory of Historic Places	in South Carolina		
1973 (update)	FEDE	RAL X_STATECOUNTY	_LOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS South Carolina [	epartment of Archi	ves and History	
city, town Columbia		SIAT SO	uth Carolina



#### CONDITION

#### **CHECK ONE**

**CHECK ONE** 

XEXCELLENT \_\_DETERIORATED \_\_GOOD \_\_RUINS \_\_FAIR \_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_UNALTERED
\_XALTERED

\_XORIGINAL SITE
\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_\_

## DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Mansfield Plantation was for many years a rice plantation, its history beginning in the mid-18th Century. Although the plantation house has been enlarged and altered over the years, the plantation itself is extremely well preserved. Many of the outbuildings are extant and in good condition. The environment, including the avenue of oaks and rice fields, has also been altered very little. Hence, the nomination is not dependent on the integrity of the plantation house alone, but instead upon the integrity of the plantation as a whole.

The Mansfield Plantation house is a single storied, clapboard structure with medium gable roof, situated on a low brick foundation. The front entrance features two three-paneled doors with sidelights and an elliptical fanlight. A secondary front door (which is similar but without sidelights) is located on the far left-hand side (an addition of ca. 1930). Windows are 9/9 with shutters.

A central hall is flanked by one large room on either side. This part of the structure is probably the oldest. Ca. 1850 the structure was enlarged with symmetrical wings. In the 1930s a small bedroom and bath were added to each end of the house, while a small room with domed ceiling was added at the rear of the two original rooms. At this time, the interior detailing currently featured in the house was also added. These details include chairrailing, paneled wainscoting, and dentil cornice molding. Fireplaces are flanked by fluted pilasters and have paneled overmantels. Doorways and windows are framed by pilasters carrying entablatures. A Charleston craftsman made these moldings and decorations.

Surroundings: The many dependencies which remain in the Mansfield plantation complex help make it a significant example of the rice production era in Georgetown County. Situated near the house are a former school building and the kitchen, which features an exterior double stairway. During the 1930s both structures were brick veneered and remodeled into guest houses. At this same time, a third guest house was built.

Two of the existing outbuildings are specifically related to the production of rice at Mansfield—the rice winnowing house and the threshing mill. Also remaining are six slave cabins, the slave chapel, and laundry house. These small structures have wooden shingles, and many have small shed porches. There are also several later structures within the nominated acreage, including stables (ca. 1940).

With its live oak avenue, the outbuildings, and surrounding rice fields, Mansfield has retained much of its original environment.

# 8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	·COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW ·	SCIENCE
1500-1599	XAGRICULTURE (for aut	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE (for out	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<u>X</u> 1700-1799	<sub>ART</sub> buildings)	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	X POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

## SPECIFIC DATES

### BUILDER/ARCHITECT

### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Mansfield Plantation, located in Georgetown County, was for many years a rice-producing plantation and today remains virtually intact. The plantation house, avenue of oaks, and outbuildings together reflect the rice culture—a vital part of the history of South Carolina.

Mansfield can be traced to ca. 1732 when John Green received a royal grant for 500 acres along the Black River. In 1754, James Coachman of Georgetown purchased the property from Green's estate. Two years later, in 1756, Susannah Man purchased the property from Coachman. Although most of the later Georgetown County records were destroyed in 1865, extensive research on the plantation by a Man descendant (using family papers and other sources) traces the Man family ownership of the plantation until 1912 when it was sold to Charles W. Tuttle of New York. It was from the Man family that the name Mansfield was derived.

Agriculture: During its ownership by the Man family, Mansfield was a rice-producing plantation in an area which for many years led the nation in rice production. Records kept between 1846 and 1862 by Dr. Francis S. Parker (whose wife acquired the plantation in 1841) list acreage planted in rice, bushels produced, and the slave work force employed. For example, in 1849, 99 slaves were employed in the planting of 230 acres which yielded 8,049 bushels of rice.

Several physical evidences of the production of rice remain at Mansfield. These include the Mansfield "street" composed of several slave cabins and the slave chapel; and the threshing mill and winnowing house. One of three known remaining in Georgetown County, the threshing mill was used as late as 1943, and its machinery remains intact. The winnowing house is a raised structure with grating placed in the middle of the floor. When the windowas blowing strongly, the threshed seed was dropped through the grating to allow the chaff to be separated from the seed. This winnowing house is the only known surviving example of its type in Georgetown County.

<u>Political:</u> Dr. Francis Parker was active in local political affairs, especially during the War Between the States. A signer of the Ordinance of Secession, he also served as provost marshal for Georgetown. In 1862 Parker was authorized to order the removal of Georgetown County records to a safer location. He acted upon this authorization, and the records were sent to Chesterfield County where they were burned by Union troops in 1865.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAP	HICAL REFER	ENCES		
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Lachicotte, Alberta Morel. Company, 1955, pp. 78	<u>Georgetown Ric</u> -84.	e Plantations. (	Columbia: The S	tate Printing
			(continue	d)
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DA'	ГА			
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY				
UTM REFERENCES				
A[1,7] [6]6,2[0,6,0] [3 ZONE EASTING NO	710-110-4-0	B 1.7 66.2	2.8.0 3.7 0.0 G NORTHING	7, 2, 0
	17/010/21610		41010 317 00	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION				
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LIST ALL STATES AND COU	NTIES FOR PROPERTIE	S OVERLAPPING STAT	E OR COUNTY BOUND	ARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
11 FORM PREPARED BY NAME/TITLE Kappy McNulty	7		Regional Preser nal Planning and	
ORGANIZATION S.C. Donantmont of Anchi	was and History		DATE	·-
S.C. Department of Archi	ves and mistory		March 10, 197	
P.O. Box 11,669 Capitol	Station		803-758-5816	•
CITY OR TOWN			STATE	
Columbia			South Carolin	ıa
12 STATE HISTORIC PR				
		HIS PROPERTY WITHIN		
NATIONAL	STATE	<b></b> A-	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic Preser hereby nominate this property for inclu criteria and procedures set forth by the	sion in the National Re	_	_	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER	SIGNATURE	lanes?	KOP	
TITLE Charles E. Lee			DATE 4/14/	0.7
State Historic Pr FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PRO			TER	
	Whente 1	SERVICE KUEL	DATE /	AL REVISIER
ATTEST: Marke OH-	eum 5	7.7.	DATE 15.7	
RESPECTATION TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON O	ER /			

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS US	E ONLY	~	
RECEIVED	JUL 5	1977	
DATE ENTER	RED	DLC o	1977

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER

9 PAGE one

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