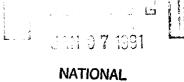
United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



OMB No. 1024-0018

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property

historic name N/A						
other names/site number	ID#319;	SR	Site #605:	Abeytia,	Aniceto,	House

2. Location						
street & number 303 Eaton				N/A not fo	or publication	n
city, town Socorro				N/A vicini	ty	
state New Mexico code NM	county	Socorro	code	053	zip code	87801
3. Classification						
Ownership of Property Cate	egory of Property		Number of F	Resources wit	hin Property	
X private X	building(s)		Contributing	Nonco	ntributing	
public-local	district		1	0	buildings	
public-State	site				sites	
public-Federal	structure				structures	1
	object				objects	
			1	0	Total	
Name of related multiple property listing:				ontributing re		viously
Domestic Architecture in Socor	ro, New Mexi	co, 1870-1	912listed in the	National Reg	ister <u>0</u>	
4. State/Federal Agency Certification						
Signature of certifying official	neets the proced	ural and profes	sional requiremen gister criteria.	nts set forth in	n 36 CFR Pa on sheet. 1 2 - 28	
State or Federal agency and bureau		- Notional Das				
In my opinion, the property meets	does not meet in	e National Reg	gister criteria.	See continuatio	In sneet.	
Signature of commenting or other official				Date		
State or Federal agency and bureau						
5. National Park Service Certification			Entered	In the		
I, hereby, certify that this property is:	/		National	Register		
entered in the National Register.	Lulo	uspe	jur		2/20	191
Register. See continuation sheet.						
determined not eligible for the						
National Register.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
removed from the National Register. other, (explain:)		2			-	
	T.	Signature of t	ne Keeper		Date of A	COON

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions		
DOMESTIC/single_dwelling	DOMESTIC/ multiple dwelling		
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
	foundation not visible		
Other: Territorial vernacular	walls_stucco_over_adobe		
Victorian vernacular			
	roofasphalt		
	other wood		

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

This one-story, adobe dwelling consists of two stylistically contrasting sections which face east and extend north and south near the front property line. The main section on the south has a symmetrical center-hall plan and truncated hipped roof and is itself an amalgam of Territorial and Victorian features. The side wing on the north is linear in plan with a flat roof suggesting the Spanish-Pueblo style.

The entire front facade of the main part of the house is covered by a Territorial-style <u>portal</u> supported by white-painted chamfered posts which are decorated with Victorian scrolled brackets. Posts have also been placed at the corners of the house with brackets that are perpendicular to the wall. Centered above the portal is a low gable under which is a round vent.

On the main facade under the portal, there are four large territorial-style windows, two on either side of the centrally placed entrance. They are simply trimmed with wood in a Territorial manner and topped with a straight molded crown which is repeated over the doorway. The entrance is flanked and topped by lights. Wooden elements of the windows and door are painted dark brown.

The truncated hipped roof of the main section is covered with asphalt shingles. A Victorian roof creating has been placed at the truncation. This ornament consists of metal poles and wire mesh topped with stylized, cast-iron fleur-de-lys and is the same fencing that extends along the entire front property line of both sections of the house. From the roof rise two symmetrically placed Victorian brick chimneys with decorative brickwork at the top.

The north section of the building, which stretches linearly along the street in the Spanish Pueblo manner, has a flat roof, multiple doors, and irregularly placed windows. This side wing has been more altered than the main house. The flat roof is covered with corrugated metal. The assortment of varying sized windows are predominantly metal casement.

The building is well maintained and in excellent condition. The main section is currently a single dwelling and the side wing rental rooms. The essential elements of the main section have not been significantly altered although a comparison of the historic maps indicates rooms have been lost and added at the back. Other minor alterations include the addition of a small porch on the south (side) facade and periodic reshingling of the roof. As a whole the building well conveys its historical associations.

See continuation sheet

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property i	n relation to other properties: wide X locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D E F G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) <u>Architecture</u>	Period of Significance <u>c.</u> 1893	Significant Pates c.1893
	Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder Unknown	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

This building is architecturally significant as an example of the mingling of diverse architectural forms and elements in vernacular adobe architecture that took place after the arrival of the railroad. The main building illustrates a mixture of the Territorial and the Victorian. The northern wing suggests the traditional Hispanic linear architecture.

The exact construction date and precise evolution of the building are not known. It first appears on the 1893 Sanborn map showing a portal and approximately the same basic configuration that it has today although the two sections appear to be connected by a wood-framed room. On the 1930 Sanborn this connecting room is shown as composed partially of wood framing and partially of adobe.

According to Rose Abeyta who lives in the house and is nearly eighty years old, Tomacita Garcia, a relative of her mother, received the house from her own mother, Maria Isabel Torres who was married to Juan Maria Garcia. Tomacita Garcia married Aniceto Abeytia in 1896 and the couple lived in the house until their deaths in 1930. The flat-roofed north wing of the building was used as a maids' quarters. Tomacita Abeytia, who had no children, gave the house to Rose Abeyta's mother, Lola Zimmerly de Abeyta.

Aniceto Abeytia was born and educated in Santa Fe in 1856 where he began his business career in the Mexican filigree jewelry business. He settled in Socorro in 1896 at the age of forty and became a leading citizen and active Republican. He engaged in general merchandizing, farming, stock raising, and real estate and owned extensive city and ranch properties. Among the many posts he occupied in Socorro were sheriff, city council member, and mayor. He was a member of the board of education and served as a president of the Board of Regents of the New Mexico School of Mines.

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9. Major Bibliographical References

	X See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	X State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Uther State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Ederal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property <u>Less than one acre</u>	
A 13 2,49,0,5 3,76,9740 Zone Easting Northing	
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
the second	- Creat bains lat 2 of City Survey
A tract of land in Section 21 of the Socorr	o Grant, being 101-5 of City Survey
#347.	
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
buildary businication	
The legal description of the property which	h includes the historic resource.
	· · · ·
	,
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Corinne P. Sze	
organization <u>Research Services of Santa Fe</u>	date <u>November 1, 1990</u>
street & number 1042 Stagecoach Road	telephone (505) 983-5605
city or town <u>Santa Fe</u>	

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Located just west of the Victorian enclave on McCutcheon and Church Avenues, the house illustrates the diversity of Socorro's vernacular tradition of freely combining elements of imported styles with adobe architecture. It was listed on the State Register of Cultural Properties on January 20, 1978.

The Period of Significance is the approximate construction date based on the year of earliest documentation of the house on the 1893 Sanborn Map.

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Conron and Lent, Architects. "303 Eaton Avenue," Application for Registration, New Mexico State Register of Cultural Properties, 1977.

Garner/Hicks Architects. "Historic Resources of Socorro, New Mexico." Application for Registration, New Mexico State Register of Cultural Properties, Form A. 1982.

Representative New Mexicans. Denver: C.S. Peterson, 1910.

Sanborn maps, 1886, 1893, 1898, 1902, 1913, 1930.

Twitchell, Ralph Emerson. Leading Facts of New Mexico History, IV. Cedar Rapids, Iowa: The Torch Press. 1917.

Interview

Rose Abeyta 8/28/1990