UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: REMOVAL Highland Water Tower PROPERTY NAME : MULTIPLE Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas MPS NAME: STATE & COUNTY: KANSAS, Doniphan 12/28/02 DATE RECEIVED: DATE OF PENDING LIST: 12/29/03 DATE OF 16TH DAY: DATE OF 45TH DAY: DATE OF WEEKLY LIST: REFERENCE NUMBER: 07000249 REASONS FOR REVIEW: APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N REOUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: Ν COMMENT WAIVER: N REJECT ACCEPT RETURN DATE ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS: REMOVED from National Register

0	
RECOM. / CRIZERIA COMONE	N-A
REVIEWER Calson Beall	DISCIPLINE
TELEPHONE	DATE 12-29-15

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.

RECEIVED 2280

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places **Continuation Sheet**

NOV 1 3 2015

Highland Water Tower Highland, Doniphan County, KS

Removal Request (Add'I Documentation)

Page 1

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Compiled October 2015

The Highland Water Tower was listed in the National Register of Historic Places in 2007 for its local significance in the area of community planning and development. Highland's water tower was representative of an important period in the growth and development of the town. Having lost many buildings to fire in the late 1800s and early 1900s, community leaders sought improved infrastructure to avoid future fire-related disasters and to accommodate and encourage new development. Similar water towers sprouted across the country as rural and urban communities planned and developed consistent water supplies to fight fires and improve health through clean water. The Highland Water Tower was constructed in 1913-1914 and featured a steel tank that held 50,000 gallons of water and was elevated on four steel support posts that were 100 feet tall.

The Highland Water Tower was dismantled on June 24, 2015. The loss of the resource negatively affects its historic integrity, and the Kansas State Historic Preservation Office requests the property be removed from the National Register of Historic Places.

Patrick Zollner Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

PHOTOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Property: Highland Water Tower

Location: 108 N Genesee St. (SE corner, N. Genesee & W Illinois sts.), Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas Photographer: City of Highland Date: June 24, 2015

- Photo 1: Dismantling of the tank.
- Photo 2: Dismantling of the tank.
- Photo 3: Dismantling of the tank.







NPS Form 10-900 Oct. 1990		RECEIVED 2280 MB No. 10024-0018 249
United States Departme National Park Service	ent of the Interior	FEB 2 2 2007
National Registe Registration For	r of Historic Places m	NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
Register of Historic Places I the information requested. It classification, materials, and	Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A) C f an item does not apply to the property being docur	operties and districts. See instructions in <i>How to Complete the National</i> Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering mented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural boategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative iscessor, or computer, to complete all items.
1. Name of Property		
Historic name Other name/site numb	Highland Water Tower	
2. Location		
Street & number	Southeast corner, N. Genesee & W. Illinois	Streets Inot for publication
City or town	Highland	
-	ode KS County Doniphan Code	
3. State/Federal Agency	Certification	
Signature of certifying	ewide 🖾 locally. (🗌 See continuation sheet for a Check DSHPO	dditional comments.) 2_/20 /07 Date
Kansas State Historio	•	
State or Federal agend		
In my opinion, the prop Comments.)	perty 🔲 meets 🔲 does not meet the National Reg	ister criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional
Signature of comment	ing official /Title D	ate
State or Federal agend	cy and bureau	
	٥	
A National Park Service	Certification	
4. National Park Service	erty is G Signature of	the keeper Beall Date of Action 4.4.57
	erty is Signature of Signature of the National	the Real Date of Action 4.4.57

Highland Water Tower

Name of Property

E Classificatio

Doniphan County, Kansas County and State

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Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)Category of Property (Check only one box)		Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)			
 ☑ private ☐ public-local ☐ public-State ☐ public-Federal 	 building(s) district site structure object 	× 4		Noncontributing	buildings sites structures objects
Name of related multiple property listin (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a mu	g Itiple property listing.)		1 Number of contrib in the National Reg	uting resources previou	usly listed
Hist. Res. of Highland, Doniphan Cou	nty, KS		с. 	I	N/A
6. Function or Use			-		
Historic Functions (Enter Categories from instructions)			rent Functions er categories from instruc	tions)	
EXTRACTION: Waterworks/Water Tower		_ <u>E</u> >	(TRACTION: Water	works/Water Tower	
	<u> </u>	5		<i>d</i>	
			×		
7. Description					
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)	-	Materials (Enter categor	ies from instructions)		
OTHER		Foundation Walls:	n: METAL METAL	,	
		Roof: ME	TAL		
Narrative Description					

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>7</u> Page <u>1</u>

Highland Water Tower Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas

Overview

The Highland Water Tower, built in 1913-1914, is located on the southeast corner of North Genesee and West Illinois Streets in Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas. The tower has been a significant contribution to the local skyline since its construction. It is nominated to the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A in the area of COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, under the Multiple Property Documentation Form (MPDF) Historic Resources of Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas. The tower has local significance as the most significant extant structure associated with the installation of Highland's city water system.

Description

The Highland Water Tower is 117 feet and six inches tall. The steel tank, which holds 50,000 gallons of water, is constructed of rectangular panels riveted together and elevated on four support posts that are 100 feet tall. The tank measures seventeen feet, six inches tall and has a diameter of 19 feet. The exterior has an alkyd coating and the interior is coated with epoxy. "HIGHLAND" is painted once on the southwest and once on the southeast side of the tank. The water tower's original conical roof was removed in 1989 due to severe rust and deterioriation. The current roof, slightly sloped, extends approximately two feet beyond the side of the tank. The top of the tank has a vent and aviation warning light. A drainpipe, likely added in 1989, extends from the roof of the tank down the northwest support post to the ground. A ladder, also likely added in 1989, extends from the upper portion of the southwest support post to the roof of the tank, where a section of the roof overhang is missing to accommodate the ladder. The base of the tank has a 24-inch-wide balcony with a metal lattice handrail. The hemispherical bowl of the tank extends below the base. The supply pipe, clad in a metal frost case, extends from the center of the bowl through a concrete base and into the ground.

The tower's four steel support posts sit on four concrete pads that are six feet deep. The four support posts are constructed of riveted triangular lattice bolted to the concrete pads. Each support post is approximately 100 feet tall. The support posts are divided into three sections, each approximately 33 feet tall. Four horizontal riveted lattice struts are attached to the support posts between each section. Eight tower rods are cross-tied between the support posts in each section. Additional tie rods have been added since construction to anchor the structure. The upper struts support two metal mesh platforms and miscellaneous equipment, added after construction.

The water tower retains its original form and massing. Despite the removal of the cone roof, it maintains much of its original appearance, especially when viewed from Highland's Main Street. According to a 2006 inspection report, the interior and exterior materials are in fair to poor condition, showing rust, corrosion and blisters.¹ The tower is maintained by the city of Highland.

¹ Tom Stechman, Utility Service Co. Inc., "50,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank Inspection Report," 22 May 2006.

Highland Water Tower Name of Property

Record #

8. Statement of Significance

Doniphan County, Kansas County and State

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Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "X" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
	COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our	-
history	
B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics	
of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses	
high artistic values, or represents a significant and	
distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance
	1913-1914
D Property has yielded, or likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	
Criteria Considerations	
(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates
Property is:	1914
A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	· · · · · ·
B removed from it original location.	
C a birthplace or grave.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
D a cemetery.	N/A
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
F a commemorative property.	Cultural Affiliation
G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years	Ν/Α
	Architect/Builder
Narrative Statement of Significance	
(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)	Chicago Iron and Bridge Works, builder
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or	more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	State Historic Preservation Office
has been requested previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency Federal agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Local government
designated a National Historic Landmark	University
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	Other Name of repository:
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Kansas State Historical Society

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>2</u>

Highland Water Tower Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas

Overview

The Highland Water Tower is nominated to the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A in the area of Community Planning and Development, under the Multiple Property Documentation Form (MPDF) Historic Resources of Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas.

The MPDF states, "Buildings and structures associated with COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT demonstrate Highland's gradual growth and development of infrastructure as a modern town during the 20th century...Modernizing the town required the construction of structures and buildings to accommodate these developments. Progress was often contentious, however, and frequently cautious. Structural additions to the city infrastructure are eligible under Criterion A, for their 20th century contributions to Highland's development." The tower, built in 1913-1914, is the best extant resource associated with the development of Highland's city water system. It is significant locally as a reminder of this important city improvement.

History and Significance

Highland lost many buildings to fires in the late 1890s and early 1900s. An 1894 fire destroyed 20 frame downtown buildings located at Main and Ives Streets in 45 minutes.² Again, in January 1913, fire struck in the same location, destroying three of the town's largest brick buildings on the northeast corner of Main and Ives.³ The Highland Presbyterian Church also slowly burned in 1913 until the entire building was gone.⁴ Shortly after the January 1913 fire, Highland citizens began agitating in earnest for a city water system. The local press blamed the loss of the buildings solely on the lack of a public water system. Newspaper articles pointed out that most of the properties would have been saved if Highland had city water and reliable fire fighting equipment. The danger of fire was the sole impetus mentioned in *The Highland Vidette* for the establishment of city water pipes and a tower. In June, the city council began exploring the possibility of putting the question to voters.⁵

As the bond vote in August approached, *The Highland Vidette* firmly supported the measure. An article the day before the vote refuted arguments that the new water system would not reach the north section of town, that the system would cost more than the \$21,000 estimate and that the city council and project engineer were deceitful.⁶ The landslide vote the following day overwhelmingly supported the project, with 240 in favor of and 41 against the bonds. The council had already hired a firm to act as consulting engineer on the project until details were finalized.⁷ The vote approved \$21,000 in bonds for the construction of a water plant, well and associated equipment, which included the water tower, fire hose and a hose cart. The lowest bid for the project came from T.C. Brooks & Sons Co. of Jackson, Michigan.⁸

² "Fire! Fire!" The Vidette, 18 October 1894, p. 1.

³ "Highland Has A \$50,000 Fire," The Highland Vidette, 9 January 1913, p. 1.

⁴ "Presbyterian Church Burned," The Highland Vidette, 9 October 1913, p. 1.

⁵ "Water Works Meeting Tomorrow," *The Highland Vidette*, 20 June 1913, p. 1.

⁶ "Waterworks," The Highland Vidette, 7 August 1913, p. 1.

⁷ "Carried Overwhelmingly," The Highland Vidette, 14 August 1913, p. 1

⁸ "Let Waterworks Contract," The Highland Vidette, 11 September 1913, p. 1

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>3</u>

Highland Water Tower Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas

By November 1913, approximately three-fourths of the underground water pipes were laid in Highland. The well, located on the southwest corner of West Ohio and North Ives Streets, was 25 feet deep, close to the water line at 35 or 40 feet. The foundation for the steel tank and tower was already in place. The supplies for the tank and tower were on their way from the Chicago Bridge and Iron Works.⁹ The bulk of the project was complete in April 1914, with the tower complete. The tank and mains filled with water and all was well except for one small leak in the tank that was quickly repaired. By April, Highland selected a fire company and systematic drills began in order to avoid future catastrophic blazes. The completion of the project soon led to water connections to individual houses primarily near Main Street. The mayor's residence was the first house connected to the new water system. The cost of a connection and water meter were estimated at \$25.¹⁰ In the early 1910s and 1920s, the tower served the town's population of approximately 700-800.

Early construction and maintenance records were destroyed by a fire in the early 1960s that burned a local dry cleaner.¹¹ The tower has received regular inspections, cleaning and painting since the mid-1960s. Today it supplements a 100,000-gallon tank built in 1988. A new well south of Highland supplements the town's original well.

The tower today retains its integrity in its massing, materials and significance as the most recognizable structure associated with the development of Highland's city water system. Maintained by the city of Highland, it remains a significant contribution to Highland's skyline.

Steel Water Towers

The Highland water tower was built in a form common during the early 1900s. Conical water towers sprouted across the country as rural and urban communities planned and developed consistent water supplies to fight fires and improve health through clean water.

Ames, Iowa boasts a very early version of a conical steel tower, the Marston water tower on the campus of the Iowa State University. Built in 1897, it was designed by Anson Marston, a civil engineering professor. Marston's design specified steel framework instead of wood to double the tower's strength and make it more stable. The tower, 168 feet tall, was the first elevated steel tank west of the Mississippi.¹²

The form of the conical steel tower loomed over many towns in Kansas. Today they are occasionally incorporated into tourist attractions. The tower in Goodland, Kansas sits near a giant painting of Van Gogh's sunflowers. Pratt, Kansas is home to two towers placed side by side. The city of Pratt labeled the towers "Hot" and "Cold" in 1956.

⁹ "Working on Waterworks," The Highland Vidette, 13 November 1913, p. 1.

¹⁰ "Waterworks Completed," The Highland Vidette, 9 April 1914, p. 1.

¹¹ One page of the general plan for the Highland tank and tower remain from the Chicago Bridge and Iron Works.

¹² The tower was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1981. "Marston Water Tower," Engineering Communications and Marketing newsletter, Iowa State University College of Engineering, 2004.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>4</u>

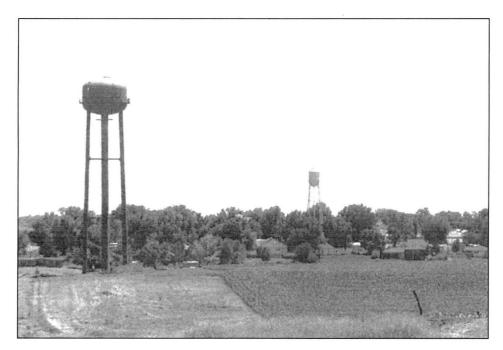
Highland Water Tower Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas

Chicago Bridge and Iron Works, the maker of the Highland water tower, was founded in 1889 in Chicago as the Chicago Bridge and Iron Company. The company began constructing bridges, but focused on bulk liquid storage in the late 1800s and early 1900s. In 1894, the company erected its first elevated steel plate water tank in Fort Dodge, Iowa. It was the first tank built with a hemispherical bottom, an important technical innovation that is present on the Highland water tower.

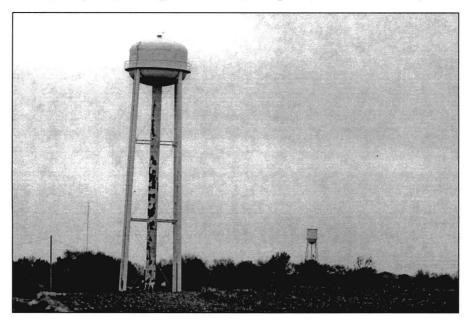
National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>5</u>

Highland Water Tower Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas



Highland's water towers in 1988, above, and in 2006, below. (1988 photo, *The Highland Vidette*; 2006 photo, Susan Jezak Ford)



National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>Add'l Info</u> Page <u>6</u>

Highland Water Tower Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas

Sources

- Archer, Bob. Stechman, Tom. "50,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank Inspection Report." Utility Service Co. Inc., 17 November 2003.
- Gilmore, Jim. Interview by author. 9 January 2007. (Mr. Gilmore served as Highland's Superintendant of Maintenance from 1975 until 1995.)
- The Highland Vidette: "Fire! Fire!" 18 October 1894; "Highland Has A \$50,000 Fire." 9 January 1913; "Presbyterian Church Burned." 9 October 1913; "Water Works Meeting Tomorrow." 20 June 1913; "Waterworks." 7 August 1913; "Carried Overwhelmingly." 14 August 1913; "Let Waterworks Contract." 11 September 1913; "Working on Waterworks." 13 November 1913; "Waterworks Completed." 9 April 1914.
- "Marston Water Tower." Engineering Communications and Marketing newsletter, Iowa State University College of Engineering, 2004.
- Stechman, Tom. "50,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank Inspection Report." Utility Service Co. Inc., 22 May 2006.

Highland Water Tower Name of Property	Doniphan County, Kansas County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property Less than one acre	
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.) 1 3 0 6 0 7 4 4 1 4 5 0 2 Zone Easting Northing 2 1 <td>3 Zone Easting Northing 4 </td>	3 Zone Easting Northing 4
Verbal Boundary Description	See continuation sheet
(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By	
Name/titleSusan Jezak Ford	·
Organization Citysearch Preservation	Date November 22, 2006
Street & number 3628 Holmes St.	Telephone 816-531-2489
City or town Kansas City	State Missouri Zip code 64109
Additional Documentation	
Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating	the property's location.
A sketch map for historic districts and properties Photographs	
Representative black and white photographs of Additional items	the property.
(Check with SHPO or FPO for any additional items) Property Owner	
Name City of Highland	
Street & number 220 West Main Street	Telephone785-442-3765
City or town Highland	State Kansas Zip code 66035

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16) U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>Add'l Info</u> Page <u>7</u>

Highland Water Tower Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas

Verbal Boundary Description

The Highland Water Tower is located on Lots 1 and 2, Block 71 in the original town of Highland, Kansas. The property is bounded on the north by West Illinois Street, on the west by North Genesee Street, on the south by an alley and on the east by the property line.

Boundary Justification

The boundaries include the city lots originally associated with the Highland water tower at the time of its construction.

Photographic Information

The following information is the same for all of the photographs:

- 1. The Highland Water Tower
- 2. Doniphan County, Kansas
- 3. Susan Jezak Ford
- 4. August-October, 2006
- 5. Digital disk located at Kansas State Historical Society

The following information is applicable to individual photographs:

- 6. Northwest view
- 7. #1
- 6. Northeast view
- 7. #2
- 6. Southeast view
- 7. #3
- 6. Northwest view
- 7. #4
- 6. West view
- 7. #5

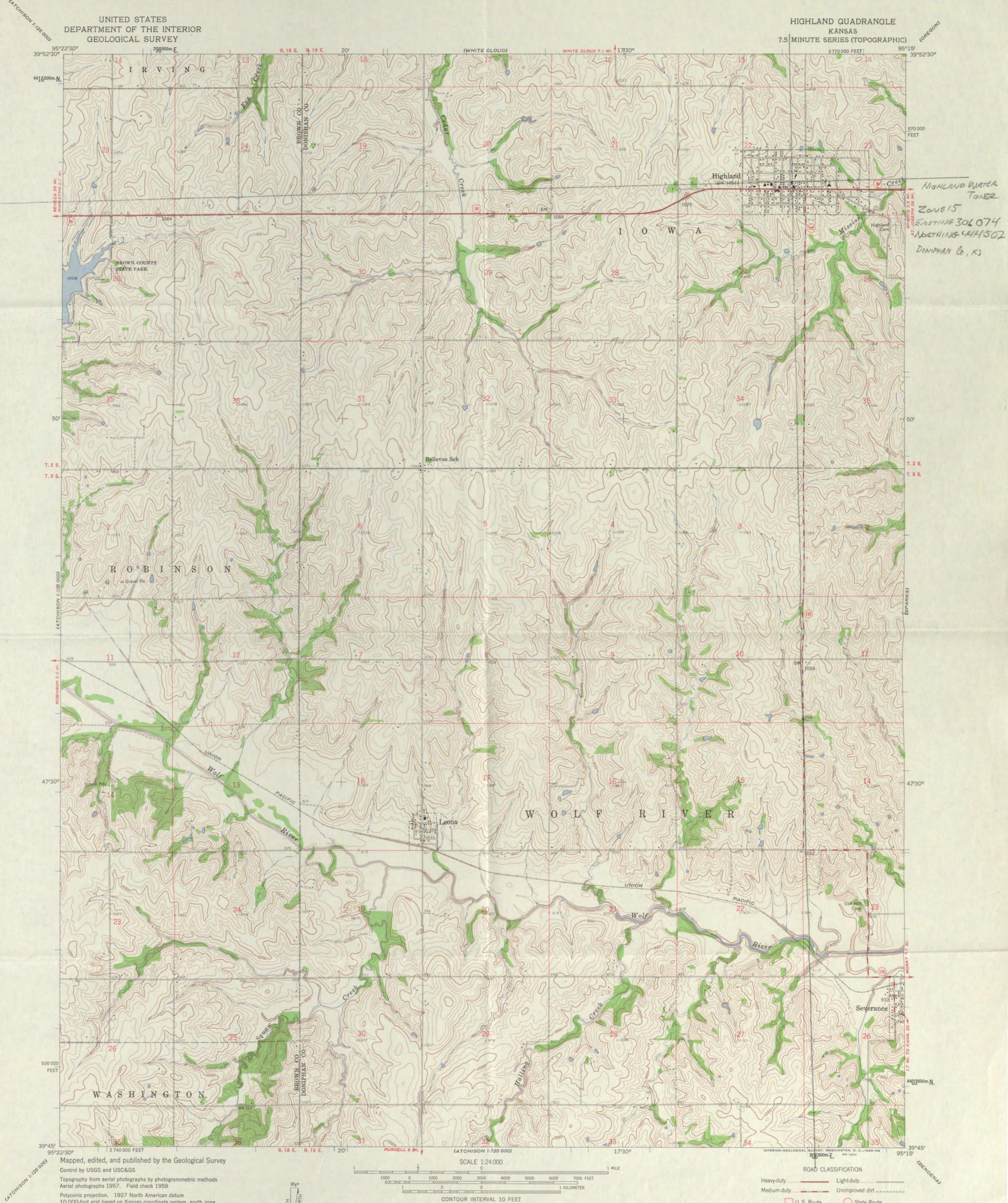












Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum 10,000-foot grid based on Kansas coordinate system, north zone 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 15, shown in blue

NORTH

TIC

APPROXIMATE MEAN

DECLINATION, 1959

CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL KANSAS THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS QUADRANGLE LOCATION FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER 25, COLORADO OR WASHINGTON 25, D. C. AND BY THE STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, LAWRENCE, KANSAS A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

U. S. Route OState Route

HIGHLAND, KANS.

1959

N3945-W9515/7.5

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY Highland Water Tower NAME:

MULTIPLE Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas MPS NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: KANSAS, Doniphan

REFERENCE NUMBER: 07000249

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: Ν DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: Ν PDIL: N PERIOD: N OTHER: Ν PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N SAMPLE: SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: REQUEST: N N N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

1.4.0 DATE REJECT ACCEPT RETURN

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Endered in the Victorial Rogister

RECOM./CRITERIA				
REVIEWER	DISCIPLINE	÷	*.	
TELEPHONE	 DATE			×

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



RECEIVED 2280

NOV 1 3 2015

Nat. Register of Historic Place 385-272-8681 National Park Senui Of resources@kshs.org

> Sam Brownback, Governor Jennie Chinn, Executive Director

1.04.2.4

6425 SW 6th Avenue

Topeka KS 66615

November 9, 2015

Paul Loether, National Register Chief National Register of Historic Places National Park Service 1201 Eye Street, N. W. 8th Floor (MS 2280) Washington, DC 20005

Re: National Register documents

Dear Mr. Loether:

Please find enclosed the following National Register documents:

- Beal House; Lawrence, Douglas County, Kansas (new nomination)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page; 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the nomination; 1 CD (disk #2) with photographs
 - The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the nomination.
- Senate & Curtis Court Apartments Historic District; Topeka, Shawnee County, Kansas (new nomination)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page; 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the nomination; 1 CD (disk #2) with photographs
 - The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the nomination.
- East Badger Creek Culvert; Winfield vicinity, Cowley County, Kansas (<u>new</u> <u>nomination</u>)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page; 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the nomination; 1 CD (disk #2) with photographs
 - The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the nomination.
- Woodland Place Stock Farm; Courtland vicinity, Republic County, Kansas (<u>new</u> nomination)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page; 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the nomination and GPS file; 1 CD (disk #2) with photographs
 - The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the nomination.

- Prehistoric Sites of Wildcat Creek Watershed, Riley County, Kansas, Multiple Property Submission (new multiple property nomination)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page; 1 CD with a PDF of the nomination
 - o The enclosed disk contains the true and correct copy of the nomination.
- Ritchie, John, House; Topeka, Shawnee County, Kansas (<u>resubmitted new</u> <u>nomination</u>)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page; 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the nomination; 1 CD (disk #2) with photographs
 - The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the nomination
 - Nomination was first submitted to NPS in 2010; it was returned for revisions and additional documentation in 2011. KSHS is submitting a revised nomination.
- St. Martha's AME Church and Parsonage; Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas (additional documentation)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the additional documentation's first page; 1
 CD with a PDF of the additional documentation and photographs
 - The enclosed disk contains the true and correct copy of the additional documentation.
- Highland Water Tower; Highland, Doniphan County, Kansas (delisting request)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the request's first page; 1 CD with a PDF of the additional documentation and photographs
 - o The enclosed disk contains the true and correct copy of the delisting request.
- Yount, George W., Barn; Winfield vicinity, Cowley County, Kansas (delisting request)
 - Enclosed: Physical, signed copy of the request's first page; 1 CD with a PDF of the additional documentation and photographs
 - o The enclosed disk contains the true and correct copy of the delisting request.

If you have any questions about these enclosed items, please contact me at 785-272-8681 ext. 216 or aloughlin@kshs.org.

Sincerely,

Amanda K. Loughlin National Register Coordinator

Enclosures