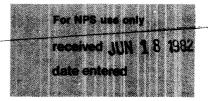
### **United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

### National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

# 1. Name

Herriott House historic Brown-Ritchey House and/or common Location 2. 696 North Main Street N/A\_ not for publication street & number N/A Franklin vicinity of congressional district city, town Indiana 018 081 Johnson code code state county Classification 3, Category **Ownership** Status **Present Use** X\_\_ occupied public \_ agriculture district museum building(s) private unoccupied commercial \_ park structure both work in progress educational \_X\_ private residence \_ site **Public Acquisition** Accessible entertainment religious \_ object in process ves: restricted government scientific yes: unrestricted industrial being considered \_ transportation N/A military no other: **Owner of Property** 4. Joan Ritchey Knox (Mrs. John Knox), gdn., & Margaret Ruth Ritchey name 3100 Backmeyer Road street & number 47374 Richmond N/A Indiana vicinity of state city, town **Location of Legal Description** 5. courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Johnson County Courthouse street & number Main Street Franklin Indiana city, town state 46131 **Representation in Existing Surveys** 6.

title N/A	has this property been determined eligible? yes X no
date	federal state county local
depository for survey records N/A	
city, town	state

# 7. Description

#### Condition

excellent	deteriora
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	Check one
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_ ruins	X aitered
_ unexposed	•

Check one

X\_\_ original site

d date <u>N/A</u>

### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Herriott House is a two-story structure located on a large corner lot in what is now a residential section of Franklin, Indiana. The structure is of simple Italianate design with a truncated hip roof and an atypical rectangular plan. The foundation and exterior walls are of brick, laid up in common bond. Originally, the house had four chimneys; only one of these remains, situated toward the north corner of the house.

The house was constructed with its main facade parallel to the Madison and Indianapolis Road (now Franklin's Main Street); therefore, the house faces northeast. This northeast facade is five bays wide and is symmetrical. The center bay on the ground floor contains the main entry door, surmounted by a rectangular transom and a brick, segmental arch. All other bays in this facade contain four-over-four double-hung windows with segmental arched tops and stone sills, except the window in the center bay on the second floor, which was converted to a door late in the 19th century to provide access to a porch-top deck. Unlike more elaborate Italianate houses, this structure has plain, projecting eaves with cornice fascia. A plain, narrow frieze beneath the eaves carries small, scrollcut brackets. The frieze and the brackets are partially obscured by the shadow of the roof overhang.

Sometime between 1876 and 1884, an elaborate wooden porch was added to the northeast facade. This porch stretches across the three middle bays and is supported by six turned wooden posts. Scrolled brackets at the top of these posts support a decorative saw-toothed frieze, surmounted by a box gutter. The roof of this porch also serves as a balcony; consequently, an elaborate railing with scroll-cut balusters runs around the perimeter of the porch roof. This porch was taken down in 1979 because it was deteriorating, but it was rebuilt in 1981, using as much of the original material as possible. Physical and photographic evidence was used to insure accuracy in this restoration.

All other facades of the house are similar to the northeast wall in their roof trim and window detail. Window spacing varies to accommodate the original chimney flues.

The floor plan of the house is that of a two-story, four pen structure with a central hallway. A stairway leads from the ground floor hallway to the second floor; this staircase is one of the more decorative features of the house, with turned balusters, ornamental brackets, and an elaborate newel post. Most of the staircase is walnut, as is much of the first floor woodwork. Floors throughout the first story are oak, while those on the second floor are poplar.

The Herriott House grounds, almost an acre in area, formerly contained several outbuildings, but none are still standing. Other structures on surrounding lots include the late 19th and early 20th century homes on Main Street and the more modern homes located to the north. The Herriott House is the only one of its age and style in the immediate area.

### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		g landscape architectur law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1860-1865	Builder/Architect Pr	robably John Herriott	

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Herriott House is significant as a well-preserved example of a mid-19th century, middle-class residence which has survived with almost no alterations. The house is notable as an atypical Italianate structure, with an unusual rectangular plan and simple cornice and window detailing. There are other Italianate structures in the city of Franklin, but they are of the more familiar type with irregular massing, ornate window treatment, and elaborate cornice and frieze detailing. The Herriott House would seem to be unique to the area in terms of its style and its state of preservation.

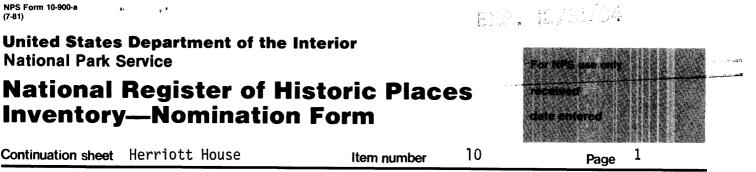
The house is also associated with one of the most prominent families in Franklin's early development. Samuel Herriott came to the area in 1820 and helped establish the town. His brother, John, came to the area in 1827 and, at one time, served as County Treasurer. In 1830 he and Samuel bought a large parcel of land that included the site of this house. The house, itself, is thought to have been built by John Herriott sometime between 1860 and 1865. The property remained in the Herriott family until 1884, when it was sold to Stephen Brown. Brown's descendants still own the property and recently rebuilt the front porch.

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

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Banta, D.D.; McCaslin, W.M. History of Johnson County, Indiana. Chicago: Brant & Fuller, 1888 Palmer, H.C. <u>The First Presbyterian Church of Franklin, Indiana, 120 Years 1824-1944</u> Franklin, IN: First Presbyterian Church, 1946.

10. Ge	ographica	al Data		
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e evaluated sig 	nificance of this pro national d State Historic Prese	perty within the sta state ervation Officer for	ate is: X local r the National Historic	Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– certify that it has been evaluated
cording to the o		es set forth by the	National Park Service	
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Al	only tilly that this property but b National Register	is included in the	National Register Enternal In 1996 Sectoral - Regioner	<u>date 7/15/22</u>
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Commencing at the most Northeasterly corner of Lot No. 1 in the Davis and Walters Addition to the City of Franklin, Indiana, as recorded in Plat Book 4, Page 8, of the records of the Recorder of Johnson County, Indiana; thence South 55° 12 minutes West on and along the Northerly line of said Lot No. 1 a distance of 2.87 feet; thence South 36° 09 minutes East on and along the East line of said Lot No. 1 a distance of 20.00 feet to the Place of Beginning of this described tract; thence North 55° 12 minutes East 209.00 feet to a point on the West line of North Main Street in the City of Franklin, Indiana; thence South 36° 09 minutes East on and along last said West line of North Main Street a distance of 171.00 feet to an iron pin; thence South 55° 12 minutes west 123.00 feet to an iron pin; thence South 36° 09 minutes East 18.00 feet to an iron pin; thence South 55° 12 minutes West 86.00 feet to an iron pin located on the East line of said Lot No. 1 in the Davis and Walters Addition; thence North 36° 09 minutes West on and along last said East line a distance of 189.00 feet to the Place of Beginning, Containing 0.86 Acre, more or less, subject to all legal rights-of-way and easements.