

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property	SECURIOR FOR THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH		
historic name Knob School/M	Iasonic Lodge		
other names/site number N/A			
2. Location		onysion, appearance.	presi, beamering
street & number State Highw	ay 141		not for publication N/A
city, town Knob			vicinity N/A
state Arkansas cod	e AR county Clay	code AR	021 zip code 72436
3. Classification			
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Resou	rces within Property
X private	X building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	district	1	buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
pablio-i odolai	object	-	objects
		1	Total
Name of related multiple property I	leting	Number of contrib	uting resources previously
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4. State/Federal Agency Certi	fication		
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Signature of certifying official Arkansas Historic Pr			4-23-9/ Date
State or Federal agency and bureau			
In my opinion, the property r	neets does not meet the National	Register criteria. See co	ontinuation sheet.
Signature of commenting or other of	ficial		Date
State or Federal agency and bureau			
5. National Park Service Certi	fication	Antered in	the
I, hereby, certify that this property	s:	National E	gistar
entered in the National Register	1 1 2	2	1-1-
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determined eligible for the Nation	anal		
Register. See continuation she			
determined not eligible for the			
National Register.			
removed from the National Reg			
other, (explain:)			
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6. Function or Use		The American State of the Company of
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(enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories fro	in instructions)
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Summary

The Knob School/Masonic Lodge is a two-story frame structure with a rectangular plan covered by a hipped roof main section and a smaller hipped roof over the frontal single-story extension with inset porch and end rooms.

Elaboration

Constructed in 1923, the Knob School/Masonic Lodge is a rectangular two-story frame building of a vernacular Craftsman style. The Craftsman influence is seen primarily in the exposed rafters of the hipped roofs. The main two-story section rests on a continuous concrete foundation and is shielded from the elements by a large hipped roof sheathed with tin. The original frontal single-story extension rests on concrete piers and is likewise covered by a hipped tin roof. White-painted weather-boarding is used for the siding.

The southern or front elevation features a full-facade, single-story extension covered by a hipped tin roof. This extension features a central inset porch with a single column in the center. The current column is of recent vintage, but it appears that a column has always stood there. The rear wall of the porch is the main wall for the two-story section and is pierced with two doors which provide entry for the two first-floor rooms. The end rooms, originally cloak rooms, each contain a single, central-placed, four-over-four double-hung window. The second-story facade has four evenly-spaced four-over-four double-hung windows with a fifth identical window located just west of its symmetrical position.

The western elevation is comprised of a four-over-four double-hung window in the western cloak room of the single-story front extension. The main section is dominated by two groups of side-by-side, six-over-six double-hung windows separated by three identical six-over-six double-hung windows for a total of seven six-over-six windows in the western facade. The second-story elevation is lighted by two four-over-four double-hung windows.

The northern elevation is dominated by weatherboarding with nothing but five unevenly-spaced, upper-story, four-over-four double-hung windows to provide lighting. The eastern elevation is identical to the western with the exception of the upper-story four-over-four windows being spaced closer together and the recent addition of a black-painted steel fire escape attached to the northern second-story window. The fire escape extends to the south alongside the building at about a forty-five degree angle and reaches the ground near the front of the building.

There have been few interior modifications to the structure. The two cloak rooms have been converted into rest rooms, and the western first-floor classroom has had some kitchen facilities

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added. The original oil lamps, hung along the walls, were removed in the late 1930's when the school received electricity. A multiple-folding wooden partition originally separated the two classrooms. The wooden partition remains today but folds only at one end to allow access to the adjoining room. This modification occurred when a school teacher, Ms. Signa Horton, became exasperated with her students passing notes to the children in the other classroom through the cracks caused by the folding doors. To remedy this situation, she had her father nail wooden strips over the cracks, which solved the note-passing problem but rendered the partition largely immovable.

The upper-story was originally constructed for the Masonic Lodge and consists of a small vestibule and the meeting room. The stairway was originally entered through the western cloak room, but has since been reconstructed and is located along the southern wall inside of the western classroom. The enclosed stairway walls and the vestibule have been sheathed with modern imitation wood paneling. Alterations to the Lodge meeting room have been minor and consist primarily of the addition of pinewood wainscoting.

There are no outbuildings associated with the Knob School/Masonic Lodge. At one time, there was an outbuilding described as a pergola where the big bell of the Masons and the well pump were housed. There were outdoor toilets, but these were removed when the cloak rooms were converted into rest rooms after the school acquired a rural water system. The school building is located on four acres of land.

8. Statement of Significance	aspinararan	AT INTEREST INTO A
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property		
nationally sta	tewide X locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B XC	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D DE DF DG	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Architecture	Period of Significance 1923	Significant Dates N/A
	Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder Cagle, Tump Cagle, Sweet	norramamuoob quoive:* enimeleb (hanimileriq
State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considera	ations, and areas and periods of signific	cance noted above.
Zone Epstry Montring		
	X See continuation	sheet

9. Major Bibliographical	neterences	Sentiment of Statements .
		median official has considered the significancia of this property and
		X See continuation sheet
has been requested previously listed in the Na	of individual listing (36 CFR 67) ational Register gible by the National Register storic Landmark	Primary location of additional data: State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other
recorded by Historic Ame		Specify repository:
Acreage of property Less UTM References A 1 5 7 2 9 0 4 0 Zone Easting C		B
		See continuation sheet
line formed by the we formed by the intersect building; thence proceed formed by the eastern	stern elevation of the build ction of said line and the li- ed easterly to a point formed elevation of the building; t	ion at the northern edge of Hwy. 141 and the ing, proceed northerly along said line to a point ne formed by the northern elevation of the ed by the intersection of said line and the line thence proceed southerly to a point formed by e of Hwy. 141; thence proceed westerly to the
Boundary Justification This boundary includes	all the property historically	y associated with this resource.
ma soundary morades	air the property instoricany	y associated with this resource.
		See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By		
	ner/ National Register Histo	
	Vistoric Preservation Program	
street & number 225 East city or town Little Rock		telephone (501) 324-9346 state Arkansas zip code 72201
only of town		State Zip code Zip

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Summary

Criterion C, local significance

The Knob School/Masonic Lodge is being nominated under Criterion C with local significance as the best surviving example of a vernacular Craftsman frame school building in the county.

Elaboration

The Knob School/Masonic Lodge is the best extant example of a vernacular Craftsman frame schoolhouse in the county. The school building was the third school built at Knob and was constructed in 1923 by Tump and Sweet Cagle, two brothers from Rector who, with the advent of sawmills in the area, began building frame houses to replace the area's log homes. Two local carpenters, Ernest Reed and John Mannon, assisted with the construction.

Knob is located in Clay County near the southern border with Greene County on the western edge of Crowley's Ridge. It was originally known as Rock Spring or Rock Spring's Community after a small spring on the ridge. Located on the Chalk Bluff-Gainesville Trail, the area around the rock spring was first settled around 1845. Nearby is another "everlasting" spring where Indians and the early travellers camped. The nearest trading center was Gainesville, approximately ten miles to the south, which became the county seat of Greene County in 1840 and had become well-established by the mid-1840's. Clay County did not exist at this time; the western half was a part of Randolph County and the eastern half, including Rock Spring, belonged to Greene County.

Clayton County was created by an act of legislation on March 24, 1873 and named in honor of John M. Clayton, a member of the state senate at that session. During the next session of the General Assembly on December 6, 1875, the last syllable of the name was dropped changing it to "Clay" in honor of Henry Clay of Kentucky. From this time until the turn of the century, Rock Spring experienced little change. More people settled though there was still no general store. After the passage of acts providing for a tax-supported system of public schools, the Rock Spring School District No. 13 was created in 1871. Local oral history indicates that subscription schools were held at Rock Spring many years prior to 1871, but an 1872 school register is the oldest record still in existence. The first school was held in a log house near the rock spring which was utilized for drinking water. Church services were also held in this building.

Rock Springs had somewhat of a frontier atmosphere in the late nineteenth century. One interesting story passed down from this era involves the infamous Jesse James. Jesse James was travelling on the Chalk Bluff-Gainesville Trail on his way to Missouri. At Rock Spring he passed by the old Lucy place and noticed a woman weeping on the front porch. After

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inquiring as to her troubles, Jesse learned that the mortgage on her home was due and, as she was a widow and unable to pay it, she would lose her home. According to the story, Jesse gave her a sack of gold to pay her debt and then rode away. Jesse, however, returned to the home and concealed himself until the transaction was completed. He then trailed the man who held the mortgage and promptly robbed him to reclaim his undoubtedly ill-gotten gains.

In 1901, the first store opened in Rock Spring. Two years later Rock Spring was granted a post office with James L. Bartlett as postmaster. Three names for the post office: Knob, Teddy, and Cork were mailed in by the local residents. The name Knob was chosen, presumably because the post office would be located on a hillside. The post office was discontinued in Knob in 1910 when Rural Free Delivery was started with Marmaduke as the post office. Knob experienced some growth during the first decade of the twentieth century. In 1907 the community acquired its first telephone system, and in 1909 the school district erected a new one-room frame schoolhouse with factory made seats. The community probably profited some from nearby timber-related industries, but for the most part the settlers were small-scale hill farmers. At that time, all of the flatland of the Cache River bottoms was either timber or stump covered and always subject to severe flooding. The first effort to utilize these wetlands was started in 1910 with the creation of the Central Clay County Drainage District with James Bartlett as president. Within a few years drainage ditches were dug and formerly unproductive swamp land became fertile farm land, making large-scale agriculture possible for the residents of this hillside community.

In 1913, an additional room was added to the existing one-room school at a cost of \$275. Despite this addition, construction on a new school began in 1923 as a result of newly available funds from the creation of a special school district. Coinciding with the construction of the new school was the search for a new building for the Boydsville Masonic Lodge # 75, whose charter dated November 11, 1853. The church building in Boydsville where they met regularly had burned in 1921. After deciding that it was too expensive to build a new structure, the Boydsville Masonic Lodge reached an agreement with the Knob School District to pay for a second-story addition to the new school then being built. The Masonic Lodge, along with the more recently established Order of the Eastern Star, continue to meet upstairs weekly.

The Knob School consisted of eight grades with four per room. High school was not available at Knob, and children who wished to continue their education enrolled in the high school at Lafe in Greene County, which was somewhat closer than Knobel, the nearest high school in Clay County. As consolidation with a larger school became necessary, many in the Knob community were hesitant to consolidate with the Lafe School District, which had expressed interest in the merger. The idea of county loyalty was partly the issue; however some of the people opposed consolidation with Lafe because of cultural differences. The

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people who had settled in Knob were mostly of English and Scotch-Irish descent and had moved to Arkansas usually from Tennessee or Kentucky, whereas Lafe had been largely settled by German immigrants of the Lutheran faith.

Whatever the reasons, the Knob School District consolidated with the Knobel School District in 1947 and became Knobel School District No. 11. At first only the seventh and eighth grades were taken to Knobel, but shortly thereafter all classes were conducted at Knobel. The classrooms at Knob have since served as a community center for the area, and a reunion is held each year for the former students.

The Knob School/Masonic Lodge is being nominated under Criterion C with local significance as the best surviving example of a wood frame school house in the vernacular Craftsman style of architecture in Clay County. There have been no significant alterations to the structure, and the exterior appearance has remained unchanged since its construction in 1923.

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Bibliography

Horton, Signa Bartlett. Knob: Its History and Folklore, 1987.

Interview and communication with Signa Bartlett Horton.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

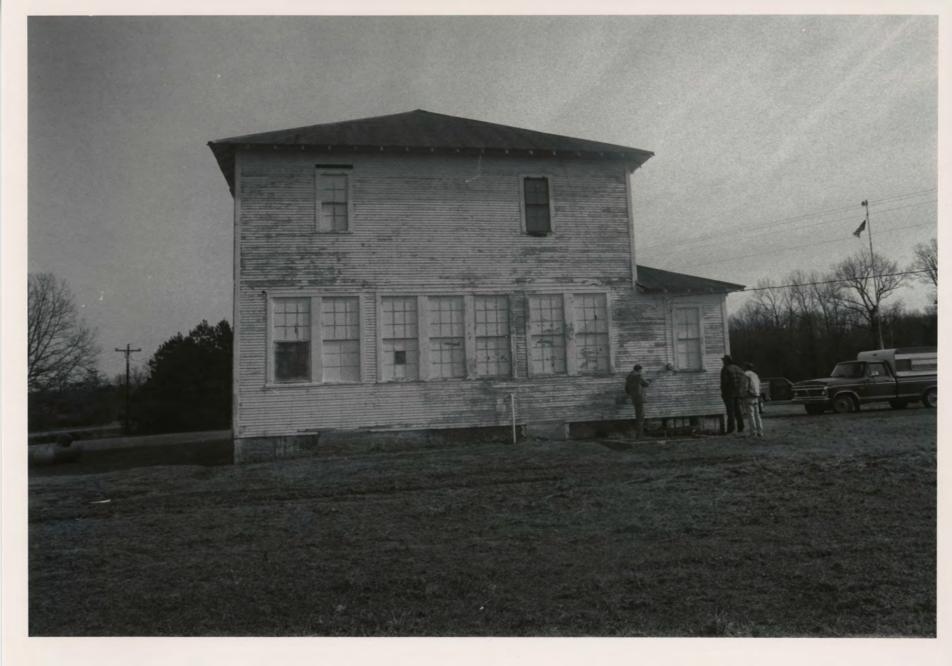
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

EQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION	
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PATE RECEIVED: 5/01/91 PATE OF 16TH DAY: 5/30/91 PATE OF WEEKLY LIST:	DATE OF PENDING LIST: 5/14/91 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 6/15/91
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EASONS FOR REVIEW:	
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COMMENT WAIVER: N ACCEPTRETURNRE ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:	EJECT 5 30/9/ DATE Entered in the National Register
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CLASSIFICATION	
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STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION	
FUNCTION	
historiccurrent	
DESCRIPTION	
architectural classificationmaterials	
descriptive text	
SIGNIFICANCE	
Period Areas of SignificanceCheck and justify below	
Specific dates Builder/Architect	
Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)	
summary paragraph	
completenessclarity	
applicable criteria	
justification of areas checked	
relating significance to the resource	
contextrelationship of integrity to significance	
justification of exceptionother	
BIBLIOGRAPHY	
GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
acreageverbal boundary description	
UTMsboundary justification	
ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTATION/PRESENTATION	
sketch mapsUSGS mapsphotographspresentation	ı
OTHER COMMENTS	
Questions concerning this nomination may be directed to	
Phone	
Signed Date	



Knob School / Masonic Lodge Knob, Ar Kansas Clay a Photographed by Ken Story January 1991 Negatives on file at AHPP View from the South



Knob School / Masonic Lodge
Knob, Arkansas Clary a
Photographed by Kenstory
January 1991
Negatives on Like at AHPP
View from the west



Knob School / Masonic Lodge
Knob, Arkansas Clay a
Photographed by Ken Story
January 1991
Negatives on file at A HPP
View from the North

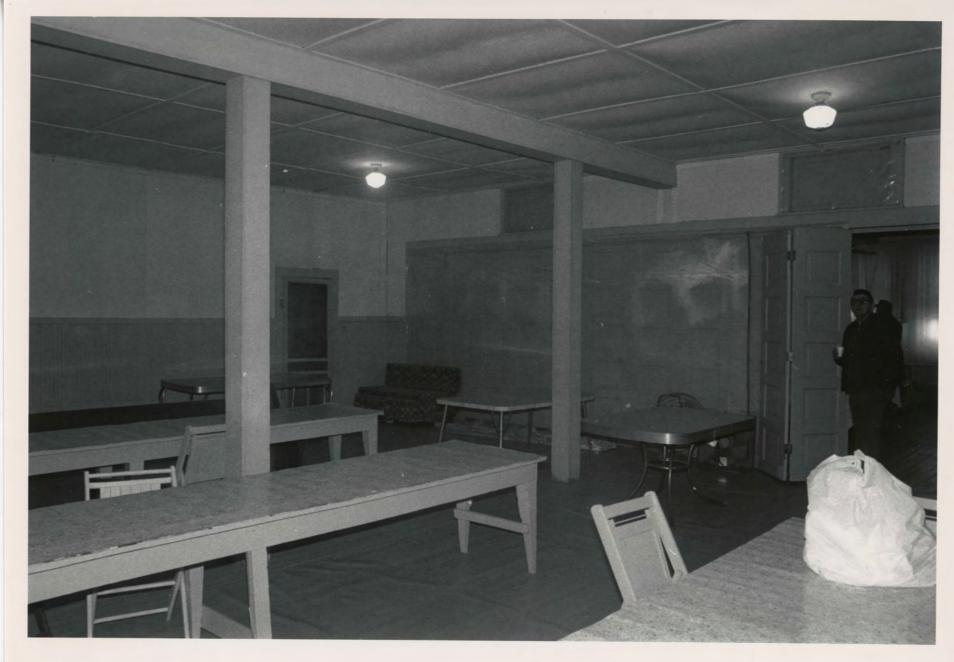


Knob School / Masonic Lodge
Knob, Arkansas Clay a
Photographed by Ken Story
January 1991
Negatives on file at AHPP
View from the Southeast

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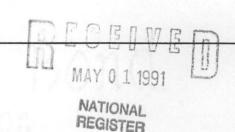


Knob School / Masonic Lodge
Knob, Arkansas Clay a
Photographed by Ken Story
January 1991
Negatives on file at AHPP
View of Front porch.



Knob School / Masonic Lodge
Knob, Arkansas Clay Cu
Photographed by Ken Story
January 1991
Negatives on file at AHAP
View of interior classroom





April 23, 1991

Carol D. Shull
Chief of Registration
United States Department of the Interior
National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service
1100 "L" Street, NW
Washington, DC 20240

RE: Knob School/Masonic Lodge

Knob - Clay County, Arkansas

Dear Carol:

We are enclosing for your review the nomination of the above referenced property. The Arkansas Historic Preservation Program has complied with all applicable nominating procedures and notification requirements in the nomination process.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Cathy Buford

State Historic Preservation Officer

CB:kg

Enclosures

