United States Department of the Interior National Park Service



National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determination for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and area of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900A). Use typewriter, word processor or computer to complete all items.

1. Name of Property		
historic name Pyramid Peak Aircraft Warning Sen	rvice Lookout	
other name/site number		
2. Location		
street & number 3.5 miles up Pyramid Peak trail <u>Lake Crescent Sub-distri</u>		not for publication
city or town Olympic National Park Headquarter	s, Port Angeles	vicinity
state Washington code WA	county Clallam code 009	zip code <u>98362</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification		
requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the p property be considered by ficant nationally Signature of certifieng official/Title State of Federal agency and bureau	statewide locally. (See continuation One of the statewide One of the statewide Date	
In my opinion, the property X meetsdoes not m	eet the National Register criteria. (See cont	inuation sheet for additional comments.)
National Park S	onvice	
State of Federal agency and bureau	EIVICE	
4. National Park Service Certification		
I hereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register.	Ph. free	7/13/2007
See continuation Sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register.		
removed from the National Register.		
other, (explain:)		

5. Classification			
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)		esources within Property reviously listed resources in the count.)
private	building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	district	1	buildings
public-State	site	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sites
x public-Federal	x structure	1	structures
	Object	4	objects
		2	Total
(Enter N/A if property is not part of Historic Resources of Olympic N		in the National Reg	ister
6. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instr	uctions)
Domestic: Camp; Government: I Defense: Military Facility; Military		Vacant/Not in Use	
7. Description			
Architectural Classification	on	Materials	
(Enter categories from instructions)		(Enter categories from inst	ructions)
Early 20 th century American Mo	vements	roof Wood	and Shake Shake (cedar)
		other	

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Summary: Pyramid Peak Aircraft Warning Service (AWS) Lookout is rectangular in plan and measures 16 feet by 13 feet. Just north of the lookout sits a 7 foot by 8 foot woodshed that is of wood-frame construction with a cedar shake, gable roof. The lookout is one-story structure, wood-frame wall construction with cedar shake siding on three sides. The front facade has an off-center entry (no door). There is a shingle covered gable roof with slightly extended eaves, and a simple 1 foot by 4 foot board trim around the window opening. The horizontal sill is resting on a stone foundation and there are window openings on each elevation.

8. Statement of Significance		
Applicable National Register (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the of for National Register listing.)		Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
A Property is associated with e a significant contribution to our history.	the broad patterns of	Criterion A: Politics/Government; Military History
□ B Property is associated with the significant in our past.	he lives of persons	
x C Property embodies the distinguished of a type, period or method represents the work of a ma	of construction or	Criterion C: Architecture
high artistic values, or repredistinguishable entity whose D Property has yielded, or is lill information important in predictions.	e components lack individual distinction. kely to yield,	Period of Significance 1942-1944 A.W.S
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)		Significant Dates <u>built 1942</u>
Property is:	ion annual for	
A owned by a religious institut religious purposes.	ion or used for	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above.)
B removed from its original loc	ation.	
C a birthplace or grave		Cultural Affiliation
D a cemetery.		
E a reconstructed building, obje	ect, or structure.	
F a commemorative property.		
		Architect/Builder
G less than 50 years of age or a within the past 50 years.	chieved significance	United States Army
Narrative Statement of Signi (Explain the significance of the property		
9. Major Bibliographical Re	ferences	
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other source	es used in preparing this form on one or more	e continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation	on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
preliminary determination of ind	lividual listing (36 CFR 67)	State Historic Preservation Office
previously listed in the National	Register	Other State Agency
previously determined eligible b	y the National Register	x Federal agency
designated a National Historic L	andmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American I	Buildings Survey	University
recorded by Historic American I	Engineering Record	Other Name of Repository:

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property: Less than one acre

UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

10 zone 439489 easting

5324730

northing

2

1

4

3

____ See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

The boundary is formed by a 100' circle radiating out from all sides of the structure.

Boundary Justification

The boundary includes the structure and the immediate surrounding land to convey a sense of the historic setting.

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Gail E.H. Evans, Historian, Kirstie Haertel, Archeologist (1998), and Jacilee Wray, Anthropologist (2005).

organization Olympic National Park

date 1986/1998

street & number 600 E. Park Avenue

telephone (206) 220-4138

city or town Port Angeles

State Washington

zip code <u>98362</u>

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A 7.5 minute USGS map indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional Items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name

street & number

telephone

city or town

state

zip code

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places

Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 and 8 Pyramid Peak A.W.S Lookout: Clallam County, WA Page 1

Narrative Description: The Pyramid Peak Lookout was built as an Aircraft Warning Service (AWS) lookout in the fall of 1942 by NPS employees Joe and Rena Shurnick for the purpose of spotting enemy aircraft during World War II. Under the direction of the United States Army, the AWS was initiated in 1942 when the threat of enemy air attack on the West Coast loomed large in the minds of many military strategists. Small ground based observation posts were activated throughout the Pacific Northwest beginning in that summer and continuing through the winter of 1942-1943. With the United States Forest Service as coordinating agency for the establishment of AWS observation posts, thirteen sites within the present boundaries of the park were established as AWS lookouts. Pyramid Peak, however, may be unique in that the NPS constructed it with US Army funding. Pyramid Peak and Dodger Point lookouts are the only two lookouts extant in the park that were utilized as AWS posts. Following World War II, Pyramid Peak Lookout remained in use as a fire detection lookout.

The building is sited on the southern aspect of Pyramid Peak and has an unobstructed 360-degree view. The lookout is rectangular in plan and measures 16 feet by 13 feet; just to the north of the lookout is an 8 foot by 7 foot woodshed. The lookout is a one-story structure of wood-frame wall construction with cedar shake siding on three sides. The fourth side is wood-frame and appears to have never had its exterior wall shaked. The horizontal sill is resting on a stone foundation and there are window openings on each elevation. The door has been removed. The woodshed is wood constructed with a cedar shake roof. The property appears much as it did historically.

This building has not undergone any alterations other than the in-kind replacement of materials as they became deteriorated. It retains a high degree of integrity in its location, setting, design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and exhibits the registration requirements identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park.

SEE ATTACHED INVENTORY CARD PREPARED IN 1982 FOR PROPERTY.

Statement of Significance:

Summary: The Pyramid Peak AWS Lookout is significant for its association with politics and government activities within Olympic National Park (criterion A) and as an example of United States Army and United States Forest Service building design (criterion C). The lookout's historical significance is enhanced by its association with the military funding the building of the structure by the NPS specifically for an Aircraft Warning Service station during World War II. The lookout is indicative of two property types identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park: Government (Military) and Architecture (Forest Service architecture). It has integrity of location, setting, design, workmanship, materials, feeling, and association, and meets the registration requirements set forth for these properties in the Multiple Property Documentation form.

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National Park Service

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Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 and 9 Pyramid Peak A.W.S Lookout: Clallam County, WA

Page 2

Narrative:

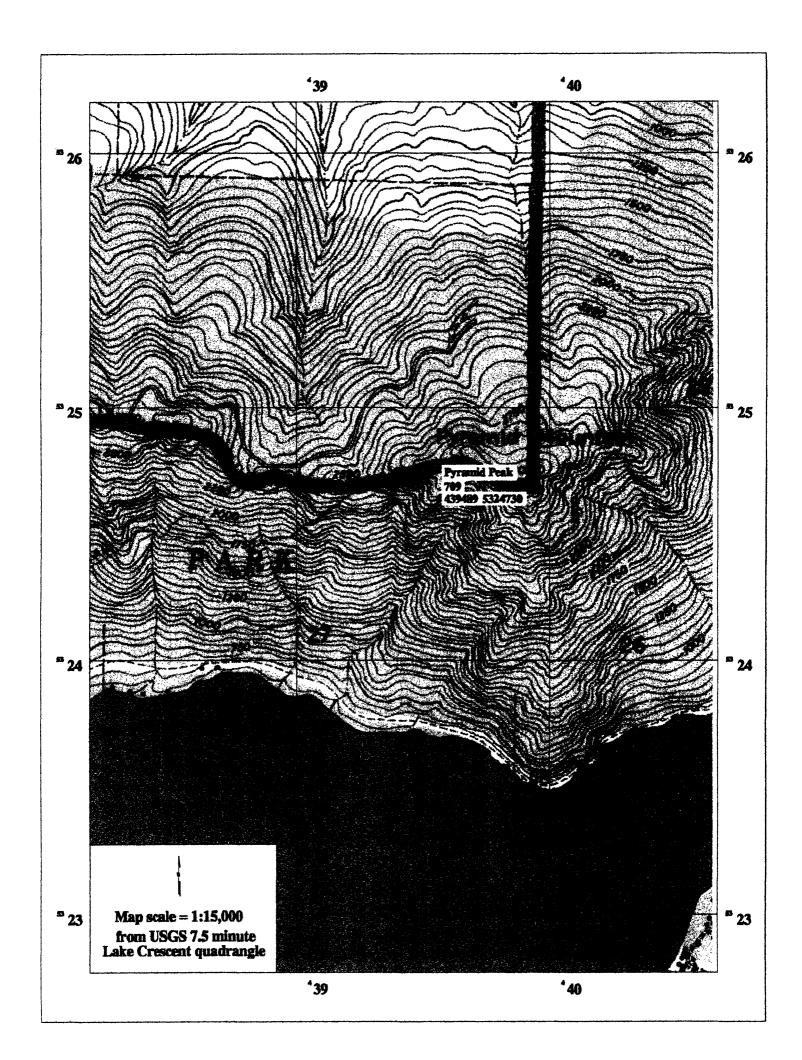
Aircraft Warning Service Station:

Under the direction of the United States Army, the Aircraft Warning Service (AWS) was initiated in 1942 when the threat of enemy air attack on the west coast loomed large in the minds of many military strategists. Small ground-based observation posts were activated throughout the Pacific Northwest beginning that summer and continuing through the winter of 1942-43. AWS work, which was accomplished primarily by trained civilians, required 24 hour reporting of all planes seen or heard. "Flash" messages (aircraft sighted) were transmitted from AWS observation posts by telephone and included information pertaining to the number and type of planes, the altitude, and the flight direction.

The Army established AWS observation posts in more remote isolated coastal and mountainous areas in the Pacific Northwest where inadequate radar screens existed. The USFS became the coordinating agency for the establishment of AWS observation posts. Existing Forest Service fire lookouts were pressed into service as AWS posts as they provided the necessary unobstructed views out over the Pacific Ocean and the Strait of Juan de Fuca. These AWS stations formed an important part of the defense system to protect the Puget Sound area. These structures were used until the United States gained position in the Pacific against the Japanese, and the AWS was gradually phased out, completely abandoned by June 1944.

Pyramid Peak Lookout, along with 12 others in today's national park, was called into service as an AWS observation post during the winter of 1942-43 to provide 24-hour surveillance. Of the 13 original structures, only two remain standing today—Dodger Point and Pyramid Peak lookout. Pyramid Peak may have been the only one constructed by the NPS and is significant for its association with this important era in Olympic National Park history, and in the nation's overall history (criterion A). It is an example of a property type identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park: Government. It meets the registration requirements set forth in the Multiple Property Documentation form.

Bibliography: Evans, Gail. Historic Resource Study. NPS. 1983.



National Park Service	Pacific Northwest Region	
-		
PNR-100 6/82		

Westin Building, Room 1920

		Pacific Northwest Region	2001 Sixth Avenue
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	_	Seattle, Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 709	5. ORIGINAL USE 7. CLAS	7. CLASSIFICATION	9. RATING
PYRAMID PEAK A.W.S. LOOKOUT	AWS Lookout		
			10. DATE
j.			
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6. PRESENT USE		746)
Pyramid Peak Trail: approx. 3.5 miles from	Unoccupied		
trailboad at and of Camp Dayid Ir Rd	8. UTM ZONE	I ZONE EASTING NORTHING	G 11. REGION
rearined at end of camp payer, of		0 1 4 3 9 4 8 9 5 3 2 4 7 3 0	2 4 7 3 0 PNR
Approx. 45 miles from Port Angeles, Clallam, W	state Washington	1:24 (1:62.5) OTHER:	OUAD Lake Crescent
12. OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS Description 1 Description 1 Description Office Notional Description 1 Descr	Town Not found D	t 0 A - i - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c	- A1 11A 00262

Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, buu East Park Ave., Port Angeles, wA 98302

13. DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.

continuing through the winter of 1942-1943. With the U.S. Forest Service as coordinating agency for the establishment Pyramid Peak and Dodger Point Lookouts are the only two lookouts still standing totally in the park that were utilized in 1942 when the threat of enemy air attack on the West Coast loomed large in the minds of many military strategists. purpose of spotting enemy aircraft during World War II. Under the direction of the U.S. Army, the AWS was initiated of AWS observation posts, thirteen sites within the present boundaries of the park were established as AWS lookouts. Pyramid Peak Lookout was built as an Aircraft Warning Service (AWS) lookout in the fall of 1942 expressly for the Small ground based observation posts were activated throughout the Pacific Northwest beginning in that summer and (A fourteenth AWS structure now stands on the western boundary between the park and Olympic National Forest.) as AWS posts. Following World War II Pyramid Peak Lookout remained in use as Afire detection lookout. Rectangular in plan; measures 16' x 13' with 8' x 7' woodshed off north elevation; 1 story; wood-frame wall construction resting on stone foundation; I window opening (without glazing) on each elevation; door removed. Alterations: none with cedar shake siding; gable roof with wood shakes; shed roof with shakes over woodshed portion; horizontal sill Siting: mountain peak overlooking Lake Crescent. apparent.

O K UNKNOWN		
о П		
S 15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION? (SPECIFY THREAT)		
"		
М ретеню в Атер		
FAIR	ē	
0000		
EXCELLENT		
14. CONDITION	16. SIGNIFICANCE	

(Criterion A) and "Architecture" (Criterion C). Pyramid Peak Lookout is significant for its role in the air defense efforts on the west coast of the United States Pyramid Peak A.W.S. Lookout, built circa 1942, is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places for its association with "Politics and Government" during World War II. It stands as one of the few extant A.W.S. lookouts in western Washington and has integrity for listing and meets the registration requirements

