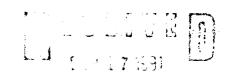
United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

| 1. Name of Property | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| historic name | Preston, | Charles, House | | |
| other names/site number | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2. Location | 444 - | | | I had for publication |
| street & number | 141 Aven | ue I | | not for publication |
| city, town | Seaside code | OD county | and and a | |
| state Oregon | code | OR county | Clatsop code | 007 zip code 97138 |
| 3. Classification | | | | |
| Ownership of Property | | Category of Property | Number of F | lesources within Property |
| x private | | x building(s) | Contributing | Noncontributing |
| public-local | | district | _2 | buildings |
| public-State | | site | | sites |
| public-Federal | | structure | | structures |
| · | | Object | | objects |
| | | | 2 | O Total |
| Name of related multiple pro- | perty listing: | : | Number of c | ontributing resources previously |
| Architectural and Re | | | | National Register |
| Seaside MPS | | | | —————————————————————————————————————— |
| 4. State/Federal Agency | Certificati | lon | | |
| National Register of Histor | toric Probureau | does not meet the | ral and professional requirement National Register criteria. | s for registering properties in the lats set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. See continuation sheet. September 1, 1991 Date See continuation sheet. Date |
| State or Federal agency and | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 5. National Park Service | | <u>on</u> | Antored : | in the |
| I, hereby, certify that this pro entered in the National Re See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the Register. See continuat determined not eligible fo National Register. removed from the National | egister. National ion sheet. r the | Silv | res Byun | 10/25-/2/ |
| other, (explain:) | | | Signature of the Keeper | Date of Action |

| Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) - Domestic: Single dwelling | | |
|---|--|--|
| - Domestic: Single dwelling | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Materials (enter categories from instructions) | | |
| foundation concrete | | |
| walls wood | | |
| | | |
| roof <u>composition</u> | | |
| other wood | | |
| brick | | |
| | | |

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

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Exterior Description

The Charles Preston House was constructed in approximately 1920. The builder and architect are unknown. Like many of Seaside's early vacation homes, it is designed in the Craftsman/Bungalow tradition, which was immensely popular throughout Oregon in the early decades of the 20th century. The house is in excellent condition retaining integrity of design, materials, location and setting.

The building is prominently sited on a large corner lot at the intersection of Avenue I and S. Columbia streets, two blocks east of the Prom. The lot is articulated by a low concrete retaining wall extending across the north (front) property line; and a low stone wall extending across the east (side) property line. A picket fence mounted on the concrete wall extends halfway across the front of the property. Platted in the late 19th century, and largely developed during the first two decades of the 20th century, the surrounding residential neighborhood contains many historic dwellings. The nominated property includes the subject house and a detached garage located on the northwest corner of the lot. The garage is a small, rectangular, wood-frame building capped with a gable roof with deep eaves. It is sided in horizontal lap siding and has small fixed pane windows.

The dwelling is a two-story, wood-frame building. It has a modified rectangular plan and rests on a concrete foundation. The basement is entered from a doorway on the east (side) elevation. The house is capped with a low-pitched, truncated hip roof with wide eaves and exposed rafters. The roof is sheathed in composition shingles. A stuccoed chimney is located on the exterior wall of the east elevation.

The building is sided with horizontal lap siding with wide corner boards. A partially enclosed porch extends across the facade and wraps around the east (side) elevation of the house creating a sunporch on the northeast corner of the building. The primary entrance is located on the north elevation: nine concrete steps rise from the walkway to the porch deck and are flanked by a low concrete wall with a metal rail, probably a later addition. A small shed-roof porch is located on the rear elevation.

Windows are predominantly one-over-one double-hung sash; one has been altered to a single pane on the first floor of the house; and another on the second story--a ten-over-one double-hung sash--appears to be original.

Interior Description

The spatial arrangement of the dwelling is virtually intact as built. The first floor of the house consists of three major rooms grouped around a central stair: living room,

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dining room and kitchen. A small nook is located off the kitchen and a sunroom, noted above, is located off the living room. Floors throughout the first floor are carpeted with the exception of the kitchen which has been extensively remodeled to include non-historic floor material. The living room and dining room are remarkably intact: a large brick fireplace with a prominent mantel and heavy decorative brackets is the focal point of the living room; while the dining room contains a built-in hutch. Baseboards throughout most of the house consist of simple quarter-round boards; while door and window surrounds consist of unadorned architrave molding. Doors are the simple five-panel type common to the period.

The most remarkable feature of the first floor interior is the dark stained, tongue-and-groove wall paneling which has been applied at decorative angles to create richly textured and colored spaces in the living room, dining room and foyer.

The stair to the second floor has simple, but substantial, square balusters and a newel post all of which is stained the same dark brown as the wall paneling.

The second floor contains four bedrooms and a bath. With the exception of the bathroom, the floors are three inch fir boards.

The tongue-and-groove paneling found on the first floor is repeated on the second floor but has been painted in light colors rather than stained. Bath fixtures have been modernized.

| 8. Statement of Significance | | |
|---|--|-------------------|
| Certifying official has considered the significance of this proper nationally | rty in relation to other properties: statewide X locally | |
| Applicable National Register Criteria XA BXC | □D | |
| Criteria Considerations (Exceptions) | □D □E □F □G | |
| Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Architecture | Period of Significance 1920-1930 | Significant Dates |
| Recreation | | |
| | Cultural Affiliation N/A | |
| Significant Person N/A | Architect/Builder Unknown | |
| State cignificance of property, and justify criteria criteria consi | | |

| 9. Major Bibliog | raphical References | |
|--|---|---|
| Gaston, Joseph | n | |
| 1911 <u>Portla</u> Company. | and Oregon: Its History and Buil | ders. Portland, S.J. Clarke Publishing |
| Sanborn Fire 1 | Insurance Maps, 1914, 1921. | |
| Ticor Title Co | ompany Records, Astoria, Oregon. | |
| Polk, R. L. ar | nd Company, Portland City Director | ries, 1920-1922. |
| | | |
| | | |
| Previous document | | See continuation sheet |
| | ermination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) | Primary location of additional data: |
| has been reque | | State historic preservation office |
| | I in the National Register rmined eligible by the National Register | Other State agency Federal agency |
| | ational Historic Landmark | Local government |
| | storic American Buildings | University |
| Survey # | | Other |
| recorded by His | storic American Engineering | Specify repository: |
| Record # | | |
| 10. Geographica | | |
| Acreage of property | y 0.11 acres Tillamook I | Head, Oregon 1:24000 |
| UTM References A [1,0] [4]2,8 Zone Easting C [] | 3 [1 ₁ 0 ₁ 0] | B |
| | | See continuation sheet |
| Verbal Boundary D | escription | |
| Meridian, in S | Seaside, Clatsop County, Oregon ar | ection 21, Tonwship 6N, Range 10W, Willamette nd is legally described as Lot 1, Block 23, wise identified as Tax Lot 9300 at said |
| | | See continuation sheet |
| Boundary Justificat | tion | |
| · | | x lot on which the Charles Preston House |
| | | 220. The Craftsman style garage is an |
| | ssory building that is counted a s | |
| | | See continuation sheet |
| 11. Form Prepa | red By | |
| name/title | Julie Koler, Jane Morrison and | Erin Younger |
| organization | Koler/Morrison Consultants | date March 1, 1991 |
| street & number | PO Box 445 | telephone(503)_654-2786 |
| city or town | Oregon City | state <u>Oregon</u> zip code _97045 |

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SUMMARY

The two-story vernacular Craftsman Foursquare residence believed to have been built as a vacation house about 1920 for Charles Preston, a Portland grocer, occupies the southwest corner of the intersection of Columbia and Avenue I in the residential neighborhood south of Broadway in the coastal resort of Seaside, Oregon. It faces north on Avenue I.

The house is a two-story rectangular volume with truncated hip roof and hip-roofed wrap-around veranda whose deep eaves are supported by exposed rafter ends. It is sided with weatherboards. The front porch recess, with its plain, square posts and solid railing, is flanked by a sunporch section on the east and a section on the west that appears to have been enclosed in an alteration of the historic period for additional living space. Regularly-spaced window openings are framed by plain surrounds and typically are fitted with one-over-one double-hung sash. A distinguishing mark of the southwest Seaside neighborhood is the number of graded building sites contained by low retaining walls of river-washed boulders and concrete. The Preston House is a property that contributes to this unifying motif.

The interior follows the norm for Seaside cottages of the historic period in its standard millwork and tongue and groove floor-to-ceiling wall finish. The Preston House interior is distinguished, however, by plate and chair rails and picture moldings that divide the wall into enveloping horizontal zones. In the dining room this effect is enriched by a layering of vertical tongue and groove wainscoting and herringbone borders. The Arts and Crafts tradition is followed in built-in cabinetry, and in the focal feature of the living room—the hearth, consisting of a brick chimneypiece with bracketed mantelpiece.

The Charles Preston House meets registration requirements for date, structural integrity and integrity of setting, and is an exemplar of its vernacular type.

At the northwest corner of the same lot stands a contemporary twobay Craftsman-style garage having lapped weatherboard siding and diagonally-braced double-leaf doors. It is counted a separatelycontributing accessory feature.

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The Charles Preston House is locally significant under criterion C as one of the best-preserved examples of the "Foursquare" style in Seaside. This style is a subcategory of the ubiquitous Craftsman/Bungalow style popular throughout western Oregon in the early years of the 20th century. The house is also significant under criterion A for its association with the broad theme of Recreation, representing an excellent example of the many seasonal homes built in Seaside to accommodate vacationers.

Lack of good transportation to the remote coastal community was a critical issue for Seaside's growth and development in the 19th century. Clatsop County residents had tried unsuccessfully since 1853 to arrange capitalization for a railroad; however, it was not until 1890 that the first public railroad was built through the area by the Astoria and South Coast Railroad Company. This line ran from Young's Bay south of Astoria to Seaside via Warrenton. In 1896 it was extended through to Astoria, making it a branch of the Astoria and Columbia River Railroad which would finally connect Astoria to Portland in 1898.

Prior to connection of the Astoria and Columbia River Railroad to Portland, Seaside's development was sporadic. With the railroad, however, came a great surge in tourism and by the turn of the century Seaside was experiencing an influx of 5,000 to 10,000 summer visitors each year and a corresponding boom in construction of recreational housing. By 1914, there were six hotels, 16 boarding houses, seven cabins, 22 "rooms", two tents and 496 dwellings. Although the Sanborn Insurance maps make no distinction between year-round and summer-only residences, it can be assumed that all of the individual rooms, cabins and tents, as well as a certain number of the dwellings were intended for seasonal use.

The 1921 Sanborn Insurance map illustrates the significant growth experienced in the post World War I years: 65 individual rooms were listed, 26 boarding houses, 170 tents and

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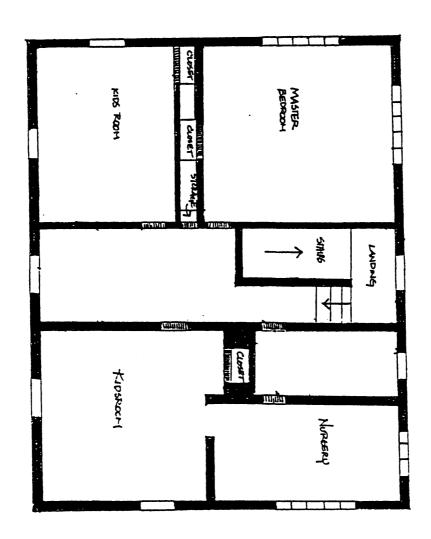
| Section number <u>8</u> Pa | age <u>3</u> | |
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1,022 dwellings. Seventy-five percent of the tents were located on the ocean side of town and were concentrated within a several block radius of Broadway. The remainder were dispersed throughout Seaside, many set in residential yards. Even with tents erected in backyards and vacant lots there was still a demand for housing during the height of the summer season, and construction of dwellings such as the Preston House continued apace.

The date of construction for the Preston House is unknown, although Sanborn Insurance maps indicate it was built sometime between 1914 and 1921. The latter year being the first time it appears on the maps. Charles Preston purchased the property in 1916 from Ida M. Harris. The Astoria City Directory indicates that Ms. Harris was living in Astoria and paying \$23 a year in taxes on property in Seaside in 1913. It is possible that she constructed the house between 1914 and 1916 when she sold it to the Prestons; however, it is more likely that the Preston, a well-to-do grocer from Portland, purchased the lot and built the house shortly thereafter. The Preston's sold the house in 1922 to Oliver S. and Maude Cutler in whose ownership it stayed until 1963. The Cutler's lived in the house on a year-round basis for a number of years before moving to another location in Seaside sometime in the mid-30s. It is believed that they rented the house between that time and when it was sold in 1963.

The Craftsman/Bungalow dwellings in Seaside may be roughly broken into two subcategories (with a myriad of variations particularly in the Builder Bungalow category): Craftsman (Foursquare); and Builder Bungalows. The subject house falls into the subcategory of Craftsman. This type is distinguished by overall form and massing. Here, the large two-story, hip-roofed buildings are much boxier than their Bungalow counterparts.

The Craftsman or "Foursquare" was commonly built in Seaside between 1905 and 1930. The subject house is an excellent example of the type. Characteristic of the style is the two-story, box-like volume, and rectangular plan capped by a low-pitched hip roof with wide overhanging eaves and exposed rafters. Expansive porches are also characteristic of the style, and the subject house epitomizes the Seaside variation on the porch which is to enclose it due to poor weather conditions.



PRESTON HOUSE 141 Avenue I