United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received JAN 3 0 1984 date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all entrie	s—complete applic	able sections			
1. Nan	ne				
historic Bras	well-Carnes Hou	ıse			
and or common	Same				
2. Loca	_				
	ation				
street & number	7 2430 Burnt H	ckory Read', N,	W.		N/A not for publication
city, town Mar	ietta	<u>N/A</u> vi	cinity of		
state Georgi	a	code 013	county	Cobb	code 067
3. Clas	sification	1			
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership publicX private both Public Acquisition N/A in process being consider	on Accessibl <u>X</u> yes: re	upied n progress le estricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owr	ner of Pro	perty			
name Mrs.	Louise G. Shell	.ey			****
street & number	91 Holland St	reet, N.W.			
city, town Mar	ietta	N <u>/A</u> vio	cinity of	state	Georgia 30064
5. Loca	ation of L	egal Des	cripti	on	
		Sura and an Occupati			
courmouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Superior Court			
street & number	Cobb County C	ourthouse			
city, town Ma	rietta			state	Georgia
6. Rep	resentati	on in Exis	sting	Surveys	
	c Structures Fi	eld Survey:	has this are		V
title Cobb Co	unty, Georgia		nas this pro	perty been determined to	eligible? yes X_ no
date 1978				federal _X st	ate county loca
depository for su	urvey records Hist	oric Preservat	ion Secti	on, Georgia Dept.	of Natural Resources
city town At1	anta			state	Georgia

7. Description Condition Check one Check one

<u>X</u> excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	<u>X</u> original s	site	
good	ruins	_X altered	moved	date	
fair	unexposed				

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Braswell-Carnes House is a one-story, frame structure consisting of six rooms, large central hall and U-shaped porch. All are the original structure of 1865 except the sides of the porch and the kitchen. The house is made from hand-hewn beams covered with weatherboard. The U-shaped porch surrounds much of the original structure and is reached by high steps at the front and side steps on the east side of the house. The porch roof is supported by fancy Victorian columns and brackets as ornamentation. The porch has simple, vertical balusters. Exterior windows on the front have curved lintels. All windows in the original structure have shutters.

The interior consists of six rooms, two on either side of the central hall, three parallel to them, and a kitchen. The two front rooms have fourteen-foot ceilings and open off the large central hall. They are now used as a living room and a bedroom. The central hall leads to three smaller rooms with seven-foot ceilings. The low ceilings were typical of Plantation Plain houses. The middle of the three rooms is used as a dining room and is flanked by a bathroom/utility room and a study. Opening off the dining room is a large kitchen. A paved patio is just outside the kitchen door. The interior floors are wide oak and pine boards; the walls are made of wide planks, save for those of the study, which have been sheetrocked. Most of the original doors and their hardware remain. Simple, original wood mantels remain in the two front rooms, although the fireplaces have been closed except for gas logs in the living room. The house's original hand-hewn log support structure remains and is visible from underneath the front of the house. It sits on rock piers of native stone.

The house is situated in a natural setting with many trees, flowers and shrubs, blending in with nearby woods and a lake. A modern ranch-style house is adjacent and houses are being built across the highway. Historic outbuildings were demolished, save for the old well, which has a new well cover made of planks from the old barn. A new smokehouse was built of wood from destroyed buildings, also. There are rock terraces and a rock wall at the property's roadside. The yard retains an earlier look by its informal landscaping and lack of grass.

Changes to the house include the extension of the porch in 1910 to create its present U shape. The back porch was enclosed to become the present dining room, and the kitchen was moved in 1913 from the detached log cabin which housed both the kitchen and dining room until this time into the room of the original house now used as a bathroom/utility room. The large country kitchen was added in 1936 to the rear of the house. In 1967, water was supplied to the house and the 1913 kitchen converted to a bath/utility room. The 1982 restoration included opening up a bar-type space between the dining room and kitchen areas and adding a new roof.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics		literature military music philosophy politics/government	X	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1861–66	Builder/Architect Unkr	าดพา			cal History

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Braswell-Carnes House is significant in architecture and local history. architecture, the house is significant as a good example of domestic architecture prevailing at the time of the Civil War. The predominant style of a Georgia farmhouse or plantation house was the Plantation Plain style, usually a two-story dwelling. For the Georgia Piedmont region, the Plantation Plain style was often revised to a one-story dwelling, as is this case. The house reflects the use of local building materials, with its native-rock underpinnings, and plank boards as siding, interior walls, original plank floors, and ceilings, and hand-hewn, heavy timber framing, as well as a little ornamentation such as decorative detail work beneath the windows of the two front rooms. In its added porch details, it reflects the influence of late-Victorian styles. In local history, the house is significant as the home of Ephraim Braswell (1836-1882), who farmed the 100 acres he received from his father-in-law, Josiah Wallis, shortly after Braswell's marriage in 1861 to Martha Ann Eugenia Wallis. It is significant that as a returning Civil War veteran, he completed this home around 1865-66 and that here he raised his growing family. Very few homes can be documented as belonging to this specific time period. After Braswell's early demise, the house was purchased by James Davis Carnes (1851-1937) in 1898. Carnes was a farmer who arranged sharecropping for most of his extensive holdings. The house remains in the Carnes family.

These areas of significance support the property's eligibility under National Register criteria B and C.

9.	Maj	or	Bibli	ogra	phical	Refer	ences
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Shelley, Louise G., "Historic Property Information Form," 1982, based on family records, county courthouse records, county history, maps, newspapers, old photographs, and interviews.

Carnes, Dr. James Donald, additional information in letter of December 17, 1982.

10. Geograph	ical Data		
Acreage of nominated property Quadrangle name <u>Marietta</u> UT M References			Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
A 1 6 7 1 9 4 6 0 5 Zone Easting	3 7 6 0 9 8 0 lorthing		7 1 9 6 9 0 3 7 6 0 9 8 0 Easting Northing
C 1,6 7,1,96,9,0 3 E	3 7 6 0 6 9 0	D	[7] 1
location and is the s	ry is all that the cemaining intact he che enclosed plat	nistoric acreago map.	ssociated with this house at this se associated with this property.
List all states and counties			unty boundaries
state N/A	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
organization Historic Pro Georgia Dep	omas, Jr., Histor eservation Section t. of Natural Reso ington Street, S.V	n ources date	te December 19, 1983 ephone (404) 656-2840
city or town Atlanta		stat	te Georgia
12. State Hist	oric Prese	rvation 0	Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of th	state	X local	is December 4 A 4 4000 (D. blis I
	perty for inclusion in the	National Register a	ric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– and certify that it has been evaluated rice.
State Historic Preservation Office	er signature Elizal	beth A. Lyon	- Lyon
title State Historic Pre	servation Officer	•	date / (6/84
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this property that the property of the second s	Enter	e National Register red in the mal Register	date 3/1/84
Keeper of the National Regi	ster		
Attest:			date
Chief of Registration			

SKETCH MAP/PLAT MAP

Braswell-Carnes House

Marietta, Cobb County, Georgia

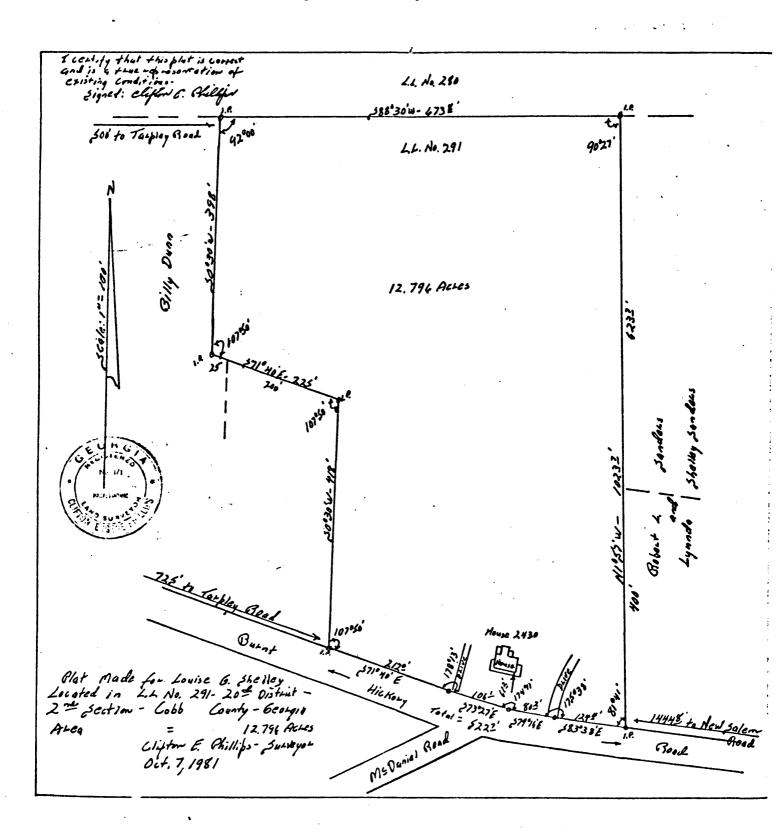
Scale: 1" = 160'

Source: C. E. Phillips, Land Surveyor

Date: 1981

Key: The nominated property is all

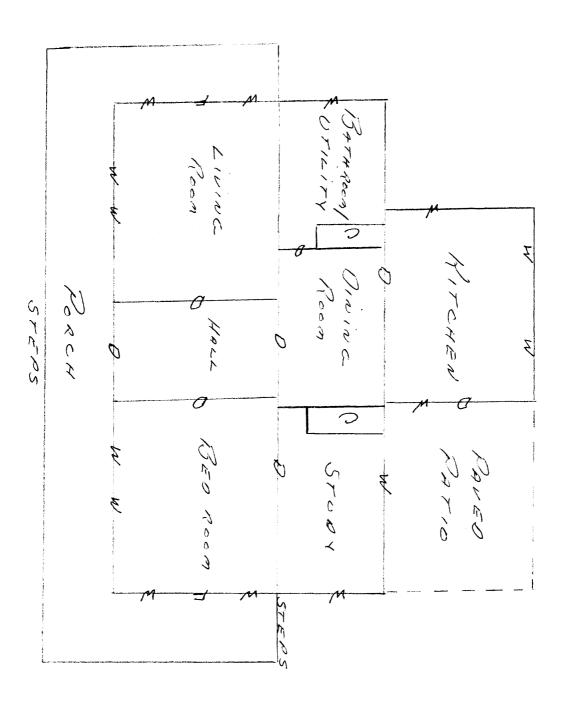
that designated on the plat.



(elch 5 (2)

C- CLOSET

C- CLOSET



FLOOR PLAN

BRASWELL-CARNES HOUSE Marietta, Cobb County, Georgia

Scale: Not to scale

Source: Drawn by Louise G. Shelley

Date: 1982

Key: Use of rooms marked on the plan

USEO 1700 SEOROOD, 57007 57007 N, 980

DAVE CARRES HOME

17 ACC 1882

Zames J Shily