Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPAR ENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

THEME	Architecture	
FOR NP		

INVENTORY	NOMINATION I	ORM DATE	ENTERED	ari kalendari da ka Maria da kalendari d
SEEIN	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (S
1 NAME				
HISTORIC	Chowan County Cour	rt House		
AND/OR COMMON				
O LOCATION	Chowan County Cour	rt House		
2 LOCATION	East Vine Street	hand of the Course		
STREET & NUMBER	East King Street,	nead of the Green	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
OTATE	Edenton	VICINITY OF CODE	First COUNTY	CODE
STATE	North Carolina	037	Chowan	041
3 CLASSIFICA				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	XPUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION IN PROCESS	ACCESSIBLE X_YES: RESTRICTED	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
_065201	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	SCIENTIFICTRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER.
4 OWNER OF	PROPERTY			
NAME	Chowan County			
STREET & NUMBER	The second secon			
	Office of the Coun	ty Commissioners,	County Court Hou	se
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Edenton	VICINITY OF	North C	arolina
5 LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	Chowan County Regi	stry of Deeds		
STREET & NUMBER				
	County Court House		07.4.75	
CITY, TOWN	Edenton		state North C	arolina
6 REPRESEN'	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE	North Carolina Inv	entory of Historic	c Properties	
DATE	in progress	FEDERAL X	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Division of Archiv	es and History, Su	urvey and Planning	g Section
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Raleigh		North Ca	arolina



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

_XEXCELLENT __GOOD

__FAIR

__DETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

_RUINS

__UNALTERED
X_ALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED DATE___

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Chowan County Court House stands on the north side of East King Street about one block east of the central business district of Edenton, North Carolina. The building faces south across East King Street toward a small park, known as Court House Green, and the shore of Edenton Bay. In the immediate vicinity of the court house are a number of the city's oldest houses, many of them of architectural and/or historical significance.

Erected in 1767, the Chowan County Court House is a two-story building with a T-shaped plan and a one-story semicircular apse at its center rear. The main block of the building is approximately 68½ feet wide and 30 feet deep; the rear leg of the T is 33 feet wide and projects 17 feet. In each angle of the main block and the rear leg is a one-story office addition, date uncertain. The court house is constructed of brick laid in Flemish bond with wood trim painted white.

Exterior detailing on the court house is distinctly Georgian but in general of the simplest. The five-bay front facade is dominated by a three-bay (33 feet) projecting pavilion topped by a classic pediment. The main entrance, at the center of the pavilion, is flanked by Doric pilasters carrying an entablature and a triangular pediment. Windows--9/9 sash on the first floor, 9/6 on the second--are topped by flat brick arches. A belt course marks the second floor line and a cornice ornamented with modillions forms a continuous line below the hipped roof.

The most ornate exterior feature is the two-stage wooden cupola with ogival roof surmounted by a tall weathervane. The lower stage is square and carries a clock on each face, those on the east, south, and west framed by open pediments supported by slender brackets. The upper stage is octagonal and has round-arched, louvered openings set in molded surrounds with keystones. The rear slope of the roof is broken by a slender chimney on either side of the cupola.

The first floor of the court house is devoted almost entirely to a large courtroom. In the semicircular apse on the rear (north) wall of this room is a high-backed, pedimented judge's chair, similar to that in the House of Burgesses at Williamsburg prior to 1747. The courtroom was altered somewhat, probably between 1840 and 1850, when the original floor was covered with wood and six columns were put in as support for the floor above; however, the dado of the apse, the balustraded railing, and the judge's chair are unchanged. The courtroom is flanked by two offices on the east and an office and the stair hall on the west.

PERIOD

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW

_ PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
_ 1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	L AW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	_ AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<u>X</u> 1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1767

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

unknown (see below)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Chowan County Court House in Edenton, North Carolina, is a two-story brick structure with a T-shaped plan and a one-story semicircular apse at its center rear. Erected in 1767, the Court House is one of the most notable Georgian public buildings in the United States and probably the finest surviving example of the type in the Southern colonies. Maintained in excellent condition, the Chowan County Court House is little-altered and retains most its original interiors. The building still serves as the county court house and is also open to visitors during regular business hours.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Edenton, known as Queen Anne's Town until its incorporation in 1727, dates from 1658 and was North Carolina's first permanent settlement. In 1715 the colony's Assembly passed an act providing for the construction at Edenton of a court house in which its sessions could be held. That building was completed in 1719. The second and existing court house was erected in 1767.

The architect of the Chowan County Court House is unknown. However, it has been attributed to Gilbert Leigh, who is believed to have come originally from Williamsburg, Virginia, and who was living in Edenton at the time the building was constructed. More recently, the court house has also been attributed to John Hawkes, who was brought from England to design Governor William Tryon's Palace at New Bern, North Carolina (completed in 1769 or 1770).

The small open space on which the court house fronts is known as Court House Green. Reserved as public property in 1712 when Edenton was laid out on its present plan, the green was the site of the 1719 court house. About the time of the American Revolution, this land was cleared for use as a drill ground. By 1800, it had become the small park which it is today.

(See Continuance Sheet)

10 GEOGRAPHICA	L DATA		
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PR	ROPERTY approximately	2_acres	
UTM REFERENCES Lat	. 36° 03' 28" L	ong. 76° 36' 3	30"
ZONE EASTING C	NORTHING	B ZONE EA	ASTING NORTHING
VERBAL BOUNDARY DE	SCRIPTION		
(See Continuance	Sheet)		
LIST ALL STATES	AND COUNTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW. CITY OR TOWN	rvey, National Park	Service	3/12/75 TELEPHONE 202-523-5464 STATE
Washington			D.C. 20240
12 STATE HISTOR			
THE E	VALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF	THIS PROPERTY W	VITHIN THE STATE IS:
NATIONAL	STA	TE	LOCAL
hereby nominate this propert		Register and certify t	servation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I that it has been evaluated according to the Landmark
FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE S	GNATURE N/A Natio	nal Historic	Landmark Designated: 5/10/
TITLE			A EBoundary Certified; 1
	THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED	2 1/24/2	War a Very Williams
ATTEST:	<u> </u>	NESERVATION [DATEBoundary A Rod:
KEEPER OF THE NATIONA	L REGISTER		Clent 1 4 4 4 4
			Acting

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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CONTINUATION SHEET

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PAGE 2

The major portion of the second floor of the court house is occupied by the assembly hall (also used as a ballroom), containing original full-height paneling and a complete entablature. Measuring 30 by 45 feet with a 13 foot high ceiling, this was said to be the largest paneled room in the colonies. Individual panels, hand-carved in white pine, are 33 inches wide, 48 inches long, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick. The assembly hall is flanked by a Masonic Room (Unanimity Lodge) on the east and an office and the stair hall on the west.

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PAGE

Edenton Woman's Club. Guide Book: Colonial Edenton and Chowan County (Edenton, 1975).

Morrison, Hugh. Early American Architecture (New York, 1952).

Parramore, Thomas C. Cradle of the Colony: The History of Chowan County and Edenton, North Carolina (Edenton, 1967).

Waterman, Thomas T. and F. B. Johnson. The Early Architecture of North Carolina (Chapel Hill, 1941).

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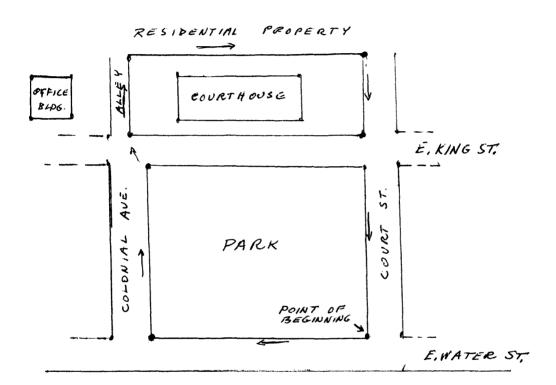
CONTINUATION SHEET

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Boundaries of the National Historic Landmark designation for the Chowan County Court House--including the building itself and the adjacent Court House Green--are defined as follows: beginning at the intersection of the west curbline of Court Street and north curbline of East Water Street; thence, westerly along the north curbline of East Water Street to its intersection with the east curbline of Colonial Avenue; thence, northerly along the east curbline of Colonial Avenue and its extension (the east edge of an alley running between the County Court House and the office building next west on East King Street) to its intersection with the southern line of residential property located immediately north of (behind) the Chowan County Court House; thence, easterly along said southern line extended to the west curbline of Court Street; thence, southerly along the west curbline of Court Street to the point of beginning.



CHOWAN COUNTY COURTHOUSE EDENTON, N.C.



EDENTON BAY



United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

IN REPLY REFER TO:

A1619-DOS

APR 1 3 1970

Memorandum

To:

Secretary of the Interior

Through: Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife,

Parks, and Marine Resources

Acting

From:

Director, National Park Service

Subject:

National Historic Landmark recommendations, 61st meeting

of the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites,

Buildings and Monuments

Enclosed herewith is the memorandum of the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings and Monuments summarizing its findings and recommendations on the National Survey of Historic Sites and Buildings partial theme study of "Colonial Architecture." This memorandum makes two principal recommendations: (1) That 77 sites encompassed by this study be declared eligible for National Historic Landmark status. These are listed under Sections A, B, C, and D of the memorandum; (2) That 41 of these sites be given further consideration in long range plans for addition to the National Park System.

We recommend that you approve the Advisory Board's memorandum, and that it be returned to this office to become a part of the permanent record of actions recommended by the Board and approved by you.

Harthon L. Bee

Enclosure

Approved:

ADD 1 5 1970

Secretary of the Interior



United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

October 8, 1969

Memorandum

To:

Secretary of the Interior

From:

Chairman, Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites,

Buildings, and Monuments

Subject:

National Survey of Historic Sites and Buildings: Partial

study of "Colonial Architecture" comprising sites in

eighteen States and the District of Columbia

The Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings, and Monuments, at its 61st meeting in Washington, D. C., October 6-9, 1969, having carefully evaluated the partial study of "Colonial Architecture," submits the following statements with recommendations:

A. Of the sites included in the study, the following are recognized as nationally significant in illustrating or commemorating the history of the United States, and it is recommended that they be declared eligible for designation as Registered National Historic Landmarks with boundaries, as appropriate, described in attachments:

Alaska

- 1. Church of the Holy Ascension, Unalaska
- 2. Church of the Assumption of the Virgin Mary, Kenai

California

- 3. Anza House
- 4. Jose Castro House
- 5. Estudillo House
- 6. Fort Ross Commander's House
- 7. Fort Ross Russian Orthodox Church
- 8. Guajome Ranchhouse
- 9. Los Alamos Ranchhouse
- 10. Los Cerritos Ranchhouse
- 11. Monterey Old Town Historic District
- 12. Petaluma Adobe
- 13. San Diego Mission Church
- 14. San Juan Bautista Plaza Historic District
- 15. San Luis Rey Mission Church
- 16. Vhay House

Delaware

17. Aspendale

Florida

- 18. Llambias House
- 19. Oldest House
- 20. St. Augustine Town Plan Historic District

Illinois

- 21. Church of the Holy Family
- 22. Pierre Menard House

Louisiana

- 23. Keller (Homeplace) Plantation House
- 24. Lafitte's Blacksmith Shop
- 25. Mayor Girod House
- 26. Madame John's Legacy
- 27. Parlange Plantation House
- 28. Presbytere

Maryland

- 29. Brice House
- 30. Chase-Lloyd House
- 31. Chestertown Historic District
- 32. His Lordship's Kindness
- 33. London Town Publik House
- 34. Montpelier
- 35. Mount Clare
- 36. Resurrection Manor
- 37. Tulip Hill
- 38. West St. Mary's Manor
- 39. Wye House

Missouri

40. Louis Bolduc House

New Mexico

- 41. San Estevan del Rey Mission Church
- 42. San Francisco de Assissi Mission Church
- 43. San Jose de Gracia Church

North Carolina

- 44. Chowan County Courthouse
- 45. Cupola House
- 46. Palmer-Marsh House
- 47. Single Brothers' House

South Carolina

- 48. Brick House Ruin
- 49. William Gibbes House
- 50. Hampton Plantation
- 51. Heyward-Washington House
- 52. Middleburg Plantation
- 53. Pompion Hill Chapel
- 54. St. James' Episcopal Church, Goose Creek
- 55. St. James' Episcopal Church, Santee
- 56. St. Stephen's Episcopal Church

Texas

- 57. Mission Concepcion
- 58. Spanish Governor's Palace

<u>Virginia</u>

- 59. Brandon
- 60. Bruton Parish Church
- 61. Carter's Grove
- 62. Christ Church, Alexandria
- 63. Kenmore
- 64. Sabine Hall
- 65. James Semple House
- 66. Shirley
- 67. Waterford Historic District
- 68. Wythe House
- 69. Yeocomico Church

Washington

- 70. Fort Nisqually Granary
- B. Three sites included in the portion of Colonial Architecture that considered the Middle Colonies are recognized as nationally significant and it is recommended that they be declared as Registered National Historic Landmarks:
 - 1. William Trent House, New Jersey
 - 2. Christ Church, Pennsylvania
 - 3. Carpenters' Hall, Pennsylvania
- C. Two sites included in this study are recognized as nationally significant in Theme IV, "Spanish Exploration and Settlement." It is recommended that they be declared eligible for recognition as Registered National Historic Landmarks:
 - 1. La Purisima Mission, California
 - 2. Cathedral of St. Augustine, Florida
- D. Two sites not originally included within this study are recommended for designation as National Historic Landmarks within Theme XX, Subtheme, "Architecture."
 - 1. El Santuario de Chimayo, New Mexico
 - 2. Peyton Randolph House, Virginia
- E. Other Recommendations:
- 1. That the following sites be placed in the category of "Other Sites Considered:"

California

- (1) Avila House
- (2) La Casa de Cota de la Cuesta
- (3) La Casa de Eduardo de la Cuesta
- (4) Covarrubias Adobe
- (5) De La Guerra Adobe
- (6) El Cuartel
- (7) Guadalupe (Olivera) Ranch House No. 1
- (8) Hill-Carrillo Adobe
- (9) Ortega House

- (10) Plaza Church
- (11) Rocha House
- (12) San Diego Old Town Historic District
- (13) San Juan Capistrano Mission Church

District of Columbia

(14) Alva Belmont House

Illinois

- (15) Cahokia Courthouse
- (16) Cahokia Historic District

Louisiana

- (17) Darby Plantation House
- (18) Ormond Plantation

Maryland

- (19) Emmanuel Protestant Episcopal Church
- (20) Genesar
- (21) Hammond Manor House
- (22) Kilmarock (Burleane Hall)
- (23) Ogle Hall
- (24) Otterbein Church
- (25) Patuxent Manor House
- (26) St. John's Episcopal Church, Broad Creek
- (27) St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Kent County
- (28) Talbot County Court House
- (29) Third Haven Meeting House
- (30) Trinity Episcopal Church, Dorchester County

Missouri

(31) Jean Baptiste Valle House

New Mexico

(32) San Geronimo de Taos Mission Church

North Carolina

- (33) Bath Historic District
- (34) St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Edenton
- (35) St. Thomas Episcopal Church, Bath
- (36) Tryon Palace, Original (West) Wing

South Carolina

- (37) Branford-Horry House
- (38) Fenwick Hall
- (39) Medway Plantation
- (40) Thomas Rose House
- (41) Col. John Stuart House
- (42) Sword Gate House

Virginia

- (43) Berkeley Plantation
- (44) Brafferton Hall, College of William and Mary
- (45) The Glebe House
- (46) Noland's Ferry House
- (47) Pohick Church
- (48) President's House, College of William and Mary
- (49) Smithfield Plantation
- (50) Tazewell House

West Virginia

- (51) Crane (Lord Fairfax) House
- (52) Mordington (Happy Retreat)
- (53) Governor Tiffin House
- 2. That the following sites be given further study under this theme:

California

- (1) Olivas Adobe
- (2) San Gabriel Mission Church

Colorado

(3) Baca House

Connecticut

(4) Hatheway House

Delaware

- (5) Christ Church, Laurel
- (6) Prince George's Chapel

Florida

(7) Spanish Treasurer's House

Louisiana

- (8) African House, Melrose Plantation
- (9) Creole Cottage
- (10) Louis Arceneaux House
- (11) E. D. White Memorial Cottage
- (12) Voisin Plantation House
- (13) Spanish Custom House
- (14) Erariste Blanc House
- (15) Montegut House
- (16) Bank of the United States
- (17) Absinthe House
- (18) Cathedral of St. Louis

Maryland

- (19) Carroll Mansion
- (20) Providence Plantation
- (21) Queen Anne's County Courthouse
- (22) Horatio Sharp (Rideout) House
- (23) Scott House
- (24) St. John's Episcopal Church, Hillsboro
- (25) St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Church Hill
- (26) St. Luke's Episcopal Church or Tuckahoe Chapel, Queenstown
- (27) Old Wye Church
- (28) Doughoregan Manor

New Mexico - Florida

- (29) Pascual Martinez Ranch House
- (30) Santa Fe and Albuquerque and Pensacola town plans

North Carolina

- (31) Breezeway type of Colonial House
- (32) Edenton Historic District
- (33) Hayes Plantation House
- (34) Sycamore Plantation

South Carolina

- (35) Edward's House
- (36) Edisto Hall

Virginia

- (37) Battersea
- (38) Blandfield
- (39) Carlyle House
- (40) Dulaney House
- (41) Elmwood
- (42) Hanover Tavern
- (43) Hanover Courthouse
- (44) King William Courthouse
- (45) Long Bridge Ordinary
- (46) Marmion
- (47) Powhatan Courthouse
- (48) Powhatan Tavern
- (49) Three-story wooden row houses, south side of 200 block of Prince Street in Alexandria
- (50) Smithfield Courthouse
- (51) Washington Historic District
- (52) Wetherburn's Tavern
- (53) Fincastle Historic District

West Virginia

- (54) Harewood
- (55) Sweet Springs
- F. The National Park System includes the following structures that are Importantly Related to this study:
 - 1. Tumacacori National Monument, Arizona
 - 2. Castillo de San Marcos National Monument, Florida
 - 3. Fort Matanzas National Monument, Florida

- 4. Hampton National Historic Site, Maryland
- 5. Nelson House, Colonial National Historical Park, Virginia
- 6. San Jose Mission Church, Texas
- G. Forty-eight sites related to this theme have been classified as possessing national significance in other theme studies. These are:

Importantly Related to Colonial Architecture

- 1. Russian Mission Orphanage, Alaska
- 2. San Xavier del Bac Mission Church, Arizona
- 3. Carmel Mission Church, California
- 4. Larkin House, California
- 5. Old Custom House, California
- 6. Royal Presidio Chapel, California
- 7. Santa Barbara Mission Church, California
- 8. Sonoma Pueblo Historic District, California (with boundaries enlarged and defined in the attachments)
- 9. Savannah Historic District, Georgia
- 10. The Cabildo, Louisiana
- 11. Ursuline Convent, Louisiana
- 12. Vieux Carre Historic District, Louisiana
- 13. Jackson Square, Louisiana
- 14. Colonial Annapolis Historic District, Maryland
- 15. Hammond-Harwood House, Maryland
- 16. Maryland State House, Maryland
- 17. Whitehall, Maryland
- 18. Ste. Genevieve Historic District, Missouri
- 19. Palace of the Governors, New Mexico
- 20. Old Salem Historic District, North Carolina
- 21. Miles Brewton House, South Carolina
- 22. Robert Brewton House, South Carolina
- 23. Charleston Historic District, South Carolina (with boundaries enlarged and defined in the attachments)
- 24. Drayton Hall, South Carolina
- 25. Mulberry Plantation, South Carolina
- 26. St. Michael's Episcopal Church, South Carolina
- 27. Presidio de La Bahia, Texas
- 28. Alexandria Historic District, Virginia
- 29. Bacon's Castle, Virginia
- 30. Christ Church, Lancaster County, Virginia

- 31. Colonial Williamsburg Historic District, Virginia
- 32. Gadsby's Tavern, Virginia
- 33. Gunston Hall, Virginia
- 34. Mount Airy, Virginia
- 35. Mount Vernon, Virginia
- 36. St. Luke's Church, Virginia
- 37. Stratford Hall, Virginia
- 38. Adam Thoroughgood House, Virginia
- 39. Tuckahoe Plantation, Virginia
- 40. Westover, Virginia
- 41. Wren Building, College of William and Mary, Virginia

Also Related to Colonial Architecture

- 42. Erskine House, Alaska
- 43. St. Michael's Cathedral, Alaska
- 44. Commandant's House, Presidio of San Francisco, California
- 45. Las Trampas Plaza Historic District, New Mexico
- 46. Salem Tavern, Old Salem, North Carolina
- 47. The Alamo, Texas
- 48. Rising Sun Tavern, Virginia
- H. The Board recommends that the Old State (Colony) House in Newport, Rhode Island, a Landmark previously placed in the category of Also Related to Colonial Architecture, be noted as being Importantly Related to Colonial Architecture.
- I. The following sites are judged of such prime significance as to merit further study for possible addition to the National Park System. It is recognized that many, such as Colonial Williamsburg, are being adequately preserved at present and are not available. Because unforeseen contingencies may change present circumstances, such sites should nevertheless be identified as potential units of the system and noted for long-range consideration in the evolution of the National Park System Plan.
 - 1. Russian Mission Orphanage, Alaska
 - 2. San Xavier del Bac Mission Church, Arizona
 - 3. Fort Ross, California
 - 4. Guajome Ranchhouse, California
 - 5. Los Alamos Ranchhouse, California
 - 6. Monterey Old Town Historic District, California

- 7. Petaluma Adobe, California
- 8. Royal Presidio Chapel, California
- 9. Santa Barbara Mission Church, California
- 10. Church of the Holy Family, Illinois
- 11. Parlange Plantation House, Louisiana
- 12. Vieux Carre Historic District, Louisiana
- 13. Colonial Annapolis Historic District, Maryland
- 14. Resurrection Manor, Maryland
- 15. Tulip Hill, Maryland
- 16. Whitehall, Maryland
- 17. Wye House, Maryland
- 18. Ste. Genevieve Historic District, Missouri
- 19. San Estevan del Rey Mission Church (Acoma), New Mexico
- 20. San Jose de Gracia Church (Las Trampas), New Mexico
- 21. Old Salem Historic District, North Carolina
- 22. Charleston Historic District, South Carolina
- 23. Drayton Hall, South Carolina
- 24. Mulberry Plantation, South Carolina
- 25. St. James Episcopal Church, Goose Creek, South Carolina
- 26. St. James Episcopal Church, Santee, South Carolina
- 27. Mission Concepcion (San Antonio Missions Park Proposal), Texas
- 28. Presidio de la Bahia (Goliad Complex), Texas
- 29. Alexandria Historic District, Virginia
- 30. Brandon, Virginia
- 31. Bacon's Castle, Virginia
- 32. Christ Church, Lancaster County, Virginia
- 33. Colonial Williamsburg Historic District, Virginia
- 34. Gunston Hall, Virginia
- 35. Mount Airy, Virginia
- 36. Mount Vernon, Virginia
- 37. St. Luke's Church, Virginia
- 38. Shirley, Virginia
- 39. Stratford Hall, Virginia
- 40. Adam Thoroughgood House, Virginia
- 41. Westover, Virginia

Concellerance Emil W. Haury

Approved: APR 1 5 1970

Secretary of the Interior