Form No. 10-300 REV. (9/77)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NA

OCT 2 3 1978

	STER OF HISTORI NOMINATION F	T0000000000000000000000000000000000000	ENTERED TEB	
SEEI	NSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW T</i> O TYPE ALL ENTRIES O			5
NAME				
HISTORIC 7	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
	Moses Jones House			
AND/OR COMMON Same	ρ.			
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER	Nel hamada, bu			
	gon Road		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
STATE		VICINITY OF CODE	COUNTY	CODE
		021	Mercer	167
CLASSIFIC	ATION	,		
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)	X PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	X_PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED _X _NO	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
OWNER OF	PROPERTY			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NAME Clay	y Lancaster			\/
STREET & NUMBER				•
CITY, TOWN	ite 1, Oregon Road		STATE	··
	visa	VICINITY OF	Kentucky	у
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC. Mercer County	o Courthouse		
STREET & NUMBER	Main Street			
CITY, TOWN	Un rrodah		STATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DEDDECEN	Harrodsburg	NC CLIDVEVC	Kentucky	
•	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVE 15		
TÎTLE Surv	vey of Historic Sig	tes in Kentucky	(Supplement)	
DATE 1971	DATE		STATECOUNTYLOCAL	·····
DEPOSITORY FOR			,, =	
SURVEY RECORDS CITY, TOWN	Kentucky Heritage	Commission	STATE	
J. 1. 1. J. 1711	Frankfort		Kentucky	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

X_EXCELLENT

__FAIR

__DETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

__UNALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Moses Jones House is a one-and-one-half-story brick dwelling situated on a small slope approximately 1,100 feet southeast of the Kentucky River in the remote section of Mercer County known as Oregon. The house is thought to have been built between 1809-11, and its four walls are laid in Flemish bond.

The main facade (see photo 1) has five bays, and the building is 36 feet and 9 inches wide, and 20 feet and 3 inches deep. The entrance is protected by a small, gable-roofed porch that has a floor and foundation of local limestone, and there are wooden posts, balustrades, and side-benches--all contemporary to the house. Windows on either side of the entrance are double-hung sash with 9-over-6 panes, and, like most other openings, have splayed jack arches above. Wooden moldings are below the eaves of the front and rear, and on all sides of the porch.

At either gabled end is an exterior brick chimney flanked by garret windows in the upper level (see photos 1 and 2). The full basement (see photo 2) is exposed at the rear due to the sloping site, and there is a centered door on both levels. The original approach leading to the rear entrance of the main floor and the basement-entrance shelter have both been replaced.

The first floor (see floor plan) contains a hall and parlor, and all woodwork is intact. These interior fittings include chair-railing with a complex profile, reeded jambs, fluted frames whose corner blocks contain rosettes, two mantels, and ash flooring (see photos 3,4,5,6, and 7).

Based on comparisons, a noted local craftsman, Matthew Lowery, may have produced the two mantels. The mantel in the larger room (see photo 7) is an adaption of plate 32 of William Pain's 1792 Practical Builder which was published in Boston. The opening is flanked by fluted colonnettes, the frieze is treated with sunburst motifs and interlocking geometric carvings, and the border of the shelf has diminutive gougework.

The hall, often called the ballroom by former residents, retains a small section of stenciling that was on all sides originally (see photo 3). Done mostly in red and blue, the stenciling depicts swags with a small Indian tepee between each fold. Supposedly, the painted decorations were executed by the original owner.

PERIOD

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW

		LAS OF SIGNIFICANCE OF	EOR AND COOTH I BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	X_ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X_1800-1899	COMMERCE	\underline{X} EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES

1809-11

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Moses Jones House, built ca. 1810, is historically significant for its associations with an early settler in Mercer County, Kentucky. Architecturally, the building is an outstanding example of an early-19th-century brick hall-and-parlor house, and its craftsmanship and detailing are uncommon to its remote location.

The original owner, Moses Jones, was born in Virginia in 1773. In 1780, his family joined a party led by Col. John Donaldson that went to Fort Nashborough in present-day Tennessee by way of a flatboat flotilla. Not long after their arrival, a band of 50 Chickasaws carried out an ambush outside the fort, killing several adult males and taking the young Moses captive (Roselyne Watts Jones, The House of Moses Jones, pp. 24-25). Legend maintains that the Indians took him northward to Kentucky where he was held captive for nine years, and his escape was made to avoid marriage to a young Chickasaw woman. A 19th-century account states: "Moses Jones was kept by the Chickasaws 9 years but a few years ago escaped via the Kentucky River at Warwick" (Draper Manuscripts, Microfilm 12C54).

A year after his escape, Moses served as a survey assistant, and in 1796, he obtained a small inheritance from his father, Jacob, who was then residing in Lincoln County, Kentucky. Three years later, he acquired 105 acres of land in the region of Mercer County called Warwick (now known as Oregon) where his escape had been made, and in 1801 he married Mary Henderson. All the land bought earlier excepting three-fourths of an acre was sold in 1809, but was rebought in 1811. The small amount retained is assumed to be the site of the brick house, and the remainder appears to have been sold to provide funds for the building materials. Thus, the period 1809-11 seems to be the logical date of construction.

Moses' surveying experience and his possession of various building tools left by his father give some credibility to the tradition that he constructed the brick dwelling. However, the degree of the detailed work of the interior fittings is such that a professional craftsman must be acknowledged. The possible

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

The Draper Manuscripts, Microfilm 12C54.

Jones, Roselyne Watts. The House of Moses Jones, Privately printed, 1977.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL D	ATA		
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPER	7		
QUADRANGLE NAME Salvi	sa, KY		QUADRANGLE SCALE 1:24000
A 1.6 69 2 819 10 ZONE EASTING C 1	4 11 98 1, 80 NORTHING	B ZONE EA	STING NORTHING
EL L		FLL L	لسلسا لسا
GLI LILL	PTION	н	
Seven ac	res of wooded a	nd semi-wood	ded land surrounding e in Mercer Co. Courthouse.
			STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
FIGH ALL STATES AND	COUNTIES FOR FROI ENT	IES OVEREAL HIS	STATE ON COOKET BUOKDAMES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
11 FORM PREPARED	BY		
NAME / TITLE	,		
Daniel Kidd,	Architectural H	istorian [.]	August, 1978
ORGANIZATION			DATE
Kentucky Heri	tage Commission		-4.
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE
104 Bridge St	reet		502/564/3741
city or town*' Frankfort			STATE
Flanklort			Kentucky
12 STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATION	N OFFICER (CERTIFICATION
	IATED SIGNIFICANCE OF		
NATIONAL		E	LOCAL
		<u> </u>	and the second
As the designated State Historic Pr	eservation Officer for the N	ational Historic Prese	ervation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I
		egister and certify th	hat it has been evaluated according to the
criteria and procedures set forth by	the National Park Service.	2 . 1	13RD 1. (1)
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFF	ICER SIGNATURE	Eldre	d St. I Delton byde
	c Preservation Offic	cer	DATE 10-18-78
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS	PROPERTY IS INCLUDED	IN THE NATIONAL F	REGISTER
1 Opale	assey	T V2	DATE 2.7.79
ATTEST:	REGISTER TO THE		DATE 2/9/78
CHIEF OF REASTRATION	11000		711
			•

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED OCT 231978

SH 9 1979

DATE ENTERED

The Moses Jones House

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER -

PAGE 2

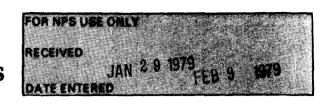
There are two rooms in the attic level and each is approached by an enclosed staircase (see photo 4). The arrangement of these staircases is notable, for they form an arched passage between the hall and the parlor (see photo 5), with the wall spaces accommodating a closet and a third staircase that leads to the basement.

In early 1973, a sensitive restoration was conducted that returned the Moses Jones House to its small-scaled splendor after a period of neglect. Modern conveniences were installed in the basement, but these facilities were added in an inconspicuous manner. A log kitchen on the east had deteriorated beyond repair and was dismantled. Apparently, the log section had served as temporary living quarters while the brick house was being constructed. Wooden elements in the rear and the roofing material were changed also, but the alterations have not affected the integrity of the building.

The seven acres of land included in the nomination comprise the total current property surrounding the residence, and are a contributing factor in the building's visual qualities. Numerous trees are scattered throughout the acreage, and the sloping site evidently played an important role in the planning of the house. No early outbuildings are extant.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



The Moses Jones House

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8

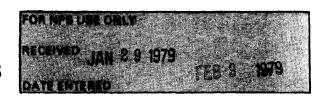
PAGE 2

artisan was Matthew Lowery, who worked in Mercer County between 1800-40. 'His work was a hearty variant of the Federal style, following the precedent set by the Adams brothers of England' (National Register nomination form, 'Millwood,' Mercer Co., Ky., entered on the National Register July 6, 1976). The overall effect of the numerous original interior fittings is somewhat provincial, but their character—an astute blend of robustness and delicacy—provides a visual delight. The massing of the residence is reminiscent of those eastern Virginia houses built during the third quarter of the 18th century, and the Flemish bond on all four sides, the width of the chimneys, and the small dimensions of the windows are uncharacteristic of other Kentucky houses of the same period. Although the hall—and—parlor plan was a fairly standard one among houses of the same vintage, the Jones House has an unexpected sophistication provided by the two enclosed staircases that form an arched passage between two rooms.

Moses Jones died in 1842 at the age of 69. He was survived by seven children, and at the time of his death he owned 400 acres that included apricot and peach orchards that he utilized in the distilling of brandy on the property. The brick house remained in the possission of his decendents until 1973.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CONTINUATION SHEET Moses Jones House ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE

Verbal Boundary Description - Addendum

Seven acres of wooded and semi-wooded land. Legal description on record at the Mercer County Clerk's Office: "beginning at a stone corner to Lot #2 to Preston's line, thence south $65\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$, west 3.87 chains to the stone corner, and thence to Preston's line. Thence south $10\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$, west 4.85 chains to a stone near the spring. Thence south $55\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$, west 2.25 chains to a stone, thence south 38° , east 7198 chains to a stone. Thence north $71\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, east 5.00 chains to a stone corner to Lot #7, thence north $11\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, west 15.20 chains to the beginning." Mercer County Deedbook 196, p. 247.

