# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

:

- 1090

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for *Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

(Form 10-900a). Type all entries.			
1. Name of Property		······································	
historic name			
	on Common Historic Dist	-rict	
2. Location			
	inuation sheet.		A not for publication
city, town Willingto			A vicinity
state Connecticut code C		code 013	zip code 06279
3. Classification			······································
	Category of Property	Number of Resour	ces within Property
x private	building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
X public-local	X district	<u>30</u>	buildings
public-State	site	1	sites
public-State		<b>_</b>	structures
l	object	<del></del>	0 Total
		32	And and the second s
Name of related multiple property listing:			uting resources previously
N/A		listed in the Nation	nal Register0
4. State/Federal Agency Certificati	on	· ····································	<u> </u>
Signature of certifying official John W.	Shannahan, State Histo		 Date
State or Federal agency and bureau			
In my opinion, the property I meets	does not meet the National F	Register criteria. 🗌 See co	<u></u>
Signature of commenting or other official			Date
State or Federal agency and bureau			
5. National Park Service Certificati	on		
I, hereby, certify that this property is:	Â	Entered in	
A entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register.	Helener	National Re	
removed from the National Register.		of the Keeper	Date of Action

 $\cap$ 

6. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)		
DOMESTIC/single_dwelling/secondary_structure	DOMESTIC/single dwelling/secondary structure		
RELIGION/religious structure	RELIGION/religious structure/vacant		
AGRICULTURE/agricultural_outbuilding	AGRICULTURE/agricultural outbuilding		
LANDSCAPE/common; GOVERNMENT/town hall	LANDSCAPE/common; SOCIAL/meeting hall		
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
	foundation granite		
COLONIAL/Postmedieval English	walls weatherboard		
EARLY REPUBLIC/Federal			
MID-19TH CENTURY/Greek Revival/Gothic Revival	roofasphalt		
	other		
Describe present and historic physical appearance.			

The Willington Common Historic District is a small residential community on Route 74 (formerly Route 44) in Willington Hill. The majority of the district's resources surround Willington Common, which is bounded on the south by Route 74, on the north by Common Road, and on the east by Jared Sparks Road (Photograph #1). Route 74, locally

known as the Tolland Turnpike, is a major thoroughfare between Ashford and Tolland.

The district contains 32 contributing resources which date from 1738 to 1938. They include 14 houses and their associated outbuildings, two churches, a town meeting house, one store (now a residence), the Willington Town Common, and a monument on the common. Two-thirds of the principal buildings predate 1850. All the buildings are of wood-frame construction, generally set on granite foundations.

The basic layout of the area has remained essentially unchanged since about 1800. Common land set aside by the town in 1757 and 1762 included acreage on both sides of the Tolland Turnpike. The northern section is the present Town Common. Land on the south side of the road remained undeveloped until 1797 when the town granted permission for a store at the southeastern end. By 1809 the rest of the southern section was divided and sold for building lots. Common Road, a dirt road for most of the nineteenth century, was accepted as a town highway in 1925 in an effort to halt encroachment by automobiles and wagons across the common. More recently, with the construction of Route 84 to the west, Route 74 has been widened to accomodate an increase in through traffic.

The Willington Town Common, a roughly triangular open grassed area of about two acres, is the focus of the district (Inventory #31; Photograph #1). It is bordered by mature trees along Common Road, its northern border. Three institutional buildings face the common: two on the north, the Congregational Church and the former Town Hall, and the Baptist Meeting House on the south, now the Federated Church of Willington and the only one of the three still in use in its original capacity. The Congregational Church and the Old Town Hall were both built in 1876 (Inventory #s 5, 4; Photograph #s 1, 2). Despite their date of construction, they both are typical eighteenth-century types. The church, now vacant, functioned as the town hall from 1926 to 1974. It is a simple Gothic Revival-style building with a small bell tower. Except for its pointed-arched windows and steep roof, it would appear to be an eighteenth-century meetinghouse of the third style. The bell was removed during World War II and mounted outside at the front of the church. The old Town Hall is a gable-roofed building that resembles a typical earlier one-room New England schoolhouse, with its gable end facing the street and doorways at either side.

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#### Location

Common Road: 1, 5, 7, and Map 23: Lots 21, 22.

Jared Sparks Road: 4.

Tolland Turnpike: 227, Map 23: Lot 59, 232, Map 23; Lot 53, 238, 242, 243, 244, 245, 247, 248, 251, 253, Map 23: Lot 23 (Town Common).

Property Owners' List (as of 2/1/90)

Inv	. # Street	Address	(Map/Lot)	Owner(s)	Mailing Address
					(if different)
1.	1 Common Roa	iđ (	23/16)	Edward B. & Martha E. Williams	
2.	5 Common Roa	iđ (1	23/17)	Ernest R. Kline	
3.	7 Common Roa	iđ (	23/20)	Willington Baptist Society	
4.	Common Roa	ıd ()	23/21)	Town of Willington	Old Farms Road, Willington, CT 06279
5.	Common Roa	id (1	23/22)	same as above	
6.	4 Jared Spar	ks Rd. (	23/26)	Alice H. Cassells	
7.	227 Tolland	Turnpike	(23/15)	Hilal E. & Phyllis A. Cokash	
8.	Tolland	Turnpike	(23/59)	same as above	
9.	232 Tolland	Turnpike	(23/58)	Mary F. Dean & Curtis L. Hoffman	
10.	Π	11	11	same as above	
11.	11	11	Ħ	same as above	
12.	Tolland	Turnpike	(23/53)	Federated Churches of Willington	
13.	238 Tolland	Turnpike	(23/52)	Michael L. & Dona W. McKee	
14.	Π	n	TT	same as above	

\* Map/lot numbers, street addresses and mailing addresses were taken from the Town of Willington Tax Assessor's records on 2/1/90.

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15.	π	**	**	same as above	
16.	242 Tollan	d Turnpike	(23/51)	Douglas L. & Dana Tellier	
17.	n	99	11	same as above	
18.	Π	52	11	same as above	
19.	243 Tollan	d Turnpike	e (23/29A)	Rosario & Denise V. Ferreri	
20.	244 Tollan	d Turnpike	e (23/50)	Barry Glassner & Betsy Amster	
21.	π	11	88	same as above	
22.	245 Tollan	d Turnpike	e (23/29)	Gary C. & Rhonda J. Dort	
23.	Π	11	11	same as above	
24.	247 Tollan	d Turnpike	e (23/30)	Patricia & Elfriede E. Samson	P.O. Box 215 Mansfield Depot CT 06251
25.	n	**	n	same as above	
26.	'n	,,	11	same as above	
27.	248 Tollan	d Tpke. (2	3/32,33)	Evelyn Parizek	125 Tolland Tpke. Willington, CT 06279
28.	Π	11	11	same as above	
29.	251 Tollan	d Turnpike	(23/31)	Stanley Skorupski	23 Cosgrove Road Willington, CT 06279
30.	253 Tollan	d Turnpike	(22/02)	Georgianna Booth	
31.	Tolland and Common		(23/23)	Town of Willington	Old Farms Road Willington, CT 06279
32.	п	<b>1</b> 3	97	same as above	

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The Baptist Meetinghouse is more typical of its style and period (Inventory #12; Photograph #3). It was built in 1829 by a local carpenter/builder, Albert Sharp, in a transitional Federal/Greek Revival style. Its clapboarded facade has a projecting pavilion with two entrances flanking a two-story round-arched window. Four pilasters are surmounted by a wide entablature and the flushboarded pediment of the pavilion. Round-arched windows are repeated on the side elevations and the belfry, which is topped by an octagonal drum and a small dome.

Three of the houses facing the common were built in the eighteenth century, all in the Cape style, the predominate residential building form in the district. The Old Manse, built in 1738, is a five-bay, one- and-one-half story Cape with an unusual combination roof form (Inventory #6; Photograph #4). The rear slope has only one pitch, while the front slope has the double pitch of the gambrel type with three shed-roofed dormers that appear original. Another more traditional Cape is the Rice-Merrick House (Inventory #20; Photograph #5). The windows of its five-bay facade are placed well below the eaves and flank a simple door surround with a five-pane transom. Alterations to the Minor Grant Store tend to obscure its original Cape form (Inventory #16; Photograph #5). It is typical of eighteenth-century commercial buildings with its broad gable end with larger windows facing the street. Long shed-roof dormers and a decorative porch with spindle work across part of the east elevation were added in the late nineteenth century, probably when it was converted to a residence.

Three of the six houses constructed between 1810 and 1830 have an eighteenth-century Cape form: the Daniel Glazier House, the Silas Glazier House, and the Jonathan Weston House (Inventory #s 7, 9, 2). The Daniel Glazier House, believed to have been built about 1810, retains several eighteenth-century features, including the three small windows in the gable surrounding the main second-floor window (Photograph #6). The barn historically associated with this house, which stands on the opposite side of the Tolland Turnpike, appears to have been built in the mid-nineteenth century (Inventory #8; Photograph #7).

Of the three other houses from this period, two are individual examples of style or form. The Hiram-Rider House was built in 1820 in the Federal style with a ridge-to-street orientation and is more elaborately detailed than its period counterparts (Inventory #13; Photograph #8). The five-bay facade displays flared lintels above the first-floor windows and an Italianate door hood. The cornices of the main block and the end pediments are decorated with dentils and mutules, separated by an unusual molding with a repeating pattern of small round holes. The Federal-period Daniel Glazier Tavern,

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built about 1815, is the only hipped-roof building in the district (Inventory #1; Photograph #6). Its use of a central chimney and simple door and window surrounds is more typical of the eighteenth century. The last Federal-period house is the Baptist Church Parsonage, built in the same transitional Federal/Greek Revival style as the Baptist Meetinghouse (Inventory #3; Photograph #s 1, 9).

Only two nineteenth-century residences were constructed after 1830: a circa 1850 Cape-style house and the Greek Revival-style Deacon Turner House. The latter has a fully pedimented flushboarded gable supported by pilasters, frieze, and entablature (Inventory #19; Photograph #10). The entrance portico features fluted columns capped by Ionic capitals, and frames a transomed doorway with sidelights.

Four twentieth-century houses, all built prior to 1930, complete the district: a Bungalow which has an enclosed porch, and three simple two- and one-half-story vernacular farmhouses. The gable-to-street plan farmhouse at 248 Tolland Turnpike is representative of this latter type, and includes a related nineteenth-century barn (Inventory #s 27, 28; Photograph #11).

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	INVENTORY OF	CONTRIBUTING RESOURCES		
Inv. #	Address	Name/Style/Date	C/NC	Photo. #
1.	1 Common Road	DANIEL GLAZIER TAVERN Federal, 1815; incorporates smaller 1762 house	С	6
2.	5 Common Road	JONATHAN WESTON HOUSE Cape, 1821; addition, 1897	С	9
3.	7 Common Road	OLD BAPTIST PARSONAGE Federal/Greek Revival, 1830	С	1, 2,
4.	Common Road	OLD TOWN HALL Late-19th-c. vern., 1876	C C	1, 2
5.	Common Road	OLD CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH Gothic Revival, 1876	C	1, 2
6.	4 Jared Sparks Road	THE OLD MANSE Gambrel Cape, 1738	C	4
7.	227 Tolland Turnpike	DANIEL GLAZIER HOUSE Cape, c. 1810	C	6
8.	227 Tolland Turnpike	Daniel Glazier Barn	С	7
9.	232 Tolland Turnpike	SILAS GLAZIER HOUSE Federal Cape, 1816	С	
10.	232 Tolland Turnpike	Barn associated with #9 c. 1880	С	
11.	232 Tolland Turnpike	Shed associated with #9 c. 1900	С	
12.	Tolland Turnpike	BAPTIST MEETINGHOUSE Federal, 1829	С	3
13.	238 Tolland Turnpike	HIRAM-RIDER HOUSE Federal, c. 1820	С	8
14.	238 Tolland Turnpike	19th c. shed associated with # 13	С	

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15.	238 Tolland Turnpike	20th c. shed associated with #13	С	
16.	242 Tolland Turnpike	MINER GRANT STORE Cape, 1797	С	5
17.	242 Tolland Turnpike	Garage associated with #16, 1930	С	
18.	242 Tolland Turnpike	19th-c. shed associated with #17	С	
19.	243 Tolland Turnpike	DEACON TURNER HOUSE Greek Revival, 1849	С	10
20.	244 Tolland Turnpike	RICE-MERRICK HOUSE Cape, c. 1770/1771	С	5
21.	244 Tolland Turnpike	Garage associated with #20 c. 1930	С	
22.	245 Tolland Turnpike	20th-c. Bungalow, 1926	С	
23.	245 Tolland Turnpike	Late 19th c. barn/garage associated with #22	С	
24.	247 Tolland Turnpike	Early-20th c. domestic, 1900	С	
25.	247 Tolland Turnpike	20th-c. barn associated with #24	С	
26.	247 Tolland Turnpike	20th-c. barn associated with #24	С	
27.	248 Tolland Turnpike	Early 20th-c. domestic,1900	С	11
28.	248 Tolland Turnpike	Early 20th-c. barn/garage associated with #27	С	11
29.	251 Tolland Turnpike	Early 20th-c. domestic, 1900	С	
30.	253 Tolland Turnpike	Cape, c. 1850	С	
31.	Tolland Turnpike & Common Road	TOWN COMMON Early-18th c. common	С	1
32.	Tolland Turnpike &	War Memorial, 1921	C	

8. Statement of Significance		1 1.18							
Certifying official has considered the		nce of the stational stational stational stational states and stational states and state		berty in		to other		9S:	
Applicable National Register Criteria	A	⊡в	ХC	D					
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	A	В	□c	D	Ē	F	G		
Areas of Significance (enter categorie ARCHITECTURE			-		Period 1738				Significant Dates
					Cultural N/A				
Significant Person N/A					Archited Alber			ilder)	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Willington Common Historic District is architectually significant as a small, cohesive, well-preserved rural town center whose development is illustrated from 1738 to 1938. The historical and architectural integrity of the district is exceptional; all of the vernacular residential, agricultural, commercial, and institutional buildings contribute to its historic character. They were built around the original eighteenthcentury common in the Colonial, Federal, Greek Revival, and Gothic Revival styles.

#### Historical Background

The Willington Common Historic District, which comprises the original town center established in Willington in 1727, has continued to serve in that capacity to the present day. Because of the dispersed settlement pattern of Willington, no other villages in town ever grew large enough to become separate church societies, so Willington Hill remained the primary institutional/commercial center for the town. It was 12 years after settlement before the society built its first meetinghouse, the first of three buildings near the present site. The first town hall was built facing south over the common in 1876, the same year that the present Congregational Church was constructed (Inventory #s 4, 5) The church became the second town hall in 1926 (Inventory #5). By the time the Baptist Meetinghouse (Inventory #12) was built on the south side of the common in 1829. the Tolland Turnpike was laid out and the small residential community at Willington Hill was well established. In the late nineteenth century, the roadway extending to the north from east end of the Common was named for Jared Sparks (1789-1866), a locally-born historian best known for editing George Washington's personal papers for publication. Willington continued to develop as a rural village center through the early twentieth century and remained the civic center of the town until 1974. In that year the town offices were relocated from the former Congregational Church to a converted factory building on Old Farms Road southeast of the center.

#### Architectural Significance

The Willington Town Common with its surrounding rich variety of institutional and residential buildings establishes the district's distinct character as a rural crossroads village. The common's irregular shape and sloping lawn are typical of New England's X See continuation sheet

#### 9. Major Bibliographical References

Chronology of Willington, Connecticut, 1727-1917: the First 200 Years. History Committee of the Willington Historical Society, 1977.

Demers, Ronald F. Modernization in a New England Town: A History of Willington, Connecticut. Willington Historical Society, 1983.

"Report of the Willington Historic District Study Committee for the Proposed Historic District at Willington Common." Town of Willington, 1981.

	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):  preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested  previously listed in the National Register  previously determined eligible by the National Register  designated a National Historic Landmark  recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #  recorded by Historic American Engineering	Primary location of additional data: X State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property19	
UTM References A L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	B L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
	X See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
See attached district map drawn to scale from and #22 for district boundaries.	n the Willington Tax Assessor's Maps #23
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
Taking the Willington Common as the focus of encompass the maximum number of historic reso during the period of significance of the dist area changes: to the west, north, and east is south there is open land.	the district, the boundaries were drawn to ources located in the vicinty of the common trict. Beyond the district the character of the s either open land or modern residences; to the See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Jan Cunningham, Ndtional REgiste	er Consultant, Reviewed by John Herzan, National

name/lille Jan Cunningham, Ndtional Register	Consultant, Reviewed by John Herzan, National	
organization Cunningham Associates Ltd.	date 5/2/90 Register Coordinator	
street & number 37 Orange Road	telephone (203) 347 4072	
city or town <u>Middletown</u>		

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Willington Common Historic District, Willington, Connecticut

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early town centers. The town common has remained as the focal point of the area, much as it was in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. Customarily, townspeople in that period used this type of communally-owned land for village musters, as a voting place, and often as the location the meetinghouse, school, or graveyard. Cattle were often grazed or impounded there. Unlike many commons which were landscaped as Victorian greens in the Victorian period, the Willington Common is virtually unchanged since 1800. The pattern of the roads around the common which has remained the same for almost two centuries, along with the dry-laid stone walls that border some of the properties, maintain the historic rural ambience of the village. The houses with their associated barns and outbuildings, and the institutional buildings are all well-preserved and display most of their original forms and types of material.

The institutional buildings are vernacular classics of their type: simple wood-frame structures influenced by the architectual trends of their periods. The Baptist Meetinghouse, which became the Federated Church of Willington in the 1920s, exhibits fine Federal form and treatment, yet is austere and sparing in its use of Federal or Greek Revival detail (Inventory #12). In like manner, the Congregational Church expresses the Gothic Revival style only through its steeply-pitched roof and pointed arch windows (Inventory #5). The Old Town Hall, built in the same period, is even plainer and more functional, characteristics of institutional architecture before 1850 (Inventory #4).

Several distinguished examples of Colonial-period architecture are located around the common. Both the Old Manse and the Rice-Merrick House are superior examples of the Cape style; each has exceptional exterior integrity (Inventory #6, 20). The Minor Grant Store is a rare survival of an eighteenth-century commercial building which has retained its essential form and orientation (Inventory #16).

The Hiram-Rider House and the Deacon Turner House are excellent well-preserved rural interpretations of domestic Federal and Greek Revival architecture (Inventory #s 13, 19). Both display an exceptional degree of architectural detail for rural farmhouses and add architectural interest to the more typical rural streetscape.

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UTMs:

USGS Coventry & Stafford Quads

Α	18	726830	4639480
В	18	727040	3639420
С	18	727030	4639400
D	18	727280	4639270
Е	18	727250	4639200
F	18	727110	4639190
G	18	726750	4639380

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Willington Common Historic District, Willington, Connecticut

### Section number Photos Page \_\_1\_\_\_

#### List of Photographs

Property: Willington Common Historic District, Willington, Connecticut Photographer: Cunningham Associates Ltd. Date: 2/90 Negatives on file: Connecticut Historical Commission

- 1. Town Common Facing:N
- 3. Baptist Meeting House Facing: SW
- 5. Rice-Merrick House Facing:W
- 7. Daniel Glazier Barn Facing: SW
- 9. Jonathan Weston House Baptist Parsonage (1-r) Facing: NE
- 11. 248 Tolland Turnpike Facing: SE

- Congregational Church, Old Town Hall, Baptist Parsonage Facing: NW
- 4. Old Manse Facing: NE
- 6. Daniel Glazier House Daniel Glazier Tavern Facing: W
- 8. Hiram-Rider House Facing: SW
- 10. Deacon Turner House Facing:E



Note: Inventory numbers indicate approximate location of resource.