UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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DATE ENTERED

ED DEU 1 2 1978

#### SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME	
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HISTORIC
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Rip Raps Plantation

AND/OR COMMON

2 LOCATION	I Ž	× 1		
STREET & NUMBER	South Carolina Highw	ay #378		
			NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	Sumton V		CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	NCT
STATE	Sumter X	VICINITY OF CODE	#5	CODE
	South Carolina		Sumter	085
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT		XOCCUPIED	X_AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE		COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE			EDUCATIONAL	LPRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE		RELIGIOUS
005201	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL	SCIENTIFIC TRANSPORTATION
		NO		
NAME STREET & NUMBER	F <b>PROPERTY</b> Mrs. James McBride D	abbs		<i>J</i>
	Route 1			
CITY, TOWN	Mayesville	VICINITY OF	state South C	arolina
5 LOCATION	I OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC. Sumter County C	ourthouse		
STREET & NUMBER	Main Street			
CITY, TOWN	Sumter		state South C	arolina
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TÏTLE	Inventory of Hi	storic Places in South	Carolina	
DATE	1973 (update)	FEDERAL X_STATE	_COUNTY _LOCAI	-
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	South Carolina	Department of Archives		
CITY, TOWN	Columbia		state South Ca	rolina

# 7' DESCRIPTION

CC	ONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK (	DNE
excellent X_good fair	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	UNALTERED X_ALTERED (Minor)	_XORIGINAL MOVED	SITE DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Located in rural Sumter County, South Carolina, Rip Raps Plantation was constructed in 1858 by James McBride, a prominent planter. Representative of a vernacular interpretation of Greek Revival design, Rip Raps' most notable architectural feature is its use of matching porticos on its north and south facades.

Rip Raps is a two-story clapboard residence, set on brick piers. Rectangular in shape, it measures 55' by 85'. On both the north and south facades, the house is characterized by a full width two-story pedimented portico supported by six paneled piers. Each symmetrical facade is divided into five bays. Each main entrance consists of a doubled paneled door with sidelights and transom, which is centered in the facade. The house features a plain box cornice which is repeated in the pediments and cross gable ends. Each pedimented gable contains a 9/9 sash window with sidelights. Fenestration throughout the remainder of the house is 6/6 and flanked by louvered shutters. Double central chimneys rising from the roof ridge add to the symmetry of design.

<u>INTERIOR</u>: The interior of Rip Raps is simple and unadorned. The main entrance leads to a large central hall which is 12 feet wide and runs the entire length of the house. The hall is flanked on each side by three rooms each of which measures  $20' \times 20'$ . Each of these rooms features a chair rail and fireplaces centered in the partition wall between the rooms. The second floor repeats the plan of the first floor.

The central hall of both floors is characterized by a paneled wainscot. Ceiling and walls are of plaster. The first floor features plaster ceiling medallions in each room. Floors throughout are original and all woodwork retains the original hand painted graining. Architectural alterations to the property have been minimal, consisting primarily of the addition of bathrooms and a kitchen.

<u>SURROUNDINGS</u>: The area nominated to the National Register includes those key elements which were historically associated with the Rip Raps Plantation. Structures included within the nominated plantation complex are a circa 1830 structure believed to have been a carriage house, measuring 20' by 30' and constructed of beaded clapboard; a smokehouse, circa 1830, measuring approximately 15' by 20' and constructed of shaped logs; and a barn, circa 1830, constructed of beaded clapboard. Also located within the nominated acreage is the 3/4 mile carriage lane; remains of the plantation mill dam and lake; and the remains of the plantation's rice field and irrigation ditches fed by the mill lake. As these elements represent an attempt to transplant the low country rice culture to the midlands area, they have been included within the area of Rip Raps Plantation complex nominated to the National Register.

# **8** SIGNIFICANCE

SPECIFIC DATI	es 1858	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT James McBri	de
1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 ¥1800-1899 ¥1900-	XAGRICULTURE XARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY INVENTION	LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	SCIENCE SCULPTURE X_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
PREHISTORIC 1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Rip Raps Plantation, built in 1858, is significant architecturally as an example of vernacular Greek Revival design; for its association with individuals prominent in the development of Sumter County; and for its association with James McBride Dabbs (1896-1970), a regional author. According to a grant located at Rip Raps, the tract of land on which Rip Raps is located was originally granted to Peter Melet by the King of England in 1750, thus making the property among the earliest homesites in Sumter County. By the early 1820s, the plantation became the property of Samuel McBride, a prosperous planter, who expanded the Rip Raps Plantation to approximately 10,000 acres, building a new house, mill, dam and irrigation system for the cultivation of rice. As Samuel McBride's wealth increased, he exercised considerable influence in the community and the Salem Black River Church (nominated to National Register 1978), where he served as trustee and elder.

Upon the death of Samuel McBride in 1850, the plantation passed to his son, James, who was also a planter. It was James McBride who built the present Rip Raps home in 1858. In 1915, the property passed to James McBride's grandson, James McBride Dabbs. A prominen<sup>‡</sup> author and lecturer, James McBride Dabbs made Rip Raps his home until his death in 1970. The property still remains in the McBride-Dabbs family.

<u>AGRICULTURE</u>: Included in the nominated acreage are the remains of the plantation's mill dam, pond, and irrigation system for the rice fields developed by Samuel McBride. This system represents evidences of an attempt to transplant the low country rice culture to the midlands area of the state.

ARCHITECTURE: The house is an example of the vernacular interpretation of Greek Revival architecture. Unusual in its use of twin facades, the house retains much of the original design elements with its emphasis on symmetry characteristic of the style.

In addition to the main house, the property contains a circa 1830 log smokehouse; a circa 1830 structure said to have been a two-story carriage house, notable for its use of beaded clapboard; and a barn believed to have been built from the remains of the earlier home of Samuel McBride.

SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN -

LITERATURE: James McBride Dabbs (1896-1970) has been recognized nationally for his writings on the southern culture and race relations. Mr. Dabbs published more than one hundred articles in journals of national or regional scope. His book <u>The Southern Heritage</u> (1958) was awarded the Brotherhood Award by the National Conference of Christians and Jews. He served as a member of the Board of Directors of the South Carolina Council on Human Relations; President of the Southern Regional Council; and member of the Board of Trustees, Penn Community Services.

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Dabbs, Edith. "Rip Raps." Unpublished manuscript. 13p.

DuBose, Louise Jones, ed. <u>South Carolina Lives</u>. Hopkinsville, Kentucky: Historical Association, 1963, p. 134.

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10 GEOGRAP	HICAL DATA		See Continuation Sheet
ACREAGE OF NOM	NATED PROPERTY 215 acres more	e or less	for Longitude & Latitude
QUADRANGLE N. UTM REFEREN		lina	QUADRANGLE SCALE
		В└─────	
			EASTING NORTHING
EL L_		FL l	
GL L_		н	
VERBAL BOUND	DARY DESCRIPTION		
			S.C. Highway #378. On the west continued
LIST ALL S	TATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTI	ES OVERLAPPIN	G STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
11 FORM PRE	PARED BY	<u></u>	
	ulie Burr	W. Wayn	e Grav
	<u>istoric Preservation Division</u>		Lynches Council of Governments
ORGANIZATION	outh Carolina Department of		DATE
STREET & NUMBER	Dest Office Day 11 CCO Car		TELEPHONE (002) 750 5016
CITY OR TOWN	Post Office Box 11,669, Car		n (803) 758-5816 STATE
	Columbia		South Carolina
<b>12 STATE HIS</b>	TORIC PRESERVATION	<b>OFFICER</b>	CERTIFICATION
	THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF	THIS PROPERTY	WITHIN THE STATE IS:
NATIC			LOCAL
As the designated Sta	ate Historic Preservation Officer for the N	ational Historic Pr	eservation Act \$1966 (Public Law 89-665), I
		egister and pertify	y that it has been evaluated according to the
criteria and procedure	es set forth by the National Park Service.		$\leq 1$
STATE HISTORIC PRE	SERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE	Lell's	1. L. P
TITLE	Charles E. Lee	Officer	DATE 10/10 /78
FOR NPS USE ONLY	State Historic Preservation		
I HEREBY CERTIF	Y THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED I	N THE NATIONA	
1. 0	harly adjusing for		DATE 12.12.78
ATTEST: KEEPER OF T	HE NATIONAL REGISTER H. GIMONE		DATE 12/2/28
GHEEDERE			173/10

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CONTINUATION SHEET . ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE

Edgar, Walter B., ed. <u>Biographical Directory of the South Carolina House of</u> <u>Representatives</u>. Columbia: University of South Carolina Press, 1974. p. 259.

Interviews with Mrs. James McBride Dabbs, June 1978.

Moulton, Brenda Shipley, project chairman. <u>Sumter County Historical Vignettes</u>. Sumter: Sumter County Tricentennial Committee, 1970. n.p.

Nicholes, Cassie. <u>Historical Sketches of Sumter County</u>. Sumter: Sumter County Historical Commission, 1975. pp. 144-145, 228-230.

Utsey, Walter Scott. <u>Who's Who in South Carolina</u>. Columbia: Current Historical Commission. p. 117.

CONTINUATION SHEET

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### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



. ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 2

the boundary runs parallel to the Plantation's carriage lane, at a distance of 500 feet from the center line of the lane, until it intersects with a small stream approximately one mile south of Highway #378. At this point, the boundary runs in a southeasterly direction along the stream until it reaches a point approximately one-half mile from the western boundary. At this point, the boundary runs in a northeasterly direction parallel to the western boundary for a distance of approximately one-half mile. At this point, the boundary runs in a northwesterly direction until it reaches a point 500 feet east of the center line of the carriage lane. The boundary then follows the carriage lane northward until it intersects with S. C. Highway #378.

With the exception of its northern boundary on S. C. Highway #378, the nominated acreage is bounded on all sides by property belonging to Mrs. James McBride Dabbs.

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 3

Longitude and Latitude

A.  $N33^{\circ} - 54^{\circ} - 30^{\circ}$   $W80^{\circ} - 08^{\circ} - 55^{\circ}$ B.  $N33^{\circ} - 54^{\circ} - 18^{\circ}$   $W80^{\circ} - 08^{\circ} - 25^{\circ}$ C.  $N33^{\circ} - 53^{\circ} - 24^{\circ}$   $W80^{\circ} - 09^{\circ} - 06^{\circ}$ D.  $N33^{\circ} - 53^{\circ} - 37^{\circ}$  $W80^{\circ} - 09^{\circ} - 32^{\circ}$ 



DEC 1 . Nore

Supplemental Enclosur QCT 1919/0 Plat of Rip Raps Plantation indicating the nominated acreage. Santee-Lynches Council of Govts.

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RECEIVED AUG 1 7 1978 S. C. DEPARTMENT. OF ARCHIVES & HISTORY

Supplemental Enclosure Sketch Map of Rip Raps Plantation Sumter County, South Carolina Drawn by Santee- Lynches Council of Governments OCT 1919/6

NOT TO SCALE PLEASE NOTE: THE BOUNDARY OF THE NOMINATED AREA EXTENDS SLIGHTLY OFF OF THE EDGE OF THIS SKETCH & IS DELINEATED IN RED.

DEC 1 % 1978

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#### "RIP RAPS"

Original blue-print of the plantation home built by James McBride at the age of eighteen just prior to his marriage on February 22, 1859, to Sophronia Adams Warren, two years his senior.

He named the house in memory of a happy boyhood trip to visit relatives in the north. On the way home his party had camped one night beside the Rip Raps River, a small mountain stream in Virginia. After his house was completed and he heard the rain rushing down the long gutters, he was remained of the night he had slept to the music of the little river gurgling and splashing , over the rocks.

James died in 1864 leaving a small daughter, Maude, and an infant son, Ouy. His widow, who never remarried, lived here until her death in 1915, Ouy died a bachelor and Maude married Bugens Whitefield Dabbs. To their second son, James McBride Dabbs, his grandmother left her home, Rip Raps. At one time, Rip Raps Plantation comprised 10,000 acres.

Supplemental Enclosu**DCT 1 9 1078** Architectural plans for Rip Raps Plantation. In possession of Mrs. James McBride Dabbs. Note: These preliminary plans were

followed with a slight alteration in the configuration of the porch on the north & south facades. (Piers were used rather than free standing columns)

DEC 1 2 1978