

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

**National Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination Form**

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

For NPS use only

received FEB 12 1986
date entered MAR 28 1986

1. Name

historic St. Anthony's Hospital

and/or common

2. Location

street & number 202 E. Green Street

N/A not for publication

city, town Morrilton

N/A vicinity of

state Arkansas

code 05

county

Conway

code 029

3. Classification

Category

☐ district
☒ building(s)
☐ structure
☐ site
☐ object

Ownership

☐ public
☒ private
☐ both
Public Acquisition
☐ in process
☐ being considered

Status

☐ occupied
☒ unoccupied
☐ work in progress
Accessible
☒ yes: restricted
☐ yes: unrestricted
☐ no

Present Use

☐ agriculture
☐ commercial
☐ educational
☐ entertainment
☐ government
☐ industrial
☐ military

☐ museum
☐ park
☐ private residence
☐ religious
☐ scientific
☐ transportation
☒ other: VACANT

4. Owner of Property

name St. Anthony's Apartments an Arkansas Limited Partnership

street & number P. O. Box 637 ATTN: Mr. W. C. Minton

city, town Morrilton

N/A vicinity of

state Arkansas 72023

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Conway County Courthouse

street & number Moore Street

city, town Morrilton

state Arkansas

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

title N/A

has this property been determined eligible? ☐ yes ☐ no

date ☐ federal ☐ state ☐ county ☐ local

depository for survey records

city, town

state

7. Description

Condition

☐ excellent
☐ good
☒ fair

☐ deteriorated
☐ ruins
☐ unexposed

Check one

☐ unaltered
☒ altered

Check one

☒ original site
☐ moved date _____

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

SUMMARY

With a view of the Arkansas River to the south and the mountains to the southwest, St. Anthony's Hospital in Morrilton, Conway County, is an imposing three-story Art Deco-inspired brick and stone structure. Designed by Arkansas architect A.N. McAninch in 1935, this unique local example of a popular early twentieth century style was constructed in 1937 following two years of funding difficulties. A planned third floor, evident in the original drawings, was added in 1949 in response to a need for additional facilities. Until 1970, St. Anthony's served as an important regional hospital and today remains the most significant Art Deco structure in this central Arkansas community.

ELABORATION

Possessing a commanding presence on Sayles Hill, three blocks from the heart of Morrilton, St. Anthony's Hospital is one of the community's most impressive structures, for not only is it larger in scale than most, but it is the city's best example of Art Deco design.

The hospital's site, bounded by Green and Moose Streets, is scattered with large hardwood trees. Two concrete drives enter from Green Street on the west and a concrete walk leads from Moose Street to the building's main entrance.

Facing north, the three-story structure is located on the site of the Burrows House, a Colonial Revival residence that served as the first hospital. The frame house was demolished to make room for the present hospital. Salvaged materials were utilized in the construction of a two-story stone residence for the Benedictine Sisters, which until two years ago, was located near the southeast corner of the hospital. A utility building still stands to the rear.

St. Anthony's was designed by A.N. McAninch, a successful Arkansas architect who designed a number of Art Deco-influenced PWA-funded buildings throughout the state. Plans and specifications for St. Anthony's, Job No. 210, reveal that at the time of its initial design, the future addition of a third floor was anticipated. Though the building was originally two stories in height, the third floor, added in 1949, has the appearance of being original, as does the three-story two-bay addition to the west end of the hospital which was added at the same time.

St. Anthony's is of concrete, brick and steel construction. The plan is symmetrical, with two slightly splayed wings joined at the center by front and rear projections. The west wing exceeds the length of the east wing by the two bays added in 1949. A one-story projection on the east end accommodates the chapel/assembly room. Constructed with a basement, the wall above grade is concrete. The dominate material of each elevation is buff brick, with a darker brick laid in vertical bands detailing the spandrels between floors.

Splayed brick pilasters with stone caps and recessed vertical slots above and below the third floor level alternate with paired six-over-six double-hung wood windows. Slender brick pilasters with horizontally-grooved smooth stone caps separate each set of paired windows. The repetition of wide and slender pilasters serve to counteract

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date entered

Continuation sheet 1

Item number 7

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the horizontal emphasis of the plan. Original drawings indicate that steel casement windows with transoms were specified, possibly to satisfy PWA requirements. Wood double-hung windows were substituted, most likely as a result of the change in funding arrangements.

The building's flat roof with parapet is embellished with a stone coping detailed with a continuous chevron pattern. Positioned directly above each third floor window are slender stepped stone pinnacles, the points of which extend above the parapet. A central penthouse with two casement windows on each of its four sides extends above roof.

Located in the center of the front (north) elevation, a two-story projection features a stepped stone frontispiece surrounding a double-doored main entrance. The corners of the projection are accentuated by paired piers detailed similarly to the pilasters. A pair of windows is positioned above the stone frontispiece and penetrate each floor of the east and west sides of the projection. A glass transom above the wood and glass doors originally was etched with the hospital's name. The smooth stone surrounding the entrance is detailed with vertical grooves and a pair of stylized reliefs of caducei. Steps, flanked by stepped stone pedestals, lead from the walk to the entrance.

The east elevation features a one-story flat-roofed projection with six windows on its east side and three recessed vertical slots in the brick wall of the north side. Detailing of this chapel projection is similar to the rest of the building. The west elevation was extended in 1949 with the addition of a three-story annex with a high basement. This elevation is detailed identically to the east, with four pairs of windows per floor, including the basement, in which was located the chaplain's suite.

The south (rear) elevation is dominated by a five-sided central projection above which rises the penthouse. Curved concrete sun decks with metal railings extend from the second and third floors. The end bays of this elevation project from the corners. Originally, a Potter spiral slide fire escape, which in appearance resembled a metal silo, was attached to the east side of the west corner projection. A one-story flat-roofed kitchen extension was added in 1949.

The interior of St. Anthony's is in deteriorated condition. Central corridors run the length of each floor. Walls are plaster and the simple wood trim is stained and varnished. Green tile wainscot is found in some of the rooms. Multi-colored linoleum tiles laid in a decorative pattern cover the floor.

The lobby, which is approximately 900 square feet, is located inside the front entrance. A hexagonal pattern in the plaster ceiling is this space's only ornamentation. An opening in the east wall allows communication between the lobby and the adjacent office. Several steps separate the lobby from the main corridor. The most striking feature of the interior is the curved stair positioned at the center of the building. A curved cantilevered plaster ceiling projects above the stair, creating a dramatic effect in an otherwise utilitarian interior. An elevator is located directly behind the stair and a simple chapel at the east end of the first floor corridor.

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When originally built, the hospital had twenty-nine rooms, a laboratory and two operating rooms. With the addition of the third floor and the west annex, the facilities were expanded to include fifty rooms, an emergency room, fracture room, maternity suite, radiology room, an improved dietary department and additional laboratory and surgical space.

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400–1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500–1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600–1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700–1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800–1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900–	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates	Designed 1935	Builder/Architect	J. H. Leveck & Son - Builder
	Constructed 1937		A. N. McAninch - Architect

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

SUMMARY

St. Anthony's Hospital, located on Sayles Hill in the small central Arkansas River community of Morrilton, was designed in 1935 and constructed in 1937. This facility was one of three Arkansas hospitals then being operated by the Benedictine Sisters of St. Scholastica Convent at Fort Smith, Arkansas, and was the only health care facility of its kind available to this multi-county region of the state. Designed by Little Rock architect A. N. McAninch, St. Anthony's is a unique local example of the Art Deco style. Constructed of buff brick with cast stone ornament, the hospital was originally two stories in height. A planned third floor, evident in the original 1935 drawings, and a one-bay extension to the west, were added in 1949.

ELABORATION

Occupying the highest point in Morrilton, St. Anthony's Hospital is the second medical facility to be located on Sayles Hill. The original St. Anthony's, the first hospital in Conway County, was established in 1925 by the Benedictine Sisters. The history of the Benedictine Sisters in Arkansas dates back to 1880 and the founding of St. Scholastica's Convent in Fort Smith, which followed a significant immigration of Catholic farmers. In 1916 the Sisters first began their involvement with hospital administration when they joined forces with the Benedictine Sisters operating St. Joseph's Hospital in Booneville, Missouri.

Located in the Burrows House, a two-story frame Colonial Revival residence, the first hospital accommodated only fourteen beds. Due to the inadequate facilities and an ever-increasing number of patients, the Sisters decided in 1935 to construct a new hospital on the same site. Following the demolition of the Burrows House, the hospital was temporarily located in a dormitory at Harding College and later at Jones Hospital.

Planned under the name of "Municipal Hospital", Addenda No. 3 to the plans and specifications dated July 6, 1935, formally changed the name of the soon-to-be built hospital to St. Anthony's.

Though designed in 1935, St. Anthony's was delayed by unanticipated funding difficulties that postponed construction until 1937. Originally to be funded through the Public Works Administration (PWA), plans had to be changed when it was determined that the PWA would not fund the project if the Benedictine Sisters were involved. The original plan had centered around a contract between the Sisters and the city, calling for the latter to lease the building for a sum equal to the interest on the loan. Under the contract, the Sisters would be deeded the hospital once the city had repaid the loan. A 1935 Arkansas Gazette article explains that "The PWA officials refused to permit the contract between Morrilton and the Benedictine Sisters to have any part in the application for the loan. Instead, Washington has insisted that the city prepare to pay a five mill tax beginning next year, the proceeds of which to insure the interest

9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property 3.5 acres

Quadrangle name Morrilton East

Quadrangle scale 1:24000

UTM References

A

1	5	5	2	3	3	6	0	3	8	8	9	2	4	0
Zone		Easting				Northing								

B

Zone		Easting				Northing								

C

Zone		Easting				Northing								

D

Zone		Easting				Northing								

E

Zone		Easting				Northing								

F

Zone		Easting				Northing								

G

Zone		Easting				Northing								

H

Zone		Easting				Northing								

Verbal boundary description and justification

Block 6, Egans Addition to the City of Morrilton, Conway County, Arkansas.

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
-------	------	--------	------

state	code	county	code
-------	------	--------	------

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Tommy Dale Thompson, Broker (Edited by AHPP Staff)

organization St. Anthony's Apartments, Ltd. and
Minton Construction Company

date 1-14-85

street & number P. O. Box 637

telephone (501) 843-3543

city or town Cabot

state Arkansas

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

☐ national ☐ state ☒ local

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

State Historic Preservation Officer signature *Wilson*

title Arkansas SHPO

date 2-7-86

For NPS use only

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register

Chg
Keeper of the National Register

date 3/28/88

Attest:

Chief of Registration

date

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date entered

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and payments on the principal..." Despite the fact that a \$60,000 loan containing a 45% grant had been approved by the PWA, funding plans were changed when the city refused to alter its contract with the Sisters. As a result, several changes were made to the plans. To reduce the total project cost, several PWA requirements were eliminated.

Construction of the hospital finally began in January 1937 after new funding had been secured. J. H. Levick & Sons were the contractors for the project. The building was occupied in November and formally dedicated on the 29th of that month.

The hospital was designed in 1935 by A. N. McAninch, a Little Rock architect who designed a number of PWA-funded projects in Arkansas, among them three buildings at Arkansas State College in Jonesboro and Rison High School. Drawings for these, as well as the hospital, published in the PWA Section of the Arkansas Gazette on October 6, 1935, reveal that McAninch frequently designed in the Art Deco style. Earlier a rendering of St. Anthony's appeared in the Arkansas Gazette on June 9, 1935.

Plans for the hospital called for an initial two-story structure, with a third floor to be added when needed and financially feasible. McAninch's 1935 plans reveal drawings for three floors, with a foundation calculated to accommodate the future third floor. Thus, the building appears to have been built all at once, despite the fact that it was constructed in two stages separated by twelve years.

In 1949, St. Anthony's was still the only hospital in this region of the state and accordingly was feeling the strain of increasing demands on its medical facilities. As a result, Mr. McAninch was once again commissioned along with his partner, Mr. Mahnker, to supervise the addition of the third floor and a one-bay extension to the west side, and other improvements. The \$220,000 necessary to fund this expansion project was secured from several sources: a grant from the federal Hill-Burton Fund, loans from local banking institutions, and a \$25,000 contribution from local businesses and citizens. With the completion of this addition in June of 1950, the St. Anthony's Hospital became one of the most modern and technologically equipped medical facilities in the state.

St. Anthony's continued to supply the only hospital care available to Conway and surrounding counties for more than twenty years. Eventually, the increasing numbers of patients and the lack of up to date medical equipment required the Benedictine Sisters to once again move their hospital to completely new facilities. On April 4, 1970, the doors of St. Anthony's Hospital building were permanently closed.

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BIBLIOGRAPHY

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Imboden, Clarence, letter dated Dec. 3, 1984.

Mahnker, Mr., personal interview, Little Rock, Arkansas.

McAninch, A.N., architectural plans for Job #210, Municipal Hospital, July 6, 1935.

McMinn, W.C., personal interview, Little Rock, Arkansas.

Moose, Mrs. Hope, personal interview, Morrilton, Arkansas.

Morrilton Democrat, June 15, 1950, p. B5.

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Taggart, Bert, personal interview, Little Rock, Arkansas.

less than 50yrs
86000581

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

St. Anthony's Hospital
Conway County
ARKANSAS

Substantive Review

- ☐ resubmission
☐ nomination by person or local government
☐ owner objection
☐ appeal

Substantive Review: ☐ sample ☐ request ☐ appeal ☒ NR decision

Reviewer's comments:

see attached

Working No. FEB 12 1986
Fed. Reg. Date: 2/3/87
Date Due: 3/13/86 - 3/29/86
Action: ACCEPT 3-28-86
RETURN
REJECT
Federal Agency: _____

Recom./Criteria Accept A
Reviewer A. Schlager
Discipline Arch Hist
Date 3/25/86
☒ see continuation sheet

Nomination returned for: _____ technical corrections cited below
_____ substantive reasons discussed below

1. Name

2. Location

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
	Public Acquisition	Accessible	

4. Owner of Property

5. Location of Legal Description

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

Has this property been determined eligible? ☐ yes ☐ no

7. Description

Condition

- ☐ excellent
☐ good
☐ fair

- ☐ deteriorated
☐ ruins
☐ unexposed

Check one

- ☐ unaltered
☐ altered

Check one

- ☐ original site
☐ moved date _____

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

- ☐ summary paragraph
☐ completeness
☐ clarity
☐ alterations/integrity
☐ dates
☐ boundary selection

8. Significance

Period Areas of Significance—Check and justify below

Specific dates Builder/Architect

Statement of Significance (*in one paragraph*)

- ☐ summary paragraph
- ☐ completeness
- ☐ clarity
- ☐ applicable criteria
- ☐ justification of areas checked
- ☐ relating significance to the resource
- ☐ context
- ☐ relationship of integrity to significance
- ☐ justification of exception
- ☐ other

9. Major Bibliographical References

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property _____

Quadrangle name _____

UTM References _____

Verbal boundary description and justification _____

11. Form Prepared By

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

____ national ____ state ____ local

State Historic Preservation Officer signature

title date

13. Other

- ☐ Maps
- ☐ Photographs
- ☐ Other

Questions concerning this nomination may be directed to _____

Signed _____ Date _____ Phone: _____

REQUEST FOR DECISION ON PROPERTIES ACHIEVING SIGNIFICANCE WITHIN THE LAST 50 YEARS

Names of Nominated Properties:

St. Anthony's Hospital

Recommendation:

A

Others (see attached): yes _____ no ☒

Explanation of recommendation:

☒ attached to this sheet

_____ attached to individual property evaluation/return sheet

_____ attached to MRA/Theme cover evaluation/return sheet

Additional Comments:

Region turned down Part 1 (although additional documentation was received here it appears we were not notified that Region had received it from the State in its submission) *Conn Carroll*

Reviewer:

A Schlager

Date:

3/25/86

Reviewer's Comments

This structure is an extremely significant resource within the context of south central Arkansas, for it represents the historical development of health care in a region with very limited health services. The building was designed by a prominent Arkansas architect for the religious order of St. Benedictine, who served as the sole religious and social/humanitarian organization of this rural section of the state. The hospital was planned in the midst of the depression as a project of the Public Works Administration (PWA). Before construction began, however, the project had to be removed from the PWA administration because of its connection to the religious order. Therefore, the funds for the building had to be raised privately, and the building was not constructed until two years later in 1937.

The building was constructed as a two story building in accordance with the plans published locally. In 1949, a third floor was added to the building. At that time, the coping was removed, and the new floor added. Brick decorative elements were continued to the top, and finished in a new cornice. Two additional bays also added. The form of the building, including the rear center projecting form was not substantially altered and is still highly visible today. The additional story was planned for in the original construction documents.

The nomination form makes a case for the significance of the property as an important resource in the history and development of health care in this region of the state. Its exceptional importance as a 1935-37 resource is demonstrated. Its architectural character is representative of a 1930's building, drawn from 1930's plan, although clearly what is visible today is a 1949 form.

WASO-11
Revised (11-85)

(Indicate routing order by number - strike out office when cleared)

CHECK	INTERIOR MAIL STOP	NPS ORG. CODE	OFFICE TITLE	CHECK	INTERIOR MAIL STOP	NPS ORG. CODE	OFFICE TITLE
	3106	001	DIRECTOR		3116	470	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, NATURAL RESOURCES
	3320		Assistant to the Director		3021	475	Air Quality Division (WASO)
	3410		Assistant to the Director (Tourism)		3021	479	Water Resources Division (WASO)
			Assistant to the Director (Park Initiatives)		3223	480	Energy, Mining & Minerals Div. (WASO)
	3106	002	DEPUTY DIRECTOR		L ST.	485	Biological Resources Division
	3127	003	Assistant Director, Office of Minority Business Enterprise		L ST.	498	Special Science Projects Division
	1229	010	Bureau Equal Opportunity Officer		3120	500	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, PARK OPERATIONS
	1226	022	Special Assistant Policy Development		L ST.	501	Environmental Sanitation Officer
	3043	040	Office of Public Affairs		L ST.	610	Engineering & Safety Services Division
	3211	170	Legislative & Congressional Affairs		3310	650	Visitor Services Division
	3211	180	Legislation		L ST.		Interpretation
	3222	190	Congressional Liaison		3310		Ranger Activities
					L ST.		Special Programs & Populations
					L ST.	680	Concessions Division
	3126	200	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, PERSONNEL & ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES		3130	760	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
	L ST.	230	Administrative Services Division		1210	762	Environmental Compliance Division
	3323	240	Personnel Division		3013	763	Park Planning & Special Studies Division
	2328	260	WASO Personnel		L ST.	765	Recreation Resources Assistance Division
	L ST.	280	Training Division		L ST.	767	Land Resources Division
	L ST.		Albright Training Center		L ST.	770	Cooperative Activities Division
	L ST.		Mather Training Center		L ST.	773	International Park Affairs
					L ST.	775	Recreation Grants Division
	3126	300	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, FINANCIAL & DATA SYSTEMS		L ST.	475	FIELD OFFICES
	L ST.	310	Finance Division		L ST.	479	Air Quality Division (Denver)
	2711	330	Budget Division		L ST.	480	Water Resources Division (Ft. Collins)
	L ST.	350	Information & Data Systems Division		L ST.	1100	Energy, Mining & Minerals Division (Denver)
					L ST.	1200	Harpers Ferry Center (HFC)
	3127	400	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, CULTURAL RESOURCES		L ST.	1600	Rocky Mountain Region (RMR)
		410	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, CULTURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT		L ST.	2000	North Atlantic Region (NAR)
	L ST.	413	Interagency Resources Division		L ST.	3000	Denver Service Center (DSC)
	L ST.	418	History Division		L ST.	4000	National Capital Region (NCR)
		420	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSISTANCE		L ST.	5000	Mid-Atlantic Region (MAR)
	L ST.	422	Park Historic Architecture Division		L ST.	6000	Southeast Region (SER)
	L ST.	424	Preservation Assistance Division		L ST.	7000	Midwest Region (MWR)
	L ST.	429	HABS/HAER Division		L ST.	8000	Southwest Region (SWR)
	L ST.	430	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, ARCHEOLOGY		L ST.	9000	Western Region (WR)
	L ST.	434	Anthropology Division		L ST.	9700	Pacific Northwest Region (PNWR)
	L ST.	436	Archeological Assistance Division				Alaska Region (AR)
				CENTRAL FILES _____ MAIL ROOM _____			
REMARKS: <i>Due 3-29-86 - Urgent!</i> <i>Less than 50 yr old monument</i>							
SIGNATURE <i>Carol Hull</i>				DATE <i>3-27-86</i>			

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

WASO-11
Revised (11-85)

ROUTING SLIP

(Indicate routing order by number - strike out office when cleared)

CHECK	INTERIOR MAIL STOP	NPS ORG. CODE	OFFICE TITLE	CHECK	INTERIOR MAIL STOP	NPS ORG. CODE	OFFICE TITLE
	3106	001	DIRECTOR		3116	470	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, NATURAL RESOURCES
			Assistant to the Director		3021	475	Air Quality Division (WASO)
	3320		Assistant to the Director (Tourism)		3021	479	Water Resources Division (WASO)
	3410		Assistant to the Director (Park Initiatives)		3223	480	Energy, Mining & Minerals Div. (WASO)
	3106	002	DEPUTY DIRECTOR		L ST.	485	Biological Resources Division
	3127	003	Assistant Director, Office of Minority Business Enterprise		L ST.	498	Special Science Projects Division
	1229	010	Bureau Equal Opportunity Officer		3120	500	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, PARK OPERATIONS
	1226	022	Special Assistant Policy Development		L ST.	501	Environmental Sanitation Officer
	3043	040	Office of Public Affairs		L ST.	610	Engineering & Safety Services Division
	3211	170	Legislative & Congressional Affairs		3310	650	Visitor Services Division
	3211	180	Legislation		L ST.		Interpretation
	3222	190	Congressional Liaison		3310		Ranger Activities
					L ST.		Special Programs & Populations
	3126	200	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, PERSONNEL & ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES		L ST.	680	Concessions Division
	L ST.	230	Administrative Services Division		3130	760	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
	3323	240	Personnel Division		1210	762	Environmental Compliance Division
	2328	260	WASO Personnel		3013	763	Park Planning & Special Studies Division
	L ST.	280	Training Division		L ST.	765	Recreation Resources Assistance Division
	L ST.		Albright Training Center		L ST.	767	Land Resources Division
	L ST.		Mather Training Center		L ST.	770	Cooperative Activities Division
	3126	300	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, FINANCIAL & DATA SYSTEMS		L ST.	773	International Park Affairs
	L ST.	310	Finance Division		L ST.	775	Recreation Grants Division
	2711	330	Budget Division				<u>FIELD OFFICES</u>
	L ST.	350	Information & Data Systems Division		L ST.	475	Air Quality Division (Denver)
	3127	400	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, CULTURAL RESOURCES		L ST.	479	Water Resources Division (Ft. Collins)
		410	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, CULTURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT		L ST.	480	Energy, Mining & Minerals Division (Denver)
6113	L ST.	413	Interagency Resources Division		L ST.	1100	Harpers Ferry Center (HFC)
4209	L ST.	418	History Division		L ST.	1200	Rocky Mountain Region (RMR)
		420	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSISTANCE		L ST.	1600	North Atlantic Region (NAR)
4141	L ST.	422	Park Historic Architecture Division		L ST.	2000	Denver Service Center (DSC)
6329	L ST.	424	Preservation Assistance Division		L ST.	3000	National Capital Region (NCR)
6101	L ST.	429	HABS/HAER Division		L ST.	4000	Mid-Atlantic Region (MAR)
8220	L ST.	430	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, ARCHEOLOGY		L ST.	5000	Southeast Region (SER)
4319	L ST.	434	Anthropology Division		L ST.	6000	Midwest Region (MWR)
8220	L ST.	436	Archeological Assistance Division		L ST.	7000	Southwest Region (SWR)
					L ST.	8000	Western Region (WR)
					L ST.	9000	Pacific Northwest Region (PNWR)
					L ST.	9700	Alaska Region (AR)
				CENTRAL FILES _____ MAIL ROOM _____			

REMARKS:

Rowland Bowers - L Street - Room 6311
Ron Greenberg - L Street - Room 6307
Mae Simon - L Street - Room 6305
Kari Koester - L Street - Room 6305

SIGNATURE

Associate Director, Cultural Resources

DATE



St. Anthony's Hospital

Morrilton, Conway Co.

Front Entrance

Photographed by Don Brown & Mike Swanda

November 1985

Negative on file at AHPP



St. Anthony's Hospital

Morrilton, Conway Co.

Rear Elevation

Photographed by Don Brown & Mike Swanda

November 1985

Negative on file at AHPP



St. Anthony's Hospital

Morrilton, Conway Co.

View from northeast corner

Photographed by Don Brown & Mike Swanda

November 1985

Negative on file at AHPP



St. Anthony's Hospital

Morrilton, Conway Co.

Interior Stair

Photographed by Don Brown & Mike Swanda

November 1985

Negative on file at AHPP



St. Anthony's Hospital

Morrilton, Conway Co.

Main Corridor

Photographed by Don Brown & Mike Swanda

November 1985

Negative on file at AHPP



St. Anthony's Hospital

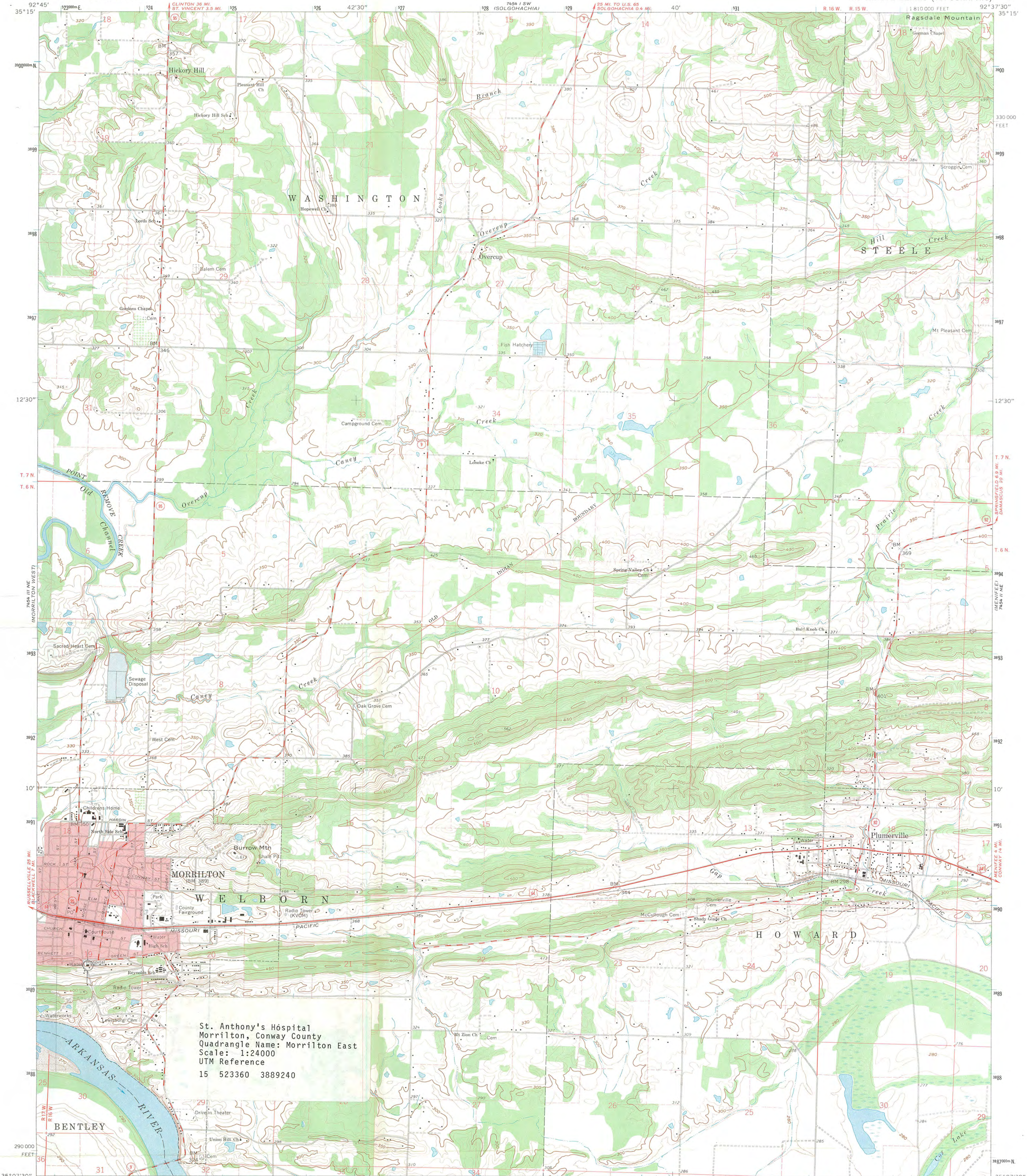
Morrilton, Conway Co.

Rear Elevation

Photographed by Don Brown & Mike Swanda

November 1985

Negative on file at AHPP



St. Anthony's Hospital
Morrilton, Conway County
Quadrangle Name: Morrilton East
Scale: 1:24000
UTM Reference
15 523360 3889240

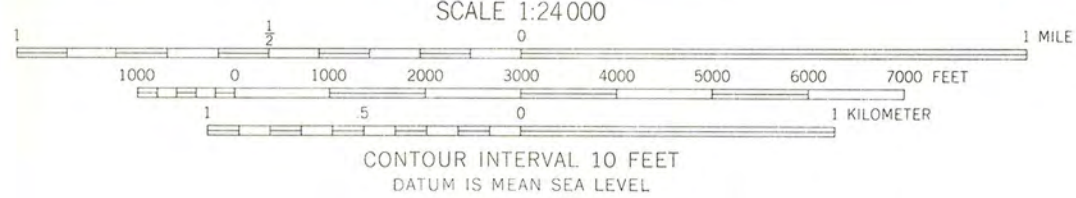
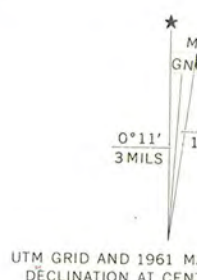
Mapped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey

Control by USGS, USC&GS, and USCE

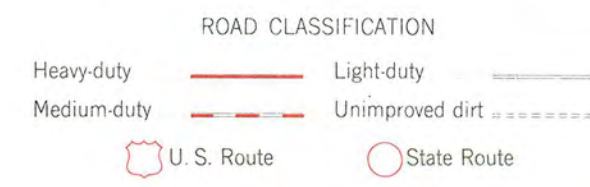
Topography by photogrammetric methods from aerial
photographs taken 1958. Field checked 1961

Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum
10,000-foot grid based on Arkansas coordinate system, north zone
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,
zone 15, shown in blue

Red tint indicates area in which only landmark buildings are shown
Fine red dashed lines indicate selected fence and field lines where
generally visible on aerial photographs. This information is unchecked



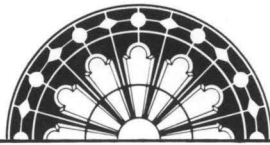
THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS
FOR SALE BY U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 80225, OR WASHINGTON, D. C. 20242
AND BY THE ARKANSAS GEOLOGICAL COMMISSION, LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS 72201
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST



MORRILTON EAST, ARK.
N 3507.5—W 9237.5/7.5

1961

AMS 7454 II NW-SERIES V884



Reed

FEB 12 1986

ARKANSAS
HISTORIC
PRESERVATION
PROGRAM

February 5, 1986

Carol D. Shull
Chief of Registration
United States Department of the Interior
National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service
1100 "L" Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20240

Re: St. Anthony's Hospital
Morrilton - Conway County

Dear Carol:

We are enclosing for your review the nomination for the St. Anthony's Hospital. The Arkansas Historic Preservation Program has complied with all applicable nominating procedures and notification requirements in the nomination process.

Because this building is an exception to the fifty year criteria, we are requesting substantive review for the nomination.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Wilson Stiles
State Historic Preservation Officer

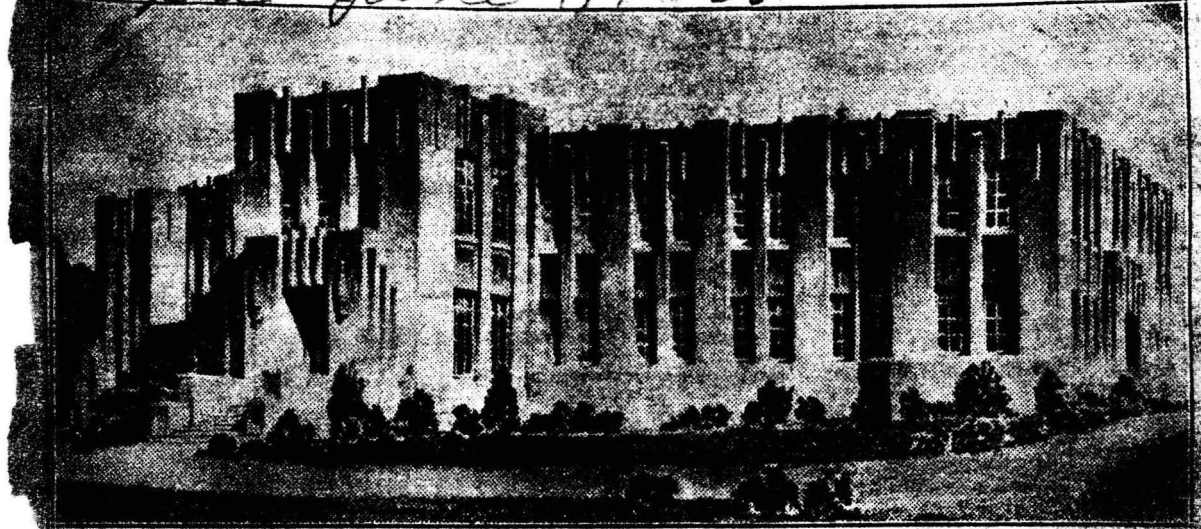
WS/JW/do

Enclosure/s



Hospital of Concrete, Brick and Steel to Replace Frame Structure at Morrilton as Result of Assistance by P.W.A.

Gazette June 9, 1935



DRAWING OF PROPOSED ST. ANTHONY'S HOSPITAL, MORRILTON.

The PWA bond purchase agreement for erection of a new St. Anthony's hospital at Morrilton, involving approximately \$55,000, was signed last week and bids will be sought soon. The plans and specifications have been prepared by A. N. McAninch, Little Rock architect. The hospital will replace the present St. Anthony's hospital operated by the Benedictine Sisters of Fort Smith. The sisters will use building at Harding College temporarily until the new building is completed. The new hospital will be erected under an agreement with the city. The hospital which will be fireproof, will be of concrete, brick and steel construction. It will be two stories with a 25-bed capacity, two operating rooms, a nurses' hall and an x-ray outfit in each room. Application for the hospital has been pending since the PWA was created. Construction is expected to require four or five months. The new building will replace an old building at the corner of Grand and Second streets, on the Old Morrilton site. The old building was destroyed by fire in 1928.