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United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

JAN 2 1983

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

(Form 10-900a). Type all entries.			
1. Name of Property			
historic name Halfway	Rock Light Stati	on	
other names/site number			
2. Location			
street & number Casco Bay, Off	Bailey Island		N/A not for publication
city, town South Harpswell			x vicinity
state Maine code	ME county	Cumberland code	005 zip code 04079
3. Ciassification			
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of	Resources within Property
private	building(s)	Contributir	ng Noncontributing
public-local	district		buildings
public-State	site		sites
X public-Federal	X structure	1	structures
	object		objects
		1	() Total
Name of related multiple property listing	ı: ·	Number of	contributing resources previously
Light Stations of Maine	,		e National Register()
			- Transfer Tiogram
4. State/Federal Agency Certificat	tion		
National Register of Historic Places a In my opinion, the property X meets Signature of certifying official Maine Historic Preservat. State or Federal agency and bureau In my epimpo, the property meets Signature of commenting or other official State or Federal agency and bureau	does not meet the	National Register criteria.	See continuation sheet
5. National Park Service Certificat	tion		
I, hereby, certify that this property is:	\sim	_	
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register.	Umy e	Schlagel	3/14/88
removed from the National Register. other, (explain:)			
		Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)		
Transportation: Water-Related	Transportation: Water-Related		
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
	foundation <u>Stone: Granite</u>		
Other: Light Station	walls Stone: Granite		
	roof <u>Metal: Cast Tron</u>		
	roof <u>Metal: Cast Tron</u>		

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

Standing on a rock outcropping in Casco Bay, the Halfway Rock Light Station, built in 1871, is composed of a tall tapered granite tower connected to a boathouse. The complex formerly had a skeleton fog horn tower, an elevated pyramidal oil house, a second boathouse, and a fog signal.

The Halfway Rock light tower rises to a height of nearly sixty-six feet from its base to the middle of its prominent lantern. Its quarry faced granite shaft is punctuated by a vertical row of four windows on both the north and south faces, and a single window in the west side. The base is crowned by a molded granite cornice that is capped by a steel deck and railing. The interior stair leads into the cast iron base that supports the lantern. A door opens off of this base onto the deck surmounting the tower. From here a ladder rises to the narrow walkway which enframes the twelve-sided lantern and its dome shaped iron roof. The tower contains within its walls the keeper's house and storage facilities.

Projecting from the north face of the tower the boathouse is a rectangular brick building. Small windows punctuate each side elevation and a door, formerly sheltered by a narrow shed roofed vestibule, is positioned on the west elevation. A boat slip extends from the gable end of the building.

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this prop	perty in relation to other properties:	
Applicable National Register Criteria XA BXC	□D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	□D □E □F □G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Engineering Transportation	Period of Significance 1871-1937	Significant Dates 1871
	Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder U.S. Army Corps of Engi	neers, Designer

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

Halfway Rock Light Station, which occupies a shallow rock ledge in Casco Bay, was established in 1871 to mark this dangerous position in a very heavily trafficked approach to Portland. The station maintains its integrity of design, materials, setting and association, and meets the requirements for registration as described in the multiple property submission "Light Stations of Maine". Evaluation of significance has been made in association with the related historic contexts Maritime Transportation in Maine: ca.1600-1917 and Federal Lighthouse Management: 1789-1939.

The 1867 Report of the Light-House Board states that "...an estimate of appropriation required to mark with a light-house this dangerous rock was submitted to Congress at its last session...." It was not until 1869, however, that construction of the light was authorized and an appropriation of \$50,000 made for it. The station was made operational in August 15, 1871, by which time the boathouse and slip were completed. In 1888 a pyramidal skeleton bell tower was added to the site; in 1889 a new boathouse was built. An oil house was constructed on a pyramidal skeleton frame in 1890; and a fog signal was established prior to 1905. The light was automated in 1975.

Halfway rock light derives significance under criteria A and C. Criteria A is satisfied by the association of the complex with Maine's critical reliance on maritime transportation and the aids that made navigation possible. Criteria C is met by the station's distinctive character clearly reflecting one variation of light station design and construction in the 1870s.

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500	CON	แทบส	mon	SNAAT

9. Major Bibliographical References	
Annual Report of the Light-House Board.	Washington, D.C.: U.S.G.P.O., various dates
	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Drimon, location of additional data:
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested	Primary location of additional data: X State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark	X Federal agency Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Specify repository: U. S. Coast Guard
necold #	U. S. COASC GUALU
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property	
UTM References	
A [1,9] [4 1,6 3,5,0] [4,8 3,3 9,6,0]	B L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
Zone Easting Northing C	Zone Easting Northing D
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
	s call acre occupies the shallow rock out-
cropping of Halfway Rock and referenced 55-5c-502.	in the Maine Coastal Island Registry as
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The houndary of the Halfway Book I	ight Ctation ombrages the light structure and
	ight Station embraces the light structure and the area historically associated with this
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Kirk F. Mohney, Architectural His	storian
organization Maine Historic Preservation Comm	ission date October, 1987
street & number 55 Capitol Street, Station #65	telephone 207/289-2132
city or town Augusta,	stateMaine zip code04333_

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