CITY, TOWN

Madison

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED NOV 1 4

STATE Wisconsin 53706

NOV 1 4 1979 JAN 1 7 1980

SEEI	NSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW T</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES (<i>O COMPLETE NATIONAL</i> COMPLETE APPLICABLE		3
NAME				
HISTORIC				
	te Bank of Ladysmith			
AND/OR COMMON Old Pic	neer Bank Building			
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER				
102 West 2nd Street CITY TOWN Ladysmith			NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 7th		
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Wis	consin	- 55	Rusk	107
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE	
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X.BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	X_COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO ``\`	MILITARY	OTHER:
OWNER OF	PROPERTY			
NAME				
	nd Marilyn Kulibert			
STREET & NUMBER Rt. 2 B	20 20			
CITY, TOWN	OUX 69		STATE	
Ladysmi	th	VICINITY OF	WI 548	8/48
	OF LEGAL DESCR		WI J-0	J+0
-	01 12011-2-00-			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC. Rusk County Courth	ouse		
STREET & NUMBER				
311	Miner Avenue East			
CITY, TOWN	1		state Wisconsin 5	4848
	lysmith	ING CUDVENC	WISCONSIN 3	4040
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
_				
TÎTLE				
Wis	sconsin Inventory of H	istoric Places		
			TECOUNTYLOCAL	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

__FAIR

__DETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

__RUINS

_XUNALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED

DATE___

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The State Bank of Ladysmith is a two-story, red granite-faced ashlar building located in the heart of the Ladysmith business district. Built in 1912, it is designed in the Neo-Classical Revival style.

The exterior of the 40' by 66' building is distinguished by its entrance portico, supported by paired, polished granite columns and embellished with stone dentils and a granite balcony. The dentils are repeated in the cornice which is topped by a stone parapet. The roof is flat. The granite block faces the two street sides of the building, while red brick is used on the rear wall; its northern wall is common to an adjacent building.

Because of the slightly recessed windows, pilasters are suggested at the corners and horizontal spaces between windows, while paneled spandrels separate first and second story windows. The heavy stone foundation emphasizes the building's granite massing and, according to early advertisements, suggests "the strength and stability of this bank."

Red and white-striped canvas awnings now cover the windows, and the original carved panel over the entrance has been removed. Otherwise, the exterior is identical to dedication photographs of 1912.

The shell of the first floor banking space remains intact, although the mahogany counter and iron tellers' cages have been removed and replaced by temporary wallboard office partitions. White marble wainscoting still covers the lobby walls, and the door and window woodwork is original. Plaster egg and dart molding lines the recessed panel ceiling, and nearly all the leaded glazed panels on the first floor windows remain. The white tile floor has been covered by linoleum.

The second floor was originally divided into office suites, and the wood and glass partitions remain. Entrance to this level is through a stairway in the adjacent Dimrock Drugstore building, construced at the same time. The fully excavated basement was used for storage and still contains one of the two bank vaults. Since the Pioneer Bank moved out in 1964, the building has been rented as office space, with very minor changes to the original structure. It now stands largely vacant.

 $^{^{1}}$ Ladysmith News-Budget, State Bank advertisement, August 23, 1912.

PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW __PREHISTORIC __ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC __COMMUNITY PLANNING __LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE __RELIGION __1400-1499 __ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC __CONSERVATION __LAW _SCIENCE __AGRICULTURE ___1500-1599 __ECONOMICS __LITERATURE __SCULPTURE __1600-1699 **X**ARCHITECTURE EDUCATION __MILITARY __SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN _1700-1799 __ART __ENGINEERING __MUSIC __THEATER __1800-1899 **X**COMMERCE __EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT __PHILOSOPHY __TRANSPORTATION X_1900-__COMMUNICATIONS __INDUSTRY __POLITICS/GOVERNMENT _OTHER (SPECIFY)

__INVENTION

SPECIFIC DATES

1912¹

BUILDER/ARCHITECT W.E. Maddux Contractors 2

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The State Bank of Ladysmith is significant for its historic associations with the development of Ladysmith, particularly its banking and commerce. It is significant for its excellence in design, craftsmanship, and detailing.

Founded in 1886, Ladysmith grew slowly at first, having a population of only 150 in 1900. By 1913 the size had swollen to 3,200 (its present population is 3,700) and the town was called the "Crescent City of the Northwest" because of its site on a bend in the Flambeau River. From 1900 to 1915 much of the present downtown was constructed, with the State Bank Building being "the finest business structure in the city, with no exception," according to a local newspaper. Area newspapers and proud citizenry acclaimed the building's rugged grandeur at its dedication. One western Wisconsin paper later noted that it was "one of the finest bank buildings in this part of the state."

The State Bank was chartered in 1903 and it was decided to build a permanent office building in 1912. The new building's first floor contained bank offices, while the second was leased for office space. The first tenants included two lumber companies, a doctor, an insurance company, and the district attorney. Subsequent tenants were generally doctors and lawyers. The State Bank eventually closed, and the Pioneer Bank moved into the building in 1927, staying until 1964.

Little expense was spared on the bank building. Originally it was to be built of corn-colored brick with imposing marble columns, but bank officers later settled on the stronger image of red granite. Marble, mahogany, and expensive tile were used in the interior. The building's architect, is unknown.

The stone was quarried at $\bar{\text{Lohrville}}$ in Waushara County, an area famed for its durable red granite. Due to a quarry strike, the stone was cut to size on site. The paired entrance columns are polished granite rather than marble.

- 1. cornerstone
- 2. Ladysmith News-Budget, July 26, 1912.
- 3. Ladysmith News-Budget, July 26, 1912.
- 4. Rusk County Journal, March 1913

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Ladysmith News-Budget, January 26, July 26, August 23, 1912 and March 7, 1913.

Rusk County Journal, "Letters to the Editor," March 1913.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA			UTM NOT VERIFIED	_
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 0.				
QUADRANGLE NAME Ladysmith,		OH	ADRANGLE SCALE 1:24000	
UTM REFERENCES			ADMINISTRAÇÃO	
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ELILLIA		FIIII		
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION				
Block 4, Plat of Flambeau Fallin the Northeast 1/4 of the No	ls, City of La	dysmith, Rusk Co		
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNT	ES FOR PROPERTIE	S OVERLAPPING STAT	E OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES	
STATE	CODE.	COUNTY	CODE	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
II FORM PREPARED BY NAME/TITLE James Peters, Proje	ect Surveyor	:		
ORGANIZATION			DATE	
Northwest Regional	Planning Comm	ission	August 21, 1978	
street & NUMBER 302 Walnut Street			TELEPHONE 715/635-2197	
CITY OR TOWN			STATE	
Spooner		i Kaali Inba	Wisconsin 54801	
12 STATE HISTORIC PRES			the first of the continue of the second of the continue of the	_
THE EVALUATED S	SIGNIFICANCE OF TH	HIS PROPERTY WITHIN		
NATIONAL	STATE		LOCAL X	
As the designated State Historic Preservati	on Officer for the Nat	ional Historic Preservati	on Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I	 .
hereby nominate this property for inclusion				
criteria and procedures set forth by the Nat	ional Park Service.		1000 Ac 1088 108	
CTATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIG	NATURE	(Vallation)	News and	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIG	NATURE	Vieneria	1, 4	
TITLE Director, State Hist	orical Society	of Wisconsin	DATE 10/16 /79	
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPE	RTY IS INCLUDED IN	THE NATIONAL REGIS	STER	
JW. Pay Luce	ED		DATE 1/17/80	
ATTEST: Street OF THE NATIONAL REGIST	EU		DATE 1/16/50	
Regional Coordinator			, ,	

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

State Bank of Ladysmith, Ladysmith, Rusk County, Wisconsin

See
CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER below

Architecturally the building is a local adaptation of the Neo-Classical Revival, a style that thrived in the United States during the first decades of the 20th century. The bank's unbroken roofline, flat door and window lintels, pilasters.

and other classical details are major evidences of this architecture, although traces of the more elaborate Beaux Arts style can be found in the paired columns and heavy engaged ballustrade. The Neo-Classical style was often used in bank buildings as a symbol of the institutions' strength and sound business practices, and this local manifestation of the style is characterized by the use of rough

11. Barbara Wyatt, Nominations Specialist, Historic Preservation Division

State Historical Society of Wisconsin

April 2, 1979

PAGE

1

816 State Street

608/262-8904

Madison

cut stone.

Wisconsin 53706