United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received MAR 2 6 1980 date entered MAY 2 3 1980

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all entries—complete applicable s	ections		
1. Name		a) 28-25-45 (2-25-6)	
historic Orth C. Galloway House	o ne proces El Your Towns March States La rest		
2. Location			
street & number 504 Park Street			not for publication
city, town Clarendon	vicinity of	congressional district	First
state Arkansas code	05 county	Monroe	code 095
3. Classification	egandos di to		income itamb
Category Ownership district public building(s) private both site	Status X occupied — unoccupied — work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted — yes: unrestricted — no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner of Proper	ty		en el 4e e el pelos de la como el como
name Mrs. Florence Galloway I	ambert and Miss La	ura Galloway	
street & number 504 Park Street	Lambert and 11135 Ed	idia darroway	
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5. Location of Lega	vicinity of	state	Arkansas 72029
	of sections and and are		
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Mon	roe County Courthou	ise	
street & number Mad	ison and Main	a nati diselim test	
city, town Clarendon	bis trid no oboro we	state /	Arkansas 72029
6. Representation	in Existing	Surveys	
Arkansas Historic Preservat title Program		perty been determined el	egible? yesX no
date November, 1971	god Wineshittings.	federalX_ sta	te county loca
depository for survey records Arkansas	Historic Preservat	ion Program	
city, town Little Rock		state	Arkansas 72201

7. Description

teriorated Check one teriorated unaltered ins altered	Check one original site moved date	
exposed		

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Picturesquely sited on a corner lot planted with oaks and magnolias, the O. C. Galloway House stands as one of the few early-twentieth-century residences in the river town of Clarendon. The two-and-one-half story, hip-roofed wood frame house was constructed for the Galloway family in 1910 by a local contractor, T. J. Morrison, according to drawings prepared in 1906 by the prominent Knoxville, Tennessee architectural firm Barber and Klutz. The Galloway House presents an example of Barber's interpretation of the Colonial Revival style, in this case a building especially influenced by the Georgian architecture of the late eighteenth century.

The stately, almost symmetrical, principal (south) elevation of the house conveys the spirit of the Georgian Revival. Its Classically-derived two-story portico projects from the center of the building and clearly dominates this The portico consists of two clusters of three Doric columns and the full, but simple, entablature they carry. It is ornamented only by bands of dentils and modillions at the base of the cornice. Appropriately, the portico is capped with a triangular pediment. This feature is penetrated by a single round window and enriched with an intricate pattern of imbricated shingles and dentils. On the first floor, the portico columns flank the entrance to the building, a single door with leaded glass transom and sidelights. Above, the columns frame a second-floor balcony, with simple balustrade, and its leaded glass door with transom. Both the principal entrance and the balcony door are set between proportionately large double-hung rectangular windows. columns articulate the point at which the portico meets the house. Similarly detailed pilasters, though much smaller and more slender, articulate the corners of the house. The house is faced with horizontal weatherboard, painted white.

The building's steep hipped-roof is evident from the principal elevation and contributes greatly to its Georgian Revival character. Two gabled dormers with double-hung round-arched windows penetrate the roof, visually embracing the portico. These elements are embellished with the same decorative shingles and dentils that characterize the pediment of the portico. The roofscape is further enriched by a widow's walk. Though typical of houses built along the White River in the early 1900s, here, the widow's walk is purely a decorative feature as the river is not actually visible from the Galloway House's roof. Three brick chimneys also rise above the shingled roof and a dentiled cornice encompasses the house just below the roofline.

The strong vertical orientation established by the principal elevation of the house is offset by the one-story shed-roofed porch that radiates from either side of the portico. Elevated above grade on brick piers and composed of Doric columns and simple entablature that echo the details of the portico, both sides of the porch wrap around the building to distinguish the east and west facades of the house. Here, the only asymmetry in the principal elevation becomes apparent. While the west side of the porch follows the corner of the house with a sweeping curve, the east corner of the porch is severely rectilinear and the turning of the corner is accentuated with a cluster of three columns.

Form No. 10-300a (Hev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

RECEIVED MAR 2 6 1980

DATE ENTERED MAY 2 3 1980

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7

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The east and west elevations of the Galloway House are virtually identical. On both facades, the porches extend almost the entire length of the side of the house. Each porch terminates with a cluster of three Doric columns and each has a secondary entrance. Part of the west porch has been screened.

Detailing of the side elevations is consistent with that of the principal facade, although the windows of the former are more narrow. Both the east and west sides of the roof are penetrated with a centrally placed gabled dormer having two narrow, double-hung-rectangular windows. These dormers lack the fine shingle infill that appears in the front dormers. The profile of one of the brick chimneys appears on the west elevation.

The rear (north) facade displays the only major alteration to the exterior of the house. In 1918, a two-story, flat-roofed porch was built onto this elevation. It has been entirely screened. Two doors provide access from the porch to the back yard. Apparently, an effort was made to render the design of the porch consistent with that of the rest of the house. Horizontal wood siding of the rear elevation harmonizes well with the original weatherboard and the wall surface between the first and second floors of the porch has been faced with the same shingle design that appears in the dormers and pediment of the principal elevation.

In plan, the cubical symmetry of the house's exterior is reflected in the arrangement of its quite spacious rooms. On both floors, the dwelling rooms are arranged on either side of an extremely generously proportioned central stairhall. While many of the rooms are now used for purposes other than those the architect specified, the plan conforms to the original design with only two exceptions. A service stair that once ran along the south well of the kitchen was removed and replaced with a stair on the back porch and a bedroom has been converted to a full bath. Both alterations date to 1918.

Interior details of the Galloway House reflect the refined Classicism of the Georgian Revival. Rich, cherry-finished woodwork is seen throughout the house in its baseboard moldings, cornices, paneled doors and stairway. Outstanding in the interior is the treatment of the living room and the front parlor. The parlor is distinguished by the arrangement of two free standing and two engaged Doric columns on paneled wood pedestals that frame the entrance to the room and visually distinguish it from the central hall. An unusual fireplace composed entirely of corbeled brick and terminating in a mantel edged with egg and dart moulding is the focal feature of the living room.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — agriculture — X architecture — art — commerce — communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering		religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1910	Builder/Architect B	arber & Klutz	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

design from the fire

Built as a residence for Orth C. Galloway, then owner and operator of the J. B. Galloway Co. sawmill in Clarendon, his wife Emma Kennedy Galloway and their four children, the O. C. Galloway House stands as an example of the work and influence of George Franklin Barber (1854-1915), an architect of great eclectic ability who enjoyed considerable influence in the southern and midwestern United States. In addition to being the principal in Knoxville's largest architectural firm at the turn of the century, Barber produced a number of popular house pattern-books which made him something of an arbiter of architectural taste in America. Beginning in the 1880s, Barber worked in the many revival styles and Queen Anne of the late nineteenth century, but by the early 1900s, he had started to work with various interpretations of the Colonial Revival style on both modest and grand scales. The Galloway House is an excellent example of Georgian Revival architecture or, as Barber called it in his publication Art in Architecture (1902-03), "Classic-Colonial." This finely detailed, exquisitely proportioned and elegantly finished house gives some indication of the Barber firm's understanding of "high style" design. Particularly noteworthy in this regard are the house's projecting portico, colossal order, essentially symmetrical facades and hipped roof. The spacious plan, with hallways given almost as much width as the rooms, is also typical of Barber's work in this style. Far more pretentious than the colonial houses and cottages often associated with the Barber firm, the Galloway House faintly echoes the architecture of the mansions of the antebellum south. It is still occupied by descendants of O. C. Galloway. In the state of the way of the state of the

9. Major Bibliographical References

Tomlan, Michael A., "George Franklin Barber-Carpenter, Architect and Publisher," unpub-

lished manuscript, Cornell University, Itaca, N. Y., May 1975.
Tomlan, Michael A., "George Franklin Barber," abstract of paper presented to the S. A. H.,

<u>Jo</u>	ournal of the Society of Architect	tural Historians, De	cember 1976.
10.	Geographical Data	UTM NOT	VERIFIED
Quadra	e of nominated property <u>less</u> than one a ngle name <u>Clarendon</u> eferences	ACREAGE NO	T VERIFIED scale 1:24,000
A 1 5 Zone		Zone East	ing Northing
C E G		D	
	boundary description and justification 12, Lots 1, 2, 3, S 35 ft. of Lot	4. Manning, Moore	and Bayne Addition.
List all	states and counties for properties over	lapping state or county	boundaries
state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
	ation Arkansas Historic Preservati	opsale vz-bálasasa (j	ne 501/371-2763
city or to	own Little Rock	state	Arkansas
12.	State Historic Pres	ervation Off	icer Certification
The eva	luated significance of this property within the	state is:X local	7.19
665), I h	designated State Historic Preservation Officer ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the tribute of the criteria and procedures set forth by	the National Register and ce	ertify that it has been evaluated
State Hi	storic Preservation Officer signature	san Williams I	aldridge
title 3	18th Historic Progression Ofice		date March (7, 1980)
A STATE OF THE STA	CRS use only nereby certify that this property is included in	the National Register	
	Buen Mr Dungel		date 5/23/80
	er of the National Register		date 5/20/80
The second second	· Beth Grovena		date 5/20/80

Property Galloway, Orth C. House	
State Working Number 3-26-80 984	80000779
TECHNICAL	CONTROL
Photos 8	
Maps/	HICTODIAN
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and one of the towns few landy Dot c. residences.	accept
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	LAMADIA
	KEEPER
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National Register Write-up Federal Register Entry Send-back Re-submit	7000



MAY 2 3 1980

504 Park Clarendon, Monroe County, Arkansas

Robert Dunn, February 19, 1980 Negative location: Arkansas Historic Preservation Program South and west elevations from southwest

1 of 8



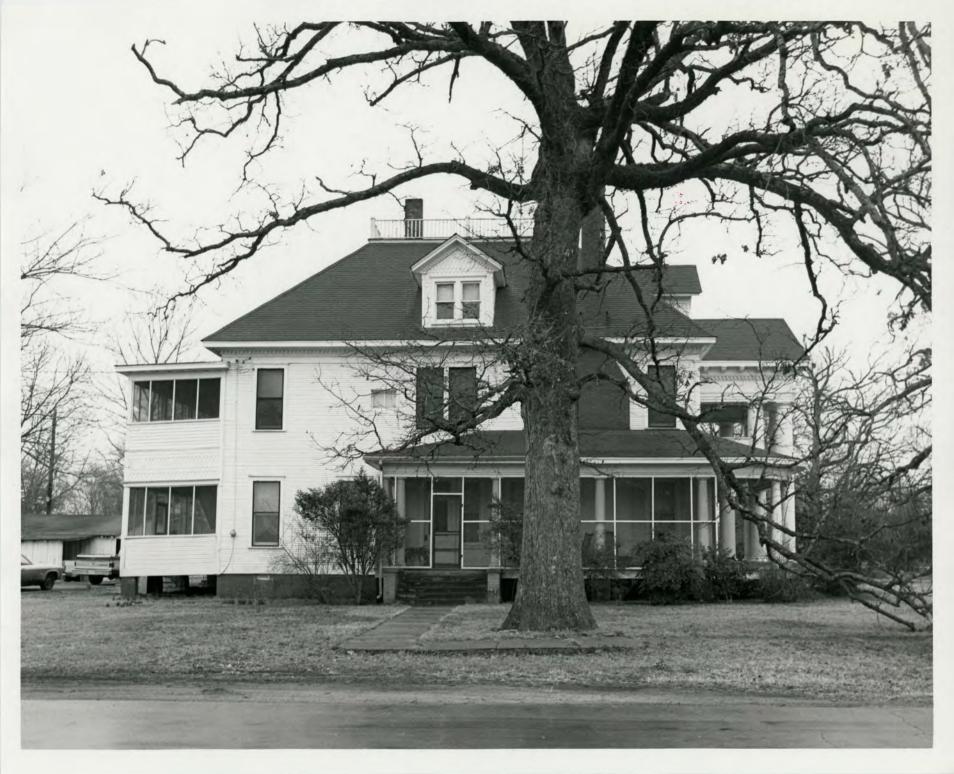
MAY 2 3 1980

504 Park Clarendon, Monroe County, Arkansas

Robert Dunn, February 19, 1980
Regative location: Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program
South elevation from south

MAR 2 6 1980

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MAY 2 3 1980

504 Park Clarendon, Monroe County, Arkansas

Robert Dunn, February 19, 1980
Negative location: Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program
West elevation from west

of 8

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MAY 23 1980

504 Park Clarendon, Monroe County, Arkansas

Robert Dunn, February 19, 1980
Negative location: Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program
North and west elevations from northwest



MAY 2 3 1980

504 Park Clarendon, Monroe County, Arkansas

Robert Dunn, February 19, 1980
Negative location: Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program
South and east elevation from southeast

5 of 8



504 Park Clarendon, Monroe County, Arkansas

Robert Dunn, February 19, 1980
Negative location: Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program
Main entry and central hallway from parlor
(east)

6 of 8



MAY 2 3 1980

504 Park Clarendon, Monroe County, Arkansas

Robert Dunn, February 19, 1980
Negative location: Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program
Corbeled brick fireplace from southeast

7 of 8



MAY 23 1980

504 Park Clarendon, Monroe County, Arkansas

Robert Dunn, February 19, 1980
Negative location: Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program
Second floor central hallway

3 of 8

Phone: (501) 371-2763

March 14, 1980

Ms. Carol Shull Acting Keeper of the National Register Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service Department of the Interior Washington, D. C. 20240



Dear Ms. Shull:

Enclosed please find the nominations for the Cavaness House and the Galloway houses—which have been approved by a majority vote of the Arkansas State Review Committee at their March 11, 1980, meeting.

I hereby certify that the owners listed in Section 4 of the nominations are the legal owners of the properties.

Sincerely,

Joan Williams Baldridge

State Historic Preservation Officer

JWB/DB/1g

Enclosures

ENTRIES IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

STATE ARKANSAS

Date Entered MAY 23 1980

Name

Location

Washington-Willow Historic District

Fayetteville Washington County

Cavaness, Garvin, House

Monticello Drew County

Galloway, Orth C., House

Clarendon Monroe County

Also Notified

Honorable David H. Pryor

NR

Honorable Dale Bumpers
Honorable John P. Hammerschmidt
Honorable Beryl F. Anthony, Jr.
Honorable Bill Alexander

State Historic Preservation Officer
Ms. Joan Baldridge
Director, Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program
Suite 500, Continental Building
Markham and Main Streets
Little Rock, Arkansas 72201

Byers/bjr 6/3/80

For further information, please call the National Register at (202)343-6401.