NPS Form 10-900-a (Rev. 8/2002)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

OT 08000 612

OMB No. 1024-0018 ECEIV

Bridge #650-Federal Aid Highway System Bridge Beaver vic., Barton Co., Kansas

Removal Request (Add'l Documentation)

Page 1

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Compiled January 2018

Bridge #650 was listed in the National Register of Historic Places on July 2, 2008 for its local significance in the areas of architecture, social history, and government under the *New Deal-era Resources of Kansas* multiple cover document. Built by the Works Projects Administration between 1938 & 1940, Bridge #650 was one of three similar limestone and concrete bridges constructed in Barton County by the WPA.

In circa 2016, the county removed and replaced Bridge #650 after a Kansas Preservation Law review (KSR&C #14-08-165). The loss of the resource negatively affects its historic integrity, and the Kansas State Historic Preservation Office requests the property be removed from the National Register of Historic Places.

2-12-18 Date

Patrick Zollner, Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

PHOTOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Property: Bridge #650 - Federal Aid Highway System Bridge

Location: NE 60 Avenue – 1/12th mile south of NE 220 Road, Beaver vicinity, Barton County, Kansas

Photographer: Mike Moos, Barton County Road & Bridge Date: January 2018

Photo 1 of 1: Looking SE from NE 220 Rd at new bridge that replaced historic Bridge #650.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

Requested Action:	Remov	al								
Property Name:	Bridge No. 650Federal Aid Highway System Bridge									
Multiple Name:	New De	eal-Era Resources of Kar	nsas MPS							
State & County:	KANSA	S, Barton								
Date Rece 2/14/20		Date of Pending List: 3/9/2018	Date of 16th Day: 3/26/2018	Date of 45th Day: 4/2/2018	Date of Weekly List:					
Reference number:	OT080	00612								
Nominator:	State									
Reason For Review	<i>ı</i> :									
X_Accept	_	ReturnR	eject3/2	6/2018 Date						
Abstract/Summary Comments:										
Recommendation/ Criteria		0								
Reviewer Alexis	Abernati	iy t	Discipline	Historian						
Telephone (202)3	54-2236		Date	3-26-	2018					
DOCUMENTATION	l: see	e attached comments : N	o see attached S	LR : No						

If a nomination is returned to the nomination authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the National Park Service.

NPS Form 10-900 Oct. 1990

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

Г	HLU	IVE	D 228
	MAY	21	2008
NAT. R	EGISTER	OF HI	STORIC I

OMB No. 10024-0018

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A) Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-9000a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

Historic name Other name/site n		#650 - Federal Aid H	lighway System Bridg	ge
2. Location				
Street & number	NE 60 Aven	ue - 1/12 mile south	of NE 220 Road	not for publication
City or town	Beaver		offic 220 field	
State Kansas		County Dorton	Code 009	
State Mansas	COUP NS	County Barton	Code 009	Zip code
3. State/Federal Ag	ency Certification			
Patrick Zollner, Kansas State State or Federal	Deputy State Historic Historical Society agency and bureau	Preservation Officer		a. (See continuation sheet for additional
State or Federal a	agency and bureau			
4. National Park Se	rvice Certification	00	lon 1	~ nA
determined elig Register	National Register. — tinuation sheet. gible for the National tinuation sheet t eligible for the ter the National	Elson	Signature of the Keeper	Beall 7:2.08

Bridge #650 - Federal Aid Highway System Bridge Name of Property

Barton County, Kansas County and State

Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of	Resources within F Do not include previous	Property sly listed resources in the cou	int.)
private	building(s)		Contributing	Noncontributing	
☑ public-local ☐ public-State	☐ district ☐ site				buildings
public-State	⊠ structure				sites
	object		1		structures
					objects
			1	total	
Name of related multiple property I Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a	isting a multiple property listing.)		Number of contrib in the National Re	outing resources previou gister	usly listed
New Deal-era Resources of Kans	as				D
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter Categories from instructions)	Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)				
Transportation: Road Related (Ve	ehicular)	Tra	ansportation: Road	Related (Vehicular)	
7. Description					
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categor	ies from instructions)		
Other:Work Projects Administration (WPA)			STONE: Limesto		-
Stone and Concrete Bridge		Walls:	STONE: Limesto		
		Roof:			
		Other: CO	COETE		

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 7 Page 1

Bridge #650 Barton County, Kansas

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Summary

This limestone and concrete bridge is located on a north-south rural county road, NE 60 Avenue, just 1/12 mile south of NE 220 Road in northeast Barton County, Kansas, and spans a tributary of Beaver Creek. Bridge construction began in 1938 as a Works Projects Administration job and final concrete work was completed in 1940. "WPA 1940" is stamped in the cement curb on the bridge. The bridge supports and foundation are made of native limestone, and the deck is made of concrete. Concrete bridge rails span the length of the bridge on each side. Pasture and crop land surround the bridge. Limestone beds can be seen on the ridges of the hills dotting the countryside.

The bridge is located on a well-maintained asphalt road. Due to the dimensions of the bridge, repair and maintenance is the responsibility of the Barton County Road and Bridge Department. The bridge is also required to be inspected by the Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT).

This bridge is very similar in design and dimension to two other nearby WPA bridges that are also being nominated to the National Register: Bridge #640 and Bridge #222. These two bridges are located at the same intersection just one mile south of Bridge #650.

Elaboration

The superstructure of the bridge is comprised of concrete beams and bridge rails. The bridge substructure – the wingwalls, foundation, and single central support – is made of cut limestone blocks and mortar. The limestone blocks have a rusticated face and many retain the tool markings from when they were quarried by skilled WPA construction workers. The deck of the bridge is 26 feet long and the bridge roadway is 24 feet wide. The bottom of the bridge deck sits five feet off the ground. There are 11 feet between each bridge support. The only features visible from the roadway are the concrete banisters that serve as guardrails. The limestone wingwalls are built into the roadside embankment and protect the structure from erosion during high water flows. The wingwalls are temporarily shored and in need of repair.

We do not know who specifically designed this bridge. We do know that then-Barton County Engineer Harry Hunsley, II, designed many of the county's bridges.

While showing some significant deterioration from erosion of the limestone and mortar joints, the bridge has remained in use for public vehicular traffic since its construction in 1938 to the present time. Recent heavy rains have taken their toll on the limestone and mortar joints. It is listed on the bridge inventory of Barton County. Routine repairs and maintenance have been made to the bridge to comply with KDOT bridge inspections.

Bridge #650 - Federal Aid Highway System Bridge

Name of Property

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history
- B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from it original location.
- C a birthplace or grave.
- D a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- F a commemorative property.
- G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years

Narrative Statement of Significance

has been requested

Barton County, Kansas County and State

8. Statement of Significance	
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "X" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) SOCIAL HISTORY
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history	GOVERNMENT
B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance 1938-1940
D Property has yielded, or likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	1930-1940
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates
Property is:	1938-1940
A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	
B removed from it original location.	
C a birthplace or grave.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
D a cemetery.	N/A
 E a reconstructed building, object, or structure. F a commemorative property. 	Cultural Affiliation
G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years	
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)	Architect/Builder Works Projects Administration
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form of	n one or more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:

- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey

recorded by Historic American Engineering

Record #

#

- Federal agency
- ☑ Local government
- University
- Other

Name of repository:

Barton County

	eral Aid Highway System Bridge		Barton County, Kansas
Name of Property			County and State
10. Geographical D	Jata		
Acreage of Property	Less than one.		
1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	references on a continuation sheet.)		Easting Northing
	aries were selected on a continuation sheet.)		
I. Form Prepared B	<u>y</u>		
Name/title	Janet Crane, Financial Officer		
Organization	Barton County, Kansas	Date	11/5/2007
Street & number	1400 Main Room 107	Telephone	e <u>620-793-1800</u>
City or town	Great Bend	StateKS	S Zip code67530
dditional Documen	tation		
A sketch map for hotographs	or 15 minute series) indicating the property historic districts and properties having large ack and white photographs of the property	acreage or nume	erous resources.
roperty Owner			
Name Ba	rton County, Kansas		
		Telephone	000 700 4000
Street & number City or town	1400 Main Room 107 Great Bend	Telephone State	620-793-1800 KS Zip code 67530

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16) U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 8 Page 2

Bridge #650 Barton County, Kansas

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Summary

The bridge is being nominated to the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A for its construction under the supervision of the Works Projects Administration (WPA) and Criterion C for its architectural significance as a native limestone bridge. The bridge, unique with limestone abutments, crosses a tributary of Beaver Creek in northern Barton County, north of Beaver, Kansas. The bridge's native limestone construction is typical of structures built in this area and is representative of the master stone builders and craftsmanship of bridge construction workers trained by the WPA. The bridge is being nominated as part of the New Deal-era Resources of Kansas MPS.

History

Beaver -area History

"During the summer of 1918, Mr. Piester was named as local sales agent for the sale of town lots for the present town of Beaver. During this summer, Mr. Piester assisted in the organization of a bank to be known as the Farmers National Bank, to be located in the future town of Beaver. The Board of Directors of the Farmers National Bank were also the owners of the Farmers State Bank at Redwing, including the building housing it. It was voted to move the building and business of the Bank of Redwing to a site eight miles north. The building was placed on a moving outfit and was placed in Block 10 of the new Town of Beaver, and opened for business on Monday, August 10, 1918. Thus, was born the Town of Beaver, Kansas."¹

New Deal-era Historic Context²

Through the Works Progress Administration (later reorganized as the Works Projects Administration), Kansas realized many new public building and recreational facilities. Between July 1, 1935 and June 1, 1939 the WPA either built or improved 619 buildings in the state. That figure includes 36 administrative buildings, 16 auditoriums, 45 barns and stables, 58 community buildings, 59 dormitories, three firehouses, 35 garages, 12 gymnasiums, two hospitals, three jails and reformatories, ten other institutional buildings, seven libraries, 142 schools, 52 stadiums, and 16 warehouses. In addition, there were 121 WPA recreational facilities, including 59 athletic fields, 91 parks, five fairgrounds, 92 playgrounds, 40

¹ Calvin Piester, Family Heritage Album of Barton County, Kansas – Founding and Early History of Beaver, Kansas. Written for the 1961 Diamond Jubilee of Hoisington.

² The following historic context regarding the Works Progress Administration is included in Elizabeth Rosin's "New Deal-era Resources of Kansas" Multiple Property Document, filed at the Kansas State Historic Preservation Office, Topeka, Kansas: p. E20-22.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 8 Page 3

Bridge #650 Barton County, Kansas

swimming and wading pools, 14 band shells, five outdoor theaters, and 140 golf courses, tennis courts, handball courts and horseshoe courts.³

In 1939, Clarence Nevins, the state WPA Administrator, commended the people of Kansas. He observed,

"Your attention is called to the fact that practically all of the projects in Kansas have been sponsored by your local governments, and we take this opportunity to commend the counties, the cities, boards of education and other local governmental units in the State for the high type of projects submitted to this agency..."

Nevins concluded by commenting that in June of 1939 there were roughly 30,000 Kansans on the WPA rolls. He observed that over 47 percent were employed on highway or road and street projects; seven percent on public buildings; nine percent on recreational buildings; five percent on utility projects; three percent on road conservation projects; and two percent on airport and airway projects.⁴

Bridge History Context

Although this bridge is not nominated under the "Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas" MPS document, it offers important contextual information. As is noted in the MPS document, "Little historical information, such as the designer, builder, and date of construction, is available on many of small rural bridges. Often bridge plaques that may have contained historical information have been removed or the county's records are not complete."⁵

There is no record of who designed this particular bridge, but it is known that then-Barton County Engineer Harry Hunsley, II, was integrally involved in the planning and execution of this and other similar local bridge projects. Fortunately, this bridge retains its "WPA 1940" stamp on the cement curb of the bridge noting its construction as part of a WPA project. More than likely this same bridge design was used multiple times. This bridge is very similar in design and dimension to two other nearby WPA bridges that are also being nominated to the National Register: Bridge #640 and Bridge #222. These two bridges are located at the same intersection just one mile south of Bridge #650.

The "Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas" MPS document also discusses the use of limestone arched bridges well before the New Deal programs of the 1930s. It suggested that the use of limestone was common because "the stone was often available locally. Thus, a larger amount of the money expended for the construction could be retained within the area than would be true with the purchase of a metal

³ Works Projects Administration, Federal Works Agency, (Topeka, KS: n.p., 1939), 1, 10. Kansas State Historical Society,

Topeka, KS. This document provides only aggregate numbers of projects. While it is illustrated by photos of selected projects, there is no comprehensive list of projects for Kansas communities.

⁴ Eric Foner and John A. Garraty, <u>The Reader's Companion to American History</u> (Boston: Houghton-Mifflin, 1991), 1168.

⁵ The following historic context regarding the Works Progress Administration is included in Elizabeth Rosin's "New Deal-era Resources of Kansas" Multiple Property Document, filed at the Kansas State Historic Preservation Office, Topeka, Kansas: p. E20-22.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 8 Page 4

Bridge #650 Barton County, Kansas

structure. It was also often possible to use local workers on the project. This approach sometimes had its drawbacks as the quality of local stone and workers would vary widely."⁶

Construction Process

The current Barton County Engineer, Clark Rusco and Financial Officer, Janet Crane interviewed Harry Hunsley, III, about several area WPA bridges. The following excerpt on the construction process was compiled from this interview and Mr. Hunsley's personal notes:

During the late 1930s and early 1940s, the Works Projects Administration (WPA) began a massive public works program to provide living wages for the unemployed. A part of this program was the construction of hundreds of small drainage structures of native limestone in Kansas. The stone bridges built throughout North Central Kansas during the WPA era were generally built close to the quarry. Evidence of these old quarries can normally be found within a half mile of the structure location. The difficulty of transporting stone by man and animal made it mandatory that quarries be located near the job site. There is evidence of numerous abandoned quarries within a short distance of Beaver.

The limestone ledges would be stripped of overburden by use of mules/horses pulling a drag or "tumble bug"; the cleaned surface would then have a series of holes manually drilled at even spaces approximately 12" apart by use of a star drill. The holes would be carefully filled with water and allowed to freeze overnight. The freezing process would open a seam in the rock, and men would carefully break out the rock using pry bars specially made for this operation.

The stones were sometimes cut into proper sizes at the quarry and transported to the job site by wagons. Other times, the stone would be taken to the job site in long (8'-10') lengths which were carefully attached to the undercarriage of wagons by block and tackle accompanied by serious physical labor. It is a general assumption that the decision as to whether to take cut stones or long slabs depended on where the stone masons wanted to perform the finish operation of dressing the individual stones to fit the plans for the structure.

Most, but not all, of these structures were built as arches. Bridges employing only compression are relatively inefficient structurally, but may be highly cost efficient where suitable materials are available near the site and the cost of labor is low. For medium spans, trusses or box beams are usually most economical, while in some cases, the appearance of the bridge may be more important than its cost efficiency. This is very true of construction during the WPA era; the purpose was to create jobs for the unemployed, not the practicality of the project.

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 8 Page 5

Bridge #650 Barton County, Kansas

Summary

Author Henry Tyrrell said in his book *Artistic Bridge Design* that "the bridges and structures created by a people or nation reveal their degree of aesthetic taste and are a measure of their culture and civilization. Bridges should be strong enough to last and beautiful enough to be worth preserving."⁷ This bridge clearly reflects the use of local materials and craftsmanship that is worthy of preservation. The bridge remains a part of the public transportation system for Barton County and is used by typical rural traffic. It is routinely inspected and, with rehabilitation, should retain its structural integrity and be preserved as an example of local stone arch bridge building skill.

Barton County is the lead governmental agency for the Kansas Wetlands and Wildlife National Scenic Byway. There is an increased historic awareness of the architectural significance of projects built under the WPA. We realize that tourists and travelers enjoy the cultural and historic aspects of local communities. Developing a listing of historic WPA bridges will enhance the travelers' experience of our local region.

Our local citizens want to protect our historic resources to preserve our own cultural heritage for generations to come. Most importantly, the bridge is beautiful and aesthetically charming in the rural countryside setting.

⁷ As quoted in "Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas" MPS, p 8-3.

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 9 Page 6

Bridge #650 Barton County, Kansas

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Barton County Commission Minutes dated July 8, 1941.

Conversations with Harry Hunsley, III - Russell, Kansas.

Harry Hunsley, III, is the son of a prior Barton County Engineer, Harry Hunsley, II. Harry Hunsley, II was the Barton County engineer during the WPA era. His work for the County spanned for the period 1936 – 1956.

- Jochims, Larry. "Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas." National Register Multiple Property Documentation Form. 1985. Filed at the Kansas State Historic Preservation Office.
- Piester, Calvin. Family Heritage Album of Barton County, Kansas Founding and Early History of Beaver, Kansas. Written for the 1961 Diamond Jubilee of Hoisington.

Rosin, Elizabeth, et. al. "New Deal-era Resources of Kansas." National Register Multiple Property Documentation Form. 2002. Filed at the Kansas State Historic Preservation Office.

NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)			OMB No. 1024-0018
United States Department of the Inte National Park Service	erior		
National Register of Historic P	laces		
Continuation Sheet			
		Bridge #650	
Section Number <u>10 & Photos</u>	Page _7_	Barton County, Kansas	
		Sector Streets Streets and Streets	

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The bridge is centered on a point whose longitude is 98° 39' 51" and latitude is 38° 40' 52". There is a 50-foot right-of-way width surrounding this area. The nominated property includes the entire right-of-way.

NE ¼ SEC 8, T 16 S, R 12 W NW ¼ SEC 9, T 16 S, R 12 W

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

These boundaries were selected to encompass the entire right-of-way surrounding the bridge.

PHOTOGRAPIC INFORMATION

Property Name: Bridge #650 – Federal Aid Highway System Bridge Location: Beaver vicinity, Barton County, Kansas Photographer: Clark Rusco Date: 3 January 2008 Location of Digital Images or Negatives: Kansas State Historical Society

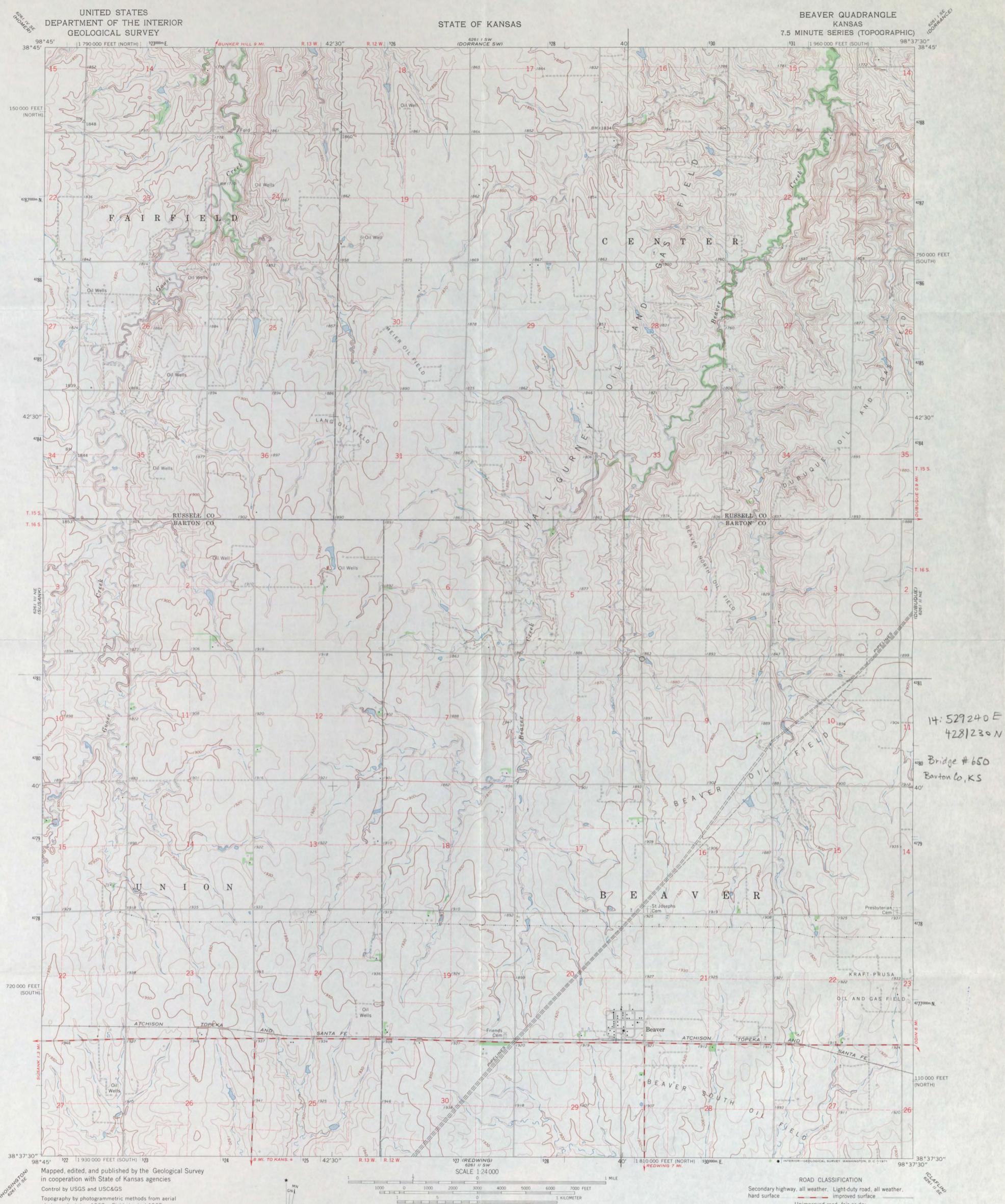
Photo 1: Roadside View, facing SW Photo 2: West guardrail, facing NW Photo 3: View of roadway, facing N Photo 4: West embankment showing bridge supports, facing NE











photographs taken 1967. Field checked 1969	10*			Unimproved road, fair or dry
Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum 10,000-foot grids based on Kansas coordinate system, south and north zones	0*12/ 3 MILS	CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL		weather
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 14, shown in blue			KANSAS	
Fine red dashed lines indicate selected fence and field lines where generally visible on aerial photographs. This information is unchecked	UTM GRID AND 1969 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET	THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 80225, OR WASHINGTON, D. C. 20242 AND BY THE STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, LAWRENCE, KANSAS 66044	QUADRANGLE LOCATION	BEAVER, KANS. N3837.5—W9837.5/7.5
		A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST		1969

AMS 6261 II NW-SERIES V878

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY Bridge No. 650--Federal Aid Highway System Bridge NAME:

MULTIPLE New Deal-Era Resources of Kansas MPS NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: KANSAS, Barton

DATE RECEIVED: 5/21/08 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 6/09/08 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 6/24/08 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 7/04/08 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST: ATTS TATAS TATAS

REFERENCE NUMBER: 08000612

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL:	N	DATA PROBLEM:	N	LANDSCAPE:	N	LESS THAN 50 YEARS:	Ν
OTHER:			N	PERIOD:	N	PROGRAM UNAPPROVED:	Ν
REQUESTY:	N	SAMPLE:	N	SLR DRAFT:	N	NATIONAL:	Ν

COMMENT WAIVER: N

ACCEPT _____RETURN _____REJECT _____7.2.09 DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Entered in The National Register of Historic Places

RECOM./CRITERI	A		
REVIEWER	State of the second	DISCIPLINE	_
TELEPHONE	TAKE SHIPE	DATE	_

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



KANSAS

Kansas State Historical Society Cultural Resources Division

KATHLEEN SEBELIUS, GOVERNOR

-	RECE	VEC	2280	-
	MAY	21	2008	
NAT	REGISTER	OF HI	STORIC P	LACES

May 23, 2008

Dr. Janet Matthews National Register of Historic Places National Park Service 1201 Eye Street, N. W. 8th Floor (MS 2280) Washington, DC 20005

Dear Dr. Matthews:

Please find enclosed National Register nominations for the following properties:

- · Church of the Assumption and Rectory Topeka, Shawnee Co., Kansas
- Prescott Rural High School Prescott, Linn Co., Kansas
- · First National Bank Building Highland, Doniphan Co., Kansas
- Bridge #222 Off System Bridge Barton Co., Kansas
- Bridge #640 Federal Aid Highway Bridge Barton Co., Kansas
- Bridge #650 Federal Aid Highway Bridge Barton Co., Kansas
- Hamlin Block Hutchinson, Reno Co., Kansas
- Brandt Hotel Alma, Wabaunsee Co., Kansas
- Lee, H.D., Company Complex Salina, Saline Co., Kansas
- First Presbyterian Church Fort Scott, Bourbon Co., Kansas
- Lake Nemaha Dam Guardrails Nemaha Co., Kansas
- Fernand-Strong House Lawrence, Douglas Co., Kansas
- Dunbar Theatre Wichita, Sedgwick Co., Kansas
- Agra Lake and Park Agra, Phillips Co., Kansas

Also enclosed is an amendment to a previously-listed property:

Brown Hotel – Neodesha, Wilson Co., Kansas

Please contact me if you have any questions. I can be reached at (785) 272-8681 ext. 216 or smartin@kshs.org.

Sincerely yours,

Saul Martin

Sarah J. Martin National Register Coordinator

Enclosures

6425 SW Sixth Avenue • Topeka, KS 66615-1099 Phone 785-272-8681 Ext. 240 • Fax 785-272-8682 • TTY 785-272-8683 www.kshs.org



6425 SW 6th Avenue Topeka KS 66615-1099



Governor Jeff Colyer, M.D. Jennie Chinn, Executive Director

February 13, 2018

Paul Loether, National Register Chief National Park Service National Register of Historic Places 1849 C Street, NW, Mail Stop 7228 Washington, DC 20240

Re: National Register documents for Kansas

Dear Mr. Loether:

Please find enclosed the following National Register documents:

NEW NOMINATION in Certified Local Government (1)

- The Norton Apartments; Salina, Saline County, Kansas (<u>new nomination</u>)
 Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page;
 - 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the true and correct copy of the nomination and letter of support;
 - 1 CD (disk #2) with photographs.

NEW NOMINATIONS in non-CLG communities (2)

- Madonna of the Trail; Council Grove, Morris County, Kansas (<u>new nomination</u> under "Historic Resources of the Santa Fe Trail" MPS)
 - Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page;
 - 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the true and correct copy of the nomination;
 - 1 CD (disk #2) with photographs.
- Neodesha City Hall Building; Neodesha, Wilson County, Kansas (new nomination)
 - Physical, signed copy of the nomination's first page;
 - 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the true and correct copy of the nomination;
 - 1 CD (disk #2) with photographs.

ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION - BOUNDARY DECREASE in Certified Local Government (1)

- North Topeka Avenue & 10th Street Historic District; Wichita, Sedgwick County, Kansas (NRIS #83000438) (additional documentation, boundary decrease)
 - Physical, signed copy of the documentation;
 - 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the true and correct copy of the documentation;
 - -1 CD (disk #2) with photographs.

ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION - REMOVAL REQUEST (1)

- Barton County Bridge #650; Beaver vicinity, Barton County, Kansas (NRIS #08000612) (removal request)
 - Physical, signed copy of the documentation;
 - 1 CD (disk #1) with a PDF of the true and correct copy of the documentation;
 - -,1 CD (disk #2) with photograph.

If you have any questions about these enclosed items, please contact me at ext. 216 or <u>Amanda.Loughlin@ks.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Aman

Amanda K. Loughlin National Register Coordinator Kansas State Historic Preservation Office

Enclosures