JUN 1 3 2014

## National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Suffetinf, How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional certification comments, entries, and narrative items on continuation sheets if needed (NPS Form 10-900a).

1. Name of Property	8					
Historic name North Rock Creek Masonry Arch Bridge						
Other names/site number Mitchell County Bridge V4J; FHWA Nu	umber 000620715404020; KH	RI: 123-	0000-00224			
Name of related Multiple Property Listing New Deal-Era Resour	ces of Kansas; Masonry Arch	Bridges	of Kansas			
2. Location						
Street & number V Road, 0.4 Miles east of 190 <sup>th</sup> Road			not for publication			
City or town Hunter						
State Kansas Code KS County Mitchell	Code 123	Zip co				
3. State/Federal Agency Certification						
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preserva	ation Act as amended					
I hereby certify that this <u>x</u> nomination <u>request</u> for determ for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Place requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.	nination of eligibility meets the					
In my opinion, the property <u>x</u> meets <u>does not meet the be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance</u>		ecomme	nd that this property			
national statewide _xlocal Applicable National	ll Register Criteria: <u>x</u> A _	B <u>_x</u>	CD			
Signature of certifying official/Title Patrick Zollner, Deputy SHPO	5-20-14 Date					
Kansas State Historical Society State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government						
In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Registe	r criteria.					
Signature of commenting official	Date					
Title / State or Fer	deral agency/bureau or Tribal Govern	nment	J.			
4. National Park Service Certification	Total agency baroar or Tibal Cover	milionit.				
I hereby certify that this property is: entered in the National Register	determined eligible for the I	National R	egister			
determined not eligible for the National Register	removed from the National	Register				
other (explain:)  Beall  Beall	7.25	. 14				
Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action					

Name of Property

## Mitchell County, Kansas County and State

Category of Property (Check only one box.)	Number of Resources within Prop (Do not include previously listed resources in	
building(s) district site x structure object	Contributing Noncontributing  1	buildings _ sites _ structures _ objects _ <b>Total</b>
	Number of contributing resources listed in the National Register	previously
	0	
	Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions.)	
vehicular)	Transportation; road related (vehicul	ar)
	Materials (Enter categories from instructions.)	
	foundation: Stone (Limestone)	
nistration (WPA)		
nistration (WPA)	walls: Stone (Limestone)	
nistration (WPA)	walls: Stone (Limestone)  roof:	
	building(s) district site x structure object	(Check only one box.)  (Do not include previously listed resources in Contributing Noncontributing Noncontributing Noncontributing Noncontributing Site 1  x structure object 1  Number of contributing resources listed in the National Register  Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions.)  Transportation; road related (vehicul

United States Department of the Interior
NPS Form 10-900

National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form OMB No. 1024-0018

North Rock Creek Masonry Arch Bridge

Name of Property

#### Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

#### **Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance and condition of the property. Describe contributing and noncontributing resources, if applicable. Begin with **a summary paragraph** that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, type, style, method of construction, setting, size, and significant features. Indicate whether the property has historic integrity.)

#### **Summary**

The North Rock Creek Bridge is a double stone arch structure that spans North Rock Creek. It is located on an east-west rural secondary road (V Road), just east of 190<sup>th</sup> Road (See Figures 1 and 2). It is not known exactly when this bridge was constructed, but based on its appearance in comparison with known examples it was likely constructed between 1936 and 1941 by the WPA. The bridge is surrounded by pasture land and crop fields. The bridge is virtually unaltered since its construction. Bridge repair and maintenance is the responsibility of Mitchell County.

#### **Elaboration**

The North Rock Creek Bridge is a two-span stone arch bridge. Each span is fifteen feet in length. All stones are uniform in thickness, which is approximately 8". They vary in color from tan to gold and most have noticeable striping. The stones feature two different finishes, rusticated and smooth. They are laid in an ashlar pattern. There is a single course of smooth faced stones that corresponds to the level of the driving surface and spans the length of the bridge. The arch stones are smooth faced and each has a rusticated keystone. The stones are relatively smooth finished on the underside of each barrel. Some tool marks are present.

The foundation is also of stone construction. Based on previous experience with the demolition of other similar bridges, it is estimated that the foundation extends three to four feet under the surface. The arches spring from these foundation footings. An 8" soil/gravel fill covers each arch to distribute the vehicle loads. The walls extend two courses above the driving surface, serving as bridge rails. As was typical of the era, the wing walls are at a 45° angle to the bridge and stair-step down from the top of the rail. (Figure 3)

#### Integrity

The bridge is in good condition. There has been minor tuck-pointing of the walls, though with incompatible mortar. Water has at times stood under the bridge, which has caused minor deterioration of the stones. Stone arch bridges/culverts have far more load carrying capacity than even the modern traffic applies. A stone arch can collapse under heavy loads if the soil cover is inadequate or if the arch is too flat. The arc of this culvert is circular, a very strong configuration. With minor occasional tuck-pointing, this bridge will last many years.

Name of Property

## Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

Applicable National Register Criteria	Areas of Significance
Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	Social History
A Property is associated with events that have made a	Government
significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	Engineering
B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or	Period of Significance
represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Circa 1936-1941
D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	Significant Dates
Criteria Considerations Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.) Property is:	Significant Person (Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)
A Owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	N/A
B removed from its original location.	Cultural Affiliation N/A
C a birthplace or grave.	
D a cemetery.	Architect/Builder
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	Works Progress Administration
F a commemorative property.	
G less than 50 years old or achieving significance	

### Period of Significance (justification)

within the past 50 years.

The period of significance includes the span of years that WPA activity is documented in Mitchell County. This span of years is used because the specific construction date of the bridge is not known.

### **Criteria Considerations (justification)**

N/A

Name of Property

#### Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

#### **Narrative Statement of Significance**

(Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance, applicable criteria, justification for the period of significance, and any applicable criteria considerations.)

#### **Summary**

This triple arch native stone arch bridge is nominated to the National Register of Historical Places under Criterion A in the areas of social history and government for its construction under the supervision of the Works Progress Administration (WPA). It is nominated as part of the "New Deal-era Resources of Kansas" multiple property nomination as an example of the transportation property type.

The bridge is also nominated under Criterion C in the area of engineering for its significance as a native limestone double arch bridge. The limestone construction is typical of structures built in this area and is representative of the master stone builders and craftsmanship of construction workers trained by the WPA. It is nominated as part of the "Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas" multiple property nomination as an example of the stone arch bridge property type.

The impetus for the nomination of the North Rock Creek Bridge was a Section 106 case that involved the demolition of another bridge of similar construction built in Mitchell County; the Leban Creek Bridge. The proposal to demolish the Leban Creek Bridge required a permit from the Army Corps of Engineers, a federal agency. The bridge was determined eligible for the National Register and the demolition was considered an adverse effect. Mitchell County agreed to nominate three other bridges to the National Register to mitigate the loss of the Leban Creek Bridge and any other stone arch bridges in Mitchell County that may be replaced in the future.

#### **Elaboration**

#### Mitchell County History

Mitchell County is situated in the north central part of Kansas. The Solomon River flows through the county from the northwest corner to the center of the east boundary. Its many creeks and tributaries make Mitchell County one of the best watered counties in the state. Mitchell County, which includes the towns of Beloit, Cawker City, Hunter, Glen Elder, Simpson (part), Scottsville and Tipton, was named for Captain William D. Mitchell, a Kansas Civil War soldier in the Second Kansas Cavalry who was promoted to officer rank in the Second Kentucky Cavalry and was killed in 1865. Joseph Decker; John Rees; Amos A. Bell; Timothy Hersey; George Campbell; Alexander Campbell; Charles H. Morrill; Edward Valentine; William C. Ingram; and Daniel Kepler organized the county on October 4, 1870. In August 1868 through 1870 conflicts with American Indians intimidated settlers, and as a result, settlers erected a stockade near Cawker City to aid in protection.

Asherville was the first permanent settlement in the county, but Beloit was named the county seat in 1870. The arrival of the first railroads in the Beloit area, beginning with the central branch of the Missouri Pacific in 1879, aided in bringing additional settlers to the area. In 1870 the population of the county was 485 and by 1875 it had grown to 4,885. Settlers chose homesteads that were close to one of the many streams in the county. The county's leading industry has long been agriculture, including wheat, cattle, and corn production.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> William Cutler, *History of the State of Kansas*, (Chicago: A.T. Andreas Publishing Co., 1883), 1022.

\_ Ipid

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Kansas Anthropological Association, *Historical Moments of Mitchell County*, (N.p.: A.B.D. Printers, 1976),

United States Department of the Interior NPS Form 10-900

National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form OMB No. 1024-0018

North Rock Creek Masonry Arch Bridge

Name of Property

Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

Like much of rural Kansas, the Great Depression and the Dust Bowl impacted those living and farming in Mitchell County. The Works Progress Administration (later renamed Work Projects Administration), a federal New-Deal work program, was active in Mitchell County during this decade. The WPA was created by executive order on May 6, 1935 using 1.4 million dollars in funding from the Emergency Relief Appropriations Act. Initially, the agency was designed as a temporary measure and funding was renewed annually. The WPA focused on employing large numbers of people through locally sponsored projects as well as projects sponsored by state and federal agencies. Through the WPA, Kansas realized many new roads, highways and bridges. According to a 1939 report, the WPA constructed or repaired 13,706 miles of roads, 567 bridges, 112 miles of sidewalks and paths and 175 miles of curbs, gutters, and guardrails. In 1939, there were roughly 30,000 Kansans on WPA rolls. "Under the Reorganization Act of 1939, the agency was renamed the Work Projects Administration and was placed under the control of another new body, the Federal Works Agency. With the coming of the war, in 1941, the agency made national defense its chief administrative goal. As the war effort mitigated the Depression and removed the need for federal employment, the agency was liquated in July 1943."

Other known WPA projects in Mitchell County include the construction of a swimming pool at the girls industrial school in Beloit, work to the city water well and water main in Glen Elder, the construction of a vocational agriculture building in Simpson, and the construction of an addition to a school at Scottsville. Unfortunately, specific information about the Brown's Creek Tributary bridge as it relates to the WPA, such as the exact date it was completed or how many workers were employed, is not known.

## Stone Arch Bridges in Kansas<sup>8</sup>

Stone arch bridges and culverts were popular in Kansas for many reasons, a major one being the availability of local stone. Thus, large amounts of money expended for construction could be retained within the local area, allowing local builders to benefit from the work. An additional selling point for the stone bridges was their strength. There was ample evidence that they were far better able to withstand the periodic floods than were their metal counterparts.

Stone arch bridges of this type are typically constructed with limestone arch rings, which spring from and are disposed between abutments or piers. Limestone spandrel walls rest on these arch rings and are used to retain the earthen fill which loads the arch. This earth loading allows for even distribution of the live loads and helps strengthen the arch.

### North Rock Creek Bridge

The stone used for construction of the bridge was mined locally from what is called the Post Rock Limestone Ledge of the Greenhorn Formation. Much of Mitchell County is underlain with the Greenhorn Limestone formation. One layer of this formation is an 8" thick layer of light tan colored stone with a more reddish streak midway in the layer, which came to be known as the Post Rock ledge. This layer outcropped in many places in Mitchell County and was somewhat easily quarried. The overburden dirt

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Elizabeth Rosin "New Deal-era Resources of Kansas" National Register Multiple Property Documentation Form (Topeka, KS: Kansas Historical Society SHPO files, 2002), E-19-22.

Ibid, E-21. Original citation: Works Progress Administration, *Federal Works Agency*, (Topeka, KS: n.p., 1939), 1, 10. Kansas State Historical Society, Topeka, KS.

Rosin, E-20.

Works Progress Administration, Central Office Reference Card Location Project File. (On microfilm at Kansas Historical Society archives, Topeka, KS.)
 The following historic context regarding masonry bridges in Kansas is included in Larry Joachims' "Masonry

The following historic context regarding masonry bridges in Kansas is included in Larry Joachims' "Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas" National Register Multiple Property Documentation Form (Topeka, KS: Kansas Historical Society SHPO files, 1985), sections 7 and 8.

United States Department of the Interior NPS Form 10-900

National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form OMB No. 1024-0018

North Rock Creek Masonry Arch Bridge

Name of Property

Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

was removed with slips pulled by horses or mules. The stone was then quarried by drilling holes in a straight line at a given distance from the exposed edge and driving wooden or steel pegs (called feathers) into the holes. The feathers were gradually driven in sequence so as to not apply too much pressure to any one single hole. Eventually, the layer would crack along the line of holes. The same procedure would then be used to section the long section into smaller pieces. If a smooth surface was needed, the smaller pieces were placed on a buzz saw table and cut or planed. The stone was very soft when first exposed and cut fairly easy. Corners were sometimes tooled to create a bevel.

The North Rock Creek Bridge was likely constructed by laborers working under the WPA program. Although no primary source documentation could be located, newspapers of the period indicate that the WPA was active in Mitchell County. In addition, two other known bridges of nearly identical construction have WPA date stones. This bridge is built exactly the same way that other documented WPA bridges were constructed with the same type of stone quarried and tooled in the same manner. It features the same smooth finished arch stones with rusticated keystone. There is nothing to suggest that it was built by any other entity than the WPA. If additional information is uncovered in the future this nomination may be amended.

North Rock Cree	k iviasonry	Arch Bridge	
Name of Property	•		

Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

#### 9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form.)

The Beloit Gazette, 4 January 1940.

Cutler, William. History of the State of Kansas. Chicago: A.T. Andreas Publishing Co., 1883.

Jochims, Larry. "Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas" National Register Multiple Property Documentation Form. Topeka, KS: Kansas State Historical Society, 1985. On file in the Cultural Resources Division.

Kansas Anthropological Association. Historical Moments of Mitchell County. N.p.: A.B.D. Printers, 1976.

Mitchell County Commissioners Proceedings (Minutes) 1939-1942.

Mitchell County Highway Department Files.

Rosin, Elizabeth, et. al. "New Deal-era Resources of Kansas." National Register Multiple Property Document, 2002. Filed at the Kansas State Historic Preservation Office, Topeka, KS.

Works Progress Administration, Central Office Reference Card Location Project File. (On microfilm at Kansas Historical Society archives, Topeka, KS.)

Previous documentati	ion on file (NPS):		Primary location of additional data:		
requested) previously listed in previously determi designated a Natio recorded by Histor recorded by Histor	the National Register ned eligible by the National Regis nal Historic Landmark ic American Buildings Survey #_ ic American Engineering Record ic American Landscape Survey #	ter #	x State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other  Name of repository: Kansas Historical Society		
	Survey Number (if assigne				
10. Geographical	Data				
Acreage of Prope	rty Less than 1 acre				
Latitude/Longitud Datum if other than (enter coordinates					
1 39.263213 Latitude:	-98.313822 Longitude:	3 Latit	ude: Longitud	e:	
2	Langituda	4	l a with red		
Latitude:	Longitude:	Latitu	de: Longitude	₿.	

Verbal Boundary Description (describe the boundaries of the property)

North Rock Creek Masonry Arch Bridge is located 0.4 miles east of 190<sup>th</sup> Road on V Road and is along the section line between Sections 15 and 22 in Township 9S, Range 9W. The boundary is the extent of the bridge structure and its abutments.

Boundary Justification (explain why the boundaries were selected)

Name of Property

### Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

The nominated area includes the bridge, the abutments, and the land on which it sits. These are the features historically associated with the Brown's Creek Masonry Arch Bridge.

11. Form Prepared By						
name/title <u>John Cas</u> ł	natt for Mitchell County					
organization Schwab I	Eaton	date	Janu	ary 28, 2014	<b> </b>	
street & number 101 S	S. Mill; PO Box 280	teler	hone	785-738-27	'25	
city or town Beloit		stat	e KS	zi	ip code 67420	
e-mail <u>jcashatt@</u>	schwab-eaton.com					
Property Owner: (comp	plete this item at the request of the SHI	PO or FPO)				
name <u>Mitchell Co</u>	unty					
street & number		teler	ohone			
city or town Beloit		stat	e KS	zi	ip code	
benefit in accordance with the Estimated Burden Statemer Instructions, gathering and mathematics of Plan this form to the Office of Plan	nine eligibility for listing, to list properties, a National Historic Preservation Act, as a nt: Public reporting burden for this form a aintaining data, and completing and reviening and Performance Management. U.S.	mended (16 U.S.C.460 et is estimated to average 10 ewing the form. Direct con	seq.). 0 hours nments	per response in	ncluding time for burden estimate or	reviewing
Additional Documenta	ns with the completed form:					
Photographs	escriptive photographs. The size	of each digital image	must	be 1600x120	00 pixels (miniı	mum), at
Name of Property:	Mitchell County Bridge V4J					
City or Vicinity:	Hunter					_
County: Mitchell		State: KS				<u> </u>
Photographer:	John Cashatt					
Date Photographed:	1-29-2014					·

Description of Photograph(s) and number, include description of view indicating direction of camera:

1 of 6: Roadway looking east

2 of 6: South side looking northeast

3 of 6: South keystone, east arch

4 of 6: Arch stone of east arch

5 of 6: South end of pier

6 of 6: South rail looking east

United States Department of the Interior NPS Form 10-900

National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form OMB No. 1024-0018

North Rock Creek Masonry Arch Bridge

Name of Property

Mitchell County, Kansas County and State

Name of Property

## Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

## **Figures**

Include GIS maps, figures, scanned images below.

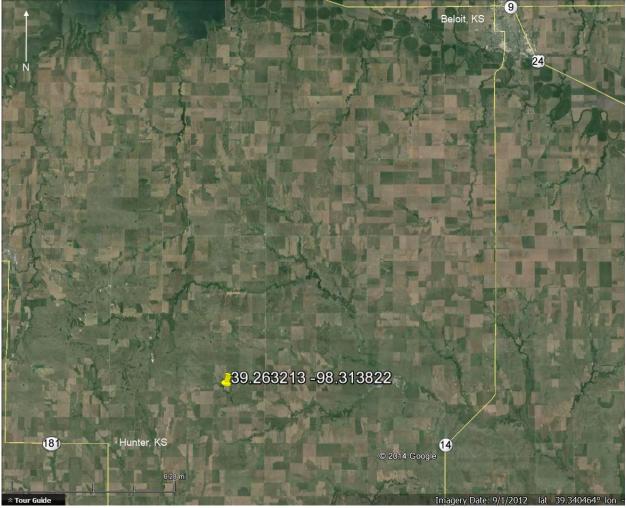


Figure 1: North Rock Creek Bridge location (Google Earth)

Name of Property

## Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State



Name of Property

## Mitchell County, Kansas

County and State

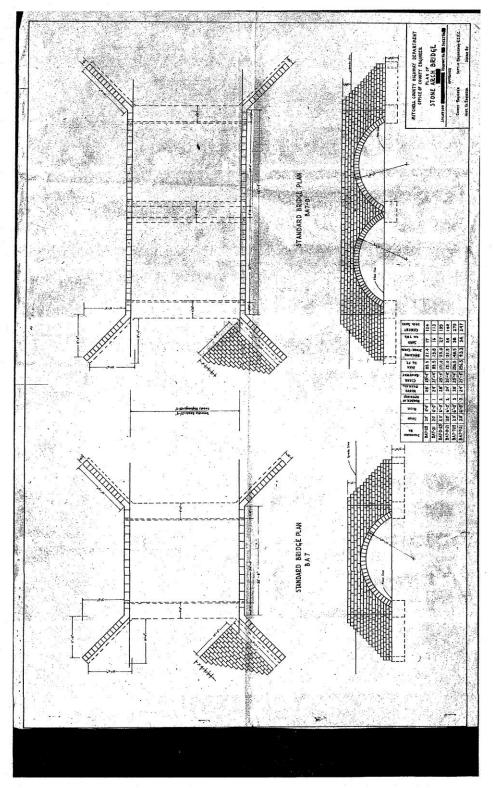


Figure 3 Standard bridge plan from the WPA period. Courtesy of Mitchell County













## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION
PROPERTY North Rock Creek Masonry Arch Bridge NAME:
MULTIPLE Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas TR NAME:
STATE & COUNTY: KANSAS, Mitchell
DATE RECEIVED: 6/13/14 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 7/02/14 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 7/17/14 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST: 7/30/14
REFERENCE NUMBER: 14000439
REASONS FOR REVIEW:
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N
COMMENT WAIVER: N
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:
The National Register  of  Historic Places
RECOM./CRITERIA
REVIEWERDISCIPLINE
TELEPHONE DATE
DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N
If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



phone: 785-272-8681 fax: 785-272-8682 cultural\_resources@kshs.org

Sam Brownback, Governor

Kansas Historical Society

June 4, 2014

Carol Shull
National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service
1201 Eye Street, N. W.
8th Floor (MS 2280)
Washington, DC 20005

JUN 1 2014

NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Re:

National Register Nominations - new submissions

Dear Ms. Shull:

We are pleased to submit for your consideration the following National Register documents:

- North Rock Creek Masonry Arch Bridge Mitchell County (new nomination)
  - Enclosed: Signed copy of nomination and 2 disks (with nomination, GIS, and photo files)
  - o The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the nomination.
- Antelope Creek Masonry Arch Bridge Mitchell County (new nomination)
  - Enclosed: Signed copy of nomination and 2 disks (with nomination, GIS, and photo files)
  - o The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the nomination.
- Brown's Creek Tributary Masonry Arch Bridge Mitchell County (new nomination)
  - Enclosed: Signed copy of nomination and 2 disks (with nomination, GIS, and photo files)
  - o The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the nomination.
- Lawrence Modern, 1945-1975 Douglas County (amendment to MPDF)
  - Applicant requests this amendment be added to Historic Resources of Lawrence,
     Douglas County, Kansas MPDF. No changes are being proposed to existing MPDF.
  - Enclosed: Signed copy of document and 1 disk (with document)
  - The enclosed disk #1 contains the true and correct copy of the document.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions. I may be reached at 785-272-8681 ext. 216 or smartin@kshs.org.

Sincerely yours,

Sarah J. Martin

National Register Coordinator

Saul Mart

Enclosures