United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received JUN 2 I 1985
date entered JUL I 8 1995

For NPS use only

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	l e	able sec	CHOIIS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
historic Th	e Hill Memor	ial			
and/or common	Headquarte	rs of	the Sussex Co	ounty Historica	l Society
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	82 Main St	reet			NA not for publication
city, town	ewton		vicinity of		
state New Jo	ersey	code	34 count	y Sussex County	y code 037
3. Clas	sificatio	n			
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisitio in process being conside		Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	entertainment government	_X_ museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(use	and occupation	on reserved for	S.C.H.S.)
	wton		vicinity of		e New Jersey
	ation of L	ega	l Descript	_	
			x County Hall		
street & number	Park Place				
	ewton		4	state	e New Jersey
	esentati	on i	n Existing		
title Office	of New Jers	ey Heı	citage has this p	roperty been determined	eligible? yes _x no
date 12/19		<u> </u>		······································	state county loca
depository for su		N-402			
	enton			state	New Jersey 0862

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one		
\mathbf{x} excellent	deteriorated	_x_ unaltered	_X original site		
good	ruins	altered	moved date		
fair	unexposed				

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Hill Memorial stands on eighteen hundredths of an acre located at the southwest corner of the intersection of Main and Church Streets in the Town of Newton. It was erected in 1916-1917.

A description of the building, still valid today, was published in the Sussex Register, March 2, 1916, in an article entitled, "Hill Memorial Contract Signed":

"As laid out in the final plans, the new home for the Historical Society will be constructed of two shades of grey tapestry brick, with Indiana limestone window sills, the rest of the trim being made with brick facings at the corner and eave line. The entrance, which will be in the center of the building on the Main Street side, will be covered by a porch supported by two columns, all the detail work of the entrance to be of Terra Cotta, of a color to be selected by the architect and the building committee that will harmonize with the general color scheme.

The building is two stories in height. Its dimensions over all are 53 feet 4 inches by 26 feet, there being a bay in the rear at the center, 7 feet wide by 41 feet long, for the stairway to the second floor. On the first floor there are two exhibition rooms, one on each side of the vestibule, each 17 feet by 23 feet. The Lobby, running from the entrance to the foot of the stairs at the rear, is 18 feet by 19 feet 6 inches.

The stairway rises opposite the entrance, turning at a landing to both right and left, giving two entrances into the large assembly room that occupies the entire second floor.

Under the stairway on the first floor there are two toilets, and at each side of the entrance there is a closet. The whole space under the building is excavated, and there will be a large hot air heater installed. Part of the space under the stairs on the first floor will be used for a small fireproof vault for the safekeeping of the more valuable records of the Society.

The roof is to be of local slate, with wooden trim at the eaves. Over the entrance there will be carved in the Terra Cotta lintel the words: "The Hill Memorial." One of the features of the building will be the grading of the lot, which is included in the contract let to Mr. Farrell. From the highest point in the lot a concrete retaining wall will be built level at the entrance about two feet above the side walk. Behind this wall, the ground will be graded gently up to the building.

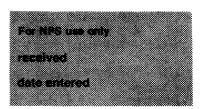
The work specified throughout the building is of the highest grade. The trim will be of oak, and the floors laid with maple. The

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foundations will be laid up with native stone, uncut, and laid as the stone runs."

Further details of the materials and methods of construction are contained in the original building specifications. Stone and brick from the old foundation of the Johnson building, demolished to make way for the Hill Memorial, were used in the new foundation along with local building stone. The mortar is a mixture of lime, sand and Portland cement. The structure is faced with smoky grey pressed bricks of two shades which measure 2-5/16 " x 4" x $8\frac{1}{4}$ ". Brick for the first story window arches and the outside corner brick of the watertable are molded and baked to specification. Below the watertable, the face brick was bonded to the backing with a clipped herring bone bond each sixth course; above the watertable course, the headers are real in each fifth course. Other headers are false ones made of half bricks. The joints are raked $\frac{1}{4}$ " deep. The common brickwork is of good hard burned common brick.

The window sills at grade are made of fine axed local stone. Window sills above grade are of Indiana limestone, as are the chimney caps.

The front entrance steps, platform and cheeks up to the bottom of the columns and pilaster bases are rubbed planed or fine axed bluestone as is the rear door sill.

The front entrance trim, including columns with bases and caps, door casings inside or out of the outside doorway, the casings outside of the vestibule doorway, and the entablature above the entrance are made of standard finished terra cotta. The portico has a plaster ceiling and a tin roof.

The Hill Memorial is roofed with Newton Chapman Slate, $8" \times 16"$, with 7" exposure to the weather.

All exterior woodwork was painted except the front entrance doors and frame with white lead and linseed oil, tinted to match the terra cotta.

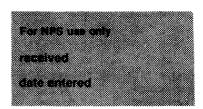
The first and second floor timbers, the stair landing timbers and the stair horse are made of Savannah long leaf yellow pine as is the plank under the entire first and second story floors except the vault, toilets, vestibule and closets. Reinforced concrete was used for the floors of the closets, vestibule and cellar stair landing and for the fireproof vault.

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Steel lintels, coated with a paint of read lead and linseed oil, were used to span the cellar windows, cellar door, toilet room windows, and interior openings.

Maple was chosen for the finished flooring of the Hall, Exhibit Rooms, and the Committee and Assembly Room.

A woven wire 3/8" mesh underlies the interior ceilings. Wet spruce lath with a 3/8" spacing was used on all stud walls. Three coats of plaster (scratch, brown and white coats) were applied. The plaster walls and ceilings were then painted with a coat of white lead and linseed oil before a final coat of enamel was applied.

The picture moldings, beam finish, and the cornice of the Committee and Assembly Room are fashioned of chestnut or of red or white oak. The remainder of the interior woodwork, including the chair rails, is of red or white oak. Quartered oak was used for the stair newels, treads, risers, and face strings and for all panels and the main front and vestibule doors. The main stair newels are 10" octagons with bases and caps; the other stair newels are square. The balusters are turned. All interior woodwork, except the maple floors, is varnished.

White pine was used for the window frames, sashes and cornices of the double hung windows. The rear door is also made of white pine. Pine was used for the roofers.

The frame windows used steel axle pulleys. Most of the original brass hardware of the building survives as do the cast iron coat hooks in the cloak room.

One of two Adees' "Royal Flush" vitreous ware, silent acting, siphon jet water closets with cabinet finished oak seats and cover has survived (Men's Room).

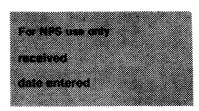
The great fireplace containing stones of historical and geological significance was built by Mr. George Sharp of Lafayette in 1921. Its mantle, eight feet long and one foot wide, and its arch stones are of rough hewn granite quarried at Glenwood. Samples of florescent ores from the New Jersey Zinc Company's mines at Franklin and Ogdensburg were included. Two large stones, one on either side of the base, were taken from the foundation of the Thomas Anderson House in Newton prior to its removal to Main Street in 1895 from its original

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site on Park Place. Anderson was the county's leading patriot in Revolutionary times. There are also pieces of rock from the Delaware forts of Shipacong, Nomanock, Shapanock and Walpack which were erected by the State in 1755 to protect the northwestern frontier from attack. Stones from the first church at Walpack Bend (1737) and from the first parsonage at Fort Nomanock (1741) also stud the face of the fireplace. The first bridge across the Delaware built at Phillipsburg in 1796, and the first ferry across the river, Walker's Ferry at Shawnee (1732) are also commemorated, as is the Pahaquarry Copper Mine. The millstone of Van Campen's Mill in Walpack Township, considered to be the county's first water-driven mill, is cut in two pieces and set on either side of center above the mantle.

The chimney-breast also incorporates a piece of Moody's Rock; a portion chipped from a mile-marker on the Deckertown-Oswego Turnpike; a stone from the Minisink Trail; a piece of pottery found in the Minisink Burial Ground; and pieces of rock from the highest and lowest points in the State of New Jersey, both of which are in Sussex County - one stone being from the topmost rock at High Point (1,823 feet above sea level) and the other from the bottom of the Ogensburg Mine (1,200 feet below sea level).

The cornerstone of the Hill Memorial, laid on May 23, 1916, contains a copper box inscribed "Made by Charles Grimm, 1916". It contains a portrait of Joshua Hill, a copy of the proceedings of Sussex County's Sesqui-Centennial Anniversary (1903), a copy of the program for the cornerstone laying, a portrait of the Hill Memorial with the names of the architect and contractor and data pertaining to its materials and construction costs, a picture of the Johnson building that had been removed to make way for the Hill Memorial, a list of life and annual members, a brief history of the Chinkchewunska Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, pictures of the churches, the library and municipal buildings in Newton, copies of the county papers, and a list of the Board of Freeholders for 1916.

The Hill Memorial retains its original architectural character, being substantially unaltered in its interior and exterior appearance. In January of 1946, wooden panels were removed from the entrances to the two rooms on either side of the Lobby and glass was installed. Florescent lighting has also been installed. The original Art Nouveau chandelier, however, still hangs in the Hall.

8. Significance

Period	- .	community planning conservation conservation conservation conservation conservation conservation conservation/settlement	literature military music philosophy politics/government	religion science sculpture X social/ humanitarian theater transportation X other (specify) museum
Specific dates	1916	Builder/Architect H.T	. Stephens, Archi	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Hill Memorial is the oldest museum building in the State of New Jersey. It is an interesting variant and locally rare example of Renaissance Revival architecture. It was the only building erected in Newton for a civic or cultural purpose around the time of the First World War; therefore, it is stylistically unique in a regional context. Since its dedication, the building has provided a meeting place for many community organizations.

The Hill Memorial Building was constructed between April and August of 1916 through a donation of \$15,000 from Joshua Hill. It was dedicated on June 8, 1917, as a memorial to Joshua Hill's father and mother, Luther and Abigail (Dildine) Hill, and to his uncle, Joseph Price Hill, all late residents of Andover Township. It stands upon .18 acre conveyed to the Sussex County Historical Society by Lizzie D. Clark, et. al., by deed dated June 17, 1915, recorded in Sussex County Deed Book I-11, page 480. The Sussex County Board of Freeholders accepted title to the property on September 8, 1920. was based upon "A Supplement to an Act entitled 'An Act Concerning Counties' Approved March 4, 1918". This supplement was approved on April 20, 1920, and recorded in Chapter 269 of the Laws of the State of New Jersey (1920). Transfer of ownership to the County of Sussex included a clause reserving "the use and occupation of said land and premises" to the Sussex County Historical Society. In 1967, the Board of Freeholders designated the Hill Memorial as the official county museum.

The two-story brick building is an interesting variant of Renaissance Revival architecture. The symmetrical arrangement of the facade, accentuated by rusticated quoins and a neo-classical portico, are characteristic of the style. A belt course horizontally divides the two tall stories and the window surrounds differ on either side of this demarcation. The hipped roof, brick bond and highly stylized keystone arches above the first story windows are Colonial Revival elements which emphasize the building's purpose as the home of the county historical society. Embellishment of the Renaissance Revival format with Colonial Revival motifs gives the Hill Memorial a visual exuberance untypical of the generally staid formalism associated with this style. The restrained scale of the building admirably suits its setting on the Main Street of a rural county seat.

H.T. Stephens, whose office was located in the United Bank Building, 152 Market Street, Paterson, New Jersey, was employed as architect for the Hill Memorial. The Building Committee of the Sussex County Historical Society hired Thomas F. Farrell of Newton as contractor on February 29, 1916. In order to enhance the memorial quality of the building, emphasis was placed upon the use of

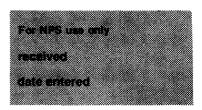
9. Ma	jor Bib	liograph	ical	Refere	ence)S	
(bookle Sussex Buildin of the	t), compil Register, g Specific Sussex Cor	torical Soc ed by Myra March 2, 19 ations for inty Histor	Snook 916; Ju the Hi ical Sc	and Barb ine 14, 1 .11 Memor	ara L 917.	. Waskowi	.ch
10. G	eograp	hical Da	ata				
Quadrangle		nty <u>.18 acre</u> on West	9	-		Quadrangl	le scale 1:24000
		4 5 4 4 8 0 Northing	510 11 11	BZon D F	e Eas	ting	Northing Lilia
Verbal bou	ndary descrip	tion and justific	ation				
		(See	e Conti	nuation :	Page)		
List all sta	tes and count	es for propertie	s overlap	ping state o	county	boundaries	NA
state		code	•	county			code
state		code	•	county			code
11. F	orm Pr	epared E	3y				
name/title		ight, Chair		istoric	Prese	rvation C	ommittee.
		ounty Histo				November	•
organization	92 Mai	n Street			date	(homo)	487-1739
street & num	ber				telepho	716	
city or town	Newton,	New Jersey			state	New Jers	ey
12. S	tate Hi	storic P	resei	rvation	Off	icer C	ertification
The evaluate	d significance o	f this property wit	nin the stat	te is:			
	national	state	_x	_ local			
665), I hereby according to	nominate this	oric Preservation (property for inclust procedures set fo	ion in the	National Regis	ter and o		t of 1966 (Public Law 89– as been evaluated
Deputy State Historic	Preservation C	officer signature	Ky	SI 1001	han	• ==	
title Actin	g Director,	Division of	art s &	Forestry		date	5/13/85
For NPS		s property is inclu	ded in the i	National Regis Intered in National Re	ter the gister	date	7-18-85
Keeper of	the National R	egister		NO CALADON			
Attest:						date	
	Registration						
GPO 894-788							

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regional materials and craftsmen. The face brick was furnished by Sloan Company from their kilns in Pennsylvania; the cut stone was supplied by Divers and Davidson of Harrison, New Jersey; the terra cotta came from Corning, New York; roof slates were quarried at Lafayette and Newton; lumber and cement was supplied by Hart and Iliff of Newton; and the plumbing, heating and sheet metalwork were furnished by William Howell of Newton.

The Hill Memorial is the oldest museum building in the State of New Jersey. It was built a decade after the Sesqui-Centennial of Sussex County in 1903. This anniversary celebration encouraged public interest and appreciation of local heritage. As a result, the Sussex County Historical Society was formed in 1904. Both the Society and its museum were established through the efforts of descendants of the area's earliest settlers at a time when their political and economic influence in state politics was beginning to wane. In this sense, the building marks the passing of an era nationally signified by America's entrance into the First World War.

An article appearing in the Sussex Register at the time of the Hill Memorial's dedication on June 8, 1917, reported that "Sentiment favoring a wider use of the Hill Memorial Building, on Main Street, than as a mere show place for relics was expressed at the annual meeting of the Sussex County Historical Society last Friday, when the building was formally opened. The first step toward an increased scope for the structure came when the society granted the use of one of the rooms to the local branch of the National League for Woman's Service, which is engaged in the making of bandages and other hospital supplies for the use of the government forces." (Sussex Register, June 14, 1917). Since its dedication, the Society's building has provided a meeting-place for many community organizations including the Sussex County Council of Churches, the Sussex County Poultry Club, the Sussex County Music Foundation, Sussex County Photographers (who used the basement as a darkroom), The Kittatinny Craftsmen, the American Association of University Women, and Welcome Wagon. and 1972, the Draft Board of the Selective Service System met in the building. The Sussex County Planning Board rented an office there between 1945 and 1950.

As the repository of the museum and library collections of the Sussex County Historical Society, the Hill Memorial continues to serve as an educational and cultural resource center for the area.

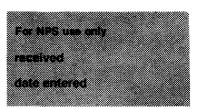
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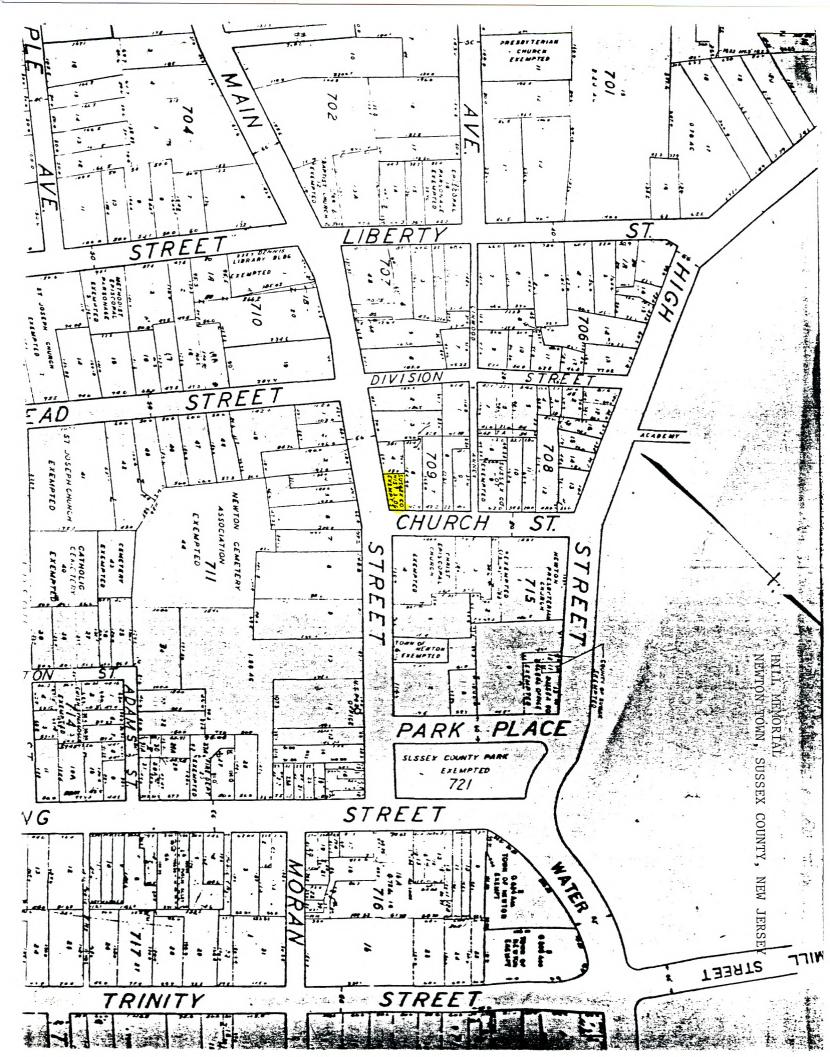
Continuation sheet Sussex County

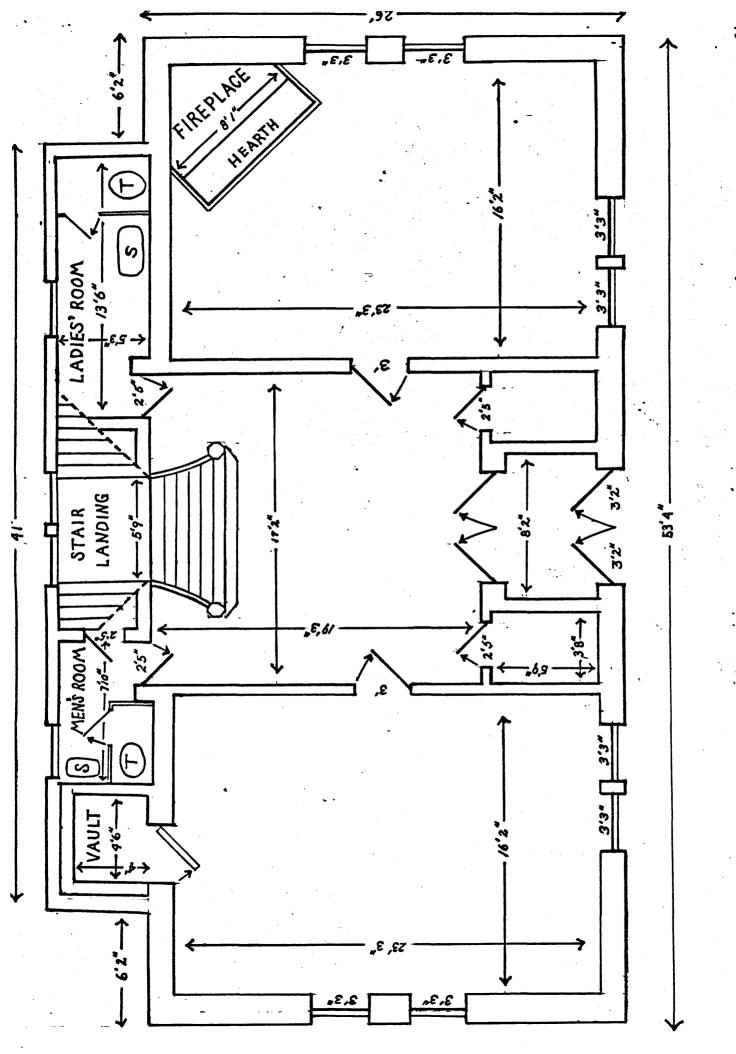
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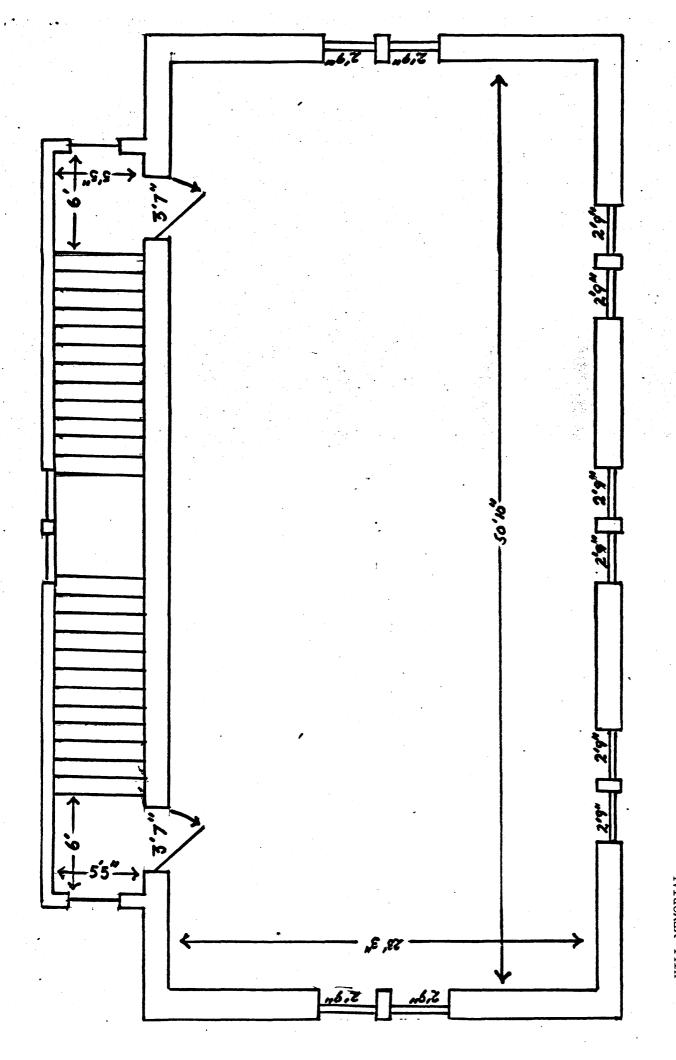
Beginning at stake standing in a line 4' from South side and 4' from East end of the storehouse standing on said lot in Newton and from thence running along street (1) S 40° W, 2 chains, 25 links. (2) N 50° W, 95 links to a line of John Winterbottom's lot (3) N 47° E, 2 chains, 34 links to Church Street (4) along same South 44° 20' East, 65 links, to the beginning, containing eighteen hundredths of an acre of land more or less.





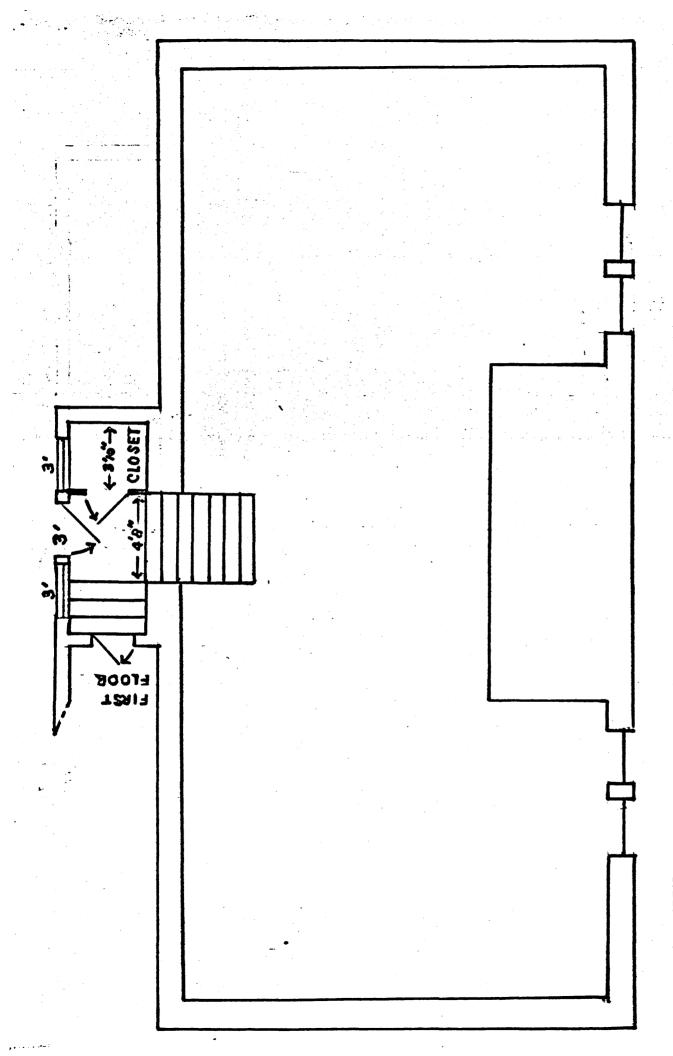
FHE HILL MEMORIAL BUILDING

Newton Town, Sussex County, New Jersey



HILL MEMORIAL NEWTON TOWN, SUSSEX COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

SECOND FLOOR



HILL MEMEORIAL NEWTON, NEW JERSEY NEWTON TOWN, SUSSEX COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

BASEMENT