Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

RECEIVED

DEC 5 1978

SEE II	NSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW TO</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES O			
NAME				
— ніsтокіс Shum	way School			
AND/OR COMMON				
LOCATION	off AZ ?	17		
	NW corner of intersect approximately ¼ mile		E to Love Lake andnotforPublication	dirt road
city, town numway (vic. of	Taylor & Snowflake <u>)</u>	VICINITY OF	CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	СТ
STATE Arizona		CODE	county Navajo	CODE //
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENT USE
DISTRICT	X _P UBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
$X_{BUILDING(S)}$	PRIVATE	XUNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	_WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	XYES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	X _{OTHER:} vacant
OWNER OF	PROPERTY			
NAME Navajo C	county Historical Socie	ety		
STREET & NUMBER				
Box 5		<u> </u>	STATE	
Taylor		VICINITY OF	Arizona	
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,E	ETC. Navajo County Com	plex		
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN	Holbrook		STATE Arizona	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	NG SLIPVEVS	π τεσπα	
TITLE		ANG JON VIII		
DATE				
DEBOCITORY		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS				
CITY, TOWN			STATE	



__EXCELLENT

__GOOD

__FAIR

CONDITION

XDETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

XUNALTERED

_ALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The building was constructed of local burnt brick and was laid up in triple width common bond with bricks cross laid every seventh course. It has a stone foundation with approximately two foot ground clearance. It measures $22\frac{1}{2}$ feet wide by 35 feet long and is approximately 12 feet in ceiling height. The roof is gabled and shingled with cedar shingles. It carries a four-gabled, wood louvered belfry that housed the original school bell. The bell has been removed, whereabouts unknown. The ceiling is tongue and groove wood, painted and the flooring is the same. There is an interior wood wainscot, approximately three feet high that is painted.

There are three windows on each side and two in the front. Each window has a wooden lintel or square flat arch in brick with frames in place. Original doors were four panel wood. Full width concrete steps, four high, lead to the front door with one entrance step.

The building is located on one acre of land and faces in an easterly direction. The plot is square and is bordered on the north and west by a deteriorating barbed wire fence. East and south borders are dirt roads described in LOCATION. The land slopes gently to the east.

The exterior brick is deteriorating at the corners and the walls are separating. Bricks are being taken from property. The shingle roof is deteriorating along with the belfry. There are holes in the ceiling and floor. All glass is gone. Doors are gone and the wainscot is being removed piece by piece by vandals. On the grounds there remains a cedar basketball standard and a few front fence posts. The rest of the grounds are bare or in weeds.

Descendants of pioneer families who settled the area and had attended the school, are quite interested in restoring the building. Many local people say that there is interest and volunteer labor would be available to assist in the restoration.

DOCUMENT RECORDING OF OWNERSHIP:

- 1. Shumway School District 4/92, June 24, 1903
- 2. Shumway Ward LDS Church 24/355, December 13, 1935
- 3. Navajo County Historical Society 497/945, August 18, 1977

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	X_religion	
1400-1499	_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
1600-1699	_XARCHITECTURE	<u>X</u> EDUCATION	MILITARY	X.social/humanitarian	
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION	
<u>X</u> 1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	_INDUSTRY	X.POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES Constructed in 1900

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Shumway Schoolhouse is one of the few remaining one-room brick schoolhouses still standing in northern Arizona. It served as the educational, religious, and social center of Shumway which was founded as part of the Mormon colonizing efforts called for by the LDS Church in Salt Lake City in the late 1800s. The very first colonizers in the area founded the farming communities of Snowflake and Taylor in 1878. The towns are about five miles apart and Shumway is six miles south of Taylor. This building is important because of its historic and cultural significance to Shumway and its typifying of the Mormon settlement patterns that have been a great part of the history of Arizona settlement. The Shumway schoolhouse was the hub of this small community from 1900 to 1940 when the schoolhouse was abandoned due to school and church changes.

The schoolhouse was used for educating students from first through eighth grades. It also served as the local LDS Church branch for both religious and social functions. It served as a political meeting place, voting booth, town meeting hall, dance floor, party gathering room, family reunion center, playground -- in short, most social functions of the community. The grounds served as playground for basketball, volleyball, and baseball. The grounds were used for picnics, camping area for in-transit Teamsters, and general outdoor gathering spot.

In 1879, Charles Shumway, pioneer and colonizer, was called by LDS Church President Brigham Young to go to Arizona to help colonize. He settled in a small valley called Spring Valley, nine miles south of Snowflake. There was abundant water, and he decided to build a grist mill. In 1881 the mill was completed, thereby making Spring Valley - which was later named Shumway - the local center for grinding flour. Due to water supply and good climate, Shumway grew into a farming and fruit growing community.

Though there is little written history of Shumway, Charles Shumway is considered, by local historians, to be the founder.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGR	APHICAL REFE	RENCES		
Levine, Albert J. <u>F</u>	rom Indian Trails t	o Jet Trail	<u>s</u> , 1978.	
Tenney, Jocie. <u>Tayl</u>	or's Centennial Sto	ories, 1878-	1978, Eastern Ariz	ona College, 1978.
Webb, Ida. <u>Taylor C</u>				
10 GEOGRAPHICAL		, 		
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPE UTM REFERENCES	ERTY	-		
A[1,2] [5[8,5[2,4,0 ,ZONE EASTING	3.810.714.2.0 NORTHING	BL ZONE	EASTING NORT	THING
C J L J L L VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCR	RIPTION	D		
T12N R21E Sec 25				
Beginning 6 rods We 12 rods, then East 1	est of SW corner Lot	7 Section	25, then West 12 r	ods, then North
	* *			and the state
LIST ALL STATES AND	COUNTIES FOR PROPERT	IES OVERLAPPIN	IG STATE OR COUNTY BO	UNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
II FORM PREPARED	BY	t _a		
Dave Ganci				
ORGANIZATION Anizona Stato Danks Ro	and Hamitage Conce	mustion Soci	DATE	
Arizona State Parks Bo	ard, Heritage Conse	rvarion seco	TELEPHONE	
1688 West Adams			(602) 271-4 STATE	4174
Phoenix			Arizona	
12 STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATION	N OFFICE	CERTIFICATION	ON
Pa to	UATED SIGNIFICANCE OF			
NATIONAL	STAT	E_ <u>/</u>	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic F hereby nominate this property for criteria and procedures set forth b	r inclusion in the National R			
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF	FFICER SIGNATURE	orothy	H Hall	
TITLE		0	DATE //-	-30-78
OR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS	PROPERTY IS INCLUDED	IN THE NATIONA		1/28/29
THE ATTEST: WOLLD WATER OF THE NATIONAL R	COLOGY AND HISTORIC PR LOCULE Q EGISTER	FARMATION	DATE 1	29/79

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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JAN 2 9 1979

DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET

SHUMWAY SCHOOLITEM NUMBER

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ORAL HISTORY

Brinkerhoff, Don, from Snowflake, Arizona, and former Bishop of LDS Church when located in Shumway schoolhouse. Mr. Brinkerhoff verified the fact that the schoolhouse was used for LDS Church services, meetings, and social events, as well as, dances, voting booth location, political meeting place, parties, most all social events that took place in Shumway. Interview date - 7/12/78

Denham, Harold, from Taylor, Arizona, and former student at Shumway schoolhouse. Mr. Denham verified that the schoolhouse was used for most of the social events, church events, political events, and dances. It was the social center of Shumway. Teamster wagon drivers also used the grounds as a camping area when in transit. The grounds were also used for basketball, baseball, and volleyball. - 7/12/78

Shumway, Elizabeth S., former student at Shumway schoolhouse and from Taylor, Arizona. Mrs. Shumway also verified the varied uses of the schoolhouse to include those of a family reunion center, town meeting hall, and playground. - 7/13/78