Form 10-300 (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

STATE:	
Rhode Island	
COUNTY:	
Providence	
FOR NPS USE ONL	Υ
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE
71.6,44,0015	10/31/

(Type all entries — complete applicable sections) NAME COMMON: Dexter (Edward) House AND/OR HISTORIC:	71.6.44.0015	DATE					
Dexter (Edward) House		6/31/71					
Dexter (Edward) House							
AND/OR HISTORIC:							
LOCATION							
STREET AND NUMBER:							
72 Waterman Street	(3)						
Providence							
							STATE CODE COUNTY:
	ovidence	007					
CLASSIFICATION		205501015					
CATEGORY (Check One) OWNERSHIP	In STATUS I	CESSIBLE THE PUBLIC					
		res:					
La Someting	M occobied						
	Unoccupied	Unrestricted					
Object Both Being Considered	Preservation work in progress	No					
	, in progress						
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)							
☐ Agricultural ☐ Government ☐ Park [_	omments					
☐ Commercial ☐ Industrial ☐ ☐ Private Residence ☐	Other (Specify)						
☐ Educational ☐ Military ☐ Religious							
☐ Entertainment ☐ Museum ☐ Scientific							
OWNER OF PROPERTY							
OWNER'S NAME:							
Frank L. Hinckley, Jr.							
72 Waterman Street							
CITY OR TOWN: STATE:	· · ·	CODE					
	Rhode Island	44					
LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION							
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:		\$1.50p. \$2110 https://doi.org/10.100					
City Hall							
STREET AND NUMBER:	· · · · · ·						
Dorrance and Washington Streets							
		CODE					
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Providence R REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS							
Providence R REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY:		4.97					
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Providence REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey DATE OF SURVEY: 1937 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: Library of Congress	•	CODE CODE					

		(Check One)							
CONDITION	K Excellent	☐ Good	☐ Fair	Deteriorated	☐ Ruins	Unexposed			
		(Check One)			(Check One)				
		red 	☐ Unaltered		Moved	Original Site			

The Dexter house, whose architect is unknown, was built between 1795 and 1797 and is of timber-frame, clapboarded construction above a sandstone basement, excepting the two exterior walls (formerly the north and south and now the east and west ones) are faced in brick for weather protection. It is of two-and-a-half storeys under a low hipped roof with a square monitor. Originally located on the north-east corner of George and Prospect Streets--roughly two blocks away--and facing west, the house was sawn into two sections and moved in 1860 to its new location, where it was turned to face south. Subsequently it was enlarged by extensions at the east which run off to the rear of the house and by the insertion of dormers in the roof. Beyond these obvious but harmoniously handled additions its basic proportions, trim and appearance have not been altered.

In external architectural treatment, the Dexter house is transitional between the Georgian and Federal styles. (Its façade scheme belongs to the type used for the Vassall house of 1759 on Brattle Street in Cambridge, Massachusetts.) It is more architecturally adorned than other contemporary houses of similarly moderate size, in Providence. Quoins support a fretted and modillioned cornice. The central bay of the entrance front is marked by a pediment (open at its bottom) supported by two-storey pilasters of the Tuscan order, fluted (these in turn supported on pedestals and topped by narrow slices of entablature with single triglyphs). Between the pilasters is, on the first floor, a onestorey entrance porch with smooth Tuscan columns backed by pilasters and carrying a turned balustrade with urns. At second-floor level is a Palladian window whose rusticated centre arch rises into the pediment; glazing in the arched part of the window is "dummy-glazing," for interior ceiling height does not permit the actual window-opening to rise above the spring of the arch. First-floor windows at the front have pediments, while those at the sides and rear, and throughout the second storey, have simple architraves. At the eaves is an urn-topped parapet, panelled above solid wall areas and having opened sections of balusters above windows. An open balustrade topped by urns caps the monitor.

Internally, the house is of central-hall plan, having four principal rooms on each floor, these served by four externally flush chimneys in the end walls. On each side of the hall, front and rear rooms are separated by a space wide or deep enough to provide an arched recess for sofa or sideboard in each front room, the recesses flanked by cupboards or passageways. Antoinette F. Downing further describes the interior: "The scale of the interior decoration is lighter than was common previously ... Bands of reeding decorate the two-story pedimented mantelpiece in the southeast parlour, while the frieze section just above the fireplace opening is ornamented with applied mouldings having quad-

(See Continuation Sheet)

Form 10-300a (Dec. 1968)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

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Rhode Islan	d						
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FOR NPS USE ONLY							
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(Continuation Sheet)

(Number all entries)

7. Description.

rants taken from the corners. The cornices, chair rails and mantel mouldings in all the rooms show a great variety of patterns--reeding, gouge cuts, borings, circles, losenges, key designs, and dentils in various combinations ... The doors ... are crowned with broken-scroll pediments. The stairway belongs to the type common during the first decade of the nineteenth century: its two-run plan and ramped railings conform to colonial precedents, but the balusters have become slender Doric columns, and the landing window is simplified from the Palladian form to a plain round-headed window."

The house, importantly, displays its basic form and its original decorative elements unchanged; those additions of accomodation which have been made are visible as such but fortunately have been sympathetically applied. The building continues in the good state of maintenance it has always had.

8. Significance.

The Dexter house is perhaps soon to be put up for sale, and it needs protection—not to mention assured preservation over—all—lest the often brutal exigencies of the university add it to the total of surrounding XVIII— and early XIX—Century houses already destroyed thereby. (The house is flanked by university—owned properties, some also of architectural value—though unappreciated, and one has no idea what may be the construction or other plans for this block.)



PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
☐ Pre-Columbian	☐ 16th Century	🛣 18th Century	20th Century
☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (Il Applicat	le and Known) 1795-179	97	
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Abor iginal ·	· 🔲 Education	Political	Urban Planning
Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
☐ Historic	Industry	losophy	
☐ Agriculture	□ Invention	Science	10 is
🚺 Architecture	☐ Landscape	Sculpture	
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
☐ Commerce	☐ Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	Theater `	· ·
☐ Conservation	Music	☐ Transportation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Dexter house is one of the lamentably few XVIII-Century residences which have survived on the cresting plateau of Providence's College Hill, in the vicinity of Brown University, whose building programs have caused the destruction of many old dwellings. Even when there were more houses of its period nearby, this one took a primacy among them because of its architectural distinction—having an amount of thoughtful elaboration not possessed by its neighbours. It has in fact been stated that in Providence there was only one other dwelling (now vanished) coeval with the Dexter house which also displayed a full two-storey or colossal pilaster order. In its class or size, the Dexter house is as important in Providence and Rhode Island architectural history as are the great John Brown and Nightingale houses in theirs. And it is, to all purposes, architecturally completely intact.

After occupation by the Dexters, a family which remained active and prominent locally well on into the middle and latter XIX Century, the house was acquired by Charles L. Pendleton. While he owned it, it became a setting for his collection of antique American furniture and decorative objects. (When, around 1906, this collection was transferred to the Rhode Island School of Design a museum-house was built on school property to contain it. Internally, this structure greatly copied the plan and décor of the Dexter house.) Subsequently the house came into ownership of the Hinckley family, who still reside there.

Always occupied as a residence and excellently maintained, it deserves to continue in such a state and—hopefully—in such a use. It is centred, above a retaining wall and embankment, in the middle of a city block which faces the older buildings of Brown University and is a visual joy as one emerges from the campus or drives by in the street. (Contrastingly now, and unfortunately, the same cannot be said for adjacent blocks of the same street. It is an important part of its district, a conspicuous bit of local beauty and a small architectural monument.

(See Continuation Sheet)

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9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES