United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



RECENT

AUG of 12 1983

OHP

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms	
Type all entries—complete applicable sections	

1. Name

historic Hotel Arcata

and/or common same

2. Location

street & number	708 9th Streete			N/A not for publication
i ty, town Arca	ata	$\underline{N/A}$ vicinity of	congressional district	California #1
tate Califo	rnia coc	te 06 county	Humboldt	code 023
3. Class	sification			
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership _X_ public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted _X_ yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
1. Own	er of Prope	rty		
ame City of	f Arcata			
treet & number	736 "F" Street			
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5. Loca	tion of Leg	al Descripti	on	
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6. Repr				
Reflect	ions of Arcata's H years of architect		operty been determined e	legible? yes x r

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7. Description

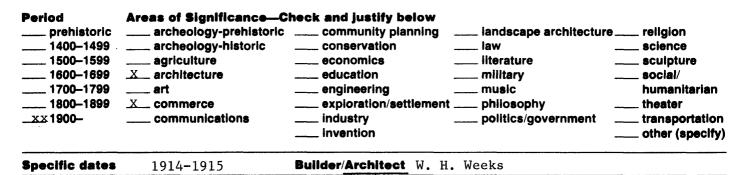
Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Locted on the northeast corner of the historic Arcata Plaza, the Hotel Arcata is a three story, flat roofed, brick building with minimal Built in 1914-1915, the 48 room Hotel Beaux Arts detailing. fully occupys a 75' wide, 115' deep city lot, with its west wall abutting another building. The street level stores have recessed entrances between plate glass show windows. Second and third stories each have vertically arranged symetrically grouped, two-pane windows encircling the front, east, and back sides. The main entrance, centered on the south side and facing the Plaza is covered by a decorative stationary marquee and ornate bracketed hood with the words, HOTEL ARCATA. Additional decorative detail includes an ornamented metal cornice, marble vestibule, horizontal bands above the upper story windows, and inlaid tile motif in the brickwork. Aside from storefront alterations and minor deterioration, the original and present appearances are the same. The Hotel Arcata is the last remaining hotel in Arcata, and has been in continuous use as hotel and shops. Arcata continues to be a small city and the Plaza continues as the primary commercial area. The Hotel Arcata is an integral part of the Plaza and Arcata.

Although there are some alterations and damage the Hotel Arcata is essentially the same as when it was built. Between 1937 and 1948 two additional shop entrances along "G" Street and one on 9th Street were constructed. The style of entrance and showcase windows is consistent with those in the building originally. Earthquake damage in 1954 necessitated steel bracing on the southwest rcof corner and replacement by another material where bricks fell out of the west wall. Many other earthquakes have occurred since 1915 and areas of wall show cracks. A fire in mid-1970's in a third story east side room resulted in minor damage to the cornice. The two affected rooms were repaired, but some of the original woodwork was destroyed. The flagpole on the top of the building is no longer there. Between 1937 and the mid-1970's, the original lobby area was gradually converted to shops in such a way that much of it could be converted back to lobby. Three sky-lighted showrooms have been converted to a manager's apartment. In the mid-1970's, the first story of the 9th street facade was sand blasted. The first story on the "G" Street side is painted at this time. The building can be restored to its original grandure.

The main entrance has several ornate features. The vestibule walls are covered with Tokeen Alaskan marble with the floor covered with one inch ceramic tile and colored border. The original oak veneer door has been replaced with a steel frame plate glass door. At each side of the vestibule entrance is a partial column, constructed of brick, with a Tuscan capital and scroll entablature. A cast metal and hammered copper marquee, held stationary by turn-buckles, has a shell motif, reed moulding, and is fringed by small square spaces containing glass. The marquee is damaged in a few spots, and the wired glass that formed the marquee roof is no longer there. Above the marquee, a hood projects from the building about 12 inches and is the same width as the marquee. A fillet and scroll motif moulding, which extends around the south and east sides of the building is continued across the hood. The hood is topped with a shell crest.

8. Significance



Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Within the context of the small City of Arcata, the Hotel Arcata has made a major architectural and commercial contribution. Located on the historic Arcata Plaza, the Hotel Arcata has been at the hub of Arcata's commercial district since 1915. Today the Hotel Arcata appears essentially the same as it did when newly built and in the limelight of Arcata's commerce and community life. The Hotel Arcata was there to serve the rush of travelers brought to the Redwood Empire by the railroad (completed in 1914) and the Redwood Highway (completed in the early 1920's). The Hotel Arcata played a role in that era of expanding commerce by providing elegant lodging and dining for travelers, and meeting rooms for civic, business and social organizations. The style, stature, and size of the Hotel Arcata made it a prominent structure in 1915 and accounts from that era describe the pride and thrill of having such a building and modern hotel business in Arcata. Alterations have not changed the feeling conveyed because they are minor and are consistent with original use. The upper stories have always been used exclusively for lodging. The Hotel Arcata stands alone in Arcata; there are no other surviving hotel buildings and the only other three story building in Arcata is the Jacoby Building. The building is the work of the noted California architect, W. H. Weeks, and is a good representative of its type and period, employing Beaux Arts detailing popular in American architecture of the early 20th century. The building continues to convey the feeling of community and commercial life of a small city in the early 20th century.

The inclusion of electricity throughout the building, telephones in every room, and hot and cold water in every room made the Hotel Arcata a totally modern and convenient facility. Fifty mounted heads of elk, moose, and deer, and a pistol range (in the basement) made the Hotel into the "Sportsman's Headquarters" of northern California. The large lobby provided the community with a place to gather and socialize.

The building is relatively unaltered, and remains a good example of its architectural type. This commercial structure utilizes minimal Beaux Arts detailing to create a strong local statement of early 20th century design. The architect, W. H. Weeks, was from San Francisco and designed the Bank of Arcata building which once stood on the west side of the Plaza. Mr. Weeks, one of California's most prolific early 20th century architects, was known for his designs of public buildings, especially schools and libraries, as well as churches, apartment houses, and hotels. The contractors, George C. Jacobs and Bill Elsemore, were well known Humboldt County men who built the county's first concrete road. Mr. Jacobs was on the Eureka School Board and Eureka City Council and was once Mayor of Eureka. A Eureka school was named in his honor. Mr. Jacobs are remembered for having established several college scholarship funds. Mr. Elsemore was well respected as an engineer and is remembered for having established a shoe fund for school age children.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Arcata Union, 1914-1955

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Davis, Ellis A., <u>Davis' Commercial Encyclopedia</u>, Davis Publishing Company, 1915 Fountain, Susie Baker, <u>Notebooks</u>, unpublished Polk, Humboldt County Directories, 1916-1981 see continuation sheet

10. Geographical Data

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11. Form P	Prepared By		
name/title Edith Bu	tler/Consultant		
organization City of	Arcata, California	teri un di Tara da si c Sense giante	late June, 1983
street & number Route	2, Box 146A		elephone (707) 443-3289
city or town Eureka		S	state California 95501
12. State H	listoric Pres	ervation	Officer Certification
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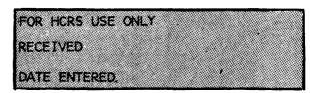
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city, town P.O. Box 2390, Sacramento

state California 95811

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



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7. Description

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Verde Antique marble originally formed the base under plate glass shop and lobby windows and extends around the east corner the length of one window. The marble is still in place except on one section, just east of the Hotel entrance, where a shop entrance has been added. Glossy black square tiles form the surface around the newer shop entryway. The shop entryway floors are tiled the same as the Hotel entrance. Shops with street entrances have plate glass show windows. Two sets of ten transom windows are above the plate glass and shop entrances on each side of the main entrance.

The south and east sides are the main ones viewed and are visually linked together. Pressed cream-colored brick are used on both the south and east walls. On the facade the second and third story two-paned windows are arranged identically in three sets of two and two sets of three, each with a band of unpainted cement with six inlaid glazed moulded tiles setting off the sets of two windows. Between the second and third stories are three sets of three diamond shaped inlaid glazed moulded tiles. A galvanized iron cornice in large scale fillet extends around the south and east sides below the upper edge, and slightly above a fillet moulding. Deterioration is notable where small sections have come off and many rusted-through spots are apparent.

The cap is an unpainted cement band with three raised sections at center, and the sides of building-front. Cement has broken away, exposing bricks in several sections.

The first story of the east side originally had restaurant and lobby windows and an entryway to the barber shop. Two shop doorways have been added and the entryway has been converted into a shop. Two of these have the same glossy black square tiles as are on the doorway added to the front side. The pattern of the second and third story two-paned windows is similar to that of the front. The inlaid tile accents are continued similarly to those on the front. There are seven diamond shaped inlaid glazed moulded tiles.

The back of the building has cream-colored paint on red brick. Above the third story windows "HOTEL ARCATA" is printed in large black letters across most of the back. First floor windows are small and serviced the original kitchen and dining areas. Second and third story windows are symmetrically arranged, two-paned, and the same size as those on the east and south sides.

The west side is a solid brick wall, now patched in the light shaft area to repair earthquake damage. The red brick is painted a cream-color. Because of other buildings, this wall is not very visable, except from the alley behind the Hotel.

A light shaft and skylights admit light to the interior of the building. Interior rooms are in the original size and number. Most woodwork in the rooms is original. The original nine feet wide staircase is in the rear of the lobby. A full cemented basement extends under the 9th Street sidewalk.

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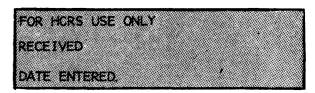
8. Statement of Significance

In 1915, the Northwestern Pacific Railroad had recently brought passenger rail service to Humboldt County, ending the necessity of traveling by either sea or horse and carriage. In 1914 a decision was made to permanently locate Humboldt State Normal School in Arcata and a committee of Arcata citizens was formed to develop Arcata as a resort for tourists and students. In the early 1920's the Redwood Highway brought auto touring traffic to Arcata, with "G" Street serving as California Route I. It was also the era when public and private groups were taking action to preserve tracts of redwoods as public parks and reserves. All of these factors contributed to the need for more accommodations for the traveling public. The five original owners were prominent Arcatians who set out to serve this need. The first manager had a shuttle bus meet every arriving train. Show rooms were available for traveling salesmen to show their wares and catalogs. Because the Hotel Arcata was considered the finest in the county, the film casts of the 1916 shooting "Hazards of Helen", and the 1917 "Valley of the Giants" stayed at the Hotel. During their stay dining room business increased as many local citizens sought opportunities to see the movie stars.

The Plaza has been the commercial center for Arcata since it was used for the loading of pack mules taking supplies to the gold miners on the Klamath and Trinity Rivers in the mid-1800's. The Plaza has remained in common use and City of Arcata Resolution No. 16 (1958) renewed the City's commitment that the"primary purpose of the City Plaza is to provide a public park to be enjoyed by all citizens of Arcata." Additionally, most Plaza buildings, including the Jacoby Building, have historical significance. In 1976, the historical renovation of the Jacoby Building was completed. Currently two buildings on the east side of the Plaza are undergoing historic renovation. The City of Arcata is in the beginning stages of a redevelopment program. The Hotel Arcata is a prominent contributor to the community atmosphere and cultural/historical statement of the Plaza. Aside from storefront changes and the removal of the City Hall from a lot across the street from the Hotel, the Plaza and surrounding commercial area remains much the same as it was in 1915.

Through the years the Hotel has been widely used by local citizens. In the early years of the Hotel, the mail arrived on the evening train and was immediately distributed. People would pick up mail at the post office and often go to the Hotel lobby to read mail and visit with friends. Young people would gather in the lobby to socialize. Reporters would gather news of guests and townfolk at the Hotel. Mr. Devlin, who was desk clerk for many years, was particularly hospitable and made towns-people welcome in the lobby. For many years Sunday dinner in the restaurant was considered a special occasion. Civic and social groups, such as Rotary, Eastern Star, Chamber of Commerce, Kiwanis, Arcata Credit Bureau, and the Arcata Cotillion used the Hotel. In the 1940's and 1950's, the owner had lively dice games in the lobby, in which many local men participated daily. Restaurants and coffee shops were remodelled from time to time. By the early 1950's, additional office space was created where the night club and the restaurant had been. Frcm about 1958 to 1966, the Arcata Justice Court occupied some of the office space and held court there. FHR-8-300A (11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

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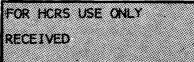
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8. Statement of Significance

The lot on which the Hotel Arcata sits has historical significance of its own. There is indication that in 1852, Arcata's first hotel, the Eagle Hotel, was located on that site and later the Hotel Francais was located on that site. Alexander Brizard's first store was on the site, and after it burned in 1875, he purchased the Jacoby Building in 1880. The vacant lot was used by traveling peddlers to set up tents at a charge of \$3 per night. From about 1898 to 1906, A. W. Erickson and his brother occupied a small building on the site where they had their photo and print shop.

Arcata is a dynamic coummunity with an appreciation for both progress and history. Travel and tourism continue to be significant in the local economy. The Plaza, and the Hotel Arcata will continue to provide a focus and sense of permanence for community events and identity. FHR-8-300A (11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

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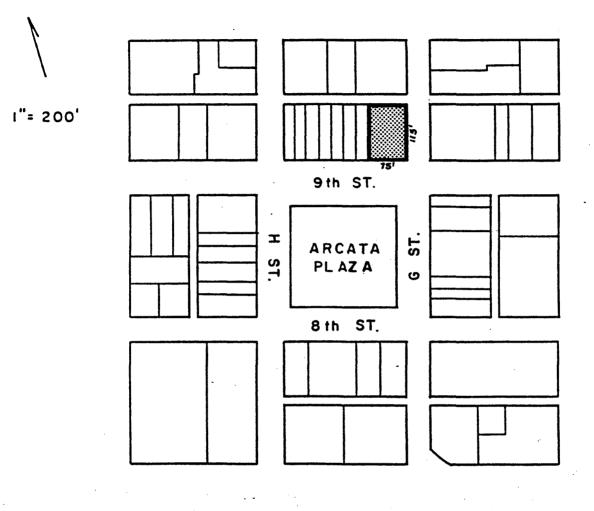
9. Major Bibliographical References

Van Kirk, Susie, <u>Reflections of Arcata's History:</u> eighty years of architecture, Arcata, Bug Press

Weeks, W. H. Architectural Specifications, 1914, unpublished Conversations with numerous local residents, May and June, 1983

ARCATA HOTEL

SKETCH MAP



HOTEL ARCATA 708 9th Street Arcata, Humboldt County, CA



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