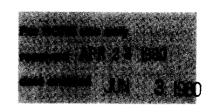
United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	e				
historic Hote	l Sainte Claire				
and/or common	u #				
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	302 & 320 Sout	ch Market	st		not for publication
city, town San	Jose		vicinity of	congressional district	10
state Cal	ifornia	code 06	county	Santa Clara	code <sub>085</sub>
3. Clas	sification				
Category  district _x_ building(s) structure site 4 object	Ownership public _x_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Acc x	tus occupied unoccupied work in progress essible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculturex_ commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prop	ertv			
street & number	rk Manor Associa	et			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	San Francisco		vicinity of		California 94104
5. Loca	ation of Le	egal L	Pescription	<u>on</u>	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Santa C	lara County Re	corder's Office	
street & number	·	70 West	Hedding		
city, town		San Jose	e	state	California
6. Rep	resentatio	n in I	Existing	Surveys	
title San	Jose Historic Di	strict S	urvey has this pro	pperty been determined e	elegible? yes no
date 1977		•		federal sta	ate county _ <del>_x</del> local
depository for su	rvey records San J	ose Histo	orical Museum	625 Phelan Ave.	
city, town Sa	n Jose			state	California

## 7. Description

Condition excellent deteriorated x good	Check one unaltered altered	Check one  **** original site  **** moved date ************************************
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Hotel Sainte Claire is a stately six story structure dominating a corner lot at a busy downtown San Jose intersection. Polygonal in plan (six sides), the northwest corner is truncated and recessed forming the corner entrance which faces the intersection of South Market and San Carlos streets. North and west elevations meet the truncated corner at a 120 degree angle, thus framing the entrance. Tawny brick sheathes the steel and concrete frame on floors two through six, and rusticated buff colored stone faces the ground level. The three part verticle composition includes an arcaded ground level, a shaft of four stories, and the sixth floor distinguished by paired windows set in arched frames. Denticular stringcourses separate the first and second floors, the third and fourth floors, and the fifth and sixth floors. Detailing is basically derived from the Renaissance Revival tradition, though there are several references to French and Spanish architecture as well.

The northwest corner entrance is divided into three bays. Entrance is gained through three archways with Renaissance moldings. Blond marble panels are inset within the abutments of each arch. The original revolving doors were replaced with hinged doors in 1962. Cartouche, now concealed by the marquee, top each arch. Two crests, attached to the denticular stringcourse between floors, are draped with garlands and display the Fleur-de-Lis of France and horizontal bands.

Two-paned, rectangular double hung windows are the predominant window type in the next four floors. The exception, however, is that the second floor windows are topped with pediments and friezes with Renaissance Revival detailing and are edged with iron filigree balconettes. A balustraded balcony in buff stone distinguishes the fourth floor central window. A denticular stringcourse introduces the final story. Paired, round headed windows are set in arched frames of buff stone. Single Corinthian pilasters flank the outer frames, while paired Corinthian pilasters flank the central frame. A classical cornice separates the sixth floor and a final attic story. The vertical lines created by the pilasters are carried through to the attic in the form of rectangular strips crusted with ornament. Single discs of white marble are set within three enriched horizontal panels between the vertical strips.

The north elevation is divided into fifteen bays. As in the corner entrance, the ground floor is faced with rusticated buff stone. Alternating Corinthian pilasters and engaged columns flank each arch of the ground floor arcade. Plain discs are located above each engaged column and fleur-de-lis above each pilaster. Showy consoles cap each arch. Used for commercial space originally and today, cabinet windows are used in the arcade, except for six bays which have been filled in by Renzo's Bistro. Both arcade and cabinet windows rest on a black marble base, except for Renzo's Bistro, where the marble has been faced with brick. Denticular stringcourses separate the ground floor from the brick shaft and the third and forth floors. Second through sixth floor fenestration treated in the same manner as described in the corner entrance.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

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**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER

7

PAGE 1

The cornice, however, is heavier with a string of shell motifs which create a scalloped effect, an abbreviated reference to the ground floor arcade. An attic story is not included, thus the entrance rises slightly above all other elevations. As mentioned earlier, north and west elevations frame the recessed entrance. At the intersections of those three elevations, four small rectangular windows at the third through sixth floors are visible and correspond to stairwells.

The western elevation is divided into seven bays, and the arcade, shaft, sixth floor, and cornice are treated in the same manner as the north elevation, again with the exclusion of an attic story. Five of the seven bays have been filled in by the Sainte Claire Room, a restaurant. The two remaining bays have the original three part windows, consisting of a fanlight and two fifteen paned windows divided by a vertical bar.

#### Interior

The Hotel lobby remains the most intact interior space within the building. Coffered ceilings, details picked out with gold, a terrazzo floor, and marble create a rich effect. A vaulted hall leads to the Patio Room, once the hallmark of the Hotel, today it has been covered over and combined with the Empire Room and modernized. Originally, the open patio room was framed by a Corinthian arcade. A small formal garden and fountain created a moment of peace and greenery within the building. A third public room, the Spartan room on the second floor has been modernized. Ceilings in the lobby, Spartan, and Empire rooms were handpainted, but alterations over the years have obliterated the original work.

Wood details in the 193 guest rooms (once 200 rooms) and the ornate hand carved wood doors leading to the retail areas are intact. Many of the rooms have original bathroom fixtures. The hotel has undergone several remodelings, the major renovation being in 1962 where the revolving doors of the entrance were replaced.

## 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–		Check and justify below pric community planning conservation economics education engineering industry invention	iandscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1926	Builder/Architect We	eks and Day	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The significance of the Hotel Sainte Claire is twofold. First, it is significant in that its history is an integral part of the history of San Jose and remains to this day among the City's most recognized architectural landmarks. Secondly, it is significant in terms of its architecture, for it was designed by the prominent San Francisco architectural firm of Weeks and Day and is a fine example of a monumental eclectic style building.

The Hotel was financed by noted realtor and developer T. S. Montgomery, a prominent San Josean largely responsible for much of the commercial development in downtown San Jose. In addition to financing such an ambitious project, Montgomery donated to the City a parcel of land across from the Hotel for the new civic auditorium which stands today. Clearly then, this area of the downtown was to be the target of a major influx of people; as a result, the Sainte Claire enjoyed the status of being the premier grand hotel in the entire San Jose south peninsula region, and the reputation of having the most elegant accommodations between San Francisco and Los Angeles. The Hotel Sainte Claire also enjoyed the status of having been designed by the prestigious firm of Weeks and Day, the same firm which designed several of the great hotels in San Francisco, including the Mark Hopkins and St. Francis.

Weeks and Day were noted for both their school and hotel designs in California. The firm was capable of designing buildings in a pure expression of a style, such as the Mission Revival Fremont High School in Sunnyvale, or artfully interweaving various stylistic vocabularies to produce fine eclectic structures, such as the Saint Francis and Mark Hopkins Hotels in San Francisco, and the Sainte Claire Hotel in San Jose.

Interior similarities exist between San Jose's Sainte Claire and the Mark Hopkins în San Francisco. Especially notable are the coffered lobby ceilings designed by the firm for both structures.

A Hotel by such a prominent firm with such exceptional architectural features is rare in San Jose, and the Hotel will continue to stand out as one of the City's stellar structures.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Architect and Engineer of California,, "The Patio of Yesterday and Today," by H. W. Shepherd. V.92, Feb. 1928 #2 pages, 62,63,105,84,88,89,42,43.

Miers, George T. of Kaplan, McLaughlin, Diaz, Architects, descriptive info.

	Geographica		· · · -	LITM NOT I	/ERIFIFN
Acreage	of nominated property 23,5	20 sq. ft. (	54 acre )	ACREAGE NO	TVERIFIED
Quadran	gle name <u>San Jose, Wes</u> t	_		Quadrar	ngle scale 1:24,000
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Verbal I	ooundary description and	justification			
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List all	states and counties for pr	operties overlap	ping state o	r county boundarie	es
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44	Form Prepare	od By			
organizat	Patricia M. Dixon/Maion Urban/Rural Conse	ervation		date Oct. 30,19	979
city or to	wn San Jose			state Californ	nia 95113
12.	<b>State Histori</b>	c Prese	rvatior	Officer (	Certification
The evalu	ated significance of this prop	erty within the sta	ite is:		
	national	stateX	, ∟ local		
665), I he	signated State Historic Prese reby nominate this property for to the criteria and procedure	or inclusion in the	<b>National Regis</b>	iter and certify that it	has been evaluated
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**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE one

Sanborn Insurance Maps, 1928, San Jose Historical Museum, 625 Phelan Ave., San Jose. San Jose Mercury News, Dec. 16, 1962, Aug. 18, 1972.

9

San Jose Public Library, California Room, file on "Hotels". San Carlos at Almaden