### **United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service**

### **National Register of Historic Places Inventory**—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

#### 1. Name

Nicholai Fechin/House historic

Z

and/or common			
2. Location			
NM 3 street & number Paseo del Pueblo N	orte (U.S. Highway	64)	not for publication
city, town Taos	vicinity of	congressional district	1 st
state New Mexico code	35 county	Taos	code 055
3. Classification			
Category     Ownership       district     public       X building(s)     X private       structure     both       site     Public Acquisition       object     in process       being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied X work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner of Proper	ty		
name Eya Fechin Branham	······································		
street & number Box 20			
city, town San Cristobal	vicinity of	state	New Mexico 87564
5. Location of Lega			
	County Courthouse		
street & number			
city, town Taos		state	New Mexico
6. Representation i	in Existing	Surveys	<u> </u>
uile State Register of Cultural Pi	roperties has this pro	operty been determined el	egible? <u>X</u> yes no
date June 22, 1979		federal $\frac{\chi}{\chi}$ sta	te county local
depository for survey records New Mexi	co Historic Preser		
		······································	

Santa Fe city, town

state New Mexico

## 7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one		
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	X_ original s	ite	
_X_good	ruins	$\underline{\chi}$ altered	moved	date	
fair	unexposed				

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Nicholai Fechin House nomination includes eight structures: the main house, the studio, a guest house, a workshop, and four storage buildings. The main house is the most significant structure, the studio, workshop, and guest house are contributing, and the four storage buildings are noncontributing. Also on the property is a concrete-lined fishing pond.

The main house is constructed of adobe, is two stories high, and has a flat roof. Articulation of the facades is accomplished simply with second story setbacks, a portal on the north facade, projecting vigas, decorative columns, and variously sized and shaped windows. The house is generally an example of the Pueblo Revival Style, though details such as the twisted columns reflect Fechin's European origins and the richness of the interior does so also.

The north and the west facades are the most elaborately detailed. The portal on the north side is supported by twisted columns and hand carved corbels. The portal is in poor condition because the front wall is separating from the main portion due to water damage. The fenestration of this facade, as with the other facades, consists of small flat and round arch casement windows. Above the portal and at the corner are two large segmental arch windows filled with leaded glass. At the other end of this facade, also on the second story, is a door with a small ironrailed balcony.

At the northwest and southwest second-story corners are twisted columns with corbels, like those of the portal. Between the columns is a large segmental inch window filled with leaded glass. Below is a three-part window with leaded glass transoms. The other two facades are plainer and articulated with fenestration. At one time, the entire exterior was plastered with a pale-colored mud. During the time that Fechin's wife, Alexandra, lived on the property, she had the upper story plastered with concrete stucco. This has caused severe water damage at the junction of the two types of plaster and under the eaves.

Built in 1927 by Nicholai Fechin, an artist who had recently come to the United States from the Soviet Union, the house reflects a combination of traditional New Mexico architecture and Russian architectural details. The material, massing, vigas, and portal all reflect traditional New Mexico construction. The details of the exterior, the fenestration, hand-carved twisted columns, and furniture, were carved by Fechin himself. The furniture has the heaviness and intricacy common to hand made, folk furniture and these pieces are excellent examples. All the downstairs rooms have architectural elements and furniture carved by Fechin. The main hall, dining room and Eya's room are especially noteworthy. The stairway area in the main hall is typical of the care and labor he put into the house. The columns are hand-carved and support handcarved corbels and vigas. Between the main hall and dining room is an intricately carved gate, a feature common in Russian houses. The upstairs remains largely unfinished because Fechin left Taos after only five years. Despite this, it is a house created by and perfectly reflective of an outstanding Taos artist.

## 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–		Heck and justify below       community planning       conservation       economics       education       engineering       exploration/settlemen       industry       invention	Iandscape architectur Iaw Iiterature Iiterature Iiterature Iitary IIII IIIII IIIII IIIIII IIIIII IIIIII IIII	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1927	Builder/Architect Nic	holai Fechin	- <u></u>

#### **Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)**

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The Nicholai Fechin House is significant because it is the work of one of Taos' best known artists. Fechin was born in 1881, in Kazan, Russia, His father was a wood carver and icon marker. At an early age, Fechin showed a talent for art and began his schooling in 1894. In 1909, he won the Prix de Rome. Fechin's career was interrupted by the Bolshevik Revolution and in 1923, to escape its effects, he came to the U.S. Because of an illness, he moved to Taos in 1927 at the invitation of Mabel Dodge Luhan. Shortly after coming, he purchased property from the Bergmans and began constructing his house. The house reflects the traditional architecture of Taos, and Russian architectural details, two aspects of Fechin. In the main house are many pieces of hand-carved furniture, as well as handcarved architectural members, which illustrate Fechin's background and talent as a wood carver. In the studio, while constructing the house and carving furniture, he was having one of his most creative periods as a painter. This dream of Fechin's was shattered when his wife, Alexandra, asked for a divorce in 1933. At that time all the work stopped and Fechin moved to California. The house and entire property, however, remains a clear expression of Fechin, his talent and his linking of past and present.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Coke, Van Daren, <u>Taos and Santa Fe: the Artist's Environment</u>, Albuquerque, University of New Mexico Press, 1963 "Nicholai Fechin" Persimmon Hill, Vol. 3 (Summer 1978) pp. 8-39 Interview with Eya Fechin Branham, July 16, 1979

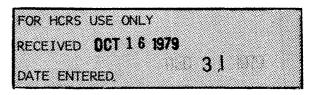
### **10. Geographical Data**

# UTM NOT VERIFIED

Acreage of nominated property5,7	1.24000
Quadrangle name Taos	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
UMT References	
A 1 3 4 4 8 9 6 0 4 0 2 9 4 1 0 Zone Easting Northing	B L L L   Zone Easting Northing
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drive, proceed south along the west edge of	intersection of Paseo del Pueblo Norté and th of the drive for about 1212 feet; preceed eas 57 feet to the intersection with fence markin
List all states and counties for properties overlapp	ing state or county boundaries
state code	county code
state code	county code
11. Form Prepared By	
organization N.M. Historic Preservation Bureau street & number 505 Don Gaspar Avenue	date 15 August 1979 telephone 505-827-2108
city or town Santa Fe	state New Mexico 87503
12. State historic preser	vation Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state	is:
national state	local
	e National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89–
665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the Na according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the He	ational Register and certify that it has been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	a (4) Mulan
itle States Histories Presurvate	Office date 10-12-79
	() these date 10-12-19
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in the N	1 1- 2/ 79
Keeper of the National Register	$\left( \frac{date}{2-3/-} \right)$
Attest: Kustu Alloauell	date /2//0/79
Chief of Registration	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

CONTINUATION SHEET

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



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To the southeast of the main house is Fechin's studio. It is a one-story adobe structure with a central sky-lighted section on the east side. The remainder of the irregular-plan house is flat-roofed. The studio was the first structure Fechin built, though there was an older house on the property. Originally it consisted of the studio itself, a bedroom and a portal. The studio room is the most elaborate, with a loft in the gable of the skylight and some of the carving so prevalent in the main house. The large corner fireplace was Fechin's first attempt to at building a fireplace. In 1946, Alexandra Fechin began converting the south-side portal into a kitchen and the remodeling was finally completed two years ago by Eya. Also added to the studio were a bedroom and bathroom. Alexandra Fechin lived in the studio after their divorce in 1933. The studio therefore has been kept in much better condition than the house.

The guest house consists of an adobe house and barn joined by a portal and remodeled into living quarters. The oldest part of the house dates to before 1917, the date Dr. and Mrs. Bergman purchased the property. It was from the Bergmans that the Fechin's bought the property in 1927. The one-story, flat-roofed structure maintains the material and scale of the main house and the studio.

The same is true of the workshop which is also of adobe, one-story, and flatroofed. It has an ell-shape plan with a portal, and housed Fechin's wood-working equipment and a general storage room. The wood-working studio remains intact with Fechin's equipment. The windowless storage area has been converted into a large, well-equipped dark room. Three of the four storage buildings are located behind the other structures. All are of adobe and have flat roofs and served variously as chicken coops, carports, and storage sheds, a purpose they continue to serve. The fourth building is currently under construction and is located to the north of the main house. It will be a stuccoed, concrete block structure which will serve as a vault in which to store Fechin's paintings.

The Fechin property, especially the main house, illustrated well Fechin's talents and his dreams for living in America. That the house and property are unkempt is indicative of how his life was shattered by divorce in 1933. Fechin's daughter Eya has come back to the property and has begun the substantial task of cleaning and repairing the structure. FHR-8-300A (11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

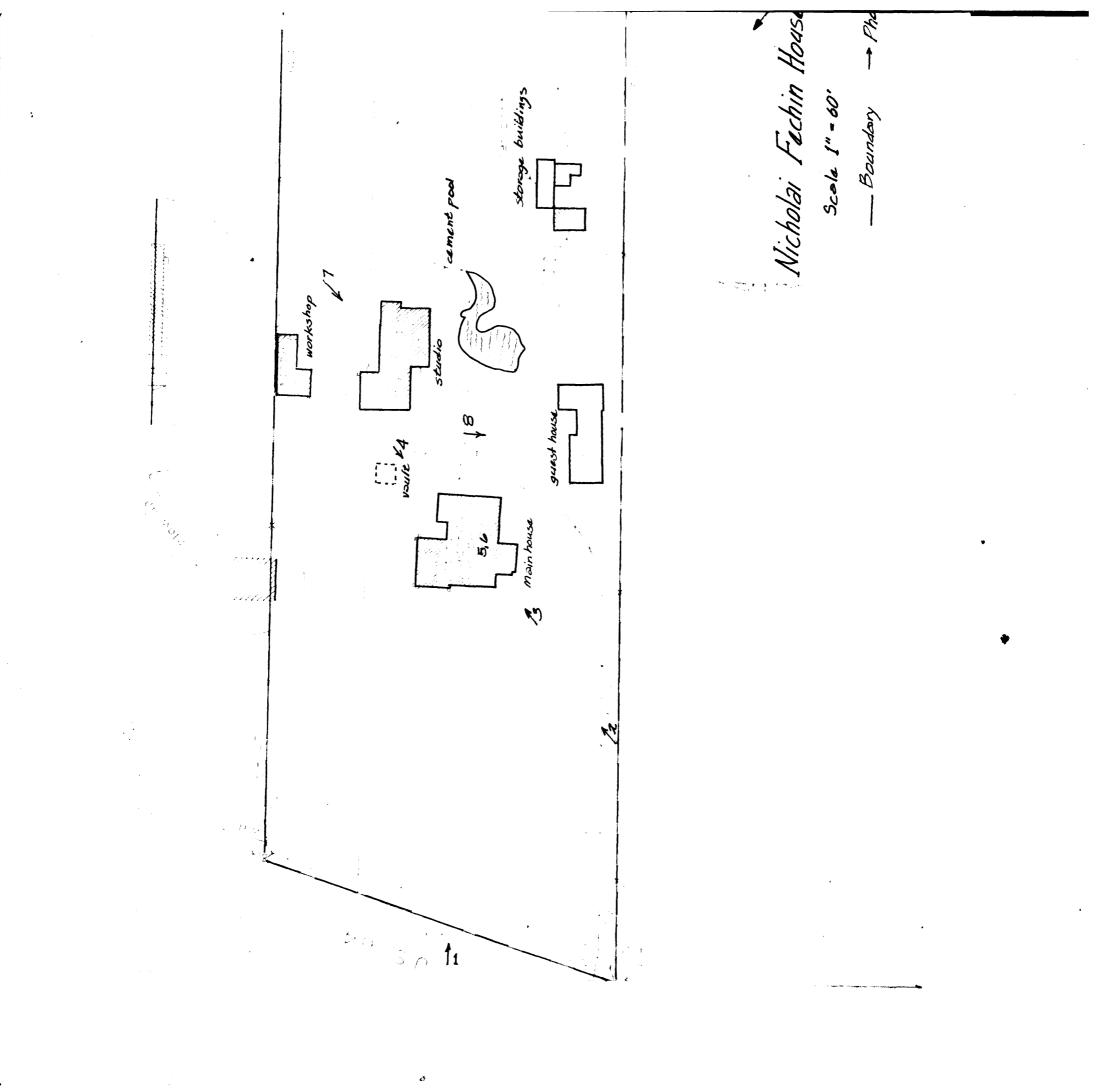
FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED OCT 1 6 1979 DATE ENTERED.

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 2

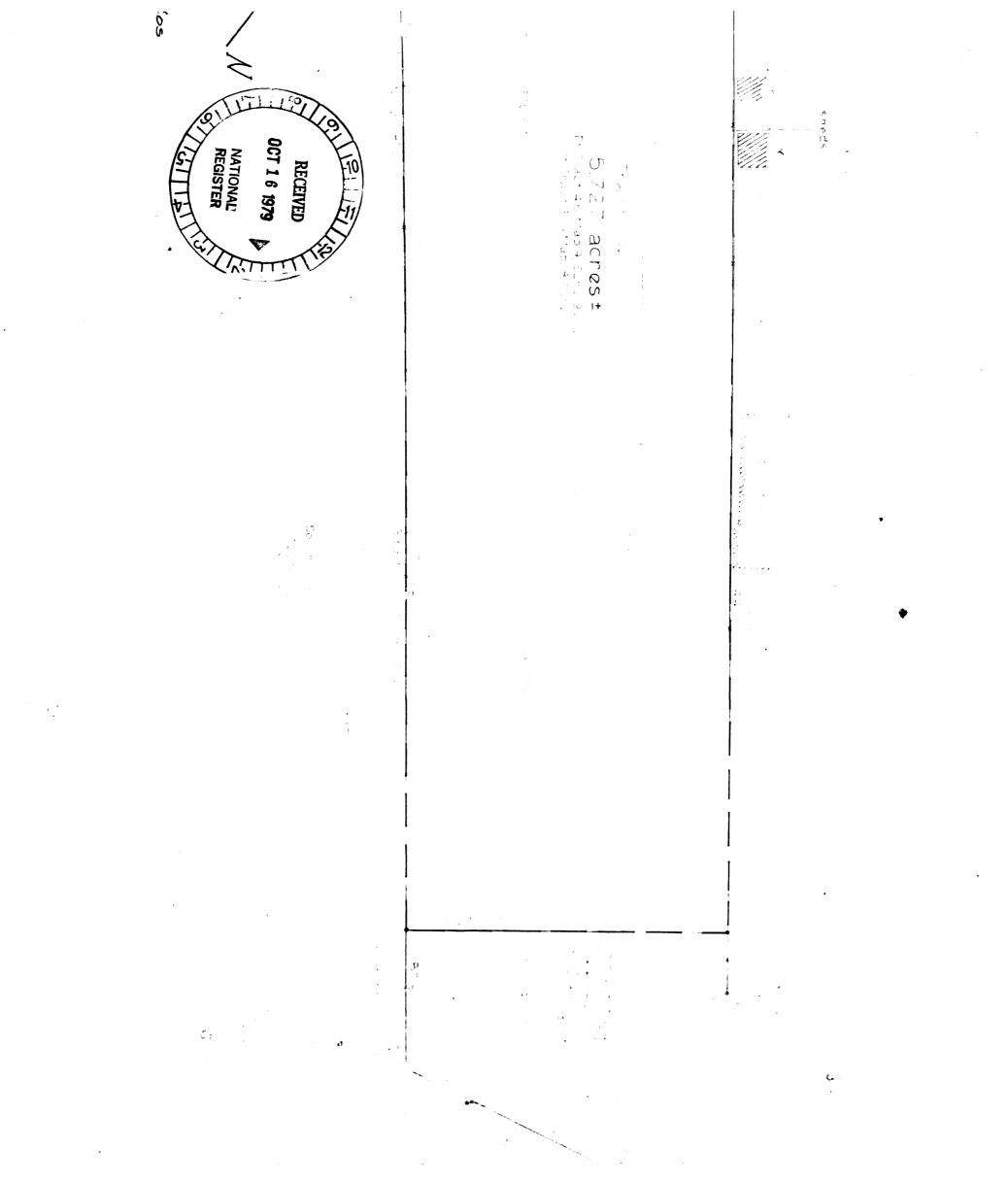
Verbal boundary description and justification (con't)

the east property line; proceed north along the east property line for 1128 feet to the intersection with the street; proceed west along the street for about 234 feet to the starting point.



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