orm No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

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SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS **TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS** 1 NAME

HISTORIC	SYMING	TON HOUSE				
AND/OR CO	MMON	ental House	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
2 LOCA	TION					
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6 REPRE	SENT	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEY	S		
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	New Je	rsey Historic Sites I	Inventory (#218	6.14)		
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CITY, TOWN					STATE	<u> </u>
	1	renton			New Jersey	

7' DESCRIPTION

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DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Symington House (Trinity House/Continental House-depending upon owner) constructed in 1808, is a large three story, brick townhouse with brownstone trim. Originally constructed as a rectory for Trinity Church, (now the Cathedral of the Episcopal diocese), the house is Newark's finest example of the late Federal Period. It is also one of the few Federals still intact in Newark. The most distinguishing feature of the exterior is the outstanding, finely-detailed entrance porch with two fluted columns with Corinthian capital holding up a dentiled pediment, plus recessed doors with exposed carved panels.

Typically Federal, the house is symmetrical, five bays across. The windows are wide, most likely originally having 6 over 6 sashes, and are capped with simple brownstone lintels with a plain molding along the tops. The wooden cornice of the roof is decorated with brackets set between dentils, lined up nicely with the windows below. There are also a series of carved rosettes along the bottom edge of the cornice.

The sides of the house are also typically Federal with stepped up bricks following the low pitch of the roof, and a pair of chimneys on both sides. The windows on the side are not grouped symmetrically, and each window is capped by a flat slab of brownstone.

Many of the original exterior details are intact, the four-foot brownstone foundation and the massive brownstone steps remain. In 1888, however, the Symington family purchased the house and began intensive remodeling of the interior, including some additions. The original 6 over 6 sashes were replaced at this time with the present single large panes and the exterior shutters removed. The first story windows were replaced with french doors topped by purple stained glass panels which opened to a narrow cast-iron veranda extending across the front of the house. In the rear, enlargements to the rooms were made. Despite these changes, the exterior retains its distinct Federal lines. The rear stair tower goes up two stories and still has its original 6 over 6 sashes in the windows and brownstone lintels, contrasted to the other rear windows which are arched.

The interior layout has remained basically the same as originally built; the center hall dividing two pairs of similarly proportioned rooms, each with their own fireplaces, on the first and second floors. On the first floor, each front room has outstanding marble mantels and on the second floor, simple wood mantels prevail. The basement has the kitchen from 1888, as well as the original cooking fireplace. The front of the basement has a subbasement made from the foundation of an earlier house--Dutch colonial in style and an earlier Trinity Church rectory.

The den, an original portion of the house, once had a crane not evident today. Double cross panel doors downstairs are original. It is said that these doors kept out witches from the home. Double-cross literally translates to the superstition mentioned.

The original hand-hewn beams were covered over by Symington. Rare mahogany floors are still evident in the front parlor and library. The front, first floor fire-places, both of marble, are the most outstanding in the home.

Overall, the interior and exterior condition of Symington House is good to very good. Victorian furnishings which were donated to the house by the Newark Museum and New Jersey Historical Society have been removed. The present owner continues to be the Continental Insurance Company, which purchased it from the Symingtons in 1965 and has offices in the building.

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Symington/Continental House Newark Essex County CON NOW A PROPER HEAT

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7. DESCRIPTION (Continued)

In rear of the yard, facing Rector Street, is a large carriage house, which is mostlikely as old as the Symington House itself and which is of a very similar style; brick with stepped-up walls and a low pitched roof. The windows are still small paned, and the openings are capped with a flat brick arch similar to the windows on the back of the house.



PERIOD	AF	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X _1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1808	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT	_

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Symington House, otherwise known as Trinity House and Continental House at various times throughout its history, is the last of the great mansions that once lined the north side of Military Park along the opposite side of Park Place. Until the early part of this century, when industry began replacing and encroaching upon residential areas throughout Newark, Park Place was lined with outstanding Brownstone and frame mansions, mostly of the Victorian Era. These structures vanished as the Military Park Hotel and Continental Insurance Companies built their new homes here. Only Symington House and its attached neighbor, 6 Park Place remained intact (#6 Park Place has since been demolished) into the 1950's. This pattern of Industral/Commercial/Institutional replacement of résidential areas is not at all unique to the Military Park area. Along the Washington Park frontage of Washington Street, there once existed fine Victorian styled mansions of Brownstone and frame, as well as red-brick. Today, however, only the recently restored Ballantine House remains. Polhemus House and Fewsmith House, both closer to Central Avenue, are two other fine homes which date to the era when the James Street Commons Historic District was Newark's most fashionable. Lincoln Park, perhaps, is the one exception. It has been able to retain much of its past character intact. Symington House, therefore, is the last vestige of great homes, owned by Newark's great families, to remain in the Park Place area.

Prior to the 1800's, it is said that a Dutch Colonial farmhouse (cottage) occupied the present site of the Symington House. But in 1807, the vestry of Trinity Church, at the urging of the ministry, formed a building committee to examine the possibility of constructing a new parsonage house. The church was gaining prestige and members rapidly and the older building on the same site was becoming obsolete. The church itself was about to be rebuilt (1809), having been damaged during the Revolutionary War, when it served as a patriot hospital. The period following the war proved one of enormous expansion for Trinity. Its new affluence was to be reflected not only in the new Church, but the new Parsonage House as well. Completed in 1808, Trinity House, as Symington House was then called, officially became the Rectory of Newark's first Episcopal house of worship.

Architecture

Symington House's main significance lies in its unique, rare style in Newark today. The Federal style has all but disappeared in this city, thanks to Urban Renewal. It remains the best preserved example of the Federal Period in Newark.

Historical Narrative

Finished in 1808, Symington House became the home of Reverend Matthew H. Henderson, who began a long tenure at the residence. He did not vacate the premises until 1856. The

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Hetherington, William G. Company, CONTINENTAL HOUSE, NEWARK 300th ANNIVERSARY, 744 Broad Street, Newark, 1965.

Continental House Pamphlet, 300th Anniversary Celebration.

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CITY OR TOWN NEWARK (ESSEX COUNTY)	·		STATE NEW JERS	EY 07102
2 STATE HISTORIC PR	ESERVATIO	N OFFICER	CERTIFICAT	ION
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criteria and procedurer set forth by the Deputy STATE HISTORIC RESERVATION OFFICER	National Park Service. SIGNATURE			
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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM Symbol for Continental House



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8. SIGNIFICANCE (Continued)

succeeding pastors (3) lived in the home until 1867 after which the church sold the property. There are no records of residents of 2 Park Place, Trinity House from 1867 until 1879 when it was bought by Daniel Dodd, a banker and member of the Church Vestry (Episcopal). In the meantime, Trinity Church moved its rectory to 6 Park Place, directly adjacent to Trinity House which was built in 1834.

The residence passed into another era of its history when Dodd sold the house to Robert B. Symington, who gave it his name. Symington purchased the house in 1880 and subsequently renovated and enlarged it. Among other new items, he added new windows, a pantry, a cast-iron balcony across the first floor in the front and enlarged the rear rooms. The Victorian features are most evident today and it was Symington who is responsib for the interior changes.

The house remained in the Symington family until 1965, when it was purchased by the Continental Insurance Company, which has its large office building next door. The house was purchased from the widow of Robert Symington's son, Clark. Although the site was originally purchased by the insurance company for expansion, the Continental Insurance people decided instead to allow the Newark Tercentennial Committee to use it as its headquarters for the three hundredth anniversary. The restoration which was done at that time was made possible by funding from the city government and the city's business community.

At the completion of the celebration in 1966, the Continental Insurance Company again took over control of the building and rented it out for office space, which is the structure's use today. Symington House remains Newark's 3rd oldest home pre-dated only by the Plume House and Sydenham-Henderson House.

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9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES (Continued)

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Addendum

The Symington House was built in 1808 as a three story, five bay structure originally utilized as the Rectory of the Trinity Episcopal Church in Newark.

Not until 1888 were any substantial changes effected upon the building. At this time Robert B. Symington added the classical front portico with corinthian columns and extending iron balcony, changed the windows and doors, and enlarged the building to the rear with one and two story units. The brackets under the eaves were probably also added at this time.

While it is quite interesting that the exterior alterations do not represent a pure style (the first floor French casement windows, the portico Classical Revival, the brackets under the eaves, and the cast-iron balcony), this was not unusual as local craftsmen and owners often made choices based on personal appeal rather than architectural correctness.

The cast-iron balcony, while an 1850's design, could have possibly come from elsewhere and been incorporated into the Continental House, or it could have been ordered new in 1888 from a local foundry, as the design was popular for decades.

None of the alterations, however, disguise the original Federal style of the Continental House. The low-pitched roof, paired gable end chimneys, and smooth symmetrical five bay facade with center hall clearly projects an early 19th century appearance, staid perhaps in comparison to Philadelphia and Boston townhouses of the period, but nonetheless one of the last buildings of the style of an important development period for Newark.

> Terry Karschner 12/1978

