United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use of	nly			
received J	JUL		1985	
date entered				1985

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic A. J	. Mason Building			
and/or common				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	Lincoln Street]	N/A not for publication
city, town Tul	lahassee	N∠A_ vicinity of		·
state Oklahom	na code	40 county	Wagoner	code 145
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process N/A being considered	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture _Xcommercial educational entertainment government industrial military	 museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		
name Marce street & number	ellous Williams 2982 Virginia Par	k		
city, town De	etroit	N/Avicinity of	state	Michigan 48206
<u>5. Loca</u>	ation of Lega	al Descripti	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Off	ice of County Cler	k	
street & number	Wagoner County Co	ourt House		
city, town Wa	agoner		state	Oklahoma 74467
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Surveys	
title Oklahoma	a Landmarks Inventor	y has this pro	operty been determined e	eligible?yesno
date 198	33		federal sta	ate county local
depository for su	urvey records State His	toric Preservation	Office - Oklahoma	Historical Society
city, town (Oklahoma City		state	Oklahoma 73015

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one
excellent _X good fair	<pre> deteriorated ruins unexposed</pre>	inanered altered	X verigibal site moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The A. J. Mason building is a detached, single story commercial building located in the northern part of the City of Tullahassee, Oklahoma. This rectangular building has a red brick facade and native stone rear and side walls. The flat roof has a parapet on the front of the building.

The front or east side of the building is constructed of red brick laid in the running bond. The parapet wall has two red brick pilasters on either side which have smooth ashlar bases and capitals. Smooth ashlar blocks run along the top of the parapet and along the top of a brick freize incorporated in the parapet. The freize has thirty-five columns of stepped brick dentils set in it. Below the freize is a smooth ashlar block with the inscription "A. J. MASON & BRO" on it. The front central entrance door has a wooden frame and has been covered by an iron grille. Either side of the door were two window lights and large display windows, but these have now been filled with concrete blocks. Above the main door and window frames are seven transom lights which have been covered. These lights originally had wooden frames.

The sides and rear of the building are constructed of coursed native stone. On both the north and south sides, two small wooden framed windows have been boarded up with wooden planks. At the rear of the building, the rear entrance door and two windows have also been covered with wooden boards. All three of these features still show the original stone lintels above them.

The original display windows were replaced with concrete blocks in the 1950s. Other than this change, the nominated property remains intact.

Though altered, the structure still conveys the overall sense of its historic appearance.

8. Significance

1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art X commerce communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iterature	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation _X other (specify) (Ethnic)
Specific dates	1912- 1935	Builder/Architect Un	known	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The A. J. Mason Building is historically significant because it is the only remaining commercial building in Tullahassee, one of the oldest all-black towns still in existence in Oklahoma, having been founded in 1899 in Indian Territory, eight years before statehood; and it is one of the oldest black-owned businesses of masonry construction in any of the twelve existing all-black towns of Oklahoma.

Tullahassee Mission was established in 1850 by the Reverend R. M. Loughridge and it was the most important educational institution in the Creek Nation, Indian Territory. Destroyed by fire in 1880, it was rebuilt by the Creek Nation and used to educate their one-time black slaves. According to Tolson, three blacks, Henry C. Reed, Snow Sells, and Sugar George, were appointed as trustees of the black school. Nine years later, the all-black town of Tullahassee was established around the all-black school. Tullahassee town was a result of the all-black town movement in Oklahoma and Indian Territories. From 1889 to 1907, more than twenty all-black towns were founded in the Twin Territories to attract blacks from the South and those freedmen living in the two areas.

Tullahassee served as a rural market center for black farmers living in the surrounding agricultural community. It soon developed a thriving business district and the number of residents reached approximately 200 prior to 1920.

During this period of growth for Tullahassee, the A. J. Mason Building was constructed in 1912. The property originally housed a grocery and retained that function until the 1950s. Since that time, it has housed a night club. As the population of Tullahassee dwindled to approximately 150, the town's business district declined and all of the commercial buildings once associated with the downtown area have either been destroyed or allowed to deteriorate and become vacant.

The A.J. Mason Building, therefore, represents the only remaining commercial structure in the all-black community of Tallahassee, a role it has maintained for the past 70 years.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Interview: Mrs. Eloise Miles, July, 1983

Tolson, Arthur L., <u>The Black Oklahomans, A History: 1541-1972</u>, New Orleans; Edwards Printing Co., 1972.

10. Geographical Data

Chief of Registration

Acreage of nominated property <u>less</u> Quadrangle name <u>Northwest Musk</u> UTM References		<u>r</u> e	Quadrangle	scale 7.5 minutes (1:24,000)
A 1,5 2 7,9 7,70 3,9 6 Zone Easting Northing	8 61210	B Zone	Easting N	orthing
C		D F H		
Verbal boundary description and ju corner of the intersection of south 80', then east 100' the stands within these boundarie List all states and counties for pro	Lincoln St en north 80'	reet and Hig to point of	hway 51B, proceed beginning. The m	
state _{N/A}	code	county		code
state	code 🗄	county		code
name/title Bryan Brown Supery organization Department of Gec street & number Oklahoma State	graphy	George 0. C	arney date February, 19 telephone 405-624	
city or town Stillwater	and a substantial data and a substantial data and		state Oklahoma 74	4078
	erty within the st	tate is: ✓ local		
As the designated State Historic Preser 665), I hereby nominate this property for according to the criteria and procedures	r inclusion in the s set forth by the	e National Regist	er and certify that it has I	been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer signation	ature CEU	Melcay		6/21/85
title		(date	
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this property i William B. Sm. & Keeper of the National Register Attest:	s included in the	e National Regist	er date §	15/85