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	NOMINATION		DATE ENTER	ed MAR	7 1979
SEE II	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TYPE ALL ENTRIES				<u> </u>
1 NAME			0,1922,024		
HISTORIC					
AND/OR COMMON	Station Road Br	·idge			
2 LOCATION		4			····
STREET & NUMBER	Station Road ov		•		
CITY, TOWN	between Brecksv	ille and Saga		DT FOR PUBLICATION	
STATE	Ohio	CODE 039	Cuvahog	DUNTY	CODE Summit (1
3 CLASSIFIC			UUVAIIUE		
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRES	ENTUSE
					MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE BOTH	—UNOCCUPIED —WORK IN PROGRES	s	COMMERCIAL	PARK PRIVATE RESIDI
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE			RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED		GOVERNMENT	
	BEING CONSIDERED	XYES: UNRESTRICTE	D	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	_XTRANSPORTAT OTHER:
4 OWNER OF	PROPERTY		<u> </u>		
NAME					
Cuya	hoga County Commi 1219 Ontario	<u>.ssioners / Su</u>	<u>ummit Co</u> 217 So	<u>unty Commis</u> uth High St	reet
CITY, TOWN	Cleveland		cron	STATE Ohio	V
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3/76	······································			COUNTYLOCAL	
	hio Historic Pres	ervation Offi	ice, Ohi	·	l Center
CITY, TOWN	olumbus			STATE Ohio /	

)

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE	
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	XUNALTERED		SITE
XGOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Station Road Bridge spans the Cuyahoga River between Cuyahoga and Summit Counties. The bridge is a metal through truss of the double-intersection Pratt (Whipple) type. The essential features of the type are inclined end posts and diagonal (tension) members that extend across two panels. The bridge features an ornamental plate at the top chord at each approach which reads:

> "Massillon Bridge Company 82 Builders, Massillon, Ohio"

The bridge is 128.6 feet long and 18.7 feet wide.¹ It consists of a single span of nine panels equalling 124 feet. The bridge carries a roadway 14.95 feet wide. There are no sidewalks. The bridge is supported on rock-faced stone abutments. It is painted grey. There is a ten-ton load limit posted.

The Station Road Bridge is located in a semi-rural river valley approximately five hundred feet upstream from the Brecksville-Northfield High Level Bridge, a concrete arch span completed in 1931. The Ohio and Erie Canal is nearby.

¹Dimensions for the bridge are taken from "Cuyahoga County Bridges--20' span & greater--within the limits of the proposed Cuyahoga Valley National Park," prepared by Eugene A. Halupnik, P.E., Bridge Engineer, Office of the Cuyahoga County Engineer, Cleveland, Ohio, 17 March 1976.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION		SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	X ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY INVENTION	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DATES 1882 BUILDER/ARCHITECT Massillon Bridge Company				

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Station Road Bridge is significant as the oldest remaining metal truss bridge in the Cuyahoga Valley. The bridge spans the Cuyahoga River, linking Brecksville (Cuyahoga County) with Sagamore Hills (Summit County). The bridge is a double-intersection Pratt type and bears the date "1882." It was built by the Massillon Bridge Company of Massillon, Ohio.

<u>History</u>

At a joint session of the Commissioners of Summit and Cuyahoga Counties held on March 31, 1881, bids were received and opened for "the construction of the superstructure of an iron bridge over the Cuyahoga River on the County line near Brecksville Station." Six bridge companies submitted bids for the job. The bids were referred to Alex E. Brown, a civil engineer, for examination. An April 5, 1881, another joint session of County Commissioners was convened. Alex Brown made his report on the bids and the Commissioners unanimously awarded the contract to the Massillon Bridge Company of Massillon, Ohio.¹

A notation in the <u>Commissioners' Journal Record</u> for August 13, 1881, shows that on that date N. J. Colson was paid \$153.51 for "material furnished for Brecksville Bridge" by the Massillon Bridge Company. On September 3, 1881, Colson was paid \$3488.00. Presumably the bridge was completed by this date, although the bridge itself bears the date "1882." There is no subsequent reference to the bridge in the county records. Records show that Cuyahoga County and Summit County each paid half the cost of the bridge.²

The period from 1855 to 1875 saw the rise of specialized bridge companies which sought to adapt the pioneering work of the railroads to the fabrication of highway bridges. The Massillon Bridge

¹(Cuyahoga County) <u>Commissioners' Journal Record</u>, Vol. 5 (1881-1883), Cuyahoga County Archives, Cleveland, Ohio, pp. 9, 10.

²Ibid., pp. 32, 33.

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9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Cleveland, Ohio. Cuyahoga County Archives. (Cuyahoga County) Commissioners' Journal Record, Vol. 5 (1881-1883).

Heald, Edward Thornton. <u>The Stark County Story</u>. 4 vols. O.: The Stark County Historical Society, 1949. Canton,

CECCRADITICAT DATA

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STATE		CODE	COUNTY		CODE
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CITY OR TOWN		venue	<u> </u>	STATE Ohio	
	Cleveland	•		Uhio	
12 STATE H	HISTORIC PRESE THE EVALUATED SIG				DN
N	ATIONAL	STATE_			
hereby nominate criteria and proce	d State Historic Preservation this property for inclusion dures set forth by the Natio	in the National Reginal Park Service.			
TITLE	5 *		:	DATE 12	1 4/28
1.2	TIFY THAT THIS PROPERT	Y IS INCLUDED IN T		GISTER DATE ク	2.15
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CHIEFOR	HEOLSTRATION /	•			

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



Station Road Bridge, Cuyahoga and Summit Counties, Ohio

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 1

Company was one of them. It was founded in 1869 by a group of Massillon men, among them Joseph Davenport. Davenport was an important figure in Massillon's industrial history, although by 1875 he had withdrawn from the bridge company.³ A company listing in the <u>Massillon City Directory</u> of 1884-86 reads: "Massillon Bridge Co., H. A. Williams, E. W. Eckert, Massillon, O.; J. C. Darst, A. J. Sprague, Toledo, O.; manufacturers of all kinds of wrought iron, combination and wood bridges. Office and works, on the /Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago/ R. R., east of depot." The company incorporated in 1909 as The Bridge and Structural Co. and continued in business until the Depression caused its liquidation in 1933. It then became a plant of the Fort Pitt Bridge Works of Pittsburgh, but the plant was sold in 1943, "since which time there has been no bridge building in Massillon."⁵

The Station Road Bridge is an iron pin-connected truss of the double-intersection Pratt type. The basic Pratt truss was patented in 1844 by Thomas and Caleb Pratt. It is distinguished by vertical members acting in compression and diagonals acting in tension. In 1847, the famous bridge engineer Squire Whipple patented a truss which utilized the basic form of the Pratt, but lengthened the diagonals to extend across two panels, thus allowing longer spans. The bridge type is now referred to as a doubleintersection Pratt, though it also has been called the Whipple, the Whipple-Murphy, or the Linville. This truss type was commonly constructed from 1847 into the twentieth century. Usually such truss bridges were manufactured and sent, in pieces, to the site, where they were erected by local laborers under the supervision of a representative of the bridge company. The Station Road Bridge is the only metal truss bridge of its type in the Cuyahoga Valley.

³Edward Thornton Heald, <u>The Stark County Story</u>, 4 vols. (Canton, O.: The Stark County Historical Society, 1949), 1:632-633.

⁴<u>Massillon City Directory, 1884-'85-'86</u> (Akron, O.: N. H. Burch & Co., Publishers, 1884), p. 109.

^DHeald, <u>Stark County Story</u>, 1:633-634.