United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received DEC 6 1984 date entered JAN 3 1985

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all elitile	s—complete applica	able section	7113		
1. Nan	ne				
historic	Cottage at R	ock and	Dubugue Street	5	
and/or common	J		•		
2. Loca	ation				
street & numbe	r Rock and	Dubuque	Streets (Rte.	4, Box 3) _	not for publication
city, town	Solon		vicinity of		
state	Iowa	code 0	19 county	Johnson	code 103
3. Clas	sification				
Category district xx_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _xx private both Public Acquisitio in process being consider	n Ac	atus X occupied L unoccupied Work in progress Cessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park xx private residence religious scientific transportation other:
street & number	Rte. 4, Box				
city, town	Solon		vicinity of	state	Iowa 52404
5. Loca	ation of L	egal	Descripti	on	
courthouse, regi	istry of deeds, etc.		County Clerk's	office	
street & number			Johnson County	Courthouse, S. Cli	nton St.
city, town			Iowa City	state	Iowa 52240
6. Rep	resentatio	on in	Existing	Surveys	
itle N/A	1	·	has this pr	operty been determined eli	igible? yes no
date				federal stat	e county loca
depository for s	urvey records				
city, town				state	

7. Description

Condition X excellent deteriorate good ruins fair unexposed	altered	Check one XX original site moved date		
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The cottage at Rock and Dubuque Streets, Solon, (c. post 1870), is a remarkably well preserved example of the application of the Queen Anne style to a smaller scale residential plan. Its importance resides in its unusual state of preservation (including an adjacent summer kitchen), and the careful restoration efforts on the part of its current owner.

The cottage plan is that of a rectangle (45' by 70'), set north and south, with gabled side wings which project from the near end of the west wall and the far end of the east wall. The east wing is slightly broader than that on the west (37' as compared to 32'). A full length side porch with raised wooden floor on brick supports covers the south face and a front corner porch fills the southeast corner. The overall plan presents two facades, the public or formal one to the east, and the working porch front to the south. The roof lines follow the plan, with gable ends placed on the right hand side of each facade. Each gable face has a centered square cut window on it. Corner sunrise motifs and alternating wood shingle patterns ornament each gable face. Small rounded finials mark the termination points of each roof ridge. The roof is wood shingled.

The house public front consists of a kitchen window and door which exit to the corner porch, a living room door which also connects with the porch, and a broader picture window which is centered on the east wing wall. The north wall has three windows, one of which is a very narrow one, set in the side of the wing. The (bedroom/bath) window in the wing is off center. The south front fenestration consists of a central door with flanking side windows. These are not placed symmetrically but are roughly balanced. All windows are 1/1 double hung sash. The gable windows are multipaned with a centered square pane with a surround of sixteen square lights.

The continuous foundation is of brick. While no water table is provided for, cornerboards frame each facade and wing, a belt course with sill divides each gable and wall mass. Paired flat drip molds, one above the other, are set above gable windows. The building is sided with clapboard. Windows surrounds are plain with sill and drip molds. Only the living room area has an excavated cellar beneath it. A working cistern is beneath the corner porch and connects with the kitchen.

The porches feature turned columns, posts, and simple turned gingerbread ornamentation. A central flue (now built with large square concrete blocks) is centered on the plan. A metal flue projects from the kitchen. Inside, the kitchen and living room front on the plan, with two bedrooms to the rear. That in the southwest corner is now a bathroom. A pantry and stairway separate the two original bedroom areas. A trap door on the corner porch leads to the cellar. A crawlspace is above the first floor.

One entry door (front wall, southeast corner) retains a rounded glass. Original screens with gingerbread trim survive. All interior woodwork is of pine. The house frame is of locally milled oak, 6" by 6" or 4" by 4" in section, and retains one barked side. The other faces were milled with a circular saw. The pine millwork and indeed the remainder of the house is possibly a package assembly.

The present paint color scheme is white with black sash, and red porch decks. Paint removal disclosed earlier use of beige on the exterior walls, dark green on the trim, scarlet on the sunrise motifs, and red on the porch deck. The porch ceiling was originally white.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture xx architecture art commerce communications		g landscape architectur law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation
Specific dates	c. 1870	Builder/Architect	Unknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The cottage at Rock and Dubuque Streets, Solon (c. post 1870) is a remarkably well preserved example of the application of the Queen Anne style to a smaller residential plan. Its importance resides in its unusual state of preservation, and the careful restoration efforts on the part of its present owner.

The identification of construction date and builder for this cottage remains illusive. Paul B. Anders (1812-1893) is associated with the property for most of its early recorded history. Anders with H. H. Kerr prepared the final plat of Solon in 1850 and was noted locally for his community involvement. He established a blacksmith shop in Solon in 1848, gave land for the local Methodist church, and served as justice of the peace and school board member. Known locally as "Squire Anders," he also platted Anders Second Addition to the town of Solon, which included the subject property.

Anders reserved this double lot and several other parcels for his own use. This property remained in the family until 1895 when his daughter Missouri Anders Sutliff sold it. The house was owned by Czech families until 1958 (Joe Cerny to 1904, Katie Reha to 1914, Anton Holocek to 1928, C. J. Rak to 1938, and the Svatos family to 1958).

It is probable that Paul Anders built this cottage in the early 1870's following the arrival in 1870 of the railroad in Solon. The availability of ready made mill work would have made the construction possible. The 1895 and earlier state censuses indicate that Ander's daughter and her family occupied a single household on the outskirts of town. This could be that house but addresses are not given.

Czech newspapers, dated 1904-6, were found beneath the second wood shingle roof when the present roof was put on. If the house required a new roof as early as 1906, then it could very well date to the early 1870's. The primitive heavy wood framing also indicates such a date.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Refer to Continuation Sheet 9-2

						
10.	Geograp	hical Data				
Acreage	of nominated prope	rty less than one a	cre			
	ngle name _Solon_	-		Q	uadrangle scale <u>1/24,000</u>	
UT M Ref	ferences					
A 1 5 Zone	6 2 5 0 7 0 Easting	4 ₁ 6 2 ₁ 9 5 ₁ 2 ₁ 0 Northing	B Zone	Easting	Northing	
c			D	Ш		
E			F L_L	لللا		
G			н			
Verbal	boundary descript	tion and justification	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Lots	1 and 2 in Blo	ck 3, Ander's Seco	nd Addition to	the Town	n of Solon, Johnson Coun	Ŀу,
Iowa	. Parcel conta	ins only house, su	mmer kitchen a	nd garage	2.	
List all	states and counti	es for properties overl	apping state or c	ounty bou	ndaries	
state	N/A	code	county		code	
state		code	county		code	
11.	Form Dra	epared By				
	roim Pit	spared by				
name/titl	le James E. J	acobsen, National	Register Coord	inator		
organiza				late	15 November 1984	
etreet ⁹		8 Canad Area	•	elenhoro	100	
	number E. 12th	œ Grand Ave.		elephone	515-281-4137	
city or to				tate	Iowa 50319	
<u>12.</u>	State His	storic Pres	ervation	Offic	er Certification	
The eval	uated significance of	f this property within the	state is:			
	national	state	××× local			
As the d	esignated State Histo	oric Preservation Officer 1	or the National Hist	oric Preserv	vation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-	-
		property for inclusion in the procedures set forth by the procedures set forth by the procedures are the procedures.			that it has been evaluated	
State His	storic Preservation O	fficer signature	- 11 11.11	0-6		
		A	- v- gur	w.	1.6-11	
title ^E	xecutive Direct	or Iowa State Hist	orical Departm	ent ————	date 11/19/84	
	IPS use only					
/ Ih	ereby certify that this	s property is included in t	he National Register Atered in the			
for	Xelone	yeu I	Ational Registe		date 1-3-85	
Keep	er of the National Re	egister				
Attes					date	Shi Ja
Chief	of Registration					\$ - E

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Continuation sheet Physical Description

Item number

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The kitchen is supported by eight brick piers, and is sheathed in board and batten. A door connects it directly with the porch. Centered 6/6 windows are on the north and south side walls. A suspended brick chimney is inside the west wall. A hipped roof garage of undetermined date is on the southwest corner of the lot. Its clapboard cladding indicates considerable alteration with the addition of an extension for longer vehicles. A window and door remain on the east side, a sliding service door on the south, and two windows (4 pane) are one the north side. The roof is sheathed with standing seam tin.

The house occupies a quarter block or double lot (defined by two alleys, measuring 120' square) on the northernmost tier of Solon's town plat. A drainage basin borders the town on the north side. This neighborhood is historically associated with Czech settlement and occupancy. Similar although less well preserved cottage structures are to be found nearby. The local C.S.P.S Hall (1908) on the double lot due south from the house, replaced a brick church. Dubuque Street, on which the house fronts, was platted as a major street, eighty feet in width, other streets, including Rock Street to the north, are fifty-five feet wide. The cottage itself stands on the northeast corner of its lot, indicating that the rest of the parcel was used for gardening and similar uses. A sidewalk leads to the front (corner) porch, borders the house on the south side, and leads diagonally to the garage. A wire woven fence with metal posts borders the property on the north and east sides. The lot is well wooded with an evergreen wind break along its north side.

Alterations:

The house was repaired just after the turn of the century. The original wood shingle roof was replaced in 1906 with a roof of identical material. The floor was replaced about this time. A living room trap door remains framed in the floor but is sealed by the present flooring itself. Only the living room was floored, the rest had only sub-floor, the kitchen linoleum. The side porch was apparently extended c. 1910 and was partly built-in with a solid wainscot and screening. Interior remodeling occured in the 1960's with the replacement of a bedroom with a bath. Celulose tile was used to cover the kitchen and living room ceilings. All interior woodwork except that in the bedroom and pantry was ingrained with a brown graining in the 1930's. Those other rooms retain their original reddish stained woodwork. Since 1980, the following tasks have been accomplished:

- -exterior stripped to bare wood and painted.
- -all sash stripped to bare wood and made workable.
- -bath remodeled. Wooden wainscot, hexagonal floor tile, period fixtures installed in bath. Bath room closet combined with kitchen pantry and door to same sealed.
- -both porches removed and restored with new porch railing, new porch ceilings.
- -kitchen flue added.
- -screen doors refurbished.
- -house reroofed with wood shingle, finials restored.

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Continuation sheet Bibliography

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BIBLIOGRAPHY:

1895 Iowa State Census, Solon, Johnson County, Iowa.

Works Progress Administration Cemetery Records, Johnson County, Iowa. Des Moines; 1939. Oakland Cemetery, Solon, page 43.

Property Abstract, Lots One and Two, Block Three, Anders Second Addition to the Town of Solon.

Newcomb, Jessie, "An Early History of Solon," Solon Economist, ____ 1922.