FEB

N/A not for publication

code

2 1984

81

For NPS use only

received

date entered

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic Barlow Burrow House

Evelyn Burrow Bolton House and/or common

2. Location

street & number 157 North Second Street

city, town Saltillo

N/A vicinity of

28

X

no

code

Mississippi state

3. Classification

Category	Ownership
district	public
<u>X</u> building(s)	<u>X</u> private
structure	both
site	Public Acquisition
object	, in process

Status	Pres
X occupied	
unoccupied	
work in progress	
Accessible	
yes: restricted	
X yes: unrestricted	

county

Lee sent Use

	agriculture commercial	museum park _X private residence
SS	educational entertainment	private residence religious
ted	government industrial military	<pre> scientific transportation other:</pre>

Owner of Property 4.

in process $\frac{N/A}{M}$ being considered

name	N & H Enterp	rises				
street & number	P. 0.	Box 98				
city, town	Saltillo	N/A	vicinity of		state	Mississippi
5. Loca	ation of	Legal De	scripti	on		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Office of the Lee County Co		Clerk		
street & number		Court Square				
city, town	Tupelo				state	Mississippi
6. Rep	resentat	ion in Ex	isting	Survey	5	
title Statewid	e Survey of H	istoric Sites	has this pro	operty been dete	ermined eligit	ole? yesX_ no
date 198	3			federal	X state	county local
depository for su	urvey records	Mississippi 1	Department	of Archives	and Histo	ry
city, town	Jackson				state	Mississippi

7. Description

<u>X</u> good r	eteriorated X unaltered uins Altered nexposed	Check one original site moved date _	N/A
	nexposed		

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Barlow Burrow House is located in the city limits of Saltillo, Mississippi, Lee County's oldest town and its first county seat. Saltillo is situated in the northeastern corner of Mississippi. This two-story frame vernacular Colonial Revival house, built in 1914, is set upon a brick foundation. The hipped roof, pierced by two corbeled-cap chimneys, is adorned with four varying dormers. On the eastern elevation is a gabled dormer with chamfered corners and is lighted by four windows with one-over-one sash. Centered in the tympanum above the double window is a fixed window of thirteen lights. The southerly and northerly elevations have hipped roof dormers with triple windows of one-over-one-light sash. The western elevation features a dormer, smaller in size but of same shape as the northern and southern elevations, with a fixed window having six lights and a window having single light sash.

The facade of the house is spanned by a gallery which extends around the southern elevation of the house. The gallery is supported by eight Ionic columns.

The entrance consists of a single-leaf, beveled-glass-panel door that is surrounded by over-sized sidelights also of single panels of beveled glass. The fixed transom features three windows containing thirteen lights each. Most of the windows of the house are large one-over-one-light, double-hung sash units (contrary to the architect's plans), except two units on the northern elevation which consist of eighteen small panes in fixed windows. The sun porch, on the western elevation, features six windows of six-over-six, which are described in the blueprints drawn by A. E. Hindsman of Tupelo, Mississippi, in July 1913 (copy enclosed) as "old windows." These windows are believed to have been in the house of Barlow Burrow's father, Capt. John H. Burrow, which was located on the same site.

The first floor of the house contains the reception hall with the main staircase, the two bottom steps curving around the newel post. An archway leads to a narrow hall into the kitchen. On the southern side of the reception hall is a library or den and a chamber which features a closet with a window. The bath is also located on the southern side of the reception hall.

On the northern side is located the living room, separated from the hall by a pair of eight-and-one-half-foot sliding doors from a house built in 1904 (information from Mrs. Evelyn Bolton, daughter of Barlow Burrow, 1977). The dining room is located on the northern side, separated from the living room by a second set of sliding doors and is serviced by a bulter's pantry, situated between dining room and kitchen. There is a lock pantry where the butter and hams were kept cool and secure.

The second floor is reached by two stairways, a servants' stairway which leads from the kitchen and the main stairway from the reception hall. The second floor contains three bedrooms, with the southern and northern ones finished in lumber from the old Capt. John H. Burrow House. The pilastered, Greek Revival mantels in these two rooms are marblized, painted to resemble blue-veined white marble, and are also believed to be from the earlier house.

There have been no major changes in the Barlow Burrow House since it was built in 1914.

8. Significance

	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	community planning	g landscape architecture law literature military music ent philosophy	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1913-14	Builder/Architect F	. E. Hindsman, archite loyd and Gordon Boldin	ct g, builders

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Barlow Burrow House is significant as the best example of the Colonial Revival style in the rural northeastern Mississippi town of Saltillo (population 1,266), and also as the town's best example of high style architecture of any style or era. Additionally, the Burrow House is significant as the residence of Barlow Burrow, a Saltillo businessman and vital link in a century old family merchandising concern in Saltillo.

Like many northeastern Mississippi towns, Saltillo area was originally occupied by Indians. Following the removal of Mississippi's Choctaw tribes in the 1830s, merchant James W. Kyle constructed a store and opened a post office a half mile west of present day Saltillo. Later, "Saltillo" became a relay station on the stagecoach line (James F. Brieger, compiler and publisher, <u>Hometown Mississippi</u>, 1980, p. 296).

With the advent of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad (M&O) to northeast Mississippi immediately before the Civil War, Saltillo moved eastward to its present site to accommodate construction of the railroad. Upon the creation of Lee County in 1866 Saltillo became the temporary county seat. One year later, when the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad chose Tupelo, nine miles south of Saltillo, as the site for their new line, Tupelo supplanted Saltillo as the county seat (The Saltillo History Committee, <u>The Life and Times of Saltillo</u> [Fulton, Miss.: Itawamba County Times, Inc., 1979], p. 10).

On July 20, 1870, Saltillo received its charter, and the M&O Railroad formally became the center of the corporate limits. From that time until the present day, Saltillo, eclipsed by Tupelo as a transportation hub and county seat, has evolved from a mercantile crossroads to a productive agricultural center (The Saltillo History Committee, pp. 11-12).

Saltillo's post-Civil War vernacular architecture aptly reflects the area's small-town status. The historic residences range from early-post-war cabins to latenineteenth- and early-twentieth-century frame houses, to the Barlow Burrow House, Saltillo's most sophisticated architectural resource. With the exception of the Barlow Burrow House and a few simple bungalows, the major American styles seen in Mississippi during the turn-of-the-century, the Queen Anne, Shingle, Second Empire, Colonial Revival or Bungalow, are not represented in Saltillo. The majority of the building stock are regularly or irregularly massed frame structures that are unified by their wide undercut galleries and wraparound porches. Few decorative details, such as chamfered posts or gingerbread, adorn the plain, functional houses. In contrast the Barlow Burrow House, designed by Tupelo architect A.E. Hindsman, is a charming interpretation of the formal Colonial Revival style for a small town setting (The Saltillo History Committee, pp. 29, 31, 35, 37).

(continued)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Biographical and Historical Memoirs of Mississippi. 2 volumes. Chicago: Goodspeed Publishing Co., 1891.

Brieger, James F. <u>Hometown</u> <u>Mississippi</u>, compiled and privately published by James F. Brieger, 1980. (continued)

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property <u>2 acres</u> Quadrangle name <u>Guntown</u>, <u>Miss</u>.

UT M References

A 1,6 Zone	341541010 Easting	3 8 0 5 3 0 0 Northing
c		
E		
G		

B Zone	Easting	Northing
F		
н		

Quadrangle scale 1:24000

Verbal boundary description and justification

Commencing at the Southwest Corner of the Southwest Quarter of Section 16, Township 8 South, Range 6 East, City of Saltillo, Lee County, Mississippi, and run East along Section line 350 feet to a fence corner on the East side of Old Highway #45 for a

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	N/A	code	county	code
state	NT / A	code	county	code
State	<u>N/A</u>	coue	county	coue

11. Form Prepared By

	Robinson, consultant			
organization N/A		date	December 1, 1983	
street & number Rom	ite 2, Box 1	telepho	one (601) 869-5765	

city or town Saltillo

state	Mississippi	38866
-------	-------------	-------

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

national	state	<u> </u>

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer signature title Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer date 1/27/84-

For NPS use only		in in de la companya de la companya La companya de la comp	Asia	e Bju	- 	a de la composición d							
I hereby certify that	t this p	roperty	is inc	luded in E	n the Nat Intered	ional In 1 Ref	registe giste	d	ate	3,	1,10	's4	
Keeper of the Nation	al Reg	Ister				i jr				1			
Attest:								d	ate				
Chief of Registration	· · ·						s. 1						1997

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Barlow Burrow House Continue of the state of the st

Item number 8, 9, 10

8 - SIGNIFICANCE

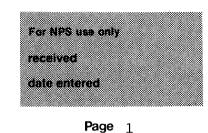
Barlow Burrow, first owner of the Burrow House, was born in 1869, the son of Evelyn and John H. Burrow. In 1867, John Burrow, a Confederate veteran, opened the Burrow Store, one of Saltillo's general merchandising establishments (Biographical and Historical Memoirs of Mississippi. 2 volumes [Chicago: Goodspeed Publishing Co., 1891], 1:467). Barlow Burrow evidentally worked at his father's store, and upon the older Burrow's death in 1908 Barlow Burrow and his younger brother Tabb continued operation of that family store under the name Burrow Brothers. During the next decade the brothers each constructed residences. The elder brother hired architect A. E. Hindsman of nearby Tupelo to design a formal residence in the fashionable Colonial Revival style. Tabb Burrow constructed a less sophisticated reflection of the Colonial Revival style across the street from his brother. Barlow Burrow died in 1933, and his brother assumed ownership of the family business. Burrow's widow, Mary Morgan Burrow, continued living in the family home. Until recently the Barlow Burrow House remained in the family, owned by daughter Evelyn Burrow Bolton (The Saltillo History Committee, pp. 31, 35, 48, 51, 106).

9 - MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

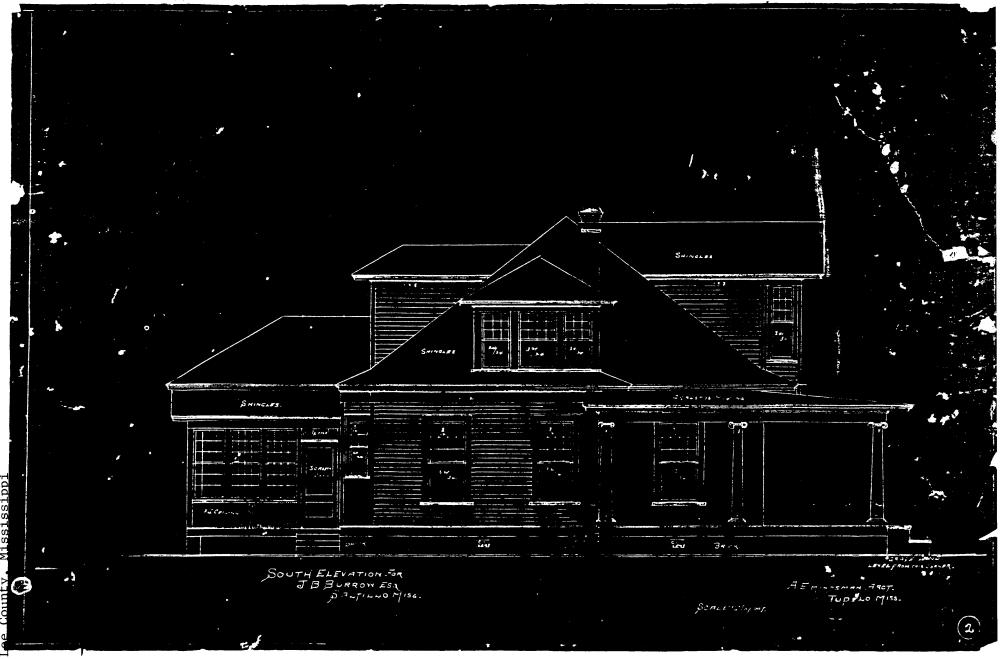
- Burrow, Carl M., Reno, Nevada. Interviewed by Sarah M. Robinson, consultant, at Saltillo, Mississippi, August, September, 1983.
- The Saltillo History Committee. The Life and Times of Saltillo. Fulton, Miss .: Itawamba County Times, Inc., 1979.

10 - GEOGRAPHICAL DATA (Verbal boundary description and justification)

point of beginning; thence run North 3 degrees 15 minutes East along the East side of said road for a distance of 206.0 feet; to a fence corner at the Southwest corner of the George Partlow property; thence run East along and with an old fence line for the Partlow and the Elvis Brown properties 309 feet to a point on the West side of Church or 1st Street; thence run South 1 degree 52 minutes West along said West side for 205.8 feet to a point on the South line of Section 16, said point being the Northeast corner of the Herman Jones property; thence run West along said section line and an old fence line which is the North boundary of the Jones and Harold Smith properties for a distance of 313.7 feet to the point of beginning, being in the Southwest Quarter of Section 16, Township 8 South, Range 6 East, Town of Saltillo, Lee County, Mississippi.



OMB No. 1024-0018 Exp. 10-31-84



Barlow Burrow House Tee County, Mississippi

3



Sec. Marco Little (Little A STATE the trace 72 2 37.4 With States Ĩ Sec. Party Po ш 11 % 1 1 7. <u>د د د</u> 3436 37,10 3 4/32 1.57 ۹Ż. - 🗆 REAR ELEVATION J.B. BURROW ESQ SALTILLO MISS. -----A.E. Hindsman Adamister. Tupe Lo Miss. SCALE 1/2 to 1 Foor . a. (#)



