Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

THEMES CO EMPLATIVE SOCIETY- 8b Painting d Sculpture
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY ... NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE	ONLY		 ******	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
RECEIVED		•			

INVENTORY NOMINATION	rokw DATE	ENTENED	
SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES -	TO COMPLETE NATION		
1 NAME			
HISTORIC			
Robert S. Duncanson – Taft Museum			37
AND/OR COMMON			
Martin Baum House, Taft Museum			
2 LOCATION			
STREET & NUMBER			
316 Pike Street	AND 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
City, TOWN	VICINITY OF	congressional distr 001	ICT
Cincinnati -	VICINITY OF CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Ohio	39	<u>Hamilton</u>	061
3 CLASSIFICATION			
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT X PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	X MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTUREBOTHSITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
OBJECTIN PROCESS	N ACCESSIBLE X_YES: RESTRICTED	ENTERTAINMENT GOVERNMENT	RELIGIOUSSCIENTIFIC
BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
	NO	MILITARY	OTHER
4 OWNER OF PROPERTY			
The Cincinnati Institute of Fine Art	S		
STREET & NUMBER			
441 Vine Street		STATE	
Cincinnati _	VICINITY OF	Ohio	
5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC	RIPTION		
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Hamilton Coul	nty Court House		
STREET & NUMBER Court and Ma			
CITY, TOWN	in Sireers	STATE	
Cincinnati		Ohio	
6 REPRESENTATION IN EXIS	TING SURVEYS		
Inventory and Appreiant of the	∐istouis Citos Duildin	A	
Inventory and Appraisal of I	nistoric Sires, bullain	gs and Areas	
1960	FEDERAL	_STATECOUNTY X_LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR			
SURVEY RECORDS Cincinnati City Hall			
City, town Cincinnati		STATE Ohio	



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

XEXCELLENT

__DETERIORATED

XUNALTERED
__ALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

__GOOD __FAIR __RUINS __UNEXPOSED ___MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The site for Robert S. Duncanson is the present Taft Museum. This elegant white frame mansion is a highly refined example of the Federal style. The two-story center unit is fronted with an imposing portico, whose Tuscan Pillars, Greek pediment, curved iron railings leading up the sandstone steps to the handsome entrance provide a fitting terminus to the visual axis from East Fourth Street through Lytle Park. The center unit is flanked by two-story wings, a high basement with grilled windows holds the center section and the two wings a good half story above grade. The entrance portal is flanked by slender sidelights and capped by an elliptical fanlight in which the window mullions form a wheel spoke design. This design is repeated in the seven elliptical windows in the second story of the center unit and in the pediment. Across the rear of the center unit is a long porch which commands a view of a lovely formal garden. Access to this porch is through floor length double hung windows of the drawing room. When transformed into a museum, the house was restored on the basis of an 1857 color print, and the interior colors and appointments were returned to those of a gracious early nineteenth century home.

In 1848, Nicholas Longworth, I selected Robert S. Duncanson to paint eight landscape murals in his palatial home, Belmont, which is now the Taft Museum. The museum has restored the murals which were once covered over with wall paper.

SPECIFIC DAT	ES Robert S. Duncanson	(1817-1872) UILDER/ARCH	HITECT Martin Baum	
		INVENTION		Afro-American History
_1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	X.OTHER (SPECIFY)
⊈ 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION
1700-1799	XART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
_1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
_PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

To become a black artist under the conditions of the nineteenth century posed great obstacles, largely complicated by racism. No matter how potentially great or even competent, the black artist constantly found himself in the dilemma of having to constantly disprove either cultural, racial or provincially imposed attitudes and restrictions. Robert S. Duncanson was one such individual who met with these same awesome challenges and for a time, succeeded until these conditions contributed to his demise in 1872. History is fortunate in that at least 79 out of a possible ninety-odd known canvases by Duncanson's hand have survived.

It was indeed the nineteenth century painter who forged one of the first truly American traditions. In effect the visual imagery they developed through close attention to the details of the American terrain grew into fervent emotional and spiritual relationship to nature. It is within this context that Robert S. Duncanson is to assume his role as a vital contributor to the creation of this unique and individual form of American expressionism.

BIOGRAPHY

Robert S. Duncanson was born in New York State about 1817. His mother was a black woman and his father is said to have been a white Canadian of Scotch ancestry who sent his son to Canada for his primary training. Duncanson seems to have enjoyed from the beginning advantages commonly denied most freeborn black youth in his day. Duncanson was sent abroad to Edinburgh, Scotland to study at the expense of the Anti-Slavery League.

No documentation that we have at present tells the precise nature of the artist's studies abroad prior to 1842. However, to judge by the subjects of his paintings completed before 1862, it is fairly certain that he had picked up a good acquaintance with English literature, if indeed, he had not read considerably too in English as well as classical history. An illustration from Shakespeare's life and a composition based on an episode from one of his plays, three paintings on themes drawn from the poetry of Robert Burns and Walter Scott, and two other works inspired by events in classicial history provide evidence for this assumption.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES



Bearden, R. and Henderson H. <u>6 Black Masters of American Art</u>. New York 1973.

Cavallo, A. S., "Uncle Tom and Little Eva, A Painting by Robert S. Duncanson." Bulletin of the Detroit Institute of Arts, XXX, I, 1950–51.

		(PARTIAL LISTING)
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY UTM REFERENCES	1 1 - 0	es	
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Lynne Gomez-Graves, H ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bicentenn		,	DATE 0 June 1976
STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, Northwes	t, Suite 103	(2	TELEPHONE 202) 462-2519
CITY OR TOWN Washington,		D	STATE
12 STATE HISTORIC P	DECEDVATION		O.C.
		N OFFICER CENTHIN THIS PROPERTY WITHIN	
NATIONAL		E	LOCAL
	nclusion in the National R		on Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I has been evaluated according to the
FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATU	RE		
TITLE			DATE
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS P	ROPERTY IS INCLUDED I	IN THE NATIONAL REGIS	TER
NISPATAL SPECIAL AS A STATE OF THE STATE OF			DATE
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEO ATTEST:	LOGY AND HISTORIC PR	ESERVATION	DATE
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REG	ISTER		

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Robei	t S. Duncanson –				
CONTINUATION SHEET	Taft Museum	ITEM NUMBER	8	PAGE	TWO

No concrete information concerning his early years of education indicate that Duncanson had any formal academic art training, therefore, we must assume that he was indeed a basically self-taught painter. This in itself was a major accomplishment given the lack of opportunities of that period.

Duncanson came to Cincinnati in 1842 and was advertised as the proprietor of a studio of daguerreotypy. It is therefore quite likely that when he arrived in Cincinnati, he had already acquired some knowledge of how to paint. Between the years 1845 and 1859 Duncanson was busily at work in Cincinnati and Detroit. In these cities he numbered among his patrons some of the first citizens. This was particularly true of Cincinnati, where, about 1848, he began that remarkable series of decorations on the walls of "Belmont," the then Nicholas Longworth mansion (now the Taft Museum), which are justly regarded as among the finest achievements of early Midwestern painting. In addition to that task, he was at work on the portraits of a number of Detroit and Cincinnati patrons. In fact, his commissions in Detroit, beginning in 1846, probably with the Berthelet family of that city, had so far detailed him that he found it necessary to take a studio there in 1849. Notices in Detroit periodicals of the day reveal that the artist participated in public exhibitions of painting and received honors and awards for his work.

In 1861 or 1862, Duncanson must have sailed once more for Scotland. Two contemporary references support this belief: the first, an article in The Cincinnati Gazette for May 30, 1961, contains a description of his painting, "The Lotus Eaters," based on a poem by Tennyson; while the second, a letter sent from London by Moncure D. Conway, published in the same newspaper, informs readers of Duncanson's successes in Scotland and London. Conway tells of meeting Duncanson by chance in the galleries of the South Kensington Meuseum and of learning from the artist something about his travels in Scotland where he had exhibited "The Lotus Eaters" and other paintings. Before leaving for Scotland, Duncanson had visted in Canada.²

It is thought that Duncanson was an accepted member of the Cincinnati Art Union if, indeed, he was not also a member of the Cincinnati Academy of Art. In the eyes of many Americans of that time Duncanson was regarded as "... the best landscape painter in the West"



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Robert S. Duncanson CONTINUATION SHEET Taft Museum ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE THREE

Duncanson returned to Detroit in September, 1871, and there put on view several works including the famous "Ellen's Isle, Loch Katrine," a painting in which he did honor to a spot in Scotland made hallowed by the romantic genius of Sir Walter Scott. The exhibition was announced in a Detroit newspaper which gave out that "The celebrated paintings of Mr. Duncanson have arrived and will be on exhibition at the Gallery of the Western Arts Association tomorrow."

Sometime prior to the closing of this exhibition the painter was overtaken by a severe depression. Some months later he died on the 21 December 1872. The artist's obituary published in The Detroit Tribune of Thursday, December 26, 1872. It sums up the main facts of Duncanson's life as given, no doubt, by his widow.

DEATH OF DUNCANSON THE ARTIST. -- One Saturday last Robert S. Duncanson, a celebrated artist of this country, died at the Michigan State Retreat He had acquired the idea that in all his artistic efforts he was aided by the spirit of one of the great masters, and this so worked upon his mind as to affect him not only mentally but physically. He was 55 years of age, a man of modest and retiring disposition, and a gentleman who was greatly esteemed by all who knew him. He was born in New York and for the past 30 years made Cincinnati his home. The honors received by him both at home and abroad were numerous. He painted the "Land of the Lotus Eaters," after Tennyson's poem, and when he visited Europe the poet laureate received him at his residence as a recognition of his appreciation of that great work. He also painted his "Recollections of Italy," an exceedingly complete production, and another of his greatest efforts was his painting of the "Paradise and the Peri," which was sometime since exhibited at the gallery of the Western Arts Association, and greatly admired by those of our citizens who had an opportunity of viewing it. Mr. Duncanson visited Europe several times ... some of the pictures being purchased by the Duchess of Sutherland. He was an artist of rare accomplishments, and his death will be regretted by all lovers of his profession, and by every American who knew him either by reputation or personally.

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Robert S. Duncanson
CONTINUATION SHEET Taft Museum ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE FOUR (reference notes)

- 1. Combined information from James A. Parker's "Robert S. Duncanson, Midwestern Romantic Realist," Art in America, October 1951 and Cincinnati Art Museum, Robert S. Duncanson A Centennial Exhibition, Cincinnati, 1972 gives the most recent and accurate information to date regarding Duncanson's oeuvre.
- 2. The Cincinnati Daily Gazette, November 24, 1865.
- 3. The Cincinnati Gazette, May 30, 1861.
- 4. The Detroit Daily Union, September 16, 1871.
- 5. The Detroit Tribune, December 26, 1872.

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Robert S. Duncanson –
CONTINUATION SHEET Taft Museum ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE TWO
Cincinnati Art Museum. Robert S. Duncanson - A Centennial Exhibition. Cincinnati, 1972
Dover, Cedric. American Negro Art. Greenwich, Connecticut, 1960.
Dwight, Edward. "Art in Early Cincinnati," <u>The Cincinnati Art Museum Bulletin</u> (new series), 3, 4, August 1953, pp. 4–11.
Fine, Elsa Hornig. The Afro-American Artist: A Search for Identity. New York, 1973.
Porter, James A. "Robert S. Duncanson – Midwestern Romantic Realist," <u>Art in America</u> . October 1951.
. Modern Negro Art. New York, 1969.
The Cincinnati Daily Gazette. November 24, 1865.
The Cincinnati Gazette. May 30, 1861.
The Detroit Daily Union. September 16, 1871.

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 1

Being in the City of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, Ohio, in Section 12, Town 4, Fractional Range 1, of the Miami Purchase and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the east line of Pike Street three (3) feet north of the south line of Fourth Street extended eastwardly, thence southwardly along the east line of Pike Street one hundred and fifty (150) feet and extending back between parallel lines from said frontage at right angles to the east line of Pike Street four hundred (400) feet more or less to Butler Street, being the same property Conveyed by Joseph Longworth et. al, to David Sinton on January 19, 1875, by deed recorded in Deed Book 434, page 589.

Also the following described property in the same Section beginning at a point on the east line of Pike Street three (3) feet north of the South line of Fourth Street extended eastwardly, thence northwardly along the east line of Pike Street thirty-seven (37) feet, thence eastwardly at right angles to Pike Street two hundred and twenty-three (223) feet; thence southwardly parallel to Pike Street thirty-seven (37) feet to the north line of the lot firstly described herein; thence westwardly along the north line of said lot two hundred and twenty-three (223) feet to the place of beginning, being the same property conveyed to Anna Sinton Taft by the A. H. Pugh Printing Company by deed dated May 15, 1911, and recorded in Deed Books 1040, page 492, of the Hamilton County records.



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Robert S. Duncanson CONTINUATION SHEETTaft Museum

ITEM NUMBER 11

PAGE Two (Researchers)

Dr. Leslie Hammond Maryland Institute of Art Baltimore, Md.