#### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

### National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

### 1. Name

historic Boone County Courthouse

and or common

and or common							
2. Loca	ntion						
street & number	Courthouse	Square	1			N/A	not for publication
city, town	Lebanon		N/ <u>A</u> _via	cinity of			
state	Indiana	code	018	county	Boone		code 011
3. Clas	sificatio	n			*		
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisiti in process being conside N/A	on i	Status occupi unoccu work ir Accessible X yes: re yes: ur no	upied n progress e stricted	Present Us agricul comme educat enterta X govern industr military	ture ercial ional inment ment ial	museum     park     private residence     religious     scientific     transportation     other:
4. Own	er of Pro	pert	У				
name	Boone County	Commiss	ioners				
street & number	Courthouse	Square					
city, town	Lebanon		N <u>/A_</u> vio	inity of		state	Indiana
5. Loca	tion of L	.egal	Dese	criptio	n		
courthouse, regis	try of deeds, etc.	Auditor'	s Office	e, Court H	ouse		
street & number	(	Courthou	ise Squa	ire			
city, town		_ebanon				state	Indiana
	esentati	on ir	n Exis	sting S	burveys	5	
Indiana	Historic Sites y #011-349-260	s & Stru	ictures				ble? yes X no
date 1982					federal	Xstate	county local
depository for su	rvey records Ind	iana Sta	te Depar	tment of	Natural Res	ources	
city, town	Ind	ianapoli	S			state	Indiana

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date entered

received AUG 21 1986

K A

## 7. Description

Condition		Check one
<u> </u>	deteriorated	_X_ unaltered
good	ruins	altered
fair	unexposed	

Check one \_X\_ original site \_\_\_\_ moved date

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Boone County Courthouse is located in Lebanon and is situated in the Court House Square.

The three-story structure is constructed of granite and Bedford limestone and is Neo-classical in style. From the center of the roof rises a windowed, octagonal stone foundation for the glass dome which is surmounted by the clock tower.

The Courthouse is rectangular in shape and is 105 feet wide with a total length of 142 feet, exclusive of entrance projections. The distance from the ground to the top of the clocktower is 120 feet and a flagstaff extends 20 feet above this point.

The north and south elevations are the principal facades, while the east and west facades, though similar, have less prominent fatures.

The stonework is dressed granite and Bedford limestone, with the exception of narrow courses of rock-faced stone alternating with courses of dressed stone located on the ground floor between the water table and a prominent beltcourse above the first floor windows.

The monumental pedimented central portico on the south facade has four smooth dressed Ionic columns, each of which is 35 feet 5 1/2" in height, 48" in diameter at the base and 40" at the top. The columns support a full entablature with a low relief decorated frieze and a denticulated pediment. The tympanum features high relief figural sculpturing.

The elaborate double entrance that is sheltered by the pediment is highlighted by Ionic columns, a balustraded balcony at the second story, and a broken scroll pediment above the second floor. A set of three fixed art-glass windows are located just above the scroll pediment. The entrances originally had two pairs of wooden doors, but now have aluminum replacements.

All windows flanking the entrance portico are recessed, double-hung sash, one-over-one light. The first and second story windows are rectangular and plain trimmed, while those on the third floor are round-arched with an archivolt, keystone, and springers. The second and third stories are tied together by low relief molding. creating a shallow, arcaded effect. At the corners of the building are pilasters with a low relief pattern just below Ionic caps.

The decorated entablature from the portico is continued around the rest of the building, underscoring a denticulated cornice. An enriched parapet, alternating in solid and decorated stone, runs along the roof line and, at the corners, a section of solid stone projects slightly, as a continuation of the corner pilasters.

Rising from the center of the Courthouse roof is the art glass dome, its foundation, and the clocktower. The dome foundation is octagonal, constructed with dressed stone; each face features sets of three fixed, arched windows with pilasters, an entablature, and a balustrade. The art glass dome, also octagonally shaped, is 52 feet in diameter and is said to be the second largest dome in the state. An octagon-shaped cupola rests atop the dome and houses four clock faces, with four open arched, balustraded, intermediate sections. A heavy entablature separates the cupola's faces from its dome and flagstaff.

On the east and west elevations are the less prominent pediments, which are supported by smaller, paired columns. The columns rest on pedestals which continue the treatment of the ground floor, having courses of dressed stone alternating with narrow courses of rock-faced

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Continuation sheet Boone County Court House Item number 7 and 9 Page 1

stone. The pedestals extend to the top of the first floor where they are connected by a pediment that shelters the entrance. Above and behind the entrance pediment are columns surmounted by a broken scroll pediment and a central arch. As reported in the <u>History of Boone County</u>, (1914) the floors of the corridor, rotunda, lobbies, and public space in offices on the second floor are ceramic tile, and the floors in various rooms are  $l\frac{1}{4}$ " quartered oak. The wainscoting of the corridors and rotunda is a white Italian marble, five feet high on the first floor and three and one-half feet on the others, having a green Vermont marble base. The most outstanding feature of the interior is the four-story, open rotunda with the stained glass dome overhead. The columns in the rotunda are heavy steel, protected by concrete and covered by scagliola.

Item number 9

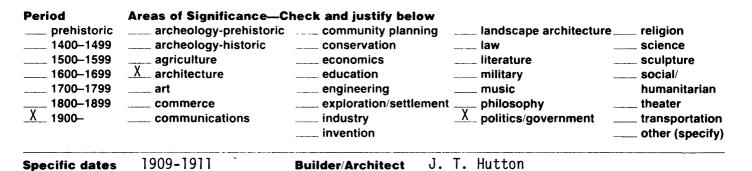
Master's Thesis, W. P. Hutton

Boone, Your County Magazine, July, 1976, page 10

- <u>History of Boone County, Indiana</u>. L. M. Crist, Vol. 1. Indianapolis: A. W. Bowen and Company, 1914.
- History of Boone County, Indiana, compiled by the Boone County Historical Society and Friends. n.p., 1984.



# 8. Significance



#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Boone County Courthouse is significant for its role as the center of county government for over 75 years. Architecturally, it is significant as a fine example of the Neoclassical style, being designed by Joseph T. Hutton, of Hammond, Indiana.

The present structure is the fourth courthouse for Boone County. The first, built in 1833, was a two-story log structure located on the north side of the courthouse square. The second, built in 1839-40, was a small, two-story brick building set in the center of the courthouse square. A more substantial courthouse was built 1856-57, and cost \$33,000. The architect was William Tinsley, who designed Christ Church Cathedral, Indianapolis, Indiana, and Center Hall, at Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Indiana. The fourth and present courthouse was ordered by the county commissioners in 1909.

The commissioners, in association with a citizens' committee, employed Joseph Hutton as architect to draw up plans and specifications. The contract for the building was let to Caldwell and Drake, of Columbus, Indiana, who had also worked on several other courthouses. The building was completed in December, 1911, at a total cost of \$265,000. On January 1, 1912, the courthouse was opened to the public and it was dedicated on July 4 by former Vice-President Charles Warren Fairbanks.

The Boone County Courthouse is thought to be the only public building in the world that is bisected by a principal meridian line.<sup>1</sup> The second principal meridian line passes through the center of the courthouse and is marked by a tablet, consisting of an arrow in white and black marble tiles, with the words, "Meridian Line," in bronze letters.

The Boone County Courthouse is renowned for its eight monolithic limestone columns, which are reportedly the world's tallest columns made of a single piece of stone.<sup>2</sup> \* On both the north and south elevations are four columns, each being over 35 feet tall, exclusive of cap and base, and weighing nearly 30 tons.<sup>3</sup> Another noteworthy feature of the building is the 52-foot diameter art glass dome, which is the second largest in Indiana, exceeded in size only by the dome of the West Baden Springs Hotel.<sup>4</sup>

\* According to William McDonald of the Indiana Limestone Institute, the Boone County Courthouse columns are the largest turned columns in the United States.

<sup>1</sup><u>Indianapolis Star</u>, May 15, 1954, p. 12, c. 8
<sup>2</sup><u>Indianapolis News</u>, November 13, 1967, p. 16, c. 4-6
<sup>3</sup>Ibid
<sup>4</sup>Ibid

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# 9. Major Bibliographical References

Please see continuation sheet

# **10. Geographical Data**

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Verbal boundary desc	ription and justification		/ / / / / / _ /
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List all states and co	unties for properties overla	pping state or county bou	ndaries
state N/A	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form F	Prepared By		
Commi organization on th	Brandenburg ttee to place the Cour e National Register 1. 250 North	thouse date telephone	March 17, 1986 317/482-6261
city or town Leban	on	state	Indiana 46052
12. State	Historic Prese	rvation Office	er Certification
	ce of this property within the sta		
natio	Ŷ	local	
665), I hereby nominate t according to the criteria		National Register and certify National Park Service.	vation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– that it has been evaluated
title Indiana State	Historic Preservation (	)]-/ -	date 7-23-86
For NPS use only			
I hereby certify tha	t this property is included in the	National Register	
for Xlelone	spyen Nation	al Register	date 9-22-26
<b>Keeper of the Nation</b>	ai negister		
Attest:			date
Chief of Registration			

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