#### United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

### National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

## 1. Name

historic (	Colonet Robert	Z. Taylor	House				
and/or common	N/A						
2. Loca	ation						
street & number	r 1008 Sout	h College S	Street		N/A_	not for publication	
city, town Trenton			N/A_ vicinity of		congressional district Seven		
state Tennes	ssee	code	047	county	Gibson	code 053	
3. Clas	sificatio	n					
Category     Ownership			Status <u>X</u> occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible <u>X</u> yes: restricted <u>X</u> yes: unrestricted no		Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum   park   private residence   religious   scientific   transportation   other:	
	ner of Pro						
	and Mrs. J.M.		100	·			
street & number Humboldt High		ignway, воз N/		ity of	state Tennessee		
city, town 5. Loca	ation of I						
	istry of deeds, etc.				se, Register of Dee	ds	
street & number	Courthou	se Square			· · ·		
city, town	Trenton				state	Tennessee	
6. Rep	resentat	ion in	Exist	ing s	Surveys		
title	None	·····	ha	s this pro	perty been determined ele	gible? yes _X n	
date	N/A				N/Afederalstate	e county loca	
depository for s	urvey records	N/A					
city, town		N/A			state	N/A	

# 7. Description

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Colonel Robert Z. Taylor House, surrounded by numerous oak and maple trees, is located on a large lot on South College Street in Trenton, Tennessee. The house is a two-and- $\frac{1}{2}$  story frame Queen Anne style residence constructed on an irregular plan. A verandah with balustrade encircles the house. There are three brick interior chimneys. The roof is multi-planed.

The house is supported by a brick and concrete block foundation (ca. 1950) which has been partially covered with stucco. The exterior walls exhibit a variety of wood sidings: fishscale shingles, beveled wood siding, sawtooth shingles, tongue-and-groove, and board-and-batten. The three brick chimneys each have two flues and service upstairs and downstairs fireplaces. These chimneys are contemporary in construction (ca. 1950) and replace the original corbelled brick chimneys. The multi-planed roof, which consists of gable and tent styles, is covered with asphalt shingles.

The majority of windows are straight-topped with plate glass in both the upper and lower wooden sash. Three other window styles are also found: an attic dormer with a four-pane casement, two gable end windows with plate glass in the lower sash and small panes in the upper sash, and a semi-circular window glazed with plate glass.

The door unit of the principle facade consists of a single leaf door with decorative moldings and a beveled glass panel. A sidelight of beveled glass is set into a wooden panel decorated with moldings and simple carving. Completing the unit is a rectangular beveled glass transom located above the door and sidelight.

Other decorative exterior architectural features include: a projecting bay with tent roof; gable overhangs with cut-out pattern brackets; spindle balusters; turned posts; cut-out pattern porch frieze with acorn pendants and fan-shaped brackets; a projecting second story gable with recessed porch, spindled frieze and balustrade; and decorative gable ends.

Significant interior details include: golden oak woodwork, poplar flooring, an elaborate cherry mantel, and cast-iron mantels which exhibit gilding and marbling. Much of the woodwork is poplar and retains the original oak graining.

The house has undergone minimal-moderate exterior alterations (ie., chimneys and foundation) and is in good condition. Interior alterations have been kept to a minimum. Original interior woodwork and exterior architectural trim has been retained.

The present owners are currently developing plans for the restoration of the house. These plans include: repair of foundation; reproduction and replacement of damaged exterior architectural features; replacement of present brick chimneys with those of a compatible design; and painting the exterior with appropriate paint colors.

### 8. Significance



#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph) Criteria B.C

Constructed ca. 1895, the Colonel Robert Z. Taylor House is a significant resource to the town of Trenton for its associations with Colonel Taylor, a prominent attorney who was influential in many local concerns from the 1870s to 1920. The house exhibits the skilled craftsmanship which was utilized to construct this Queen Anne style residence.

Robert Zachery Taylor was born in Madison County, Tennessee, on February 24, 1846. In October, 1848, his family moved to Gibson County, Tennessee, near the town of Trenton. Taylor received his early education in the county schools and assisted his father on their large farm. In late January, 1864, Taylor enlisted in Company A, 20th Tennessee Calvary Regiment, Confederate Army. After the company's parole in Gainesville, Alabama, May, 1865, he returned to Trenton and began to pursue the study of law. In 1869 he married Miss Mettie Ivie of Trenton and moved to Mt. Vernon, Illinois, to establish a law practice.

Colonel Taylor returned to Trenton in 1872 and became a leading attorney. In 1887 he was appointed Clerk and Master for the Chancery Court, a position he held for two terms. At the expiration of his second term in office, he returned to his law practice and formed a partnership with Albert W. Biggs. At this time he was elected chairman of the Gibson County Democratic Committee, a position he held for fourteen years. Colonel Taylor is also known for being instrumental in contracting the construction of the Gibson County Courthouse which was dedicated in 1901.

Colonel Taylor, along with several prominent citizens of northwest Tennessee, including Captain Quintin Rankin of Trenton, formed the West Tennessee Land Company in 1907. Within a short time, this company came to control Reelfoot Lake fishing rights and fish prices -- an issue which was greatly resented by many of the local people. By April, 1908, the Night Riders of Reelfoot Lake began a terror campaign against the land company. The Night Riders, a secret, oath-bound organization, intimidated the Reelfoot Lake region supposedly in the interest of the lake people. Despite their crimes of murder, physical abuse, and destruction of property, the Night Riders were never punished.

On October 19, 1908, Colonel Taylor and Captain Rankin arrived at Reelfoot Lake to discuss the lease of land to a possible business partner. After the meeting, the two attorneys retired to their motel where they were forced from their room by members of the Night Riders. Taken to a slough which ran from the main lake, the Night Riders demanded the lawyers to relieve the court-enforced restrictions of the land company. Both men refused. Verbal abuse by the Night Riders became physical and Captain Rankin, the younger of the two attorneys, was hung and his body riddled with bullets. During the confusion which occurred in the course of Rankin's murder, Colonel Taylor struggled loose from his guards and dived into the slough. The Night Riders searched the waters

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

of Registration

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The nomin of Trento assessor'	n, Tennessee. Th	cupies townlo a boundaries	are outlin	ed in re	J, tax map 107-L for the city ad on the accompanying propert <b>ty boundaries</b>
state I	N/A	code	county	N/A	code
state	N/A	code	county	N/A	code
<u>11. Fe</u>	orm Prepa	red By			
name/title	Ms. Cate Hami	lton			
organization	N/A			date	December 4, 1981
street & numb	er 205 Universit	y Street, Apt	. A	telept	none (901) 587-6781
city or town	Martin		<u> </u>	state	Tennessee
	tate Histo	ric Pres	ervatio	on Of	ficer Certification
	I significance of this p	roperty within the	state is:		<del></del>
The evaluated	national	state	_X_ local		
The evaluated		servation Officer (	for the Nationa	I Historic	Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89–
As the design 665), I hereby according to 1 Deputy	nominate this property	y for inclusion in ti lures set forth by ti // /	he National Re		certify that it has been evaluated n and Recreation Service.

GPO 938 835

#### United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

### National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Colonel Robert Z. Taylor House Continuation sheet

Item number 8



but, finding no trace of the older man, believed him to have drowned. Taylor's escape, accomplished by swimming underwater, provided the court with an eyewitness to the Rankin murder. Although six of the Night Riders were found guilty of second degree murder, none were punished as the State Supreme Court reversed the sentences on a technicality.

Since Colonel Taylor's death in 1922, the house has had several owners. The present owners, who recently purchased the house, are developing plans for the restoration of exterior and interior details.