Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

PH0502391

DATA SHEET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED AUG 1 5 1977.

DATE ENTERED

JUL 3 1 1978

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Estate Brewers Bay

AND/OR COMMON

2 LOCATION i. i. ol STREET & NUMBER 2 John Brewers Bay # NOT FOR PUBLICATION CITY, TOWN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT VICINITY OF Charlotte Amalie STATE CODE COUNTY CODE 78 0900 U. S. Virgin Islands St. Thomas **3** CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	<u>X</u> PRIVATE		COMMERCIAL	PARK
XSTRUCTURE	вотн		EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED		INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME	n Islands Hotel, I	nc.			
STREET & NUMBER		•	····	······	
P. O. Bo	ox 1229				
CITY, TOWN				STATE	
St. Thom	nas	ICINITY OF	U.	S. Virgin	Islands
5 LOCATION O	ELEGAL DESCR	PTION			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.	Recorder of D	eeds			
STREET & NUMBER					
**1	No. 18 Kongen	s Gade			
CITY, TOWN				STATE	
	<u>Charlotte</u> Ama	lie	U	. S. Virgi	n Islands
6 REPRESENTA	TION IN EXISTI	NG SUR	VEYS		
TITLE					
Virgin 1	Islands Inventor	y of His	storic Pla	aces	
DATE		······································			
May 6, 1	977		_FEDERAL X_STA	TECOUNTY	LOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR					
SURVEY RECORDS Virg	in Island Plann	ing 🗜 fi	.ce		
CITY, TOWN Char	lotte Amalie	St. I	homas	STATE U.S.V	irgin Islands

7' DESCRIPTION

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE	
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	X-UNALTERED	X-ORIGINAL SITE	
G00D	X-RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED DAT	E
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Brewers Bay factory is located just west of Brewers Bay Beach and the campus of the College of the Virgin Islands, three miles west of Charlotte Amalie. The factory complex is now separated by a modern highway, with the animal mill north of the road, the factory south.

The mill is typical of the many animal powered crushing mills that once proliferated in St. Thomas. Built on a raised circular platform, 86' in diameter, the mill is enclosed with a 2' thick parapet wall, varying in height from at grade in the north to 10' along the road. The stone rubble wall is plastered on its exterior face. The horsewalk is 30' in radius, with a compacted earth floor. The stone bridge for supporting the set of rollers is 4' in thickness, with the walls plastered. The 14' diameter juice trough is set 4' below the platform and is lined with dressed stone. Nothing remains of the three rollers, the drive shaft or the wood sweep poles. The sluiceway or gutter ran from the central trough under the horsewalk and exited at the south face of the retaining wall. It then continued above ground to the factory. There is no evidence of a roof structure to provide shade for the mill.

The factory is located 32' south of the animal mill and is of the "T" plan, typical of most of the sugar processing factories in the Virgin Islands. The cross bar of the "T" is parallel to the shore and road, with the leg running perpendicular. This shorter section was the boiling room and is one story high with a hip roof intersecting the roof of the cross section. The 22' thick rubble walls are plastered on both faces, with the outer corners lined with red brick. The window and doors in this section are lined with yellow brick. There is no cellar in this part of the factory. The east wall has a central door flanked by single windows, all with flat brick arches. The shutters are missing, but wrought iron pintles remain in the wood jambs. The north wall has a central door with openings for two sluiceways let into the northwest corner, 6' above grade. The west wall has two windows, but the wood head, jambs and sills indicate that these may be later. There is also half of a large brick segmental arch about 4' above the floor level in the southwest corner of the room which opens to what was a shed roof appendage to the exterior of the west wall, now missing. The timber roof structure has collapsed. The floor is dressed stone and the ceiling height was 8'. The ruins of a firebox and rendering bench exist in the northeast corner. This section of the factory is heavily overgrown, hiding any other evidence of boiling room equipment.

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The cross section of the factory is one story on a high cellar, which is terraced into a gentle hill. Two by five bays, the space measures 23'3" x 52' with a ceiling height in the main floor of 10'. The wood framed roof was hipped and there was once a corrugated tin roofed porch running the full length of this section at the main floor level of the south facade. This porch may have been a later improvement, possibly replacing the typical double loaded "welcoming arms" staircase to the main The high cellar has two full length openings in the floor. south wall only, indicating that it was probably the packing and storage area for the factory. The south facade at the main floor level has a large central door opening to the porch or stair landing, flanked by pairs of windows. All openings have flat brick arches with the heads and jambs plastered. The window openings have beaded horizontal board shutters hung on wrought iron straps and pintles. The end walls at the main floor level have two windows each, and the north wall, which is connected to the boiling room, has a door in the east part and a window in the west. The wood floor has collapsed, with only the timber The exterior walls are constructed of a joists remaining. combination of coral block, local blue bitch stone and brick rubble.

There is a 14' x 14' rubble cistern and the ruins of other outbuildings at the west end wall.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	XAGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X_1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
<u></u>				······································

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The 18th century estate of Brewers Bay contains the remains of an animal mill and sugar factory which was later adapted for a residence. It is significant as one of several sugar plantations flourishing on St. Thomas during the 18th century. The estate appears on several maps: Dewitz - 1732 - as Janprubay, S. Bellin - 1764 - as Baye de Jean Krameur, Oldendorp - 1777 as John Brucebay, and Hornbeck - 1856 - Johns Brewers Bay.

While none of the deed records make reference to an active plantation, the 1856 Hornbeck map shows several buildings at the site. The first record of ownership is dated 1855. At that time the estate of Peter James Souffrain was transferred to his sister, Hortense Souffrain. In 1883 the estate was sold to L. E. de Lafarde for \$1,250. The buyer bore the cost of the purchase and the taxes owed on the property.

During the 17th and 18th centuries the Danes joined other European nations in securing colonies in the West Indies. The Danes hoped that their colonies would provide them with a permanent site for their trading and commercial interests. Agriculture was to serve as a supplement to the income provided in commerce and trading.

The purchase of St. Thomas in 1671 for trade and agriculture proved unsuccessful. However, the purchase of St. John (1718) and St. Croix (1733) was influenced more by the potential which they possessed for cultivation than by the need to use them as trading centers.

St. Thomas which the Danes purchased to serve as a commercial port had less agricultural development than the other islands. However, there were some sugar plantations in operation. By 1725 St. Thomas reached its peak in sugar production and by 1754 it was no longer very important to the industry. Moreover, during the 19th century the island's commercial and trading interests were finally prospering.

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The ruins of the factory at Brewers Bay are of architectural significance because of the classic revival details, the plan, the method of construction and the use of local building materials, all typical of sugar factories in the Virgin Islands at this period.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Dookhan, Isaac. <u>A History of the Virgin Islands of the United</u> States. Epping, Essex: Bowker Publishing Company, 1974

McGuire, James William. <u>Geographic Dictionary of the Virgin</u> <u>Islands</u>. Special Publication No. 103 (Serial 269), United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, Dept. of Commerce, Washington, D.C,192

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY less than lacre

 A
 B
 A

 ZONE
 EASTING
 NORTHING

 C
 C
 C

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The nominated property is within plot #2 Estate Brewers Bay and is roughly

300' x 150'. The complex is separated by Brewers Bay Road with the animal

mill north of the road, the factory south.

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	N/A	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Annie Hillary, Russell Wright	
ORGANIZATION	DATE
Virgin Islands Planning Office	June 9, 1977
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
P.O. Box 2606	(809) 774-1730
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Charlotto Amalia	II S Virgin Telande

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL	
MATIONAL	

STATE X

LOCAL

18°20' 50" North Latitude

64° 58' 47" West Longitude

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

TITLE Director of Planning	DATE 5 August 1977
FOR NPS USE ONLY	N THE NATIONAL PEGISTER 1.770 DATE 7127
ATTEST: (AUUUUE OIL	DATE 7-5-78

GPO 892.453

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Westergaard, Waldemar Christian. <u>The Danish West Indies Under</u> Company Rule (1671 1754), With a Supplementary Chapter, New York, 1917

Taylor, Charles Edwin. Leaflets From the Danish West Indies Descriptive of the Social, Political and Commercial Conditions of These Islands. London, 1888.

Knox, John Pary. <u>A Historical Account of St. Thomas, W. I....</u> and Incidental Notices of St. Croix and St. John. New York, 1852 (1966 reprint). UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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CONTINUATION SHEET Brewers Bay ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 1

Verbal Boundary Description

The boundary of Estate Brewers Bay commences at a point on the shore of Brewers Bay 85' SE of the SE corner of the factory building; thence W 150'; thence N 250'; thence E 150'; thence S 250' to the point of origin.

