Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

10-300 (Rev. 10-14) PHO663484 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Frankfort

FEB 22 1978 RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

Kentucky

MATHIONI	NOMINATION		31.7	p— 18\8 ——	
SEE II	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES ('S	
1 NAME					
HISTORIC	Selema Hall				
AND/OR COMMON					
	Selema Hall/Chambe	ers Farm			
2 LOCATION					
STREET & NUMBER					
	2837 Riedling Driv			NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	Louisville	VICINITY OF	congressional distant 4	RICT	
STATE		CODE 021	COUNTY	CODE	
	Refredery	021	Jefferson	111 4	
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRE	SENT USE	
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	XXOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM	
$\frac{XX}{B}$ BUILDING(S)	XX PRIVATE	_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK	
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	XX PRIVATE RESIDENC	
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMEN	TRELIGIOUS	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC	
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION	
		XXNO	MILITARY	OTHER:	
4 OWNER OF	PROPERTY			,	
NAME	Henry & Cecilia Re	eed			
STREET & NUMBER	2837 Riedling Driv	<i>r</i> e			
CITY, TOWN			STATE		
	Louisville	VICINITY OF	Kentucky		
5 LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION			
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,E	ETC. Jefferson County (Courthouse			
STREET & NUMBER					
CITY, TOWN	527 West Jefferson	1	STATE		
CITY, TOWN	Louisyille		Kentucky		
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS	······································		
TITLE					
	Survey of Historic	cal Sites in Kent	tucky	·	
DATE 1972		FEDERAI	XX STATECOUNTYLOCA	<u> </u>	
DEPOSITORY FOR			LUCA	NL	
SURVEY RECORDS	Kentucky Heritage	Commission			
. CITY, TOWN			STATE		



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

EXCELLENT XX GOOD __DETERIORATED
__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

_unaltered

XX_ORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Selema Hall is situated on a five acre tract in an area known as Riedling off of Brownsboro Road near Zorn Avenue in the eastern section of Louisville. The original tract consisted of over 500 acres but was broken down over the years to its current size. The current tract allows the structure an adequate site to preserve its character. The grounds have numerous old trees, plantings and gardens which add to the ambiance (Photo 9).

The house is of red brick and is built in the Flemish bond pattern. At one time, it was painted white, but this has weathered to a rosy hue. The main block is a large square with a hipped roof topped by a square monitor. A pair of interior chimneys are on both sides of the block. As the house is set on a raised basement, the main entrance is reached by a long flight of steps which lead to a square portico with a detailed balustrade. Pairs of fluted Ionic columns form the entry to the portico, and the doorway is framed by fluted Ionic pilasters. The door is flanked by sidelights and panels with volutes and rosettes of a type found in the pattern books of Minard Lafever. It is surmounted by a transom (Photos 1, 2, 3, 5, 6).

The windows on the first or basement story have stone sills and lintels and have eightover-eight panes. The fenestration of the upper story consists of six-over-six paned
openings with stone sills and lintels. The lintels on the main block are of an unusual
type with panels and carved Grecian pattern in an elevated center square (Photo 4).
All openings are flanked by louvered shutters. The entire structure is capped by an
extended cornice underscored by brackets and dentils (Photo 4).

The rear of the house has a two-story wing on the west side. It is uncertain when this addition was made (Photo 8). A rear hall was also an addition at some point with a rear door similar to the front door but simplified (Photo 7).

The interior of the house has a simple plan with a wide central hall flanked by double parlors on the east and two chambers on the west. The staircase is unusual in that it rises from the lower floor in center of the rear portion of the hall. The stairwell opening is enclosed by finely articulated balustrades (Photo 12).

The rooms are spacious and light with high ceilings and boldly articulated woodwork with Greek Revival motifs (Photo 11, 12, 13). Both parlors have fine veined black/gray marble mantles with Ionic columns (Photo 10).

Frederick Morgan, an early twentieth-century architect from Louisville, was commissioned in about 1935 to work on the house. The extent of his work is not known. He may be responsible for the monitor, a reworking of the staircase and the wall moldings (Photo 12).

The structure is an interesting transition between the low Federal pavilion type such as Spring Station (National Register, Dec.1977) or Ridgeway (National Register 1973) in Jefferson County and the Greek Revival cube type as exemplified by the Barbour House (destroyed by a tornado in April, 1974).

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
v 1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
X_1800-1899	XXCOMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION	
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		INVENTION			
SPECIFIC DATES c. 1838 BUILDER/ARCHITECT Unknown					

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Selema Hall is significant in the continuum of architectural history in Jefferson County as a unique structure. It exhibits characteristics of the Greek Revival style but represents motifs of earlier structures in Jefferson County, such as Spring Station (c. 1802), Farmington (1810), and Ridgeway (c. 1816). The raised basement on Selema Hall is used at Spring Station, Farmington, and also the Howard-Gettys House (c. 1837).

The land on which Selema Hall is built was originally part of the 1779 Southall and Charlton patent. Samuel Beall acquired a portion of this patent which included the site of Spring Station and Selema Hall. Beall's daughter, Harriet, acquired one-quarter interest in her father's land, and in 1823, 555 acres were allotted to Matilda A. Maupin, daughter of Harriet Beall and Richard A. Maupin. In 1828, Matilda A. Maupin, at her death, left 555 acres to her cousin, Norborne A. Galt, son of Matilda Beall and Dr. William C. Galt. In 1828, Norborne Galt built a structure, known as "Repton" and still extant, on a portion of the land west of the site of Selema Hall. In 1831, he sold to Elias Dorsey approximately 446 of the original tract given to him by Matilda Maupin. Dorsey sold it in 1835 to James C. Johnston and Asis Throckmorton, proprietor of The Galt House. In 1838, Throckmorton and others sold it to David Chambers. A study of the tax records of the owners of this property does not indicate whether or not there was a structure on the property when Chambers acquired it in 1838, but historical tradition maintains that Selema Hall was built by Chambers.

David Chambers (1787-1873) was born in Virginia and came to Louisville in 1817. He formed a wholesale dry goods company known a Wilson and Chambers and later was associated with William Garvin in Chambers and Garvin. Chambers was secretary of the Franklin Insurance Company and was also in the real estate business. He married a daughter of John Postlethwaite of Lexington, Kentucky. Chambers was a member of the Episcopal Church. Initially active at Christ Church, he later joined St. Paul's, where he had his funeral. He was honored as a prominent citizen of Louisville at the opening of the Industrial Exposition in 1872 as one of the oldest citizens to have helped bring prosperity to Louisville. One biographical account states that he "retired to a magnificent country seat" and adorned his residence and beautified his grounds.

In 1842, apparently in financial straits, Chambers sold the farm on which he resided to his partner, William Garvin. Garvin then sold it to a Robert Waterson in 1842. Waterson in turn sold it to Elizabeth Thompson, Mildred Ann Thompson, and Francis F. Thompson in 1842 with a mortgage release in 1845. The property remained in the Thompson family until 1911, when Anselan Buchanan, sold it to the Southern Baptist Seminary.

9 MAJOR BIBLIC	OGRAPHICAL R	EFERENCES				
Jefferson County	Deed Books.		•	•		
•	Jefferson County Will Books. Louisville Past and Present, Louisville: J. M. Joblin. 1876.					
Jefferson County	Tax Records, 1835	, 1836, 1837, 1	1839, 1840.			
Preservation Plan	n, Falls of the Oh	io Metropolitan	Council of Gove	rnments,		
washington, D.	.C., Housing and U	rban Developmen	it, 19/3.	(continued)		
10 GEOGRAPHIC	AL DATA					
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LIST ALL STATE	S AND COUNTIES FOR P	ROPERTIES OVERLAF	PPING STATE OR COUNT	Y BOUNDARIES		
STATE	COD	E COUNTY		CODE		
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
STATE	COD	E COUNTY		CODE		
11 FORM PREPAI	PED RY					
NAME / TITLE			Assisted by	Kathy Bunger,		
	abeth F. Jones, R	esearch Directo	r Volunteer	Racity Builger,		
ORGANIZATION	lmarks Commission		DATE	1077		
STREET & NUMBER	marks Commission		December 7, TELEPHO	NE		
CITY OR TOWN	West Main Street		587-3501 STATE			
	sville		Kentucky			
12 STATE HISTO		TION OFFIC		TION		
	EVALUATED SIGNIFICA					
NATIONAL.	anterior a	STATE	LOCAL L	_		
As the designated State His	storic Preservation Officer	for the National Histori	ic Preservation Act of 196	36 (Public Law 89-665). I		
hereby nominate this prope						
criteria and procedures set	forth by the National Park	Service.	grandy to be a	. •		
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVA	TION OFFICER SIGNATURE	ldred	w me	llor		
TITLE State Histor	ic Preservation 0	fficer	DATE OF THE	2-15-78		
FOR NPS USE ONLY	T THIS PROPERTY IS INC		NIAL DECICTED			
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ATTEST Chu	a alten		DATE	8.29.78		
RESERVE WITHE	wereoverth-					

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CONTINUATION SHEET

Selema Hall

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE

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2

In the will of Mildred Ann Thompson in 1880 is the first instance known that the structure is referred to as a "Selama Hall." The source for this name is unknown, and over the years the spelling has changed. Mr. Francis Thorton Thompson received prizes from the Kentucky State Fair Association for his beautiful osage orange hedges on the property.

In 1922, R. D. Riedling acquired the property and subsequently subdivided the property. After several owners, the current occupants acquired the residence in 1944.

The residence is a gracious blend of architectural styles including Federal and Greek Revival. It is not a pure style but exhibits many architectural motifs found in this region. This composite of elements achieved a unique residence in Jefferson County with the charm and grandeur of the mid-nineteenth century. As the residence of one of Louisville's prominent nineteenth-century commercial magnates, Selema Hall is important both historically and architecturally in the development of Kentucky.

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Selema Hall

ITEM NUMBER 9

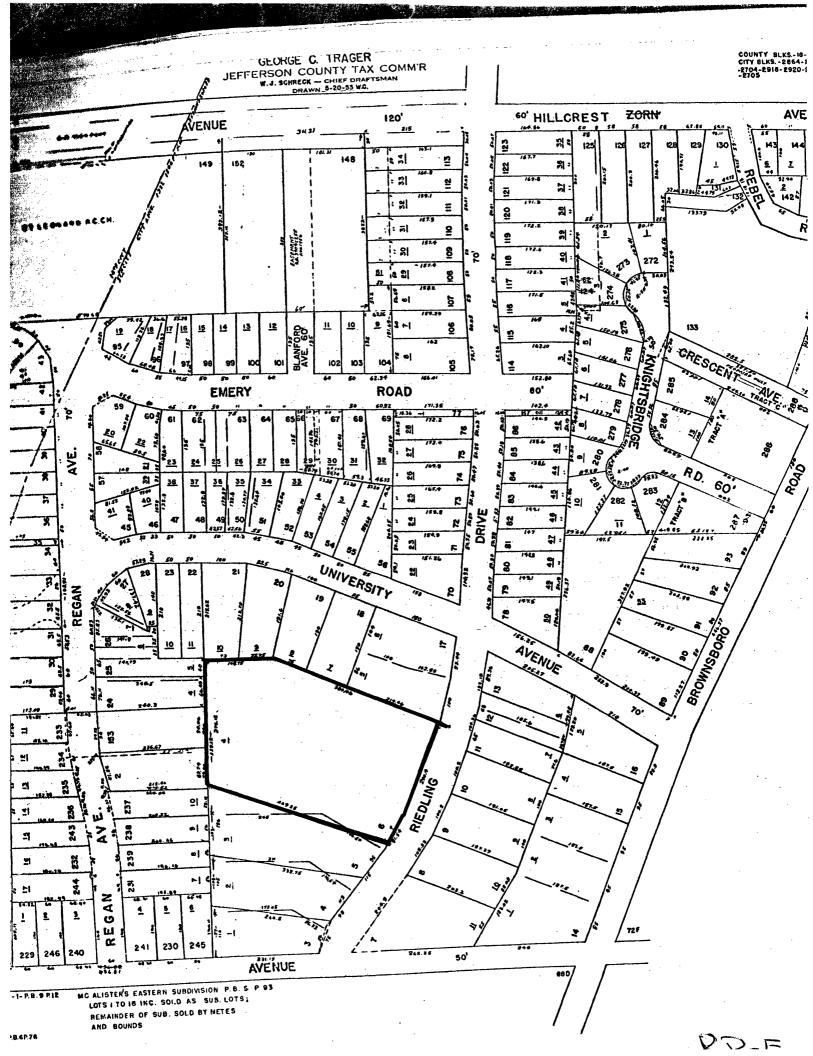
PAGE 2

Thompson, Reg., Mrs., Old Homes of the Beargrass, n.p.n.d.

"Another Landmark Gone," Courier-Journal, 15 March, 1873, p. 4, col. 3 (Obit. of David Chambers).

Courier-Journal, 14 March 1873, p. 2, col. 4.

The Louisville Times, 25 January 1938, Walter Kiser sketch.



Selema Hall 2837 Riedling Drive Louisville, Jefferson, Kentuck Sanborn Map Co. Map 1. Sanborn map showing

present site of Selema Hall.

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Selema Hall 2837 Riedling Drive Louisville, Jefferson, Ky.

1879 Atlas of Jefferson County

Map 2. Map of Selema Hall site in 1879.

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