CONSTRUCTION	DATE/SOURCE:		
1700	1750		

c. 1700, 1752; revamped c. 1800, 1892/ Durie, HABS

BUILDER: David Ackerman and John Zabriskie

FORM/PLAN TYPE:

Was "B" probably & expanded sideways and in depth to 8 bays, 2 rooms deep, split level (67'0" x 35'10"

FRAMING SYSTEM:

- ☐ Intermediate Summer Beam ☐ Intermediate Bearing Wall
- Clear Span probably laid on grade in Other rear section.

EXTERIOR WALL FABRIC:

Evenly cut, rough faced sandstone, more irregular and with rubble on rear.

FENESTRATION:

2'10" x 5'2" (6/6, were 12/12), no lintels

ENTRANCE LOCATION/TYPE:

3rd bay from south side on east facade (also identical door in 6th bay) $3'3''\ x$ 6'8" with transom.

NUMBER OF STORIES: 1-1/2 CELLAR: ☐ Tes

CHIMNEY FOUNDATION:

- Stone Arch
 Brick Arch, Stone Foundation
 Other
- FLOOR JOISTS:

FIRST FLOOR CEILING HEIGHT: 8'6-3/4" clearance

FIRST FLOOR WALL THICKNESS: 1'6" & 1'9"

GARRET FLOOR JOISTS: not visible

GARRET:

Unfinished Space

ROOF:

Gable Gambrel

Curb

□ Other

EAVE TREATMENT:

Sweeping Overhang (small in rear)
Supported Overhang (front)

No Overhang
Boxed Gutter

Other

This house is significant for its architecture and its association with the exploration and settlement of the Bergen County, New Jersey area. It is a reasonably well preserved example of the Form/Plan Type as shown and more fully described herein. As such, it is included in the Thematic Nomination to the National Register of Historic Places for the Early Stone Houses of Bergen County, New Jersey.



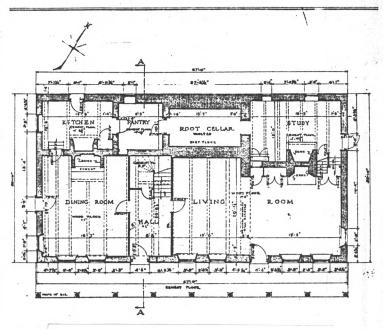
	144	BERGEN COUNTY STONE INDIVIDUAL STRUCTURE SURVEY FORM	Н	OUSE SURVEY		
•	GENERAL	→HISTORIC NAME: Ackerman-Zabriskie- Steuben House COMMON NAME: LOCATION: 1209 Main Street LOCATION: 1209 Main Street Block 75, Lote 6B, D & E) MUNICIPALITY: River Edge OWNERSHIP: Public □ Private OWNER/ADDRESS: State of New Jersey	REFERENCE	MAP REFERENCES: Erskine (1778-80) no name Hopkins-Corey (1861)D.A. Zabriskie Malker's Atlas (1876)DavidA.Zabriskie Bromley (1912) no name Other RECOGNITION: National Register HABS NJ-47 Other		
	JENT	HOUSE ORIENTATION: N 80° E IMPORTANT RELATED STRUCTURES:	USE	ORIGINAL: Residence PRESENT: Museum		
	ENVIRONMENT	SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT: Residential Commercial Agricultural Open Space Other COMMENTS:	THREATS	THREATS TO STRUCTURE: Roads Development Zoning Deterioration Other No Threat COMMENTS:		
è	CONDITION	CONDITION: Excellent Good Growth from a primitive dwelling into a Revolutionary period mansion. Major restoration work was done in the summer of 1938. A concrete slab was poured and a new wood floor put down, the walls and ceilings were replastered on wire lath, a new heating system was installed, as well as a bath and lavatory. Yes, Unrestricted No				
•	РНОТО			USGS QUAD: Hackensack This ship is the sh		

FLOOR PLANS

BERGEN COUNTY STONE HOUSE SURVEY HISTORIC NAME: Ackerman-Zabriskie-St

Ackerman-Zabriskie-Steuben House LOCATION: 2 . / 1209 Main Street, River Edge







As of 1682 the first owner of record of this property was Mathew Corneliusen. David Ackerman, an area resident since at least 1685, and his wife Hillegard Verplank, purchased 420 acres from Corneliusen on October 29, 1695. About 1700 he built a dwelling which is believed to be still part of this house, and a little later built a gristmill. He appears to have died between 1710 and 1714. Son Johannes (baptized April 16, 1684) married Jannetje Lozier on June 6, 1713 and inherited the house and mill. The bridge seems to have been built about 1740 from whence the name "New Bridge" developed. Johannes died between November, 1743 and November, 1744, leaving the property among his four sons "David, Niclas, Gilyn and Abraham". The homestead tract was sold by Nicholas Ackerman to John Zabriskie, a Colonial magistrate, and his wife Annetje before 1745. The house was added to in this period and may even have achieved its present size by 1752. John died between June 27 and October 25, 1744 and his son John J., who was living there inherited . the place. He (baptized September 3, 1741) married Jannetje Goelet on November 21, 1764 and was a lieutenant colonel in the Bergen County Militia until he went Loyalist and resigned on June 16, 1776. He was charged with "disaffection" in mid 1777 by his uncle Joost Zabriskie and fle: to New York City in 1780. His property was confiscated. On December 23, 1783 the New Jersey State Legislature gave that part of the estate that was considered to be "lying at New-bridge" to Major General Frederick William Augustus Baron de Steuben for his services during the Revolutionary War provided that he live there himself. Steuben probably wished to have it as a tenant farm and summer place, preferring to live mostly in the city. He resigned from the army on March 24, 1784 authorizing the agent for forfieted estates to sell the tract and give Steuben the interest on it instead. The property was sold on April 1, 1785 but it was to an intermediary for Steuben, who complained to Governor Livingston that the 13 acre wood lot was being left out of the sale. Finally on September 5, 1788 the State Legislature turned full title over to Steuben who turned around and sold it on December 4, 1788 to a John Zabriskie, Jr. for £1200. John Zabriskie, Jr., believed to be the grandson of the first John, was born on September 30, 1767. He died intestate on July 6, 1793 at only 25 years of age. His wife Catharine (Hoogland) remarried Abraham Collins and about two years later they sold the property to Dirck and John Banta who retained it until about 1800. They built a new dam and then sold the house and sixty acres to Lucas Van Buskirk. He forfieted it on February 20, 1808 and the property was picked up by Jacobus and Margaret Demarest who sold the house and 49 acres to Albert A. Van Voorhis on May 25, 1808. On January 3, 1815 Daniel and Elizabeth Denniston sold the same premises to Andrew Zabriskie whose son John A. and Mary sold several parcels, including this "4th tract", on December 5, 1839 to David Anderson Zabriskie. His daughter, Magdalena, sold it on October 1, 1909 to Charles W. Bell who sold it on May 22, 1911 to the American Ink Company. This property was bought by David D. and Blanche Bellis and turned over to the Bergen County Historical Society on July 30, 1945. Millicent Hearst, acting for William Randolph Hearst was named on the deed. The house and one acre was owned by Anita and Walter Irwin who sold it for \$9,000 to the State of New Jersey on June 27, 1928

(Source: National Register Nomination Form)

GE OGRAPHICAL DATA

Block 75, Lots 6B, D & E - River Edge Tax Map 1.0 acre

<u>UTM</u> 18 581 590 4529 420 Hackensack, NJ