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7. America at Work

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIORATA NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES IN

	NOMINATION F		E ENTERED SEP	2 1977
	TRUCTIONS IN HOW TO TYPE ALL ENTRIES C			
NAME				
HISTORIC				
Loch Dhu				
AND/OR COMMON				
2 LOCATION			<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
STREET & NUMBER 5 n	niles N. of Cross at	t the end of uppay	ved	
	rom NE side of S.C.		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	СТ
Cross		VICINITY OF	# 1	
state South Carolina		CODE 045	county Berkeley	CODE 015
CLASSIFICAT	TION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
	PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
$X_{BUILDING(S)}$ X	PRIVATE		COMMERCIAL	PARK
	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	APRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
		YES: RESTRICTED		
-	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATION OTHER:
OWNER OF P	ROPERTY	<u></u>	. <u> </u>	
NAME				
Mr. Frank K. Sin	nons			
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY. TOWN			STATE South Conol	
Eutawville	F LEGAL DESCR		South Carol	111d
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.	Berkeley County Cou	urthouse		
STREET & NUMBER				
Main Street				

Moncks Corner

South Carolina

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

Inventory of Historic Places in South Carolina (updated)

DATE 1973

__FEDERAL X_STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS South Carolina Department of Archives and History

CITY, TOWN Columbia

STATE South Carolina



CONDITION		CHECK ONE	СНЕСК С	CHECK ONE		
_Xexcellent GOOD	DETERIORATED RUINS	UNALTERED		SITE DATE		
FAIR	UNEXPOSED					

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Loch Dhu is a two-story clapboad structure located in upper Berkeley County, South Carolina. It was probably built ca. 1812-1816 by Robert J. Kirk (1786-1828). (Although tradition maintains 1816 as the date of construction, recently a chimney brick has been found to have "1812" inscribed upon it.) The structure rests upon low brick founda-tions and features a high hipped roof with tall interior chimneys.

The lower front facade consists of two front doors flanked by four evenly spaced windows, two to a side. Each front door, which leads into a separate front room, has a rectangular transom. A one-story porch, supported by four square columns, extends across the front. Although the roof and entablature of the porch are original; the floor, columns and balustrade are later.

The upper facade reveals an off-centered window above the left front door. Probably the result of an alteration, this window is flanked by two windows on each side. The side facades feature three windows on both levels. All of the windows are 9/9, and all but the upper side windows retain their paneled shutters.

The rear reveals a two-story modern addition. Completed ca. 1961, this addition houses a kitchen and den area on the lower level. Originally clapboard, it was bricked over ca. 1971.

<u>INTERIOR</u>: The original portion of the structure consists of four rooms on both levels. The first story contains a dining room, drawing room, and two smaller rooms. Only the front rooms--the dining and drawing rooms--have decorative trim. Both mantels and cornices in these rooms have gouged festoons, sunbursts, and rope motifs. The wainscoting in the dining room features stained and grained woodwork; that in the drawing room was similar but has been painted over.

The upper floor has four rooms divided by a central hall. The floors throughout the structure are original.

<u>SURROUNDINGS</u>: The structure rests upon an incline, with the Santee-Cooper reservoir located behind it. Several farm-related buildings are included within the acreage.



PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	-RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	-SCIENCE
1500-1599	LAGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	-SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Loch Dhu is a two-story clapboard structure typical of the early 19th Century plantations in the upper St. John's area of South Carolina. It is not known exactly when Loch Dhu was constructed, but evidence suggests its having been built ca. 1812-1816 by Robert J. Kirk (1786-1828). Its history begins earlier, however, for the Kirk family settled in St. John's Parish, Berkeley, during the 18th Century, becoming one of several large plantation-owning families who were closely connected in terms of social and economic mores. The Kirks have been recognized as "an old South Carolina family, long prominent in the affairs of this state...."1

The present structure at Loch Dhu was probably built by Robert J. Kirk (Gideon Kirk, Robert's father, was residing in St. John's Parish in 1790, at the time of the first United States Census; however, he is not recorded as having purchased property in the area until 1794). Although family tradition maintains 1816 as the date of construction of Loch Dhu, a chimney brick dated "1812" was discovered in 1973.

Robert J. Kirk was a planter, as his father had been, and the 1829 inventory of his estate includes approximately 47 slaves, as well as hogs, cattle and other farm animals. His son, Philip C. Kirk, later owned Loch Dhu and continued to farm the lands. The Agricultural Census of 1860 records his having 550 acres improved and 260 acres unimproved, cultivating cotton, Indian corn, sweet potatoes, etc. At this time Philip C. Kirk was also involved in political affairs in the state, being a representative in the South Carolina House of Representatives from 1854 until 1864. Philip's son, Robert J., served as probate judge of Berkeley County from 1885 to 1893; in 1894 he became United States Consul at Copenhagen, remaining until 1897, when he returned to South Carolina to practice law.

<u>ARCHITECTURE</u>: Loch Dhu is an excellent example of the Upper St. John's region plantation house with square floor plan; high hipped roof; tall, square chimneys; two front doors; and raised, one-story porches. Other examples of this idiom are Lawson's Pond and the Rocks, a ca. 1800 plantation in Orangeburg County that is listed in the National Register.

¹D.D. Wallace, <u>History of South Carolina</u>, Vol. IV (New York: American Historical Society, 1934), p. 296.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Edgar, Walter B. <u>Biographical Directory of the South Carolina House of Representatives</u>. Vol. I. Columbia: University of South Carolina Press, 1974. Garlington, J. C. <u>Men of the Time</u>. Spartanburg, S.C.: Garlington Publishing Company, 1902. <u>Historic American Buildings Survey</u>. 1941; reprint. New York: Burt Franklin, 1971. (see continuation sheet)

10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY <u>Ca. 9</u> Longitude: 80[°]12' 50"

В

UTM REFERENCES

Latitude: 33[°] 23' 29"

NORTHING

ZONE EASTING

A]
ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	
c			

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNT	IES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPI	NG STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
1 FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE	(Elias Bul Historic F	11 - Berkeley Preservation	/-Charleston-Dorchester Regior Planner)	nal
appy McNulty organization	·····		DATE	
outh Carolina Department of A	Archives and	History	September 20, 1976	
STREET & NUMBER				
430 Senate Street			803/758-5816 STATE	
olumbia			South Carolina	
2 STATE HISTORIC PRES THE EVALUATED NATIONAL	SIGNIFICANCE O		WITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL X_{-}	
	on in the National tional Park Service	Register and cert	Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-66 ify that it has been evaluated according to	
TITLE Charles E. Lee State Historic Preser	vation Offic	er	DATE 12/6/176	
DR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPE	RTY IS INCLUDE	D IN THE NATION		
DHALETON PHYLE PLANCHEOLOGY	Marcan a	PECEPIVATION	KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL	REC
TTEST: Untur	<u>cole</u>	-	DATE 9.22.77	26 '89
N			a na anna an an an ann a' an	ar g

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY --- NOMINATION FORM**

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SEP 2 2 1977

DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET

9 PAGE ONE **ITEM NUMBER**

- Porcher, Frederick A. "Upper Beat of St. John's Berkeley." A Contribution to the History of the Huguenots of South Carolina. Ed. T. Gaillard Thomas. 1887; rpt. Columbia: R. L. Bryan, 1972.
- Wallace, D. D. <u>History of South Carolina</u>, Vol. IV. New York: American Historical Society, 1934.
- Works Progress Administration. South Carolina: A Guide to the Palmetto State. New York: Oxford University Press, 1941.
- South Carolina Department of Archives and History, Charleston Inventories, G, pp. 316-317.
- South Carolina Department of Archives and History, Eighth Agricultural Census, 1860, Charleston District, p. 343.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

DATE ENTERED

SEP 2 2 1977

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE ONE

LOCH DHU: BERKELEY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

Verbal Boundary Description:

Borders to the northeast, southeast and northwest on the waters of Lake Marion and to the southwest on cropland of Loch Dhu Plantation.

~ 1 /

Nomination includes three modern outbuildings.

7/2/27