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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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FOR FEDERAL PROPERTIES

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO CO	OMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTE	R FORMS
TYPE ALL ENTRIES COM	PLETE APPLICABLE SECTION	S

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Marine Reservation Historic District

AND/OR COMMON

LOCATION	J			
STREET & NUMBER	See individual inver	ntory forms		
CITY, TOWN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	СТ
	Bremerton			
STATE	Washington	CODE	Kitsap	CODE
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
	XPUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE SITE		WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDEN
OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT GOVERNMENT	RELIGIOUS
Thematic	-BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED		TRANSPORTATIO
Group	N/A	NO	AMILITARY	OTHER:
CITY, TOWN	Bremerton		Washingt	on 98314
LOCATION	N OF LEGAL DESCR			
COURTHOUSE.				
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER	ETC Kitsap County Cour	`thouse		
	614 Division Stree	<u>الم</u>		
CITY, TOWN	Port Orchard	,	Washingto	on 98366
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
		nd Naval Shinyand		
TITLE Histori	c Survey of Puget Sou	inu naval shipyaru		
DATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·		
DATE April,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·	TECOUNTYLOCAL	
DATE April, DEPOSITORY FOR	1986	X_FEDERALSTA	TECOUNTYLOCAL	
DATE April, DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS P	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	X_FEDERALSTA	.tecountylocal state Washingto	on 98314

7 DESCRIPTION

	CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK C	DNE
Xexcellent Xgood fair	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	X UNALTERED X ALTERED	_Xoriginal moved	SITE DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Marine Reservation Historic District is located in the northwesterly section of the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard west of the Hospital Reservation Historic District. The facility was established in this location in 1911. At its period of maximum historical development, prior to World War II, the district contained the four properties included in this nomination and a barracks building which has been demolished. This latter building was a three and one half story brick structure with architectural influences similar to the remaining officers quarters. All the original Marine Reservation buildings faced the Marine parade ground, an open space located to the south and west. It has been retained as an undeveloped parcel, and is now used as a playfield.

The district consists of four quarters buildings of brick construction with Colonial Revival influences. These two story buildings utilize Georgian Colonial details, a style found along the eastern seaboard between the 1820's and 1840's. Quarters M-1, M-2 and M-3 were designed by Washington, D.C. architect J.H. DeDibour, in 1910. The buildings in the district are sited on a man-made ledge or bench cut into the shallow hillside. Each building has front, side and rear yards of lawn, native plantings and garden areas. Apart from the garages, which were built in the 1930's, there is no construction within this district dating from 1914.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

SPECIFIC DATES 1911-1914

BUILDER/ARCHITECT See individual forms

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Marine Reservation Historic District is significant because it contains all but one of the buildings representative of this function within the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard Shore Facility. Constructed between 1911 and 1914, the buildings in this district symbolize the role which the Marine Corps played as a security and training arm of the United States Navy, a function which began at the shipyard in 1896 and continued until 1977, when the function was moved to Subase Bangor.

One year after the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard was established its founding commandant, Lieutenant Ambrose B. Wyckoff, requested a Marine detachment to provide yard security. It was not until 1896, however, that First Sergeant George Carter, along with twenty Marines, were sent to Bremerton. The Marine Reservation was established on what is now the corner of the yard bounded by Chester Avenue and the alley south of Burwell Street. By 1899, an officers quarters and barracks building had been constructed. As early as 1901, the Marine Corps commandant was recommending the removal of the reservation to a more desirable location. He argued that

by reason of the addition of numerous buildings required for yard purposes, and in connection with the docking of large ships, the marine barracks is becoming more and more shut in, and that the location of the narracks has become undesirable, both for the comfort of the men and the difficulty of preserving proper discipline on account of the proximity of the barracks to saloons, etc., immediately outside the station. (Annual Report, 1901. p.1219)

The move was not authorized at this time. Instead, funds were allocated to add additional stories onto the barracks building.

Two events caused the Marine Reservation to be moved to its present location. The first was Executive Order 969 signed by President Theodore Roosevelt in 1908. This Order redefined the role which the Marine Corps was to play within the United States defense structure by expanding its duties beyond shore facility and shipboard security to defense activities outside the continental United States. The second was an expansion of the industrial area of the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard. The relocation of the Marine Reservation corresponded in time to the construction of Drydock No. 2 (1909-1913). This change in location was noted in the 1912 <u>Annual Report</u> (p.588).

In the act approved March 3, 1909, provision was made for a new barracks building and a contract entered into for its erection on May 29, 1911, at the contract price of \$135,428. This building was turned over to the Marine Corps by the contractor and accepted May 30, 1912, four months prior to the date specified in the contract. A large amount of grading and clearing has been found necessary owing to the fact that the plat of ground where the barracks is located was practically a wilderness. This work is being done as rapidly as the appropriations will permit. The old barracks building at this station is being turned over to

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

See thematic group nomination form.

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UTM REFERENCES			
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The Marine Reservation Hist Reservation Historic Distri properties are located with references: K 35, J 35 and	ct and is boun in the followi	ded by Dewey Stree	t and Doyen Street. The
LIST ALL STATES AND COU	INTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING STATE	OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
state N/A	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
ORGANIZATION Grulich Architecture and Pla STREET & NUMBER	anning		DATE September, 1986 TELEPHONE
street & NUMBER 707 Court A			
CITY OR TOWN	, <u></u>		(206) 272-0007 STATE Washington 98402
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY	그는 그는 것 같아요. 영양 지난 것 같은 소문을 가지만 수가 적용을 받는다.
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Marine Reservation Historic District: Puget Sound Naval Shipyard Shore Facility CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 8.1

the Navy for use as a disciplinary barracks, and equipment for about 120 men was left therein at the time of transfer.

In addition to the barracks, three officers quarters were constructed. In 1914, a four-plex building for Marine bachelor officers was built east of the barracks. When the industrial yard was expanded through regrading in 1919 the original Marine barracks was demolished and the first officers quarters constructed in 1899 (Facility No. 615, Quarters S), was moved and is now part of the Officers' Row Historic District.

Four of the five Marine Reservation buildings remain within the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard (the barracks have been demolished). These properties symbolize the security and training functions which are considered a part of a naval shore facility. Activities related to the tradiitonal role of the Marine Corps continued at the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard from 1896 until 1977, when the Marine Reservation was relocated to Subase Bangor. Ŧ



DESCRIPTION :

Condition Excellent Altered Yes Original Site Yes





Building 653, built in 1936, is a two car garage with gabled cedar ahingle roof, asbeatos shingle siding, fixed wood windows with 2 over 2 lights and a concrete slab. The doors are double sliding type. Bilding 637, officier's querters, is a pretrampbilding 637, officier's querters, is a pretrampvict wears bilding massive 46 feet by 35 feet with a small woden perch at the entry of 16 feet by 17 feet. The witch 31 kild is a cosmolooid of a set. The stilling constrained with Sulfilson extension of the stilling constrained with Sulfilson decreary and visidor designs. Vindow are find arched witch with instances beyrons and all. Unlose decreary and visidor designs. Vindow are find arched witch with instances beyrons and all. Unlose field with instances beyrons and all. Unlose 11 kipts. Change is coshield witch. The roof is a sameet roof vindo composition shalles and hip

The interactor of building 652 00-10 constant of our florers on the and fuel florer. For florers wood lath. Living rooms and dinaing room have florer place with wood search can alphasiling over three buildings florer. Fourth applied to the search of the search florer, for the public during the search of the search end of the search of the search of the search end of the search of the search of the search end of the search of the search of the search end of the search of the search of the search end of the search of the search of the search applied in constant search the total search of the search

The basement has concrete floor, brick walls, plaster partitions and a half bath.

SIGNIFICANCE: Period 1900- Area of Significance Nilitary

Building 652 was built as the querters for the Community Officer of the newly established Marine Reservation of 1910. Building 652 was constructed with Building 654 and 654 as Officers querters along with a large barrack (demoltabed),Building 164, as the najor permanent structures of the Marine Reservation. The building was designed by architet J.H. De Sibour of Washington D.C. in a composition which reflacts "Correling"descil influences.

Building 652 was the primary quarters of the Marine Reservation flamked by Buildings 654 and 656, it overlooked a level area of the reservation known as the Parade Grounds. With the major role of the Marines redefined by Executive Order 965 the earlier shippart Marine Reservation was dissolved and relocated to the larger area in the westerm area of the shipward.



CONTINUATION of SIGNIFICANCE

Building 652 was designed with "Georgian" details in a composition which reflects "Georgian/ Federal" design influences. Similar to Buildings 654 and 656, Building 652 is constructed of brick exterior with a small entry porch with doubled columns, mansard roof and flat arched openings and reflects "Georgian/Federal" elements.

Building 652 served as Marine Commandant Quarters until the Marine Reservation was permanently removed from the shipyard. The building has maintained its prominent position overlooking the Parade Ground and now serves as Officer Quarters for the shipyard. The building is well maintained.

INIVENTORY	HISTORIO PUGET S NAVAL S	OUND		Historic National JUNIOR OFFIC QUARTERS USM	ER'S.	Facility No. 654
	te 1911	ters USMC	Alter (Re	ations/Add	it,liv,powder	rm,wiring;
DESIGNED BY	J.H. De SIBOUR	ARCHITECT	WASHINGI	ON D.C.	DATE	1910
DESCRIPTION :		Condition	Excellent	Altere	d _{No} Origin	al Site Yes



Building 655 is a single car garage with gabled roof with cedar shingles, siding of asbestos shingles and a fiberglass garage door. The floor is a concrete slab. Building 655 was constructed in 1936.

Building 654, officer's quarters, is a rectangular, two story brick residence with attic. The red brick veneer over wood frame is laid in a common bond with 6th course headers. A projecting front porch measures the length of the front elevation. The building measures 46 feet by 38 feet with a porch of 46 feet by 18 feet. The porch is constructe with modified "Etruscan" columns supporting a flat roof with balustrade above. The building exhibits several"Georgian"details including the porch, flat brick arches with limestone keystone and sills and corbeled brick chimneys. The roof of the building is a mansard roof with composition shingles and hip roof dormers. Windows are wood double-hung in wood frames with 6 over 1 lights. dormer windows have been replaced with mill finish aluminum sliding windows. A continuous limestone band is formed by the window sills of the upper floor. At the rear of the residence there is a glazed-in porch contined within a balustrade of turned balusters.

The interior of 654 (M-2) consists of oak flooring on first and second floors, plaster on wood lath on walls and ceilings. Ceilings are 9 ft high. Entry foyer contains stairway to second floor with painted balustrade. Above stairway is a central skylight. French doors with 10 lights separate foyer from living room. The fireplace has a wood mantle with brick surround and tile hearth. The kitchen has painted cabinets with plastic laminate countertop. The 3rd floor (attic) has painted wood floors.

SIGNIFICANCE : 1. X 2. 3. 4.

Period ______

Area of Significance Military

Building 654 was constructed with Buiding 652 and 656 in 1911 when the second Marine Reservation was established. The design of Building 654 exhibits "Georgian" detail in a "Georgian/Federal" influenced composition. Its colonaded porch, brick exterior and hipped mansard roof are composed is a symetrical composition. Building 654 and Building 656 are identical compositions while 652 exhibits minor alterations to the composition. Building 654 was designed by architect J. H. DeSibour of Washington D.C. for the United States Marine Corp.

Building 654 served as Officers Quarters for the Marine Reservation. Construction of 654 as well as 652, 656 and the Marine Barracks Building 169 reflected a major expansion of the Marine personnel at the shipyard. This expansion was in response to the expanded role of the Marines as defined by Executive Order 969 in November of 1908. (cont'd on back)



CONTINUATION of SIGNIFICANCE

Building 654 was sited with 652 and 656 on a ridge overlooking the newly created flat ground areas known as the Parade Ground.

Building 654 remained as Marine Officers Quarter until the termination of the Marine Reservation and the return of the Reservation property to the control of the shipyard. The building retains its position overlooking the Parade Ground. The building has been well maintained.

Surveyed by

August Gene Grulich, A.I.A.

Date

August 1985

PSNS INVENTORY HISTORIC SURVEY PUGET SOUND NAVAL SHIPYARD	Historic Name JUNIOR OFFICER'S QUARTERS	Facility No. 656
Uses: Original Jr. Officer Quarter USMC	GE 657 terations/Additions (Alt-57, 62) (Remod-57,elect;79,repairs)	
DESIGNED BY J.H. De SIBOUR WASHINGTON D.C.	DATE	1910

DESCRIPTION:

Condition Excellent Altered No Original Site Yes





(cont'd) a skylight. The bath has hexagonal tile. The attic has painted wood (fir) floors and a bath with hexagonal tile floor and a claw-foot bathtub. The basement has concrete floor, brick exterior walls and plaster partitions. In the basement there is an old clothes dryer manufactured by the Chicago Dryer Co. titled Chicago "Francis" Dryer # 9356.

Building 656, officer's quarters is a rectangular two story brick residence with attic. The red brick veneer over wood frame is laid in a common bond with 6th course headers. A projecting front porch measures the length of the front elevation. The building measures 46 feet by 38 feet with a porch of 46 feet by 18 feet. The porch is construct ed with modified "Etruscan" columns supporting a flat roof with balustrade above. The building exhibits several "Georgian" details, including the porch, flat brick arches with limestone keystone and sills, also corbeled brick chimneys. The roof of the build ing is a mansard roof with composition shingles and hip roof dormers. Windows are wood double-hung in wood frames with 6 over 1 lights. A continuous limestone band is formed by the window sills of the upper floor. At the rear of the residence there is a glazed-in porch contained within a balustrade of turned balusters.

The interior of Quarters 656 (M-3) consists of oak floors on the first and second floors and painted wood (fir) in the attic. All walls are plaster on wood lath. The entry contains a central stairway to the upper floors and entry via double pocket doors to the living room and library. There are fireplaces in the living room, dining room and library of similar design which include wood surroun and mantle. The ceiling height is 9 feet. Double pocket doors are between living room and dining room. The kitchen has vinyl floor, painted wood cabinets and plastic laminate countertops. The stain way has painted square newel posts and square spindl The second floor has a 9 foot ceiling and contains

(continued on back)

1900-SIGNIFICANCE : Area of Significance Military Period ____ 1. x 2. 3. 4.

Building 656 was constructed with Building 652 and 654 in 1911 when the second Marine Reservation was established. The design of Building 656 exhibits "Georgian" detail in a "Georgian/Federal" influenced composition. Its colonaded porch, brick exterior and hipped mansard roof are composed in a symetrical composition. Building 656 and Building 654 are identical compositions while 652 exhibits minor alterations to the composition. Building 656 was designed by architect J.H. DeSibour of Washington D.C. for the United States Marine Corp.

Building 656 served as Officers Quarters for the Marine Reservation. Construction of 656 as well as 652, 654 and the Marine Barracks Building 169 reflected a major expansion (cont'd on back)



Garage 657, constructed in 1936, with sign "M7" is a gable roofed, one car garage with cedar shingles on the roof and asbestos shingles for siding. The floor is a conrete slab.

CONTINUATION of SIGNIFICANCE

of the Marine personnel at the shipyard. This expansion was in response to the expanded role of the Marines as defined by Executive Order 969 in November of 1908.

Building 656 was sited with 652 and 654 on a ridge overlooking the newly created flat ground area known as the Parade Ground. Building 656 remained as Marine Officers Quarters until the termination of the Marine Reservation and the return of the Reservation property to the control of the shipyard. The building retains its position overlooking the Parade Ground. The building has been well maintained.

1988

DATE

1913

NVENTORY HISTORIC SURVEY PUGET SOUND NAVAL SHIPYARD INVENTORY

MARINE OFFICER'S QUARTERS M4, M4A, M4B, M4C, M4D

Facility No. 658

NAME OF STRUCTURE OFFICER'S QUARTERS	& GARAGE 659
Construction Date 1914	Alterations/Additions
Uses: Original Marine Officers Quarters	(Alt-50, stair 7 porches)
WWII " " "	(Remod-52, roof; 61, kit; 62, kit; 79, roof,
Present Officers Quarters	whole house repair)

UNITED STATE NAVY YARD, PUGET SOUND WASHINGTON

DESIGNED BY DESCRIPTION :

Condition Excellent Altered <u>Yes</u> Original Site <u>Yes</u>





(cont'd) living and dining rooms. Kitchens of all units are slightly different with cabinets of painted wood or stained/varnished wood, VAT on all kitchen floors. The attic is half unfinished and half with bedroom and central hallway with bath. The basement is open unused storage with concrete floor, walls and columns. Interior stair is steel. (cont'd on hack)

Building 658, Officer's Quarters, is a four residence, two story brick veneer over wood frame building with attic and basement. The brick is dark red common and laid in a running bond. The building exhibits"Georgian"influences in design. The entry doors are wooden doors and frames with lights in upper portions with side lights. The main entry is crowned with an oval fanlight constructed of wood. Windows are double-hung wood sash with 6 over 1 lights. The window heads are flat arched with limestone keystone and limestone sills. The exterior walls rest on a concrete base forming basement walls. The attic is enclosed with gable and hip roof sections and contains dormers crowned with hip roofs. The dormers are sided with 8 inch bevel siding containing doublehung wooden windows with 3 over 2 lights. Covered exterior porches are inset in the exterior walls. The porches are formed by two exterior walls of the building and a square corner pier of brick. Railings of the porches are wrought iron.

Building 658 is composed of four single floor units (two up/two down). One entry fover serves units M4A and M4C and another serves M4B and M4D. The foyers have enlayed marble floors. Each unit has oak floors, plaster on wood lath walls and ceilings. Each unit entry has crown moldings at the ceiling. The fireplace contains wood mantle, flanking openings are two fluted columns. The hearth is stained concrete in a tile pattern. Ceiling are 9 ft in height. Baths have hexagonal white tile floors and retangular tile wainscot. Bath thresholds are marble. Sliding pocket doors separate

SIGNIFICANCE :	Period _ 1900~	Area of Significance	Military
1. 2 ^X 3. 4.			

Building 658 was the first four-plex constructed as quarters. Constructed for Marine Officers, it was one of five original quarters' buildings for the new Marine Reservation established in 1910. Constructed in 1910 it served as quarters for Bachelor Marine Officer until 1924 when it was assigned as Apartment House for Marine Corp.

Building 658 reflects the "Georgian/Federal" influences of the other Marine quarters but was designed by the Navy Yard Puget Sound under the direction of Public Works Officer, Captain L.E. Gregory, U.S.N. The design is composed of four units, two over two, in a configuration of two stories with additional spaces in the attic and basement. The design has a symetrical front and rear with the main entry on the sides. The "Georgian" (cont'd on Back)



^{568 .} The garage was constructed in 1947.

CONTINUATION of SIGNIFICANCE

details of brick walls with white painted windows and doors are consistant with buildings of similar design including 652,654 and 656.

Building 658 is the last remaining major structure of the Marine Reservation (several garages were constructed later) and completes the composition. The building has experienced modernization of its plumbing and wiring. The building has been well maintained.