INTENSIVE SURVEY FORM Hist	oric Preserva	tion D	ivision	Stat	e Historic	al Soc	iety of	Wiscon	sin	
City, Village or Town: County:		Surveyor:	Stag	er		Date: 1	983	Ηi		
New Richmond St. Croix		Roberts 1986						q8		
Street Address:			USGS Quad and UTM Reference: Acreage: New Richmond North, Wis. less than 1					han 1	Str	
120 High Street			15/536195/4996880 acre						:eet	
Current Name & Use:		-410	Current Owner:						1 '''	
Soo Line Passenger and Fre	eight Depot		Soo Line Railroad Company							
Film Roll No.			Current Owner's Address:							
SC31			1842 First National Bank							
Negative No.			Minneapolis, MN. 55401 Legal Description: Original Plet-Prt 10ts 12							
	Affix Contact Prints			Legal Description: Original Plet-Prt lots 13 a14 com. 30' Mar Less E & NW corner of Lot 14, thence E to NE cor sDLot, S III Rt. W 170', SWLY to Pt. 44' E of SW cor of Lot						
18 Facade Orient.			WITO! SWLY to Pt. 44/E of SW CORDLAL							
	1 (3 W44, NELY to 1008, City of New									
Original Name & Use:		Source	Richma Previous Ou		Dahas			To		
9	Mamia DD Ca		Soo Line I	_	Dates 1915-	Uses		Source	;	
Mpls., St. P., & Sault St. depot Dates of Construction /Alteration		A			pres.	depo	t 	A		
	ı	Source								
1915		A								
Architect and/or Builder:		Source							0	
contractor: Chippewa Const	ruction Co.	A							'	
Architectural Significance Represents work of a master Possesses high artistic value Represents a type, period, or Engineering None Architectural Description and St	Historical Significance Assoc. with lives of significant persons Assoc. with significant historical events Assoc. with development of a locality Other: O None Period of significance: 1915-38 Historical Background and Significance:									
See Attached Interior visited? O Yes	o No		See At	tach	ed				New Kichmond intensive	
5 Sources of Information (Reference			6 Representation in Previous Surveys					IVe		
New Richmond News and Reput	O HABS O LDMK Ø WIHP O NRHP					1				
<u>New Richmond News</u> (Centennial + Five Ed.),			7 Conditi	On					ourvey	
Sect. 9, p. 2,3. (/27/73)					≸ good Of	air O	poor O	ruins	еу	
			8 Distric							
C			Opivotal		contributing	Onor	-contrib	ıt ino		
_						31-				
D			9 Opinion of National Register Eligibility date: 1/21/86 initials: De						-18	
<u>E</u>			11		not eligibl		nknown			

Record	No.	T.
ICC COL G	110.	В

INVENTORY FORM FOR NOMINATED PROPERTIES

Name of Property: SOO LINE DEPOT		Owner: Soo Line Railroad Co. Date: 1/11/88				
Address: 120 High Street City: New Richmond		1842 First National Bank Owner's address: <u>Minneapolis, Minnesota</u>				
		County: St. Croix (Code# 109)				
*160 NRHP Certifica	tion	*220 Area of Significance				
(a)	(b)	Transportation				
(c)	(d)	**************************************				
165 NRHP Certification Date		230 Period of Significance 1915-1938				
(a)	(P)					
(c)	(d)	60 Verbal Boundary Description				
*170 Thematic or Mu	ltiple Resource Nomination Name	Original plat - Partial lots 13 and 14				
Historic Re	sources of New Richmond	comm. 30' more or less E of NW corner of				
180 NRHP List Name SOO LINE DEPOT		Lot 14, thence E on NE corner SDlot, S 111				
**************************************		rt. W170', SWly to point 44'E of SW corner				
200 Level of Signi	ficance Local	of Lot 13 W 44' NEly to P-O-B, City of				
190 District Class	ification N/A	New Richmond.				
°210 Applicable Cri	teriaA	·				
[†] 215 Criteria Consi	derations	70 USGS Quad Map New Richmond North, WI				
	<u>-</u>	80 UTM Coordinates (Format: 99/999999/999999)				
		15 / 536195 / 4996880				
		85 Listed Acreage less than one				
<u></u>		340 Review Board Date				
		Number of Resources:				
		ONE Contributing Building				

^{*}use code tables for response

Record: B

Address: 120 High Street

DESCRIPTION

The depot is a one story rectangular structure with cut stone as exterior fabric. The bottom third of the walls are rusticated stone blocks separated from the top two thirds of the walls sheathed in smooth faced cut stone separated by a stone slightly projecting beltcourse. The roof has parapetted stone gables topped by fleur-de-lis stone finials and small narrow wood windows. Toward the east end of the north facade facing High Street is a gabled projecting ell for the ticket office with a parapetted roof and finial. Roofing is asphalt shingles. Large wooden knee braces support a deep overhang with exposed rafters. Windows are six-over-one with rusticated stone sills, but have been boarded up with sheets of chipboard.

The north facade has a door and window east of the ticket office windows. The ell for the ticket office has four windows. West of the ticket office is another window and door. West of these is an overhead garage door which probably replaced the original wood freight doors.

The west gabled end has a one story wood gabled loading platform which is open and supported by wood posts. This platform sits above the ground on an open wooded base.

The south facade has several windows at the east end of the wall and a shallow one foot wide rectangular stone bay with three short windows and two longer windows east of this bay.

The long walls of the depot run east-west parallel to the railroad tracks on the south and north sides of the building. North Knowles Street runs at right angles along the east side of the structure. A concrete platform surrounds the building at ground level. Until recent years, the railroad used the building for offices and storage, but it stands vacant today and boarded up.

Physical integrity is excellent and the building is in good condition.

HISTORICAL BACKGOUND

The first railroad to reach New Richmond was the West Wisconsin Railroad (by 1881, the Northern Division of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railway) in 1872. This tied New Richmond, Hudson and the Twin Cities to northern Wisconsin pineries (Railroad map, History of Washington County and the St. Croix Valley, 1881, n.p.). The second line into New Richmond was the Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Sault St. Marie, popularly known as the Soo Line, which was built in conjunction with the Canadian Pacific to carry the northern grain trade (Nesbit, 320). The Soo reached New Richmond in 1884. The Soo absorbed the Wisconsin Central Railroad in 1900. The Soo stretched from Sault St. Marie at the east end of Lake Superior on the west, through northern Wisconsin, to the Twin Cities and then headed northwest into northwestern North Dakota and Saskatchewan and north to Winnipeg. In Wisconsin, the Soo became largely a lumber, pulpwood, and mineral line bringing raw materials to the paper mills on the lower Fox River and serving northern Wisconsin (Nesbit, 320).

Record: B Address: 120 High Street

HISTORICAL BACKGOUND, continued

In 1910, the Omaha and the Soo lines ran daily passenger trains through New Richmond in all directions. These two railroads brought logs, grain, flour and feed, lumber, household goods, agricultural implements, and miscellaneous products to the city. New Richmond sent by rail the following products: flour and feed, grain, hay, livestock, lumber, and miscellaneous goods. In 1910 the Omaha line had just completed a new and modern depot with brick platform between Third and Fourth streets. A promotional pamphlet by the Industrial Club noted, "The Soo is hampered somewhat for lack of suitable grounds for a depot, but no doubt in the near future they will make some arrangement whereby they can provide better accommodations for the travelling public" (Souvenir of New Richmond, Wisconsin by the Industrial Club, ca. 1910, n.p.).

Local dismay at the condition of the old Soo Line depot continued for several years. After the Soo built a new stone depot in Colfax, Wisconsin, in 1913-14, the citizens of New Richmond began to lobby with the railroad for a similar new station. They protested the condition of the old Soo depot and asked the railroad to repair or replace it. The Soo ignored their pleas. The citizens then appealed to the State Railroad Commission, who, in turn, ordered the Soo Line in January, 1915, to provide an adequate station within one year (New Richmond News and Republican Voice, 1/15/1915).

The old Soo line depot, a frame structure, was temporarily moved farther west to make room for the new structure. The railroad decided to put up a duplicate of the stone station at Colfax, Wisconsin. The New Richmond fireproof depot was built of Colfax stone and the Chippewa Construction Company of Colfax and Chippewa Falls were hired to build the new station. L. Kasman was the draughtsman (New Richmond News and Republican Voice, 10.16.1915). The depot measured 110 feet long and included two waiting rooms seating 75 passengers with a ticket office between them. The freight warehouse was on the west end. Interior finish was hardwood with a heating plant in the basement. A 14' or 16' platform was planned for the area between the depot and main tracks, with another platform planned for later construction. The platforms are gone today and passenger service ceased in 1968.

SIGNIFICANCE

The Soo Line passenger and freight depot is the only remaining structure which represents the early age of railroading and rail transportation in New Richmond. Earlier depots built by the Omaha Line and the Soo are gone. The depot is significant as a tangible reminder of the importance of railroads to personal travel and the movement of goods and raw materials to the development of New Richmond before the advent of automobiles and trucks. This structure is also a tangible testament to the importance New Richmond citizens attached to the railroads and to the civic competitiveness whereby New Richmond compared itself to other towns. Had local citizens not lobbied with the railroads and state railroad commissioners, it is not clear that this building would have been built. This depot is a duplicate of the Colfax, Wisconsin depot and it is also similar to a brick-faced Soo depot in Osceola, Wisconsin (Soo Line depot photographs, Box 6, Soo Line Railroad Papers, Minnesota Historical Society, Division of Archives and Manuscripts). New Richmond became a service center for the flour and lumber industries in part because of the railroads, and they remained an essential element of the community's growth and development.

The period of significance is the date of construction up to 50 years from the present.