#### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NOMINATION, GLACIER NATIONAL PARK

REGION: Rocky Mountain PARK/AREA NAME: Glacier National Park PARK NUMBER: 1430 STRUCTURE NAME: Mount Brown Fire Lookout STRUCTURE NUMBER: 576 QUADRANGLE NAME: Mt. Cannon LOCATION OF STRUCTURE: Zone Easting Northing QUADRANGLE SCALE: 7.5-minute UTM A: 12 291280 5389850 CLASSIFICATION: NUMBER OF RESOURCES: OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY: CATEGORY: CONTRIBUTING NONCONTRIBUTING \_x\_Building(s) Private 1 Buildings Public-Local \_\_\_\_ District Sites \_\_\_\_\_ Site Public-State Structures Public-Federal Structure Objects Mixed/private & public Object TOTAL

#### ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION AND EVALUATION:

The Mount Brown fire lookout is a two-story, frame structure with clapboard siding, measuring 196 square feet on each of its two floors. Cedar shingles (originally) painted shiplap interior. The second floor is surrounded with a frame catwalk. All materials were packed 7 miles in. The lookout is not currently being used, is in fair condition, and is an unaltered original site. HABS recorded this lookout as a standard, wood frame, 14x14-ft. house set on a 10-ft. tower with catwalk. The basic plan, originally designed by the United States Forest Service, was often modified and revised by both Forest and Park Service engineers. The lookout has good integrity of materials, design, and workmanship and is significant in the architectural history of Glacier Park.

#### HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION:

This fire lookout is one of several similar buildings constructed in Glacier National Park between the late 1920s and the early 1940s to protect park lands from the always critical threat of fire. A planned network of lookouts within the Park and on adjoining national forest lands allowed reciprocal surveillance of both areas. The series of lookouts in Glacier succeeded for many years in curtailing disastrous fires in the park. Today, air observation allows a more comprehensive coverage of the park and has replaced the manned lookout almost entirely. The lookout is significant because it illustrates an important aspect in the management and conservation of timber resources in Glacier National Park.

DATE OF CONSTRUCTION: 1928

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE:

The Mount Brown fire lookout is a significant resource both architecturally and historically. It meets the eligibility requirements for listing on the National Register of Historic Places under criteria a and c.

**BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCE:** 

FORM PREPARED BY: DATE: May 1984 NAME/TITLE: ORGANIZATION: Historical Research Associates, P.O. Box 7086, Missoula, MT 59807-7086 NPS FORM 10-800-a (10-90)

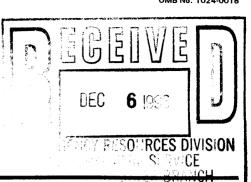
United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

Mt. Brown Lookout (addendum), Flathead County, MT.

#### 3. State/Federal Agency Certification

•	e National Register of Historic Places and m the National Register Criteria. I recommen	iy that this <u>X</u> nomination request for determination of eligibility neets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 38 CFR nd that this property be considered significant nationally			
Fortaaithla		12.5.95			
Signature of certifying official/Title		Date			
National Park Service					
State or Federal agency or bureau					
In my opinion, the property <u>L</u> meets does not meet the	e National Register criteria.				
Stanature of commenting er other afficial					
Montana State Historic Preservation Office					
State or Federal agency and bureau					
4. National Park Service Certification					
I, hereby certify that this property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action			
entered in the National Register see continuation sheet	1				
determined eligible for the National Register see continuation sheet					
determined not eligible for the National Register see continuation sheet	!				
removed from the National Register	:				
other (explain) Additional Documentation Accepted	Munn. Loyxe	en 1/19/96			



A ANY MENNEN AND THE ATE TO MERCANISHING

86003673

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number	7	Page	2	Mt. Brown Lookout (addendum), Flathead County, MT.

## **Building Interior**

The Mount Brown Lookout is listed in the National Register of Historic Places. Additional documentation is provided below for the purpose of describing and evaluating the interior for integrity and significance.

### 7. Narrative Description

#### Summary

Fire lookouts were generally constructed from standardized building packages, packed to the lookout site for assembly. Most were constructed following the mid-1920s increase in lookout-construction appropriations and prior to the 1930s advent of aerial fire detection and suppression. This use of standard plans and the short construction period resulted in a remarkable degree of uniformity in interior design, not only in park lookouts but also in contemporaneous lookouts built on the forests of the USFS Northern Region. Paneled or verticalplank doors (like the windows, paired with full-length "storms") provided access. In a classic case of design following function, large multi-light awning windows dominated all four elevations; painted 2" to 4" tongue-andgroove planks covered the small expanse of exposed interior wall. Floors were generally finished with painted 3-inch to 6-inch softwood. Fixed furnishings included the critical and centrally located fire finders, a woodburning stove, a small cot, a wood table and chair(s), and wall-mounted cupboards located above the window banks, near the ceilings. Ceilings were either open/exposed truss or, if dropped, finished with painted tongueand-groove planks and containing a hinged door leading to the "attic" storage space. Food and equipment storage areas in the "basement" were unfinished and accessed by vertical-board or paneled wood doors.

#### Mt. Brown Lookout (#576), 1928

As befits its function, walls of windows dominate the interior of this small building. Three-inch floorboards, painted grey and paired with 4" baseboards, cover the floors. The same 3" planks (either shiplap or tongue-and-groove) cover the walls and ceiling; wider (5") boards are placed at the ceiling/wall juncture. Two-inch boards frame all windows. (The door, secured with a heavy storm "shutter," was not visible.)

Fixed furnishings include a free-standing cupboard units, a table, two wood chairs, a metal bedframe, two mattresses suspended from the ceiling in mesh sacks, a small refrigerator, numerous open shelving units (located high on the walls above the windows), and the centrally located aledaide or "fire finder," mounted on a wood stand.

The basement storage area, created by the elevated construction of the primary component, is unfinished, with dirt floors and exposed frame walls and ceiling. Open shelves and the floor space are littered with tools, a broken chair, a wooden keg (for water storage), old paint cans, propane tanks, and miscellaneous equipment.

#### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8, Photographs Page 3 Mt. Brown Lookout (addendum),

# Flathead County, MT.

## 8. Statement of Significance

The interior is unmodified and contributes to the building's significance.

### **Photographs**

The building was shuttered and wrapped tightly with wire at the time of survey; the interior was viewed through a narrow crack obtained by opening a shutter to the edge of the wire tension. Light was insufficient for photographs.