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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

Ala. Historical Commission

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property

historic name West Fifteenth Street Historic District other names/site number same

2. Location

street & number 416-712 West Fifteenth Street Inclusive (See N/A not for publication city, town Anniston continuation sheet and map N/A vicinity state Alabama code AL county Calhoun code 015 zip code 36201

3. Classification

Ownership of Property: [x] private, [] public-local, [] public-State, [] public-Federal. Category of Property: [] building(s), [x] district, [] site, [] structure, [] object. Number of Resources within Property: Contributing 17, Noncontributing 5 buildings, sites, structures, objects. Total 17, 5. Name of related multiple property listing: N/A. Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register: 0.

4. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, I hereby certify that this [x] nomination [] request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property [x] meets [] does not meet the National Register criteria. [] See continuation sheet. Signature of certifying official: Alabama Historical Commission (State Historic Preservation Office). Date: 4-17-91.

In my opinion, the property [] meets [] does not meet the National Register criteria. [] See continuation sheet. Signature of commenting or other official: State or Federal agency and bureau.

5. National Park Service Certification

I, hereby, certify that this property is: [x] entered in the National Register. [] See continuation sheet. [] determined eligible for the National Register. [] See continuation sheet. [] determined not eligible for the National Register. [] removed from the National Register. [] other, (explain:). Entered in the National Register: 5/30/91. Signature of the Keeper: Date of Action.

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)

Commerce/business
 Domestic/single dwelling
 Government/fire station
 Domestic/hotel

Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)

Commerce/business
 Vacant/not in use
 Domestic/single dwelling

7. DescriptionArchitectural Classification
(enter categories from instructions)

Commercial style
 Late Victorian

Materials (enter categories from instructions)

foundation brick
 walls brick
 clapboard
 roof asphalt
 other stone
 shingle

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The West Fifteenth Street Historic District is a secondary central business district which developed in Anniston exclusively to serve the needs of the black community. It contains a concentration of one and two story commercial structures, three cottages, and a vacated fire station built over a period of time from 1898 to 1935. The district presents a cohesive feeling of association, and stands out as a distinctive commercial area. It is clearly distinguishable from the manufacturing area east of the railroad tracks and the residential areas to the north, south and west of the district.

All buildings, with the exception of the three Victorian cottages (one modernized and non-contributing), conform to the commercial style of architecture with predominately brick construction, flat roofs, typical store fronts, uniform setback, sidewalks and curbing. The one stone structure is the vacated fire station, now serving commercial purposes. The facades of the older buildings are embellished with more decorative elements, as arches, relieving panels, corbeling, vents, and segmentally arched windows. Outstanding among the older group of contributing structures are two small, one story buildings: 518 W. 15th St., (#6), with its decorative arches; and 509 (#10), with arched bays and brick corbeling. Both were built in 1898. The largest building in the district, 531 (#12), is a two story brick with segmentally arched windows and other decorative elements, whose integrity was compromised with a recent renovation and adaptive reuse as a church. The early elements are still visible, however, on the upper level.

The later buildings, mostly upgraded replacements for earlier frame structures, are relieved only with stepped parapets or varying brick courses. A vacant service station and one contributing building were stuccoed in the 1920s. There is no landscaping except for the front yards of the two cottages in the 700 block.

8. Statement of Significance

Certifying official has considered the significance of this property in relation to other properties:

nationally statewide locally

Applicable National Register Criteria A B C D

Criteria Considerations (Exceptions) A B C D E F G

Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions)

Ethnic Heritage/Black
Community Development
Commerce
Architecture

Period of Significance

1898-1935

Significant Dates

NA

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Significant Person

N/A

Architect/Builder

Unknown

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

CRITERION A: Ethnic Heritage/Black

The West Fifteenth Street Historic District is highly significant because it developed as the first secondary business district in Anniston specifically for the black community. It answered the needs of that population in a time of strict segregation. The district not only became the primary speciality (and sometimes only) shopping area for the town's black people, but served as a social center as well, with meeting halls, a Negro vaudeville and movie theater, doctor's office, and hotel. It became a totally separate community within a community, achieving a neighborhood identity of its own whose flavor is still retained today.

CRITERION A: Community Development

The emergence of a smaller, secondary central business district was unusual in a town the size of Anniston (population in 1900: 9,695). It arose, however, as a result of specific and discernible demographic, social, and economic factors, including an increasing percentage of Anniston's black population in a time when tougher segregation customs were being imposed; the clustering of the black population around the new coke furnaces and foundaries being built in West Anniston; the lack of adequate transportation to the downtown area; and finally, in response to the resurgence of prosperity with the Spanish-American War. The business community continued to develop its own identity during the next two decades.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Anniston Records:

Anniston City Directories, 1898-1957
Anniston Fire Department
Calhoun County Courthouse Record Room, plat maps
C. N. Dry, Bird's Eye View of Anniston, 1903
Sanborn Maps, 1884-1935

Gates, Grace Hooten. The Model City of the New South: Anniston, Alabama, 1872-1900. Huntsville, AL: Strode Publishers, 1978, 2nd ed. 1983.

See continuation sheet

Previous documentation on file (NPS): NA

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # _____
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # _____

Primary location of additional data:

- State historic preservation office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other

Specify repository: _____

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of property 5.7 acres

UTM References

A	<u>16</u>	<u>6071730</u>	<u>3725300</u>
	Zone	Easting	Northing
C	<u>16</u>	<u>6071670</u>	<u>3725180</u>

B	<u>16</u>	<u>6071950</u>	<u>3725300</u>
	Zone	Easting	Northing
D	<u>16</u>	<u>6071970</u>	<u>3725190</u>

See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

See continuation sheet.

See continuation sheet

Boundary Justification

The property included is visually separated from the surrounding areas by the railroad tracks to the east, residential areas to the north and south, and modern developments to the west.

See continuation sheet

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Grace Hooten Gates/Historian; Melanie Betz/AHC Reviewer
organization City of Anniston date _____
street & number 36 Diana Hills Road telephone 236-6252
city or town Anniston state Alabama zip code 36201

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Once densely developed commercial blocks except for the residences, the area now has four vacant lots where razed commercial structures once stood. Two corner lots, the northeast and southwest corners of West Fifteenth Street and Mulberry Avenue, contain dwellings that face Mulberry Avenue, and are not visually part of the district. One store and one residence, now demolished, once stood on the vacant half block on the south side of West Fifteenth Street between the alley and Mulberry Avenue. Some of the commercial buildings are vacant; some show various stages of neglect to the point of endangerment, despite the fact that the area continues to remain a viable business district.

The district contains 22 buildings, of which 17, or 77 percent, are contributing. The remaining five include one building less than 50 years old (#19), three structures whose facades have been remodeled (#5, #12, and #18), and one of the Victorian cottages (#17), which has modern siding and a remodeled porch.

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INVENTORY OF STRUCTURES THAT CONTRIBUTE TO THE CHARACTER
OF THE WEST FIFTEENTH STREET HISTORIC DISTRICT

1. 416-420 W. 15th Street, 1927.

One story commercial style brick row building with a flat roof, three units, each with a central door and store front windows with transoms above. The facade of the middle unit has a slightly raised squared parapet. The building replaced a frame commercial structure which previously stood on the same site. A barber shop and cab company presently occupy the building.

2. 430 W. 15th Street, 1927.

Two story concrete commercial style, two by five bay building, flat roof, the brick facade relieved by two header brick courses bisecting the stretcher courses in the upper facade. The first level store front has high windows and one door, the upper floor has two double-hung sash 6/6 windows, the windows repeated along the side bays. The present building replaced a 1903 frame structure on the same site. Both the original and replacement structures have housed furniture and drug stores while the upper floor served as a hall.

3. 413-417 W. 15th Street, 1918.

Commercial style, one story brick building in five units with a flat roof, with the parapet finished with terra cotta coping and the facade embellished with brick corbeling. Four of the units each have a central doorway flanked by storefront windows while the last is a garage section. The present building replaced an 1897 structure which was originally used as the company office of the Stringfellow-Whetstone Lumber yard on the site. By 1900 it had become a general store, later a grocery store, then a furniture store. The present building has been used for various commercial purposes; it is now storage for the Culture Shop. The windows in the first four units have been recently broken out and boarded up.

4. 504-508 W. 15th Street, c. 1927.

One story brick commercial style building, flat roof, with three units, the more prominent central unit with extended parapet. Each section in turn has a central door flanked by storefront windows on each side. The present building replaced an earlier frame structure on the same site which housed the only black vaudeville in town: The Queen Theatre, listed in the 1917 city directory as a Negro Vaudeville and Motion Picture Theatre. The present building has housed various specialty shops, and is now used for storage for the Unique Accents Culture Shop.

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6. 518 W. 15th Street, 1898.

One story commercial style brick row building, flat roof, one of the two architecturally elaborate early buildings in the business district. The small structure has two rounded arched bays with brick surrounds, the left being a window, the right a ten light door. Vertical boards fill the upper blind arch. Original interior wooden ceiling remains. The building has housed various stores and a doctor's office; now used for storage.

7. 520 W. 15th Street, Golightly's Barber Shop, 1898.

One story brick commercial style row building, with a flat roof, a stuccoed facade applied in the 1920s, and transomed front windows and door with burglar bars added. Previous uses included a grocery store, restaurant, and after the service station was built next store, an auto repair shop. It is now a barber shop.

8. 530 W. 15th Street, c. 1920.

One story brick and stucco commercial style service station, flat roof, built at an angle to the corner and attached to the building to the east, 520 (#7). A central doorway is flanked by two windows. The abandoned building is becoming dilapidated with a portion of the roof missing. The gas pumps have been removed.

9. 505-507 W. 15th Street, Char-La-Z Beauty, 1905.

One story commercial style brick row building with flat roof, store front windows and doors in two bays. The missing window glass has been replaced with boards. The earliest tenant was a meat shop, later a grocery store. The structure was originally attached to the building to the east, which has been removed since this survey began.

10. 509 W. 15th Street, Anne's Flowers, 1898.

One story commercial style brick row building with flat roof, one of the two early buildings with the most decorative elements, including stepped brick corbeling. The facade's three bays are arched, each with a concrete keystone. The central bay houses the entrance, a nine-light door with side lights, flanked with store-front windows in the side bays. The entire exterior has been painted blue and interior ceiling lowered. Originally a grocery store.

11. 511-515 W. 15th Street, 1903.

Commercial style one story brick row building in three units with a concrete molding at the roof line, raised arched parapet over the central portion of the facade, centered doorway and store front windows in each of the units. The building has housed a variety of different stores, including a meat shop, barber, restaurant, plumber, cafe, and grocery. Presently vacant.

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13. 600-602 W. 15th Street, 1898.

One story brick commercial style building, two by three bays, with an angled corner entrance. Over the store front windows and corner door, the facade is punctuated with brick vents, filled in with soldier courses. Terra cotta coping defines the roof line. Originally built as a drug store, now a clothing store.

14. 606 W. 15th Street, 1925.

One story brick commercial style, three bay by seven bay building with a flat roof, store front facade punctuated with decorative brick vents. Transition from the higher front parapet to the lower rear one is achieved with a stepped roof line. Served as a music school in the 1920s; now vacant.

15. 608-612 W. 15th Street, 1925.

Two story brick commercial style, three bays by five, built to house stores on the ground level and a hotel for blacks on the second floor. Above each of the three front doors is an applied wooden triangular mock portico. Windows on both levels are one over one double hung sash. Presently empty and deteriorating.

16. 601 W. 15th Street, 1915.

Two story, commercial style brick building, four bays by six bays, with recessed relieving panels over the segmentally arched windows on the second level, and store front windows and an angled corner entry at ground level. The interior is largely intact, original ceilings. Green's Grocery occupies the first floor, second floor is vacant. The building has been in continuous use as a grocery.

20. 700 W. 15th Street, 1903.

One story clapboard Victorian cottage with a pyramidal roof and a subordinate gable over the projecting front bay, covered front porch with decorative scroll work and turned posts, original chimney.

21. 708 W. 15th Street, 1903.

One story clapboard Victorian cottage, pyramidal roof, back ell with a shed roof. Porch supports have been replaced with cast iron posts. This dwelling stands next to the fire station and was originally the home of the station chief.

22. 712 W. 15th Street, 1935.

Built as a fire station, one and a half story uncoursed and roughly cut ashlar stone with side gable roof, the parapet walls finished with concrete coping. The front facade consists of two large doors on either side of a central stone support which bears a tablet inscribed, "A.F.D. [Anniston Fire Department] No. 4, Erected 1935," and continues with names of the mayor and council at that time. The west side gable is punctuated by a triple window, the central opening being arched,

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(#22 continued)

flanked by square headed windows. The building was vacated as a fire station in January 1968, but has remained largely unaltered. The fireman's pole from the second story sleeping area has been removed and the square hole in the high plastered ceiling covered. A dry cleaning pick-up station now occupies the space. The building replaced an earlier fire station built on the same site in 1903 for Hose Company No. 4. The original wooden frame building housed the hose cart, two horses, one driver, and served as a center for the seventy volunteers.

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INVENTORY OF NON-CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES IN THE WEST FIFTEENTH STREET HISTORIC DISTRICT

5. 512-516 W. 15th Street, 1898.

One story commercial style brick, originally three separate buildings that have been remodeled with a common brick facade applied and the interior separating walls removed. Since 1900 the buildings housed grocery stores, a pool room, drug store and dry cleaners. A beauty shop, beauty supplies and candy shop now occupy the expanded interior.

12. 531 W. 15th Street, Miracle Church, 1905.

Two story, commercial style brick building, six bays by five bays, the largest and most important building in the district. Decorative elements include recessed rectangular relieving panels over the segmentally arched windows at the second level. The windows have been bricked in; a stucco and wood canopy has been added over the stuccoed facade on the first floor. Built in 1905 to house three separate stores, served variously as a restaurant and general store until 1945 when a massive interior renovation converted the building into a 300 seat theater. At that time the upper level windows were bricked in. The box office centered the first level, with double glass doors on either side leading into the theater. At the front of the building on the second level were the projection room and the manager's office as well as two small apartments. The remainder of the interior was opened from floor to ceiling. The Gem Theater for blacks operated from 1945 to 1956, with both movies and stage shows. Many famous black entertainers performed in the Gem, including Cab Calloway, Louis Jordan, and Birmingham Brown. The road show artists would stay at the hotel across the street in the next block. The structure is presently used as a church. With the removal of the canopy and facade restoration, the building could be deemed contributing.

17. 603 W. 15th Street, 1915.

One story dwelling with side gable roof, modernized covered front porch, modern siding.

18. 607 W. 15th Street, 1925.

Two story concrete block commercial building altered to have a single front opening and a side door at the second floor level. Houses the Easy Riders Motorcycle Club.

19. 615 W. 15th Street, 1957.

One story brick front building, vacant.

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CRITERION A: Commerce

The West Fifteenth Street Historic District was and still is a central business district in microcosm. Commercial enterprises as well as the buildings were all on a smaller scale than the downtown business district. During the period of significance, 1898 - 1935, the make-up of the community consisted primarily of small specialty stores, such as notions, meat markets or grocers, drug stores, dry cleaners, furniture stores, restaurants and lunch counters; and professional services, such as barbers, doctors, and plumbers.

CRITERION C: Architecture

The West Fifteenth Street Historic District is locally significant for its concentrated collection of commercial buildings that show the evolution from the vestiges of the more elaborate late Victorian embellishing details at the turn of the century to the more utilitarian facades of the twentieth century. Moreover, as a secondary business district, the area exhibits an economy of scale, both spatially and architecturally. Finally, the architectural aspects assume an even greater significance because of the connection with the black community.

Historical Summary

The West Fifteenth Historic District is located in West Anniston, on a tract of land that in the early 1870s was included in "Coopertown," being the property of C. J. Cooper of Oxford, Alabama. Anniston's founder, Samuel Noble, and Alfred L. Tyler, president of the Woodstock Iron Company, the parent corporation of the private model town, applied to the state legislature in 1879 for a charter of incorporation. Anniston was founded in 1872 and local inhabitants voted to incorporate in 1873. Still, they lacked official sanction from the State of Alabama. Accordingly, they petitioned the state legislature in 1879, asking that the town limits be designated as a circular area with a radius of one and one-half miles around a central point at Seventeenth and Noble Streets. This embraced Cooper's land and he strenuously objected to being included in Anniston's proposed city limits. All the interested parties appeared before the legislative committee hearings during a lengthy series of arguments. Finally, the legislature laid aside Cooper's objections and issued the charter on February 4, 1879, setting the corporate city limits as requested by the Woodstock Company.

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In 1887 the Woodstock Company underwent a massive reorganization which brought not only more capital but an influx of people into the rapidly growing town. That year, the West Fifteenth Street area became the property of the West Anniston Land and Improvement Company. By February 1889, the company had subdivided the area into residential lots for the workers in the new industries being clustered in West Anniston. An economic depression hit the South, and particularly Anniston, by 1891, delaying plans for anticipated industrial expansion. The town's economy slowed. The new coke furnaces that had sprung up in West Anniston since 1887 stood idle. Many of the pipe shops, new textile mills, and foundries either shut down or cut back. Anniston actually suffered a net population loss in the decade of the 1890s, as workers moved on in search of jobs. The 1895 Sanborn map shows a sprinkling of dwellings in the 500 and 600 blocks of West Fifteenth, but for the most part, growth stopped.

Prosperity returned to the nation with the advent of the Spanish-American War in 1898, and particularly to Anniston when the War Department designated the town as a campsite to quarter about 10,000 reserve troops. The tents of Camp Shipp, as the camp was christened, spread over the hills of West Anniston. The town quickly revived. Orders for food and supplies for the men as well as their presence enlivened the area. The more prosperous national scene caused a resurgence of business and industrial activity. It was then that the 400-600 blocks of West Fifteenth Street became a distinct business district with numerous brick and frame buildings constructed that year. Some of the brick structures remain, the frame buildings have all been either razed or replaced.

The area along West Fifteenth Street became a black neighborhood although white families still lived in the adjoining blocks on Mulberry and Pine Avenues until about the time of World War I. Statistically, the black population in Anniston dramatically increased proportionately between 1880 and 1900. (See chart below) The great majority of the blacks lived in West Anniston, close to the shops and foundries.

Comparative Distribution Percentage on Race
In Anniston, Alabama
As Shown in the Manuscript Censuses

	1880 (%)	1900 (%)
White	68.3	59.8
Black	31.7	40.2

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Over the next two and a half decades, construction and upgrading of commercial buildings proceeded, gradually easing out the residences, except for the few houses which still remain. The street itself was slag paved by 1905, but the original wooden sidewalks were not replaced until the 1920s. The latest construction date of a contributing building included in the historic district is 1935—the stone fire station which replaced the earlier frame structure built in 1903 in the 700 block.

In the evolving process between 1898 and 1930, the period of significance, the commercial neighborhood assumed a distinctive identity as the center for business and social activities for the black population of West Anniston. Shopping tastes have changed, and transportation is more readily available to the larger modern shopping centers in the outlying areas. Still, the West Fifteenth Street Historic District remains, visually very nearly the same as it was sixty years ago, as a business district as well as an important symbol of community for the people of that area.

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Personal Interviews:

Annie Laura Boyd, May 10, 1990
James Dunn, June 28, 1990
John D. Golightly, May 10, 1990
Mrs. C. B. Patillo, June 28, 1990
Dr. Gordon Rodgers, Jr., June 28, 1990
Thomas Coleman, July 19, 1990
Alfred Borrell, July 19, 1990
numerous other clerks in the stores on West Fifteenth Street

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Verbal Boundary Description

Beginning at the intersection of West Fifteenth Street and the Louisville and Nashville Railroad tracks, and continuing west on Fifteenth Street for three blocks to Mulberry Avenue, and including all buildings on both the north and south sides fronting West Fifteenth Street; then continuing west on West Fifteenth Street one-half block to the alley between Mulberry and Cooper Avenue, and including only those structures fronting Fifteenth Street on the south side of the street.

Legal Boundary Descriptions of individual lots on West Fifteenth Street, all situated in Anniston, Alabama, Section 6, Township 16, Range 8, from records in the Calhoun County Tax Assessor's Office:

1. building located on two parcels as follows:
 - a. Anniston City Land Co., Block 361, beginning 59.5 ft W of the NE corner of Block 361, thence S 90 ft, W 15 ft, N 90 ft, E 15 ft to point of beginning.
 - b. Anniston City land Co., Block 361, beginning at a point on the S line of W 15th St., 28.5 ft E of the SE intersection of W 15th St and Glenaddie Ave., thence E with the S line of W 15th St. 30 ft, S 90 ft, W 30 ft, N 90 ft to POB.
2. Anniston City Land Co., Block 361, beginning at the NW corner of Block 361 E 28.5 ft, S 90 ft, W 28.5 ft, N 90 ft to POB.
3. Anniston City Land Co., part of Block 360 described as follows, beginning at the NE intersection of W 15th St & Glenaddie Ave., thence N 75 ft, E 105 ft, SE 74 ft, thence W 116 ft to POB.
4. S.E.Boozer's resubdivision of West 1/2 lots 1 & 2, Block 161, lots A & B.
5. building located on two parcels as follows:
 - a. Anniston City Land co. Block 161, E 18 ft of Lot 16.
 - b. Anniston City Land Co., Block 161, part of Lot 16, described as follows, beginning at a point on S line of W 15th St 63 ft E of SE intersection of W 15th St & Pine Ave, thence E along S line of W 15th St 29 ft, S 52.5 ft, W 29 ft, thence N 52.5 ft to POB.

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6. Anniston City Land Co., Block 161, beginning 51 ft E of NW corner of Lot 16, E 12 ft, S 52.5 ft, W 12 ft, N 52.5 ft to POB.

7. Anniston City Land Co., Block 161, beginning 38ft E of the NW corner of Lot 16, E 13 ft, S 52.5 ft, W 13 ft, N 52.5 ft to POB.

8. Anniston City Land Co., Block 161, W 38 ft of Lot 16.

9. Anniston City Land Co., Block 160, E 85 ft of Lots 7 & 8.

10. Anniston City Land Co., Block 160, W 25 ft of S 100 ft of Lots 7 & 8, described as follows: beginning at a point on the N line of W 15th St., 85 ft W of the NW intersection of W 15th St and Glenaddie Ave., thence W 25 ft to the E line of an alley, N with alley 100 ft thence E 25 ft, S 100 ft to POB.

11. Anniston City Land Co. Block 160, part of Lots 9 & 10, described as follows, beginning at a point on the N line of W 15th St., 57 ft E of the NE intersection of W 15th St & Pine Ave., thence N 75 ft, E 53 ft to the W line of an alley, S with alley 75 ft to the N line of W 15th St, W 53 ft to POB.

12. Anniston City Land Co., Block 160, beginning at the NE corner of W 15th St. and Pine Ave., N 85 ft, E 110 ft, S 10 ft, W 53 ft, S 75 ft, W 57 ft to POB, being part of Lots 9 & 10.

13. Anniston City Land Co. Block 169, beginning at the SW corner of W 15th St & Pine Ave., S 100 ft, W 50 ft, N 100 ft, E 50 ft to POB, being part of Lots 14 & 15.

14. Anniston City Land Co., Block 169, part of Lots 14 & 15, described as follows, beginning at a point on the S line of W 15th St. 75 ft W of the SW intersection of W 15th St & Pine Ave, thence S 100 ft, W 25 ft, N 100 ft to the S line of W 15th St., thence E 25 ft to POB.

15. Anniston City Land Co., Block 169, part of Lots 14 & 15, described as follows, beginning at a point on W 15th St 100 ft W of the SW intersection of W 15th St & Pine Ave, thence S 100 ft, W 50.5 ft to the E line of an alley, N with alley 100 ft to the S line of W 15th St., thence E 50.5 ft to POB.

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16. Anniston City Land Co., Block 170, E 31 ft of Lot 9.
17. Anniston City Land Co., Block, 170, part of Lot 9, described as follows, beginning at a point on the N line of W 15th St., 31 ft W of NW intersection of W 15th St & Pine Ave., thence W 44 ft, N 52.5 ft, E 44 ft, thence S 52.5 ft to POB.
18. Anniston City Land Co. Block 170, part of Lot 9, described as follows, beginning at a point on the N line of W 15th St 75 ft W of the NW intersection of W 15th St & Pine Ave, thence W 25 ft, N 52.5 ft, E 25 ft, S 52.5 ft to POB.
19. Anniston City Land Co., Block 170, E 75 ft of Lot 1.
20. Anniston City Land Co., Block, 171, beginning 80 ft W of SW intersection of 15th St & Mulberry Ave, S 110 ft, W 40 ft, N 110 ft, E 40 ft to POB.
21. Anniston City Land Co., Block 171, part of Lots 1, 2, 3, described as follows, beginning at a point on S line of W 15th St 120 ft W of the SW intersection of W 15th St & Mulberry Ave., thence S 110 ft, W 40 ft, N 110 ft, E 20 ft to POB.
22. Anniston City Land Co. Block 171, beginning 160 ft W of SW corner of Mulberry Ave & W 15th St, S 110 ft, W 30 ft, N 110 ft, E 30 ft to POB being part of lots 1, 2, 3.

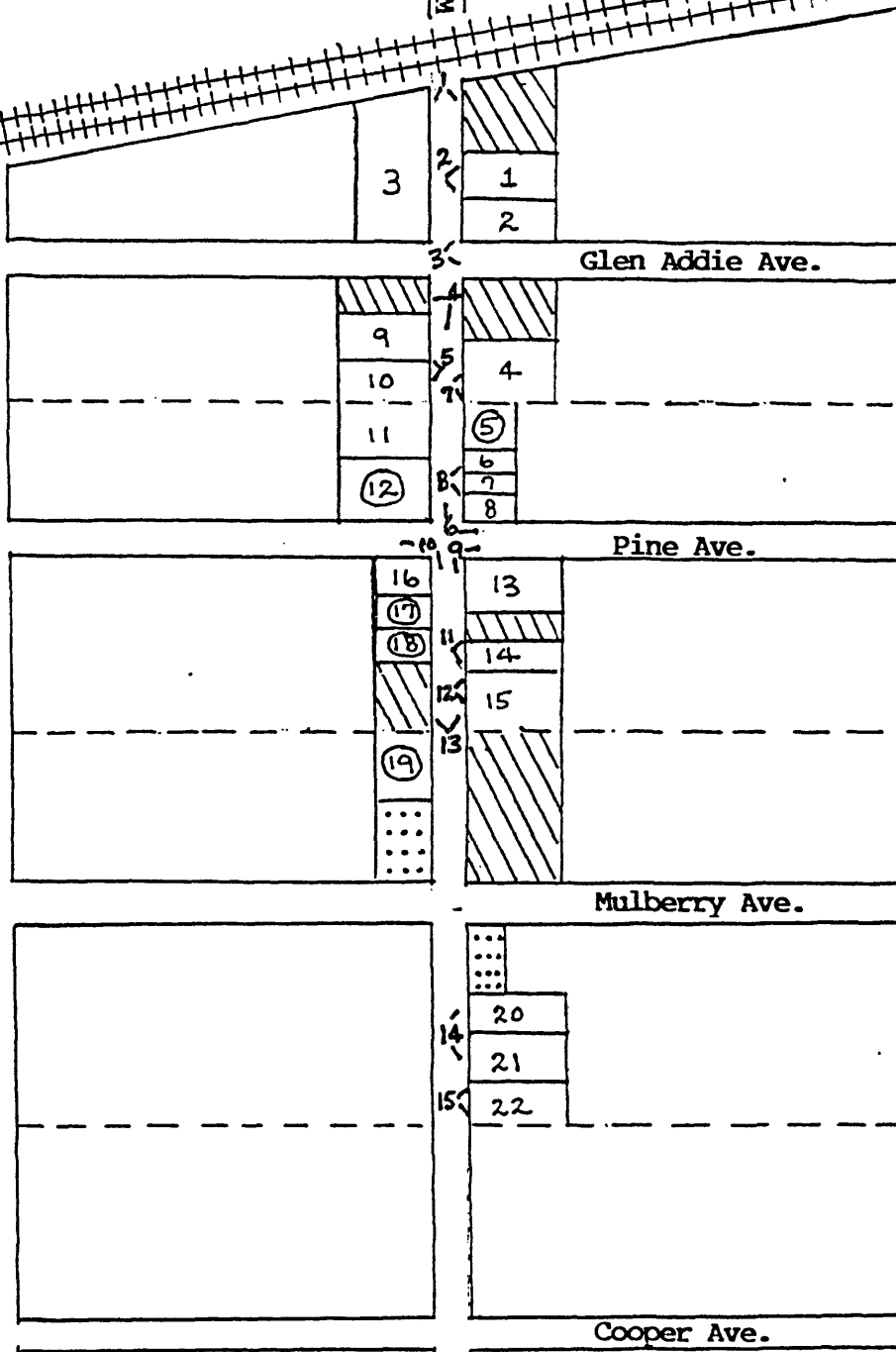
WEST FIFTEENTH STREET HISTORIC DISTRICT

ROUGH SKETCH MAP



West 15th St.

Seaboard Line
(Old L & N)

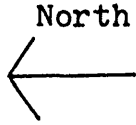


Scale 0 200
3/4" = 200'

- Alley - - - -
- Vacant Land
- House Facing Mulberry
- Noncontributing (5)

Photographs <

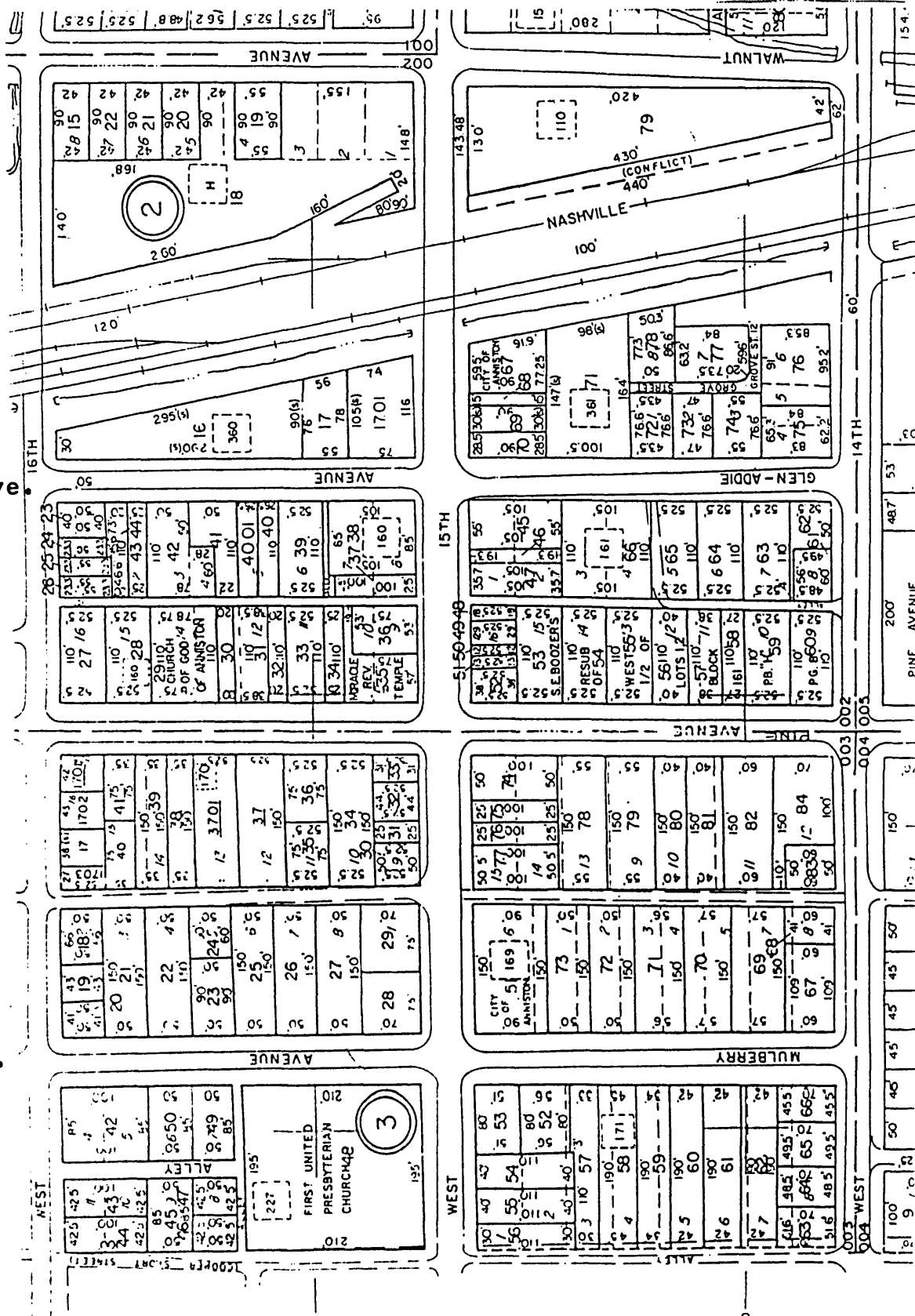
West Fifteenth Street Historic District Tax Map - from Calhoun County Tax Assessor's Office



Glen Addie Ave.

Pine Avenue

Mulberry Ave.



United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section number photo-
graphs Page 1

PHOTOGRAPHS

West Fifteenth Street Historic District
Anniston, Calhoun County, Alabama

Photographer: William F. Gates
Dates: July-August 1990
Location of Negatives: Alabama Historical Commission

5 x 7 enlargements:

No. of Photo	Description Or Address	Camera Facing	Inventory Number
1	15th St., looking west at RR tracks	W	on L: 1,2,4 on R: 9-12
2	416-420 W. 15th St.	S	1
3	430 W. 15th St.	NE	2
4	North side 500 Block W. 15th St.	NW	19,18,17,16
5	509 W. 15th St.	N	10
6	South side 500 Block W. 15th St.	S	4,5,6,7,8
7	504-508 W. 15th St.	S	4
8	518; 520; 530 W. 15th St.	S	6,7,8
9	600 W. 15th St.	S	13
10	601 W. 15th St.	N	16
11	606 W. 15th St.	S	14
12	608-612 W. 15th St.	S	15
13	Looking East on W. 15th St.	E	on L: 17,16,12 on R: 13,8,7,6
14	700; 708 W. 15th St.	S	20,21
15	712 W. 15th St., Old Fire Station	S	22