

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

For NPS use only

National Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination Form

received JAN 28 1986

date entered FEB 27 1986

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY BUILDING (preferred)

and or common Bank of Boston

2. Location

street & number 5 - 7 North Street

N/A not for publication

city, town Pittsfield N/A vicinity of

state Massachusetts code 025 county Berkshire code 003

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> commercial
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational
<input type="checkbox"/> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial
		<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military
			<input type="checkbox"/> museum
			<input type="checkbox"/> park
			<input type="checkbox"/> private residence
			<input type="checkbox"/> religious
			<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
			<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
			<input type="checkbox"/> other:

4. Owner of Property

name First National Bank of Boston

street & number 100 Federal Street

city, town Boston N/A vicinity of state Massachusetts

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Berkshire County Courthouse

street & number 76 East Street

city, town Pittsfield state MA

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

Inventory of the Historic Assets of the
title Commonwealth of Massachusetts #4001 has this property been determined eligible? yes no

date 1978 federal state county local

depository for survey records Massachusetts Historical Commission
80 Boylston Street

city, town Boston state Massachusetts

7. Description

Berkshire Life Insurance Company Building, Pittsfield, MA

Condition		Check one	Check one
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site
<input type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed	(as indicated)	date _____

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Berkshire Life Insurance Building, Pittsfield, is prominently sited at the intersection of North and West Streets in downtown Pittsfield. Built in 1868, it is a large masonry structure, Renaissance Revival in style, five stories in height, with a flat roof. Due to demolition of adjacent properties the building now stands somewhat isolated. It is prominently located at the western edge of Park Square (NR 1975), the traditional institutional and commercial center of Pittsfield. Buildings in the vicinity date from the mid-nineteenth century through the mid-twentieth century and range from three to six stories in height. The building's site slopes away to the west, so that the basement is fully exposed at the structure's western end. The property occupies its lot fully and is somewhat irregular in form, being essentially rectangular with the rear (western) portion 25 feet wider than the front (eastern) portion.

The building achieved its present appearance as a result of three additions (see sketch map and key). The original (1868) Renaissance Revival-style structure consisted of the easternmost section of the building. This building was three stories in height, with a mansard roof, measured about 65 X 120 feet, and consisted of seven bays on North Street and thirteen bays on West Street. A narrow wing protruded from the north side of the building, forming the west wall of a light well with the adjoining building (since demolished). In 1906, an annex measuring about 35 X 75 feet was constructed off the northwest corner of the original building. In 1911, two stories were added to the original structure and the annex and successfully augmented the initial design. Finally, in 1927, a simple ell-shaped addition of only four stories was constructed to extend the West Street elevation 95 feet and add about 45 feet to the west end of the annex. All these additions sensitively maintained the original style, scale, and material of the building, yet each addition is clearly discernible. At present, the building measures roughly 90 x 225 feet. It rests on a granite foundation and has a full basement.

The original building is of masonry bearing wall construction, with later portions of steel frame construction. The base of the building is of Monson granite, with a variety of facing materials on the upper elevations: the east and south facades are faced with Nova Scotia freestone; the west facade with buff-colored brick; and the north facade with red brick. The east facade's first story was somewhat harshly altered in 1969, when it was covered with a pebble and cement facing.

East Facade

On its main (east) elevation, the building is seven bays wide and framed by rusticated quoins on its upper stories. Its central bay contains the building's main entrance. The first story is now covered with a pebble and stucco applique added in 1969 while still retaining the original fenestration

Continued

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National Park ServiceNational Register of Historic Places
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Berkshire Life Insurance Company

Continuation sheet Building, Pittsfield, MA

Item number 7

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received

date entered

arrangement of round-arched window openings flanking a round-arched entryway.

The upper stories of this facade continue the pattern of a slightly projecting central bay flanked on each side by three bays through four additional stories of varying heights. On the second story, the central bay is flanked by paired pilasters with Corinthian capitals. The bay contains a rectangular window with a pedimented hood supported by consoles. The flanking three bays consist of rectangular window openings. The middle of these bays have segmental-arched window hoods supported by consoles, while the other windows have simple surrounds and flat lintels.

A simple, intermediate cornice separates the second story from the third. The central bay of the third story is separated from the other bays by paired Corinthian pilasters. This bay contains a segmental-arched window with a simple surround. A rosette is located above the window. Windows in the flanking bays are identical to this central opening. All are segmental arches with surrounds and rosettes. Corinthian-order pilasters with inset panels separate each bay and support a full entablature with projecting modillioned cornice that separates the third story from the fourth. This was originally the cap for the building, a mansard roof rising above it, but the addition of the upper two stories in 1911 have relegated it to an intermediate position on the facade.

The central bay of the fourth story contains two unadorned rectangular window openings. The windows in flanking bay are also rectangular, and equally simple. Broad, flat brackets set between each window support the simple cornice above.

The fifth story is given an arcaded treatment. The Corinthian pilasters separating the bays rest upon substantial bases. Between the pilasters, each base is ornamented with simple, recessed panels. All windows are round-headed arches with archivolt moldings and keystones. The pilasters support a tall, deep entablature with a sheet metal cornice ornamented with dentils, modillions, and soffit rosettes. Ornate copper cresting tops the entablature.

South Facade

The present south facade is the result of three construction efforts (1868, 1911, and 1927). The main, five-story portion of the facade dates from 1868, with the upper two stories being added in 1911. The four-story, westernmost part of the facade is a 1927 addition. The basement story is faced with Monson granite. The stone of the 1868 portion of the building is laid with

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Continuation sheet Berkshire Life Insurance Company
Building, Pittsfield, MA Item number 7

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rusticated joints, while that in the 1927 addition is smoothly finished and laid. Window openings in the 1868 portion are rectangular. Because of the manner in which the site slopes away to the west, the basement at the east end of the facade is fully exposed at the building's southwestern end. In the 1927 addition, a recessed doorway at ground level is flanked by a two-bay storefront at the building's southwest corner and a three-bay parking garage entrance.

The upper stories of the 1868/1911 portion of the building are symmetrically organized. A central portion, three bays wide, is flanked by single, slightly projecting bays. These are in turn flanked by four bays. The advanced bays are demarcated by rusticated quoins. These are given simple capitals at the first story. The window openings on the first story are rectangular with simple surrounds, except for those in the center, three-bay-wide section, which are round-headed arches with archivolt moldings and keystones. The second-story windows are rectangular. Those in the advanced bays have pedimented hoods supported by consoles. The center window in the center, three-bay section has a segmental-arched hood supported by consoles. The third-story windows are all segmentally arched openings with simple surrounds. The windows in the advanced bays on this story are topped by rosettes.

The two upper stories of this portion of the facade, constructed in 1911, are organized in the same fashion as those below. The fenestration pattern for these stories is identical to that described for the east facade.

The upper three stories of the 1927 addition are finished with Nova Scotia freestone. Rusticated quoins are located at the ends of the addition's south facade, between the first and second bays from the west end of the facade, and between the fifth and sixth bays. Except for the first bay from the west end, which contains a single window opening at each story, each bay contains paired window openings. On the middle two stories, these are rectangular with simple surrounds, while the upper story fenestration is segmental arched. An intermediate cornice separates each story in the addition. The entablature at the top additions continues that of the original 1868 portion of the building.

The fourth and fifth stories of the 1906 annex, which were added in 1911, are also visible from the south. They are red brick, with segmental-arched window openings grouped in threes and fours. All windows have marble sills but are otherwise unadorned.

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Berkshire Life Insurance Company
Building, Pittsfield, MA

Continuation sheet

Item number

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West Facade

The west facade fronts on McKay Street, a secondary roadway. The principal, visible portion of the west facade dates from 1927. At the south end of the facade, the granite and freestone treatment described above for the south facade wraps around the corner for a single bay. The remainder of the west facade of the 1927 addition is finished in buff-colored brick. Windows are paired, rectangular openings. Simple, molded belt courses separate the upper stories.

The fourth and fifth stories of the 1911 addition are also visible to the south. These stories are finished in red brick. The upper two stories of the 1906 annex have segmental-arched window openings with marble sills. The upper stories of the original building have rectangular openings with marble sills and lintels at the fourth story and rectangular and round-headed arched openings at the fifth story.

North Facade

This facade contains work from all four periods of the building's construction and is quite simple, being the only portion of the structure not intended to be viewed from the street. It is faced with red brick and contains rectangular and segmental-arched window openings. Prior to the destruction of the adjoining building in 1979, much of this facade was either party wall or opened into lightwells.

Interior Features

The several additions to the building have resulted in an asymmetrical floor plan characterized by double-loaded corridors. Notable interior features include an ornate metal stairway, marble and walnut wainscoting in some locations, and decorative plasterwork, principally on the second floor (1868) and fifth floor (1911). Numerous alterations have greatly altered most interior spaces.

Archaeology

The property holds little or no archaeological significance: the building occupies its entire parcel and any archaeological remains would have been destroyed during the construction process.

8. Significance Berkshire Life Insurance Company Building, Pittsfield, MA

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400–1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500–1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600–1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700–1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800–1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900–	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates 1868, 1906, 1911, **Builder/Architect** Louis Weisbein

1927

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Berkshire Life Insurance Building, Pittsfield, is a monumental example of 19th and early 20th century commercial architecture. The building retains integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association. Historically, it is significant for its associations with the commercial development of downtown Pittsfield and the community's importance as a regional financial center. The building served as the virtual heart of the community from 1868 to 1910, housing four banks, the post office, telegraph office, and telephone exchange, and, most importantly, the headquarters of the Berkshire Life Insurance Company, a major New England assurance firm. Architecturally, the building is significant as a fine example of Renaissance Revival styling, illustrating four phases of construction (1868, 1906, 1911, and 1927), with the later additions all complementary to the original 1868 structure. Both the original building and subsequent additions were designed by significant Massachusetts architects: Boston architect Louis Weisbein designed the main portion of the structure, while locally important architects Henry Seaver and James McArthur Vance were responsible for subsequent additions. The Berkshire Life Insurance Building is one of the largest commercial buildings west of the Connecticut River. It thus meets Criteria A and C of the National Register of Historic Places on the local level.

The building was constructed as the home office of the Berkshire Life Insurance Company, a major New England insurance firm founded in 1851 by former Massachusetts governor George Nelson Briggs. Upon its completion in 1868, the building housed three banks in addition to the insurance company offices. As the headquarters of these institutions, the building became a focal point for the financial life of Pittsfield and the surrounding area. The high-style design of the Berkshire Life Insurance Company Building attests to the financial strength and importance achieved by the firm within only twenty years of its founding. The numerous additions to the building reflect the continued growth and importance of the Berkshire Life Insurance Company.

The building also housed the post office, telegraph, and telephone exchanges of Pittsfield. The concentration of all these important activities in one building gave the structure an extremely important position within the social and economic life of the community. The numerous additions and expansions to the building attest to the continued importance of the firms that occupied it into the present day. Today, the building houses the Pittsfield offices of the Bank of Boston, as well as numerous other businesses.

The quality of the surviving interior finishes reinforce the testimony of the exterior. On the fifth floor, which was constructed for a local businessman's club, the Park Club, in 1911, the opulence of the surviving interior finishes speak to the wealth of Pittsfield's business community at that time.

Continued

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet

10. Geographical Data

Acreeage of nominated property .46 acre

Quadrangle name Pittsfield, West

Quadrangle scale 1:25,000

UTM References

A

1	18	6	4	3	5	10	10	4	17	0	10	8	18	10
Zone	Easting			Northing										

B

Zone	Easting			Northing										

C

Zone	Easting			Northing										

D

Zone	Easting			Northing										

E

Zone	Easting			Northing										

F

Zone	Easting			Northing										

G

Zone	Easting			Northing										

H

Zone	Easting			Northing										

Verbal boundary description and justification

See continuation sheet

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state N/A code county code

state code county code

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Betsy Friedberg, Preservation Planner, MHC, with Patrick O'Bannon, Pres. Consultant

organization Massachusetts Historical Commission date December, 1985

street & number 80 Boylston Street telephone (617)727-8470

city or town Boston state MA 02116

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

national state local

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

State Historic Preservation Officer signature Valerie Talmage

title State Historic Preservation Officer date Jan. 22, 1986
Executive Director, Massachusetts Historical Commission

For NPS use only

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register

Entered in the
National Register

for Delores Byan date 2/27/86
Keeper of the National Register

Attest: _____ date _____

Chief of Registration

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination Form**

Berkshire Life Insurance Company
Building, Pittsfield, MA

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received
date entered

Continuation sheet Item number 8 Page 1

The Berkshire Life Insurance Building is a fine example of Renaissance Revival-style architecture, the only commercial building of its type in Pittsfield. The building does not display any trend-setting stylistic or design features, but it is a well-designed high-style structure constructed in what was, essentially, a small town. As such it offers eloquent testimony to the quality of architecture available in the region during this period. The use of Nova Scotia freestone makes the building unique both within Pittsfield and throughout the surrounding area.

Perhaps the most striking architectural feature of the building as it now exists is the quality and sensitivity of design used in the 1911 and 1927 additions. These additions display a startling sympathy to the original design in their use of materials, scale, and detailing. The original building and the two principal additions were designed by architects responsible for many of the most important late 19th century buildings in Pittsfield.

Boston architect Louis Weisbein designed the original (1868) building, which was constructed by local contractor D. C. Munyan. This same team also designed and built the nearby Berkshire County Courthouse in 1871 (NR 1975).

The 1906 annex and the 1927 addition were designed by local architect Henry M. Seaver of the firm of Harding and Seaver. Seaver graduated from MIT in 1897 and entered the Boston office of Longfellow, Alden and Harlow. In 1899, he and George C. Harding formed a partnership in Pittsfield. The firm practiced until 1921, when Harding died. Seaver then continued in practice alone until his death in 1947. Seaver and his partner designed a number of important buildings in Pittsfield and the surrounding area, including the Berkshire Museum and YMCA.

Local Pittsfield architect James McArthur Vance designed the two upper stories that were added to the building in 1911. Vance graduated from MIT in 1891 and entered the office of Francis R. Allen in Boston. In 1894, he came to Pittsfield to superintend the construction of the Berkshire County Savings Bank Building (NR 1975), located directly across North Street from the Berkshire Life Insurance Company Building. Vance remained in Pittsfield, practicing architecture, until his death in 1948. He designed several important downtown buildings, including the Berkshire County Registry of Deeds Building, the Colonial and Palace Theatres, the First Baptist Church, and the First Church of Christ, Scientist.

With the exception of the applied first-story facade on the east elevation, the exterior of the building is virtually identical to its ca. 1927 appearance. Excellent photographic documentation of the original east facade survives, and shows it to have contained a porticoed central entryway flanked

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National Park Service

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Berkshire Life Insurance Company

Continuation sheet

Building, Pittsfield, MA

Item number

8

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2

by round-arched openings containing windows and secondary entries. Pilasters with Doric capitals separated the bays. The portico was surmounted by a simple entablatures and low balustrade. It is the owner's intention to restore this facade as part of a certified rehabilitation.

A fire in 1979 destroyed an adjacent, unrelated building to the north, so the Berkshire Life Building now stands as a detached structure. Its prominent location at the western end of Park Square gives it significance within the context of Pittsfield's urban plan. As the only Renaissance Revival commercial building in downtown Pittsfield, and a monumental example of the style, as well as one of the oldest extant buildings in the city's business district, the Berkshire Life Insurance Building is well worth listing on the National Register of Historic Places.

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National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only

received

date entered

Continuation sheet Berkshire Life Insurance Company Item number 9 & 10 Page 1
Building, Pittsfield, MA

Section 9

Berkshire (MA) Evening Eagle, 12 September 1911; 10 December 1947; 14 December 1948.

Pittsfield (MA) Journal, 10 January 1911; 18 December 1911.

Pittsfield (MA) Sun, 27 December 1866; 18 July 1867; 30 July 1868.

Barker, John, The First Hundred Years (Pittsfield: Berkshire Life Insurance Co., 1951).

Boltwood, Edward, The History of Pittsfield, Massachusetts: From the Year 1876 to the Year 1916, (Pittsfield: City of Pittsfield, 1916).

Smith, J.E.A., The History of Pittsfield, (Berkshire County,) Massachusetts, 2v. (Boston: Lee and Shepard, 1869, 1976), 1:38.

Section 10

Starting at a point located on the northwest corner of the intersection of North and West Streets, thence in a northerly direction 64 feet to a point on the west side of North Street. Thence in a westernly direction 35 feet to a point, thence at a right angle in a northerly direction 15 feet to a point. Thence at a right angle in a westernly direction 44 feet to a point. Thence at a right angle in a northerly direction 26 feet to a point. Thence at a right angle in a westernly direction 61 feet to a point. Thence at a right angle in a southernly direction 14 feet to a point. Thence at a right angle in a westernly direction 85 feet to a point. Thence at a right angle in a southernly direction along the east curb of McKay Street 89 feet to a point on a the north curb of West Street. Thence along the north curb of West Street in an easternly direction 224 feet to the starting point. This boundary includes all portions of the property in Berkshire County Deed Book v. 711, P. 109 (30 August 1960).

Ref # 86000276

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

Berkshire Life Insurance Company Building
Berkshire County
MASSACHUSETTS

Working No. JAN 28 1986

Fed. Reg. Date: 12/3/87

Date Due: 2/27/86 - 3/4/86

Action: ACCEPT 2-27-86

RETURN

REJECT

Federal Agency: _____

Entered in the
National Register

- resubmission
- nomination by person or local government
- owner objection
- appeal

Substantive Review: sample request appeal NR decision

Reviewer's comments:

Recom./Criteria _____

Reviewer _____

Discipline _____

Date _____

_____ see continuation sheet

Nomination returned for: _____ technical corrections cited below
_____ substantive reasons discussed below

1. Name

2. Location

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
	Public Acquisition	Accessible	

4. Owner of Property

5. Location of Legal Description

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

Has this property been determined eligible? yes no

7. Description

Condition

- excellent
- good
- fair
- deteriorated
- ruins
- unexposed

Check one

- unaltered
- altered

Check one

- original site
- moved date _____

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

- summary paragraph
- completeness
- clarity
- alterations/integrity
- dates
- boundary selection

8. Significance

Period _____ Areas of Significance—Check and justify below

Specific dates _____ Builder/Architect _____
Statement of Significance *(in one paragraph)*

- summary paragraph
- completeness
- clarity
- applicable criteria
- justification of areas checked
- relating significance to the resource
- context
- relationship of integrity to significance
- justification of exception
- other

9. Major Bibliographical References

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property _____

Quadrangle name _____

UTM References _____

Verbal boundary description and justification _____

11. Form Prepared By

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

_____ national _____ state _____ local

State Historic Preservation Officer signature _____

title _____ date _____

13. Other

- Maps
- Photographs
- Other

Questions concerning this nomination may be directed to _____

Signed _____ Date _____ Phone: _____



Berkshire Life Insurance Company Building
5-7 North Street
Pittsfield
Patrick W. O'Bannon, May 1984
OK Properties
Photo Number 1 of 3
View to northwest



AMERICAN TRAVEL


COLONIAL TRAVEL

DO NOT ENTER

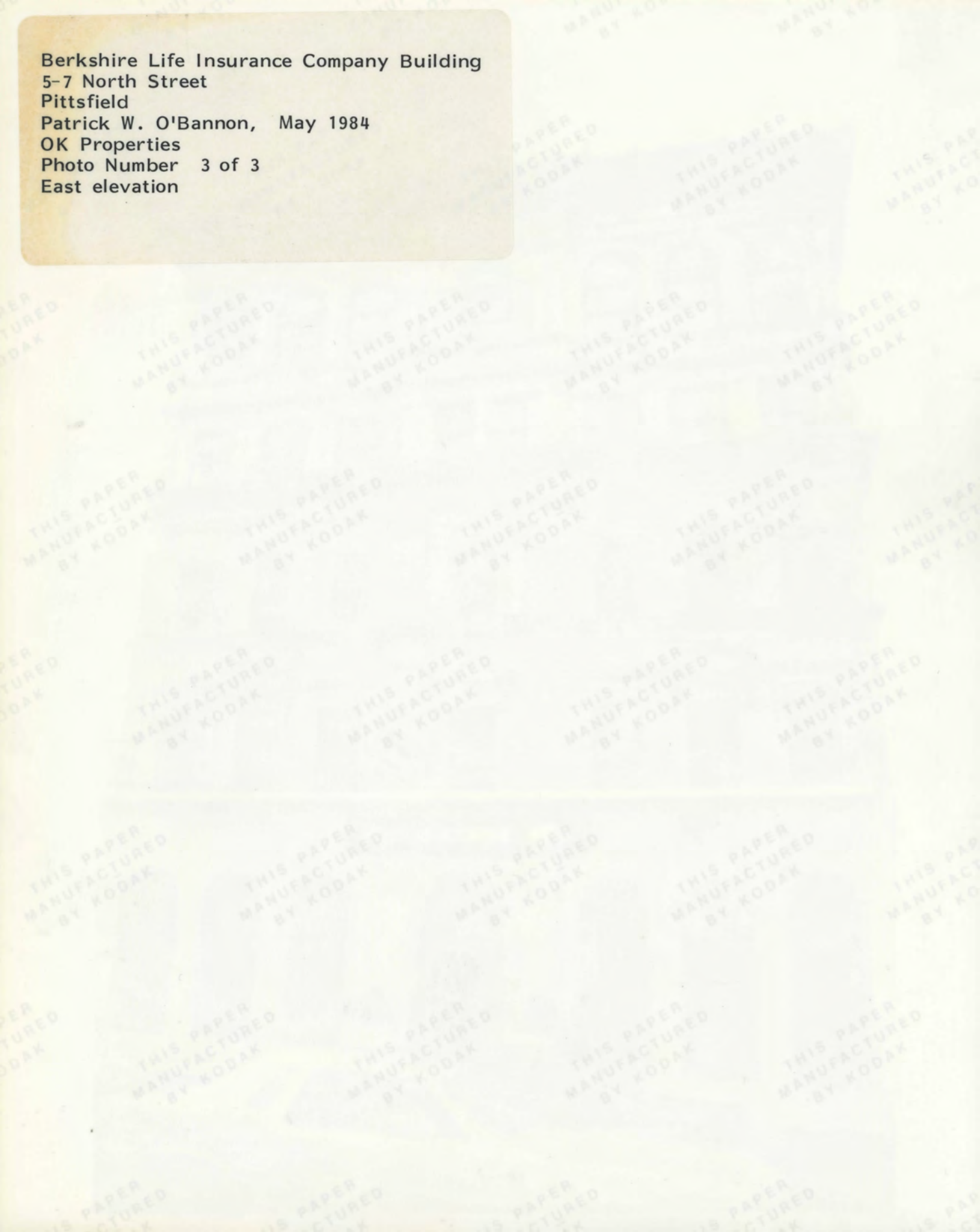
BANK OF BOSTON

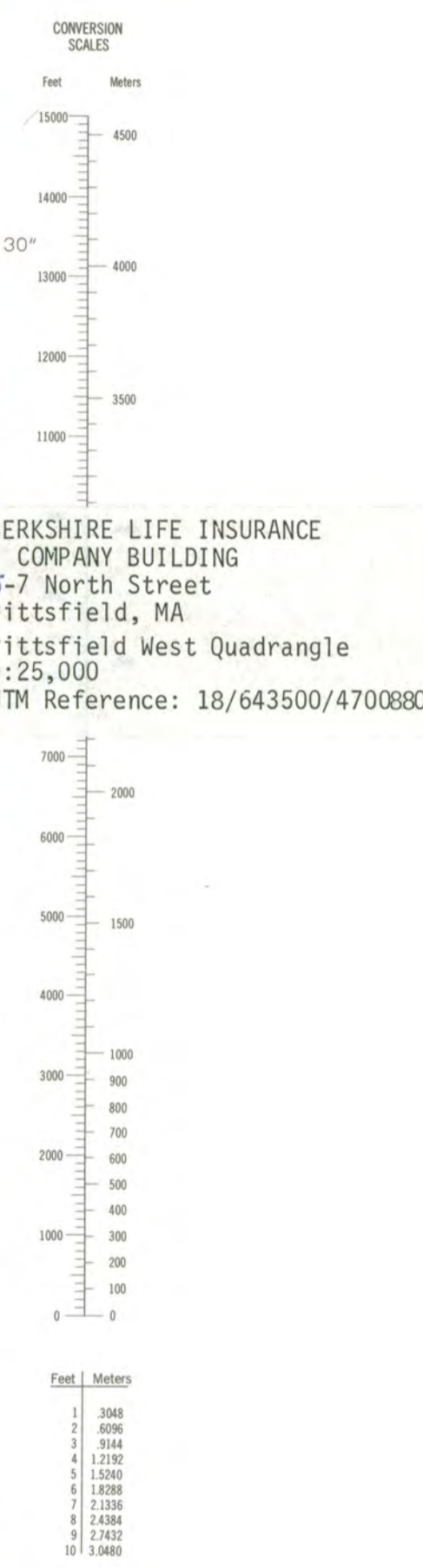
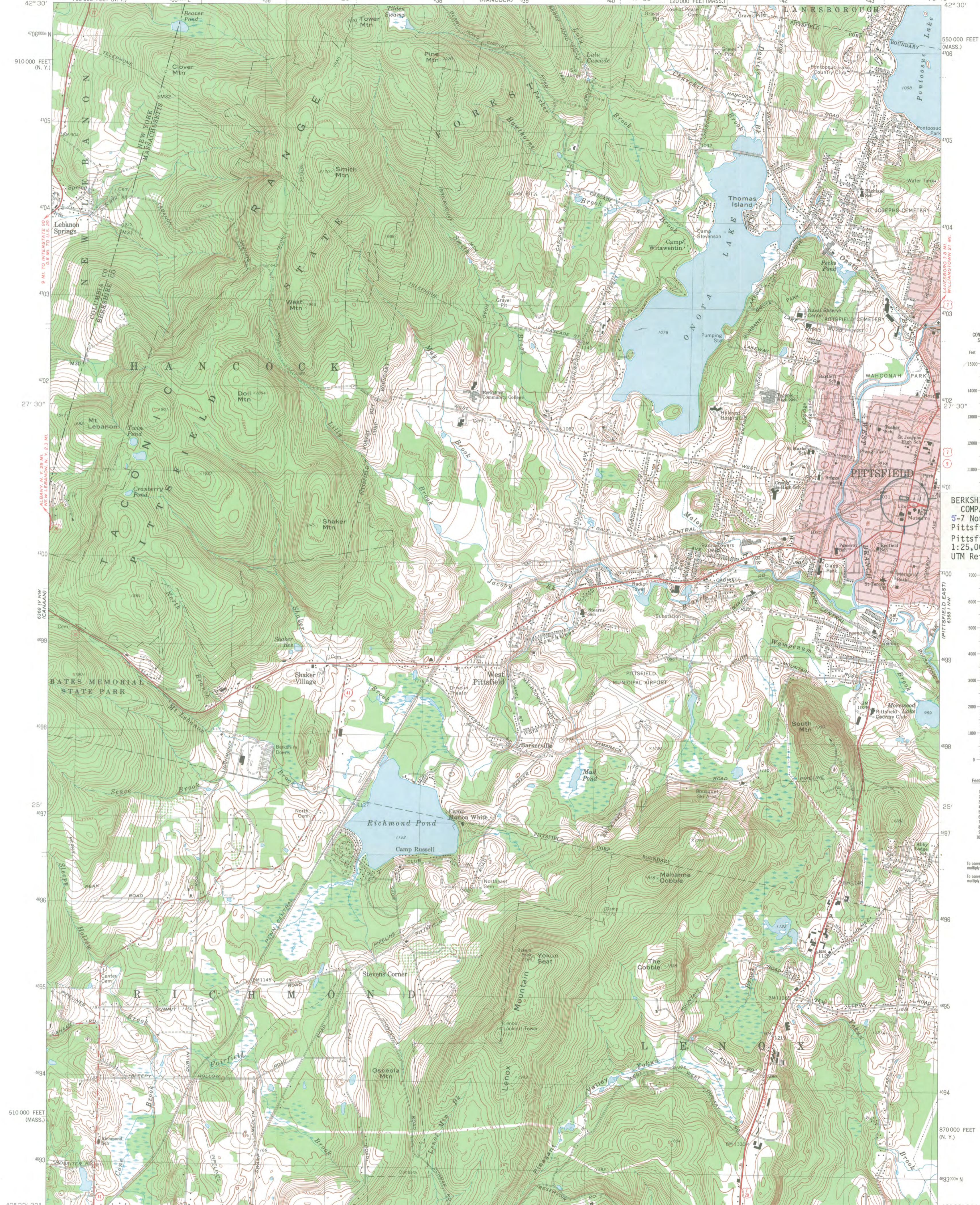
Berkshire Life Insurance Company Building
5-7 North Street
Pittsfield
Patrick W. O'Bannon, May 1984
OK Properties
Photo Number 2 of 3
View to northeast



 **BANK OF BOSTON**

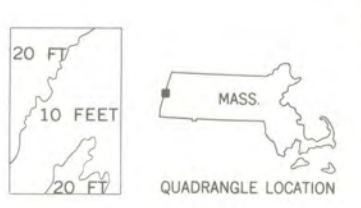
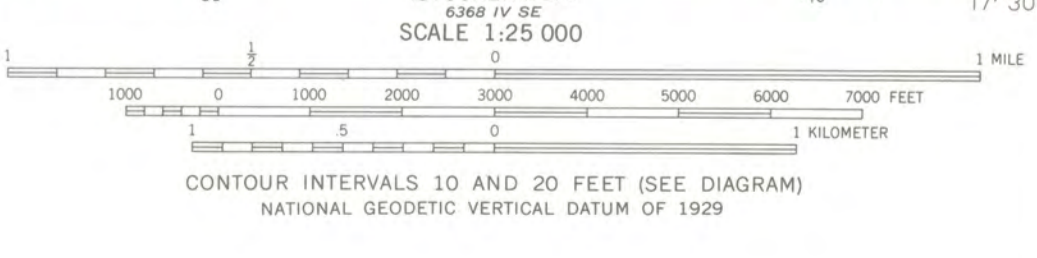
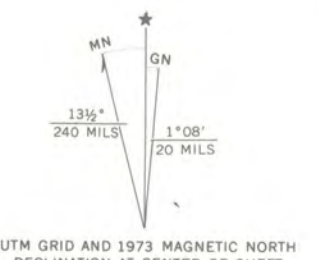
Berkshire Life Insurance Company Building
5-7 North Street
Pittsfield
Patrick W. O'Bannon, May 1984
OK Properties
Photo Number 3 of 3
East elevation





BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY BUILDING
5-7 North Street
Pittsfield, MA
Pittsfield West Quadrangle
1:25,000
UTM Reference: 18/643500/4700880

Mapped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey
Control by USGS, USC&GS, and Massachusetts Geodetic Survey
Topography by planetable surveys 1943-1944. Revised from
aerial photographs taken 1971. Field checked 1973
Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum
10,000-foot grid based on Massachusetts coordinate system,
mainland zone, and New York coordinate system, east zone
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid, zone 18



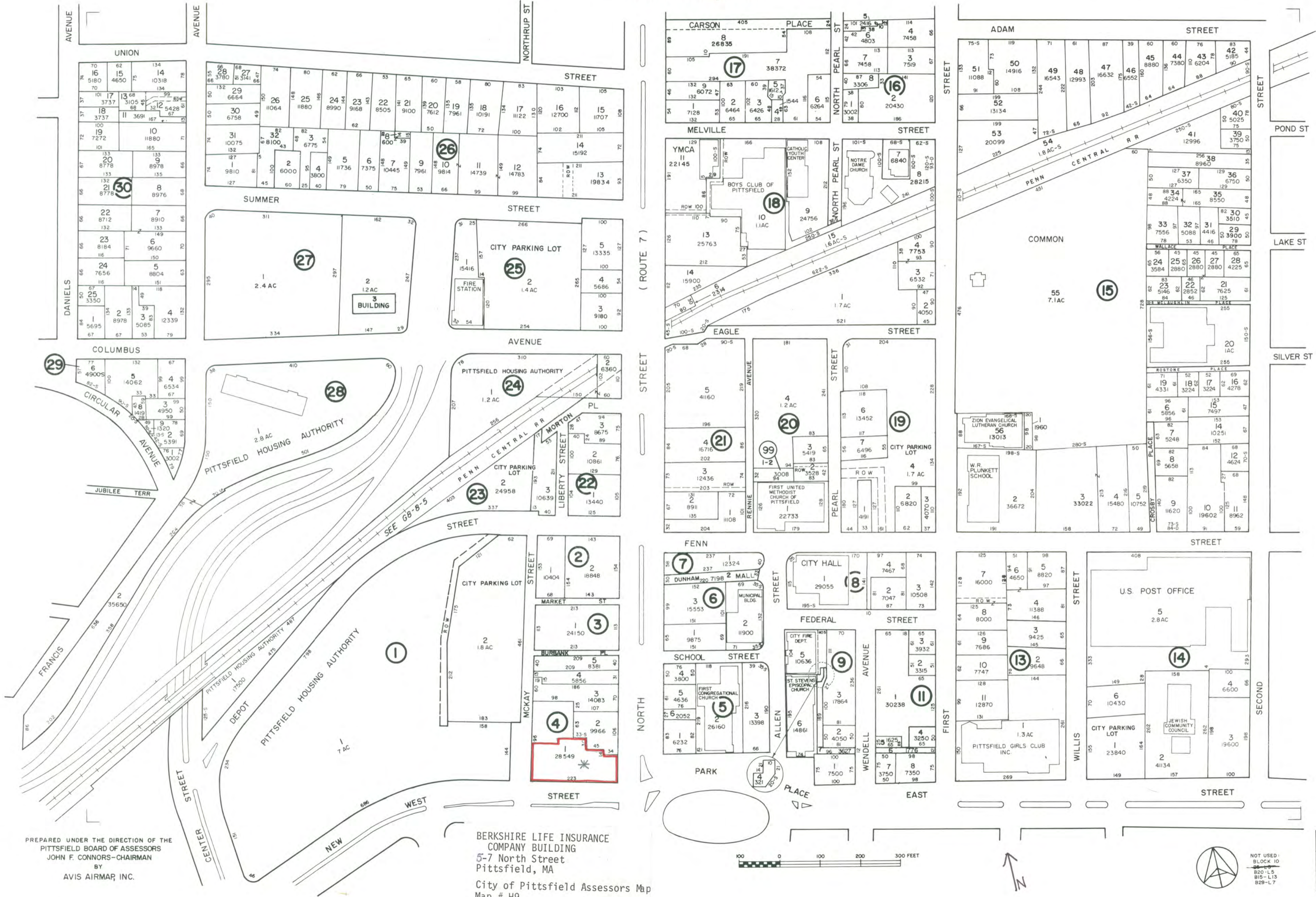
PITTSFIELD WEST, MASS.—N. Y.
N4222.5—W7315.5

1973

AMS 6368 IV NE—SERIES W814

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS
FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

CITY OF PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS ASSESSORS MAPS



PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE
PITTSFIELD BOARD OF ASSESSORS
JOHN F. CONNORS-CHAIRMAN
BY
AVIS AIRMAP, INC.

BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY BUILDING
5-7 North Street
Pittsfield, MA
City of Pittsfield Assessors Map
Map # H9

G10	H10	I10
G9	H9	I9
G8	H8	I8



P 284 880 972

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Office of the Secretary of State
Michael Joseph Connolly, Secretary

JAN 28 1986

Massachusetts Historical Commission
Valerie A. Talmage
Executive Director
State Historic Preservation Officer

January 21, 1986

Carol Shull
National Register of Historic Places
Department of Interior, National Park Service
P.O. Box 37127
Washington, DC 20013-7127

Dear Ms. Shull:

Enclosed you will find the following nomination forms:

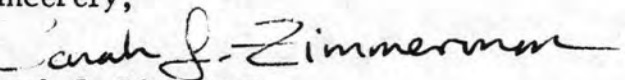
Hudson, FELTON STREET SCHOOL, 20 Felton Street, HPCA completed #0449-83-MA-83-0445, NPS preliminary determination that building is a certified historic structure: 11/3/83.

Pittsfield, BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY BUILDING, 5--7 North Street, HPCA pending #0619-84-MA-84-0625, NPS preliminary determination that building is a certified historic structure: 9/28/84.

Templeton, BALDWINVILLE VILLAGE HISTORIC DISTRICT, Elm, Pleasant, Memorial, South Main and Circle Streets.

All have been voted eligible by the State Review Board and have been signed by the State Historic Preservation Officer. Owners were notified of pending State Review Board consideration 30-75 days before the meeting and were afforded the opportunity to comment. Comments received to date are attached to the nomination forms.

Sincerely,


Sarah J. Zimmerman
Director, Preservation Planner
Massachusetts Historical Commission

SJZ/lis
enclosure