National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms	
Type all entries—complete applicable sections	

1. Name

historic	American	Woman's League	e Chapter	House	
and or common	Peck Libr	ary			
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	217 North	Main Street			$\underline{N/A}$ not for publication
city, town	Peck	<u>N/A</u> v	icinity of		
state	Idaho	code 016	county	Nez Perce	code 069
3. Clas	sification	1			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership _X_ public private both Public Acquisitic N/A in process N/A being conside	on Accessib yes: r	cupied in progress	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation tother: library
4. Own	er of Pro	perty			
name	City of P	eck			
street & number	P.O. Box	105			
city, town	Peck	<u>n/a</u> v	icinity of	state	e Idaho 83545
5. Loca	ation of L	egal Des	criptio	n	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Nez Perce C	County Cour	thouse	
street & number		Main and Th	irteenth S	Streets	
city, town		Lewiston		state	e Idaho 83501
6. Rep	resentati	on in Exi	sting \$	Surveys	
title Idaho S	tate Historic S	ites Inventory	has this pro	perty been determined	eligible? yesX_ no
date 1982				federalX_ s	tate county local
depository for su	urvey records Ida	ho State Histo	rical Soci	ety	
city, town	Boi	se		state	e Idaho

AUG

5 1986

For NPS use only

received

date entered

7. Description

Condition	Check one		
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	
good	ruins	X_ altered	
<u> </u>	unexposed		

Check one <u>X</u> original site

N/A moved date N/A

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The American Woman's League Chapter House is a one-story frame and stucco building facing southwest onto Main Street in the small town of Peck, Idaho. The building has a cruciform plan formed by two cross-gabled rectangular blocks. The outset entry and the two wings flanking it form a seven-bay front with a central door and three windows either side of it. The exterior wall finish of the frame building is comprised of a clapboarded section from the concrete slab foundation up to the window sills and stucco from the window sills to the eaves. The building's gable roof is covered with corrugated metal sheets.

Architects of the AWL chapter houses drew on the Prairie Style for the houses' low profile and horizontal lines, an effect created by shallow roofs, large squat chimneys, deep enclosed overhanging eaves, and horizontal bands of dark clapboards, light stucco, dark-framed windows, and dark eaves boards. The Peck chapter house retains all of these features, as well as original sash and glazing in the six-over-six double-hung sash windows, and decorative diagonal bricks and dark headers in the chimney on the northwest wall. The single-pane paneled front and side doors are probably original fixtures. Along the front and around the wings of the building, the clapboard siding is outset the depth of the chimney and of the built-in bookcase which is centered on the southeast wall. The outset, angled at the building corners, serves as a planter.

Two bas reliefs related to the AWL are extant in the building. On the exterior, a bas relief in the gable space above the front door displays the AWL emblem: the letters AWL superimposed on each other and over a cross, all within a wreath. Below the emblem is the legend "American Woman's League" in raised letters. On the interior, a bas relief plaque is set into the chimney above the fireplace. Entitled "Woman's Mission," the plaque by George Julian Zolnay depicts a seated woman embracing two children. On her lap is an open book.

The City of Peck has recently acquired the building and found a compatible reuse for it as the Peck Library. The chapter house is nearly unaltered. In the recent remodeling, a window in the rear wall has been stuccoed over, the metal roofing painted, and the original doors restored. The metal roofing dates from about 1945-1955 and covers the original compositio roofing. On the interior the original plan and design elements are intact, with the exception that a partition was added in the rear kitchen wing to create a bathroom for the Peck The original kiln was removed from the building before Library remodeling. 1940. A small sign reading "Peck Library" has been placed immediately above the Also on the property is a woodshed built later than the chapter front door. house and not contibuting to the nomination.

8. Significance

1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture agriculture art commerce communications		law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1909	Builder/Architect He	elfensteller, Hirsch a	and Watson

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The American Woman's League Chapter House in Peck is architecturally significant as a nearly unaltered example of AWL architecture. The chapter house is one of two that were built in Idaho, and it is the only one of those to survive today. The chapter house is historically significant for its association with the AWL movement and for its role as a center for local social and educational activities. The building is significant at least within a state context; depending upon the survival of the thirty-nine other chapter houses built throughout the United States, the Peck building may be of national significance.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

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tate 1	N/A	code N/A	county	N/A	code	N/A
reet & number	610 North Ju	ılia Davis Dri	ve	telephone	(208) 334-3861	
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2. Sta	te Histo	ric Pres	ervatio	on Offic	er Certifi	catior
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American Woman's League Chapter House **Continuation sheet**

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As noted in part 7 of this form, the Peck chapter house retains the distinctive features of the Prairie Style buildings designed for the American Woman's League by the St. Louis architectural firm of Helfensteller, Hirsch, and Watson. Chapter houses were available from the AWL to League chapters that qualified by acquiring a certain level of membership. Construction of the Peck building, which was a Class I chapter house, required that the local chapter acquire at least 30 paid members and a lot measuring 50 by 100 feet. According to AWL specifications, Class I buildings were erected at a cost of \$1,200 in communities of 500 to 1,500 people. The AWL believed that a woman's important role in society was homemaker, and therefore Helfensteller, Hirsch, and Watson were asked to create chapter houses that reflected domestic design and progressive The architects designed a series of standard Prairie Style plans that ideals. were clearly residential in massing, scale, materials, and decorative motifs. Each chapter house had a fireplace with George Julian Zolnay's bas relief "Woman's Mission." Each had the AWL emblem above the front door. The Peck chapter house is a well-preserved representative of those Prairie School designs, retaining its original location, design, materials (with the minor exceptions of roofing and one window on a non-primary exposure), and workmanship. The only other AWL building that was erected in Idaho, an apparently identical Class I chapter house in Payette, is no longer standing.

The American Woman's League was a scheme of St. Louis publisher and land developer Edward Gardner Lewis. Believing that woman suffrage would create a need for education and other programs that addressed women's issues, Lewis established the league in 1908. The league offered a constellation of services a correspondence school, chapter houses, an art academy, a to its members: lending library, an outlet for sales of member handicrafts, a widows' retreat, and a loan and relief fund. League members pledged to sell subscriptions of \$52 Membership was open to men, but they had no vote in League in two years' time. affairs. The League was based at Lewis's University City, a community he established in 1906 near the grounds of the 1904 St. Louis World's Fair. Lewis's enterprise had a setback in 1911, when he declared bankruptcy, but the League was reorganized as the American Woman's Republic. The Republic established a cooperative colony at Atascadero, California, which supported itself through World War I by growing and processing dehydrated foods. By 1920, when woman suffrage was realized, the Republic was no longer active as an organization, but the Atascadero settlement remained.

An American Woman's League chapter was established at Peck, Idaho, by Mrs. C. A. Waite. The chapter house was built in 1909. As one of the small town's few public structures, the building served multiple purposes, many of them peripheral to the mission of the AWL. As a chapter house, the building served as a meeting place, library, and ceramic studio. In addition, the building was a community center for social activities and a resting place for farm families visiting town. It provided space for community church services and funeral services. In 1910 the Los Angeles Herald stated that, "The kiln built for the

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American Woman's League Chapter House

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8



chapter at Peck. Idaho was the beginning of a broad new life for members in that isolated town."

1 Meyer, Pauline. "Keep Your Face to the Sunshine--A Lost Chapter in the History of Woman Suffrage," p. 18.

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Page

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Deed for Block 48, lots 1-3, 31 March 1909, on file at Nez Perce County Recorder's Office, book 101, p. 127.

- Historic Structures Worksheet prepared by Ann Hesson, Site 003764 in Idaho Historic Sites Inventory, Idaho State Historical Society, Boise, Idaho.
- Meyer, Pauline. "Keep Your Face to the Sunshine--A Lost Chapter in the History of Woman Suffrage." Edwardsville, Illinois: 1980.
- Quitclaim Deeds for Block 48, lots 1-3, 25 October 1984 and 18 February 1963, on file at Nez Perce County Courthouse, Lewiston, Idaho.
- Smith, Margaret, telephone conversation with Jennifer Eastman Attebery, 27 June 1986, Peck, Idaho. Notes on file in Idaho Historic Sites Inventory, Idaho State Historical Society, Boise, Idaho.

"We, the Women of the United States." Lewiston Tribune. 17 June 1984.