	15 17 17 17	75
NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)	RECEIVED	OMB No. 10024-0018
United States Department of the Interior		
National Park Service	JUL 06 1993	
National Register of Historic Places	Nesticipal	
Registration Form	REGISTER	
This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for <i>National Register of Historic Places Registration Form</i> (National Register of entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enterentries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-90).	ster Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not ap ar only categories and subcategories from the instructions	n the appropriate box or plicable." For functions, s. Place additional
1. Name of Property		······································
historic name <u>Seminole Heights Residential</u>	District	
other names/site number <u>N/A</u>		
2. Location		
Bounded by Osborne, Flori street & number <u>Cherokee Avenues</u>		for publication
city or town Tampa	N/A	vicinity
		-
state <u>Florida</u> code <u>FT</u> county	<u>Hillsborough</u> code <u>057</u> zip	code <u>33603</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification		
□ request for determination of eligibility meets the documen Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional re I meets □ does not meet the National Register criteria. I r □ nationally □ statewide I locally. (□ See continuation s WALLE V Valley Valley Signature of certifying official/Title <u>State Historic Preservation Officer</u> State of Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the property □ meets □ does not meet the comments.)	quirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the recommend that this property be considered significant sheet for additional comments.) $\frac{T_{V}}{Date} = \frac{6/28}{93}$ Division of Historical Resources	he property
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau		-
4. National Park Service Certification	Construct the Konstant III	
I hereby certify that the property is: entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the	Signature of the Keeper thousand Hacilet	Date of Action
National Register		
determined not eligible for the National Register.		
Register.		
other, (explain:)		

Ξ - 1.04

Hillsborough, Florida County and State

Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Res (Do not include pre	ources within Propert viously listed resources in th	y e count.)
 ☑ private ☑ public-local □ public-State □ public-Federal 	 building(s) tistrict site structure object 		Noncontributing 113	structures
			113	•
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)		Number of contributing resources previously liste in the National Register		
N/A		0		
6. Function or Use				
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from		
Domestic/Single_Dwelling		Domestic/Single Dwelling		
Education/School		Education/School		
Religion/Church		Religion/Ch	urch	
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from	instructions)	
Bungalow		foundationBr	ick	
No Style/Wood Frame Vernacular		walls Wo	od	
<u>Gothic Revival</u>		······································	- Main Mainster - Main Mainer -	an
		roofAs	phalt	
			od: Porch	

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Seminole Heights Residential District Name of Property

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- □ **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.

24.41

□ D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- □ A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- \Box **C** a birthplace or grave.
- \Box **D** a cemetery.
- □ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- **F** a commemorative property.
- □ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibilography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- □ designated a National Historic Landmark
- □ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey

recorded by Historic American Engineering
 Record # ______

Hillsborough, Florida County and State

Architecture	
Community Planni	ng and Development
Period of Significance	
c. 1912-1939	
Significant Dates	erne en e
c. 1912	
Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is mark	ked above)
N/A	
Cultural Affiliation	
N/A	
Architect/Builder	
Unknown	

Primary location of additional data:

- X State Historic Preservation Office
- □ Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other
- Name of repository:

<u>Seminole Heights Resid</u> ential District Name of Property	<u>Hillsborough, Florida</u> County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property 170 apprx.	
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 1 7 3 5 7 0 0 0 3 0 9 8 2 2 0 Zone Easting Northing 4 1 7 3 5 7 0 0 0 0 3 0 9 6 6 2 0 □ See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Carl Shiver, Historic Sites Specialist	
organizationBureau of Historic Preservatio	dateJune 16, 1993
street & number500 South Bronough Street	telephone (904) 487-2333
	state <u>Florida</u> zip code <u>32399-0250</u>
Additional Documentation	

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)			
telephone			
state zip code			
	telephone		

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number $\underline{7}$ Page $\underline{1}$

Description

Summary Description

The Seminole Heights Residential District is an approximately 170 acre residential neighborhood located about three miles from downtown Tampa. The district contains mainly single family dwellings dating from c. 1912 to 1939. In addition, the area contains a school, several churches and other buildings associated with non-commercial functions. The houses in the district are mainly bungalows, but a wide variety of architectural styles--typical of those that were popular in the first half of the 20th century in the United States--are represented in the neighborhood. The district comprises 438 structures, of which 325 are contributing and 113 are noncontributing. Noncontributing buildings include those erected after 1942 or those constructed prior to that date that have been severely altered.

Present and Original Physical Appearance

The city of Tampa is part of a metropolitan area of more than one million residents. It is the seat of Hillsborough County and is located on Old Tampa Bay about 20 miles from the Gulf of Mexico. The Seminole Heights Residential District is one of numerous residential subdivisions that grew up surrounding downtown Tampa in the first two decades of the twentieth century, when the community was still experiencing rapid population growth as a result of expansion of the cigar, transportation, citrus, and phosphate industries. The boundaries of the district are defined by U.S. Highway I-275 on the east, North Florida Avenue on the west, Osborne Avenue on the south and Hanna Avenue on the north. Before the construction of I-275, the limits of the neighborhood were less well defined than they are today. One reason for this is that the neighborhood grew up as a series of small contiguous subdivisions, rather than as a single unified development.

Florida Avenue was the traditional western limit of the neighborhood. That thoroughfare historically linked some of the northwestern Tampa subdivisions with the downtown area and with the community of Sulphur Springs. Development along both sides of the roadway was mainly commercial, with the businesses serving residential areas on both sides of it. The eastern limit of Seminole Heights was Nebraska Avenue (State Road 60) that linked downtown Tampa with the communities of Sulphur Springs and Temple Terrace, and there was very little development east of Nebraska

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number $\underline{-7}$ Page $\underline{-2}$

Description

Avenue at that point north of downtown Tampa during the period of significance covered by this nomination proposal.

A one block wide strip between I-275 and Nebraska Avenue is all that remains of the neighborhood east of Cherokee Avenue; therefore, the physical and visual association with the buildings in the historic district has been lost. Development of the area north of Hanna Avenue also came at a later period. The southern limit of the Seminole Heights area was probably Martin Luther King Boulevard (formerly Buffalo Avenue) which lies about seven blocks south of Osborne Avenue, but development of this area was rather spotty, and most of the buildings are either badly altered or represent a later period of development. For the reasons given above, the boundaries of the district are fairly well defined.

Most of the streetscapes in the district present similar vistas: asphalt or brick streets lined with small bungalows or wood frame vernacular houses set beneath a canopy of large live oaks, palmettos, and other trees. Most, but not all, of the streets feature curbs and sidewalks. Most of the buildings in the district have an east-west orientation, with the majority of the ones having a north-south axis being found between Branch and Central avenues north of Henry Street. The structures that anchor the north and south boundaries of the district are the Seminole Heights United Methodist Church (Photo 15) at 6111 Central Avenue and the Seminole Heights High School (Photo 44) at 5000 Central Avenue. Both of these landmarks meet the criteria for individual nomination to the National Register.

Central Avenue was the first street to be developed. It paralleled the trolley line constructed in 1912 to link downtown Tampa with Sulphur Springs. No evidence of this line exists today. The house lots along Central Avenue are somewhat larger than the others in the district and, for that reason, some of the older and larger residences are found along Central. The house at 5902 Central Avenue (Photo 21) was constructed c. 1916 and combines features of the Colonial Revival style with those of bungalows which had been rapidly gaining in popularity in Tampa since the turn of the century. The two-story structure has a one-story, L-shaped veranda which embraces the main facade and one of the side elevations. Perhaps the most striking feature of the residence is the pedimented roof gable containing a "Palladian" attic window/louver vent. Other fairly large residences on Central Avenue include the bungalow at 5606 (Photo 22) and the wood frame vernacular structure at 5912 (Photo 23).

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____7 Page ____3 ___ Description

The overwhelming majority of the residences in the Seminole Heights Residential District are bungalows. Most of the bungalows in the neighborhood show the influences of the Craftsman movement and are rather small structures with a rectangular plan, gable roof, and full-width porch featuring columns set on masonry piers. Some of the bungalows in the district, however, are more elaborate than the usual run. The residences at 5701 Central Avenue (Photo 25) and 5806 Branch Avenue (Photo 26) are among the more impressive Craftsman style bungalows in the area. Both structures incorporate wood siding and stone as exterior materials. In both cases rough cut stone is used for the foundation, chimney, and balustrade wall of the The residence at 5806 also features a "camelback" second porch. story, and the influence of Japanese architectural traditions can be seen in the upturned and rounded rafter ends and porch trusses.

Only a handful of residences in the historic district exhibits styles other than bungalow or wood frame vernacular. The house at 5807 Branch Avenue (Photo 42) is a Mediterranean Revival style structure constructed c. 1925. It is a masonry building with stuccoed exterior walls and features a flat roof surrounded by a parapet. Its visual character is probably rooted in the Mission style which is often noted for its lack of ornamentation. A house similar in character and age is the one at 5507 Suwannee Avenue (Photo 44). The Mediterranean Revival style--even in sometimes elaborate and fanciful manifestations-is well represented in the Tampa area; however, the housing stock of some of the residential subdivisions that developed in the environs of the city during the same period of significance as Seminole Heights seem restricted mainly to bungalows.

The most significant resource in the district, the Hillsborough High School (Photo 44) at 5000 Central Avenue, is a Gothic Revival style building constructed in 1928. It is a major contributing resource within the neighborhood. The structure occupies all of a large city block located at the south end of the historic district. Designed by local architect Francis Kennard, it is one of the most ornate schools in the Tampa area. It was built to accommodate over 2,000 students. Some alterations and renovations have taken place in the 65 years of the school's existence, but the building retains most of its original physical integrity and is certainly one of the largest and most significant Gothic Revival style resources in Tampa. The red brick facade features a variety of detail. The main

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>7</u> Page <u>4</u>

Description

block of the building is composed of several wings with flat roofs surrounded with castellated parapets. There is a large clock tower on the south and the walls are decorated with a variety of buttresses, spires, and string courses. The building also has pointed arch, tracery windows with stained glass. Four noncontributing structures of recent construction are also located on the school property.

Secondary Structures

Outbuildings and secondary structures in the district are mainly limited to small one-story wood frame garages and are not shown on the district map or included in the resource count. Because of visual obstructions and limited access to the properties in the district, obtaining an accurate count and description of such resources proved to be impossible. The majority of those observed appeared to be garages and storage sheds constructed at the same period as the primary building.

Noncontributing Structures

The noncontributing sites in the district comprise severely altered buildings erected during the period of significance and those that were less than 50 years old.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____7 Page ___5

Photographs

List of Photographs

1.	200 Block of Hillsborough Avenue, Seminole Heights Residential District
2. 3.	Tampa (Hillsborough County), Florida Lori Thompson
4.	1992
5. 6. 7.	
Num	bers 2-5 are the same for the remaining photographs
1. 6. 7.	5100 Block of Branch Avenue Looking North from Wilder Avenue Photo No. 2 of 50
1. 2. 7.	5101-5107 Branch Avenue West Facades, Looking Northeast Photo No. 3 of 50
1. 6. 7.	5400 Block of Suwannee Avenue Looking North from Hillsborough Avenue Photo No. 4 of 50
1. 6. 7.	5500 Block of Suwannee Avenue West Side of Street, Looking Northwest Photo No. 5 of 50
1. 6. 7.	6000 Block of Suwannee Avenue West Side of Street, Looking Northwest Photo No. 6 of 50
	5100 Block of Seminole Avenue West Side of Street, Looking Northwest Photo No. 7 of 50
6.	401-405 Hanna Avenue North Facades, Looking South Photo No. 8 of 50
1. 6. 7.	North Side of Street, Looking Northwest

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number $\underline{-7}$ Page $\underline{-6}$ Photographs 1. 300-400 Block of Idlewild Avenue 6. North Side of Street, Looking Northwest 7. Photo No. 10 of 50 5700 Block of Cherokee Avenue 1. 6. Looking North from Powhattan Avenue Photo No. 11 of 50 7. 5600 Block of Cherokee Avenue 1. Looking South from Powhattan Avenue 6. 7. Photo No. 12 of 50 1. 5702 & 5704 Cherokee Avenue 6. East Facades, Looking West 7. Photo No. 13 of 50 1. 6100 Block of Central Avenue 6. Looking South from Hanna Avenue 7. Photo No. 14 of 50 6111 Central Avenue 1. 6. West Facade, Looking East 7. Photo No. 15 of 50 1. 6108-6116 Central Avenue 6. East Facade & North Elevation, Looking Southwest 7. Photo No. 16 of 50 407-411 Hanna Avenue 1. 6. North Facade, Looking Northwest 7. Photo No. 17 of 50 1. 6108-6116 Central Avenue 6. East Facade, Looking Northwest 7. Photo No. 18 of 50 1. 5913 Branch Avenue 6. West Facade, Looking East 7. Photo No. 19 of 50 1. 303 & 305 Paris Street 2. North Facades, Looking Southwest 3. Photo No. 20 of 50

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 7 Photographs

1. 5902 Central Avenue 6. East Facade, Looking West 7. Photo No. 21 of 50 1. 5606 Central Avenue 6. East Facade & North Elevation, Looking Southwest 7. Photo No. 22 of 50 5912 Central Avenue 1. 6. East Facade, Looking Southwest 7. Photo No. 23 of 50 1. 5701 Central Avenue 6. West Facade, Looking East 7. Photo No 24 of 50 1. 5710 Central Avenue 6. West Facade & South Elevation, Looking Northeast 7. Photo No. 25 of 50 1. 5806 Branch Avenue 6. East Facade & South Elevation, Looking Northwest 7. Photo No. 26 of 50 1. 6008-6010 Central Avenue 6. East Facades & North Elevations, Looking Southwest 7. Photo No. 27 of 50 1. 6002 Central Avenue 6. East Facade & South Elevation, Looking Northwest 7. Photo No. 28 of 50 1. 5601 & 5603 Central Avenue 6. West Facades, Looking Northeast 7. Photo No. 29 of 50 1. 5704 Central Avenue East Facade & South Elevation, Looking Northwest 6. 7. Photo No. 30 of 50 1. 5509 Central Avenue 6. West Facade, Looking Southeast 7. Photo No. 31 of 50

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>7</u> Page <u>8</u>

1. 5309 Seminole Avenue 6. West Facade, Looking Southeast 7. Photo No. 32 of 50 1. 5307 Seminole Avenue 6. West Facade, Looking East 7. Photo No. 33 of 50 1. 5401 Seminole Avenue 6. West Facade, Looking Northeast 7. Photo No. 34 of 50 1. 5402 Branch Avenue 6. East Facade, Looking West 7. Photo No. 35 of 50 1. 5405 Branch Avenue 6. West Facade & South Elevation, Looking Northeast 7. Photo No. 36 of 50 1. 5114 Suwannee Avenue 6. East Facade, Looking West 7. Photo No. 37 of 50 1. 5704 Suwannee Avenue 6. East Facade, Looking West 7. Photo No. 38 of 50 1. 5902 & 5904 Suwannee Avenue 6. East Facades, Looking West 7. Photo No. 39 of 50 1. 5210 Seminole Avenue 6. East Facade & North Elevation, Looking Southwest 7. Photo No. 40 of 50 1. 5807 & 5809 Branch Avenue 6. West Elevations, Looking East Photo No. 41 of 50 7. 1. 5805 & 5807 Branch Avenue 6. West Elevations, Looking East 7. Photo No. 42 of 50

Photographs

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number _____ Page _9____ Photographs

1. 5507 Suwannee Avenue 6. West Elevation, Looking East 7. Photo No. 43 of 50 1. 5000 Central Avenue 6. East Facade, Looking West 7. Photo No. 44 of 50 1. 5113 Branch Avenue 6. West Facade, Looking East Photo No. 45 of 50 7. 1. 5118 Branch Avenue 6. East Facade, Looking West 7. Photo No. 46 of 50 5707 Suwannee Avenue 1. 6. West Facade & South Elevation, Looking Northeast 7. Photo No. 47 of 50 6010 Suwannee Avenue 1. 6. East Facade, Looking West 7. Photo No. 48 of 50 1. 305-309 Paris Street 6. North Facades, Looking Southeast 7. Photo No. 49 of 50 1. 310 & 314 Paris Street 6. South Facades, Looking Northwest 7. Photo No. 50 of 50

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____7 Page ___10

Contributing Buildings

List of Contributing Buildings

Branch Avenue	<u>Branch Avenue</u> (cont.)
4916	5405
1910	5407
5002	5408
5004	
5008	5501
5010	5502
5014	5505
5016	5506
5018	5508
5020	5510
5101	5601
5102	5603
5103	5604
5104	5605
5105	5607
5106	5609
5107	5610
5108	
5109	5701
5110	5702
5111	5704
5115	5705
5117	5706 5709
5119	5710
5120	5710
5201	5802
5202	5805
5303	5806
5205	5807
5210	5809
	5810
5301	
5302	5901
5303	5902
5305	5904
5309	5906
5310	5908
5400	5909
5402	5911

•

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

	Contributing Buildings
Branch Avenue (cont.)	<u>Central Avenue</u> (cont.)
5912	5410
5913	
	5502
6002	5504
6006	5505
6010	5506
	5509
6108	5510
6110	
0110	5601
Control Arronuc	5602
<u>Central Avenue</u>	5603
4901	5606
4905	5609
4913	5610
5000	5701
	5704
5102	5706
5106	5707
5108	5709
5110	
5112	5801
5114	5805
5117	
	5902
5118	5903
5000	5903
5202	J714
5205	6000
5206	6002
5207	6006
5208	6008
5209	6010
5210	
5211	6106
	6108-16
5301	
5302	6111
5303	
5306	Cherokee Avenue
	VIIVE VIIVE FOR VIEWE
5308	5502
	5502 5504
5308	5502 5504 5506

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

n number <u>7</u> Page <u>12</u>	Contributing Buildings
Cherokee Avenue (cont.)	<u>Hanna Avenue</u> (cont.)
<u>Cherokee Avende</u> (Conc.)	<u>inamia Avenae</u> (conce)
5610	403
	405
5704	407-411
5706	
5708	<u>Henry Avenue</u>
5710	
	302
5806	304
	308
5902	
5904	
5905	<u>Idlewild Avenue</u>
5906	
5909	302
	303
	304
<u>Clifton Street</u>	305
	307
305	308
306	310
308	
312	402
314	403
316	404
	405
<u>Comanche Avenue</u>	
	507
307	508
	510
<u>Frierson Street</u>	514
504	<u>Paris Street</u>
505	
505	302
<u>Giddens Street</u>	303
Giudens Screet	310
504	510
505	406
507	407
	408
<u>Hanna Avenue</u>	409

309	
401	

401

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Seminole Avenue	<u>Seminole Avenue</u> (cont.)
5102	5508
5103	
5104	5601
5106	5602
5107	5605
5108	5607
5110	5608
5111	5609
5112	
	5701
5114	5702
5115	5706
5116	5707
5118	5709
5119	5710
5120	2710
5201	<u>Suwannee Avenue</u>
5202	
5203	4902
5207	4904
5209	4911
5210	4612
	4913
5301	4915
5302	4916
5303	4917
5304	4918
5306	4920
5307	4922
5308	4923
5309	
5310	5021
5401	5101
5402	5105
5403	5109
5406	5110
5409	5111
5409	5114
9410	5115
5501	5117
5501	5118
5504	5118
5505 5506	5119

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

	Contributing Buildings
<u>Suwannee Avenue</u> (cont.)	<u>Suwannee Avenue</u> (cont.)
5202	5905
5204	5906
5205	5909
5206	5910
5207	5911
5209	5912
5302	6001
5304	6002
5306	6004
	6005
5401	6006
5402	6009
5405	
5406	6101
5408	6102
5410	6104
	6105
5501	6109
5502	
5504	<u>Wilder Avenue</u>
5505	
5506	217
5507	
5508	
5510	
5601	
5602	
5605	
5607	
5608	
5609	
5610	
5700	
5701	
5704	
5708	
5901	
5902	
5903	
5904	

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____7 **Page** ___15 ____

Noncontributing Buildings

Noncontributing Buildings

Branch Avenue

Branch Avenue	<u>Central Avenue</u> (cont.)
4918	
4920	5000 A
5006	5000 B 5000 C
5006 5012	5000 D
0012	
5113	5116
5114 5118	5201
5118	5201
5206	5304
5209	5 4 9 9
5401	5408
2401	5607
5507	
5509	5702
5510	5703
	5705
5602	5708
5606	5710
5608	
5609	5800
5707	5803
5708	5901
5708	5905
5808	5908
5808	5909
5910	5910
3310	5510
6004	6102
6008	
6102	<u>Cherokee Avenue</u>
6104	5702
6106	
	5802
	5907
	5908
	-

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number7 Page16	Noncontributing Buildings
<u>Cherokee Avenue</u> (cont.)	<u>Seminole Avenue</u> (cont.)
5911	5113
<u>Clifton Street</u>	5206
310	5405 5407
Frierson Street	5408
503	5502 5503
Giddens Street	5507
501 503	5603 5604 5610
Henry Avenue	5703
306	5704 5705
Idlewild Avenue	Suwannee Avenue
301	4906
407	4908
408	4914 4921
<u>Paris Street</u>	
301	5103 5107
305	5112
306	5113
307	5116
309	
314	5203
	5205
403	5210
405	5000
410	5303 5305
<u>Seminole Avenue</u>	5305
5101	5407
5105	5409
5109	

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____7 Page _17 ____ Noncontributing Buildings

<u>Suwannee Avenue</u> (cont.) 5509 5603 5604 5907 6008 6010 6103 6107

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ___8 Page __1 ___ Significance

Summary Paragraph

The Seminole Heights Residential District is significant under criteria A and C in the areas of Architecture and Community Planning and Development. The district developed as a distinct residential area beginning c. 1912 along the streetcar route between downtown Tampa and the suburban community of Sulphur Springs. This "bungalow" neighborhood is representative of those middle class residential areas that developed in Florida's larger cities during the 1910s and 1920s. The district is also significant for a handful of landmark buildings that individually meet the criteria for listing in the National Register. Chief among these is the large Gothic Revival style Hillsborough High School, which was constructed in 1928.

Supporting Narrative

The heart of the city of Tampa is found at the confluence of the Hillsborough River and Old Tampa Bay. The area was visited as early as the sixteenth century by Spanish explorers but had no permanent settlement until the U.S. Army established Fort Brooke in 1824 during the First Seminole War. The small town of Tampa grew up around the fort, and when Hillsborough County was created in 1834, Tampa was made the county seat. Poor transportation and primitive living conditions limited development of the area until the South Florida Railroad connected the community with the city of Jacksonville in 1884. The construction of deep water port facilities, the discovery of commercial grade phosphate deposits in the vicinity of Tampa, the extensive planting of citrus groves, and the establishment of the cigar industry in the community, precipitated a population and building boom that Tampa was to enjoy for more than three decades.

The downtown area of Tampa began to expand rapidly in the 1890s, quickly producing new suburban residential areas and satellite communities such as Ybor City , West Tampa, Port Tampa, and Sulphur Springs. In 1883, Tampa had a population of less than 1,000 residents. By 1901 that number had grown to more than 15,000, but by 1925 the number of permanent residents had incredibly grown to 125,000. The turn of the century saw the beginnings of the growth of the community of Sulphur Springs when a developer purchased property surrounding the mineral spring north of Tampa and began constructing bathhouses and tourist cottages to attract visitors to this natural attraction. In response to the growing popularity of the recreational area, the Sulphur Springs Traction Company constructed a trolley line

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>2</u> Significance

linking downtown Tampa with Sulphur Springs. The line opened for business in 1907.

The popularity of Sulphur Springs as a vacation and recreation area made property between the communities-particularly that found along the trolley line--ideal for development. Development of Seminole Heights began in 1911 when the Seminole Development Company purchased forty acres of land just north of the Tampa city limits. This tract encompasses the area bounded by Hillsborough Avenue, Florida Avenue, Wilder Avenue, and Central Avenue and remains the core of the historic district. Subsequent subdivisions platted over the next decade expanded the neighborhood until it assumed approximately its present configuration.

The character of the area was middle class and distinguished by the bungalow. Bungalows began to appear in Tampa about 1903 and are found to some degree in all of the residential neighborhoods that began to develop prior to the 1920s. Seminole Heights, however, is one of the few residential areas in the community where the bungalow almost completely dominates the landscape and is the best preserved of those remaining areas. Α variety of bungalow designs are represented in the district, most of them based on the Craftsman models. Some are little more than wood frame vernacular structures distinguishable as a bungalow only by the distinctive porch representative of the building type. Others are relatively ornate and make use of a variety of building materials, including wood, stone, and stucco to produce attractive residences. Perhaps the most distinctive bungalows in the neighborhood take their inspiration from Japanese architecture, employing the visual motifs on exposed wood members and in the arrangement of stone foundations, chimneys, and porch elements.

The district contains a sprinkling of non-residential buildings, including commercial structures, churches, and one large school complex. These buildings, like the residences, were constructed mainly in the 1920s. The most important of the churches is the Seminole Heights Methodist Church, located at the southeast corner of Hanna Avenue and Central Avenue. The large, red brick, English Gothic Revival style building is one of the two most prominent architectural landmarks in the district. The other is the Gothic Revival style Hillsborough High School located at the south boundary of the district.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>3</u> Significance

The Seminole Heights neighborhood was established and grew up in response to the rapidly expanding character of the city of Tampa. The constant need for more commercial property in the downtown area prompted the development of residential subdivisions ever more distant from the business center of the city. The location of Seminole Heights almost three miles north of the downtown area was also made possible by the existence of street rail transportation that connected the center of Tampa with the community of Sulphur Springs. This pattern of development is reflected both in the location and present appearance of the district. The architectural character of the district represents a particular period in the history of the economic and social development of the city of Tampa.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number _____ Page ____ Bibliography

Bibliography

- Grismer, Karl H. <u>A History of the City of Tampa and the Tampa</u> <u>Bay Region of Florida</u>. St. Petersburg, 1950
- Hillsborough County. Deed Records. Clerk of the Circuit Court, Hillsborough County Courthouse. Tampa, Florida.
- Hillsborough County. Plat Maps. Clerk of the Circuit Court, Hillsborough County Courthouse. Tampa, Florida.
- Historic Tampa/Hillsborough County Preservation Board. <u>Historic</u> <u>Resources Survey, Tampa, Florida</u>. 1979.
- Insurance Maps of Tampa, Florida. New York: Sanborn Map Co., 1915-1931.
- Long, Durward. "Making of Modern Tampa: A City of the New South," <u>Florida Historical Quarterly</u> XLX (April, 1971): 333-345.
- Polk's Tampa City Directory. Richmond, VA: R.L. Polk & Co., 1815-1990.
- Robinson, Ernest L. <u>History of Hillsborough County Florida:</u> <u>Narrative and Biographical</u>. St. Augustine, 1928.
- Tampa/Hillsborough County Public Library. Special Collections, Photographic Archives. Tampa, Florida.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number $_10$ Page $_1$

Boundary Description & Justification

Verbal Boundary Description

The official boundaries of the Seminole Heights Residential District are those shown on the historic district map.

Boundary Justification

The boundary encompasses the most significant concentration of extant resources located in the area historically known as the Seminole Heights neighborhood. Those resources are associated with the early residential suburban development of the city of Tampa during the period c. 1912-1939. The boundaries follow historic platted streets and subdivision block and lot lines. No significant concentration of historic resources associated with the development of the Seminole Heights area are located outside the boundaries shown on the district map.