United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

And the second s	OMB No. 1024-0018
NAT. RECESSION OF THE STATE	2200
and the second	A State of the second sec

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Bluff View Cemetery Chapel

other names/site number

2. Location

street & number	hber 1/5 Mile south of intersection of Crawford Road and Pinehurst Drive			awford Road r	not for pul	N/A	
city or town Ver	million					Vicinity	N/A
state South Dak	tota Code	SD co	unty <u>Clay</u>	code	z	zip code <u>5</u>	7069

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

X nomination request for determination of e in the National Register of Historic Places and mee Part 60. In my opinion, the property X meets	toric Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties ets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that ally statewide locally. (See continuation sheet for
Signature of certifying official	04-09-2006
Signature of certifying official	Date
South Dakota SHPO	
State or Federal agency and bureau	
<u></u>	
In my opinion, the property meets does additional comments.)	not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for
Signature of commenting or other official	Date

Bluff View Cemetery Chapel

Clay County, South Dakota County and State

Name of Property	County and State
4. National Park Service Certification	
I hereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper Date of Action Caran H. Deal 5.31.06
(explain:)	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
<u> </u>	
5. Classification	
Ownership of Property (Check as many bo X Private public-local public-State public-Federal	oxes as apply)
Category of Property (Check only one box) X building(s) District Site Structure Object	
Number of Resources within Property Contributing Noncontributing	
1 Bu	uildings

	 Sites
	 Structures
	Objects Total
1	 Total

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.) ______N/A

Clay County, South Dakota County and State

6. Function or Use

Historic Cat:	Functions (Enter of Religion	ategories Sub:	from instructions) Religious Facility	
				 •
Current	Functions (Enter of	ategories	from instructions)	
Cat:	Religion	_ Sub:	Storage	
7. Desc	ription			

Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)

Late 19th and 20th Century Revival Neo-Classical/Gothic Revival

Materials (Enter categories from instructions)

FoundationBrick and MortarRoofAsphalt shingleshistoric: woodWallsBrick and Mortar

•

Other

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

See Continuation Sheets

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant Contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
 - **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- X C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a Significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- **D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- **C** a birthplace or a grave.
- **D** a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- **F** a commemorative property
- **G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)

	Architectu	re	 	······
Period of Sig	gnificance			
		1901	 	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	
			 	·. ·
				. *

apel			Clay County, South	Dakota
			County and State	
1901				
		•		
N/A				
N/A			 	
		·····		
Unknown				
	1901 N/A N/A	1901 	1901 N/A	County and State 1901 N/A N/A

Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

See Continuation Sheets

9. Major Bibliographical References

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS)

- ____ Preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.
- ____ previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- Designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #

Primary Location of Additional Data

- X State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- X Other

Name of repository: Clay County Historical Society Inc.

Bluff View Cemetery Chapel Name of Property					Clay County, South Dakota			
10. Geograp	phical Data		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Acreage of	Property <u>l</u>	ess than one acre		•				
UTM Refere (place additional		es on a continuation she	et.)					
1 14	671348	4737590	3					
Zone 2	Easting	Northing	4	Zone	Easting	Northing		
ــــــ			4		continuation sheet	<u></u>		
Sheet 11. Form Pr		(Explain why the boundari						
	Mike Vogel, F	Preservation						
	Specialist							
organization	South Dak Office	ota State Historic Pre	servation	date	January 14, 20	06		
street & num	nber 900 G	overnors Drive		elephone	605-773-605	6		
city or town	Pierre		state	SD	zip code	57501		
					· · ·			
Additional I	Documentati	on			· .			
Submit the follo	owing items with	n the completed form:						

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series)indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Bluff View Cemetery Chapel	
Name of Property	

.

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

name <u>V</u>	/ermillio	on Cemetery	Association				
street & nui	mber	Section 19,	Township 92, Range	51	tele	ephone	605-624-4166
city or town	N <u>Ve</u>	million		state	SD	_ zip code	57034

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list roperties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.0. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

Bluff View Cemetery Chapel Name of Property

NPS FORM 10-900-A (8-86) Clay County, South Dakota County and State

OMB Approval No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____7 Page # ____1

Architectural Description

The Bluff View Cemetery, named for it's location on the bluff overlooking the broad valley of the Missouri, was established in 1882.¹ It is located on the southeast edge of the city of Vermillion. The Bluff View Chapel is located next to the central entrance on the north side of the cemetery. The chapel built in 1901 is a mixture of Neo Classical and Gothic Revival architecture and features both a foundation and walls of brick and mortar. The present roof, which historically had wooden shingles, is comprised of asphalt shingles. The chapel is 20 feet long and 18 feet wide. Each side is gabled to a height of 16 feet.

The façade, or east elevation of the chapel has a stepped parapet gable. Centralized in the gable is a wrought iron sign with white lettering for Bluff View and centered right below that in wrought iron is 1901 which represents the year that the chapel was constructed. An open, full length pedimental porch supported with 6 hexagonal columns rises to the bottom of the roof line and provides overhead coverage for the main entrance door located in the center of the façade. The foundation of the porch is supported by brick and mortar some 3 feet high. A centrally located winged 3 step brick stairway leads to the porch entrance on the east side.

The gabled north elevation features a large window with a gothic brick window hood. The seven pane glass window has been replaced with wood infill that features muntin like dividers that replicate the original window pattern. A small basement window that has wood infill is also centered on this elevation.

The west elevation features a stepped parapet gable. The only opening on this side of the chapel is the exterior cellar entrance.

The gabled south elevation has only one opening, a large window exactly the same as the large window on the north elevation.

The main level on the interior of the chapel features only one room. The walls and ceiling are lathe and plaster, and the floor is wood. Historically this room was used for religious services. Presently it

¹ Clay County Historical Society Inc., Clay County Place Names, (Broadcaster Press Inc. 1976) p30

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 & 8 Page # 2

is used to store artificial flowers. The basement of the chapel was originally used to store caskets during the winter months until ground thaw allowed burial in the cemetery.

Statement of Significance

The Bluff View Cemetery Chapel is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C. The chapel is an architectural mixture of simple neo-classical and Gothic Revival styles. The characteristics of these two styles are represented in the front porch columns, the parapets and the gothic arched windows of the chapel.

The majority of historic South Dakota churches are identified as either Gothic Revival or Romanesque Revival.² The Bluff View Cemetery Chapel is a vernacular interpretation of the Gothic Revival Style. Identifying characteristics of the Gothic Revival style found in the chapel include a cross gable, Gothic arch windows, and a shaped parapet roof-wall jurction.

Early churches and chapels in South Dakota were simple log or frame structures frequently built out of indigenous materials such as sod, log, or fieldstone.³ As settlement increased, first generation churches and chapels were constructed out of more sophisticated building materials. Popular first generation churches were what became known as "Prairie Gothic," were typically wood framed, gabled roof rectangular structures with gothic arch windows, steep roofs, and steeples. The Bluff View Chapel is a brick variation of this vernacular adaptation of the Gothic Revival style that was popular in South Dakota around the turn of the century.

Vermillion, located in Clay County in southeastern South Dakota, was one of the first settlements in Dakota Territory in the 1860's. The original town was located directly adjacent to the Missouri River until a devastating flood destroyed the town in 1881. Vermillion was rebuilt above the old town on top of the bluffs of the Missouri River outside the flood plain.

Vermillion's proximity to the Missouri River allowed it access to several deposits of red clay, which gave rise to several local brickyards. The readily available supply of bricks contributed to the construction of several brick buildings in the newly reconstructed Vermillion. The availability likely contributed to the decision to build the Bluff View Chapel out of brick.

² South Dakota State Historic Preservation Office, Churches in South Dakota, 2002, p.22

³ Churches 18

Clay County, South Dakota County and State

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number _____ Page # _____

The Bluff View Chapel is a fine example of a vernacular interpretation of the Gothic Revival style in South Dakota.

Bluff View Cemetery Name of Property

NPS FORM 10-900-A (8-86) Clay County, South Dakota County and State

OMB Approval No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>9 & 10</u> Page # <u>4</u>

Bibliography

Clay County Historical Society, *Clay County Place Names,* Broadcaster Press Inc., Vermillion, SD 1976

South Dakota State Historic Preservation Office, Churches in South Dakota, 2002

Verbal Boundary Description

Only the area surrounding the chapel

Verbal Boundary Justification

The boundary includes only the chapel. No other parts of the cemetery including the graves, gravestones or other buildings in the cemetery are included in this boundary.

